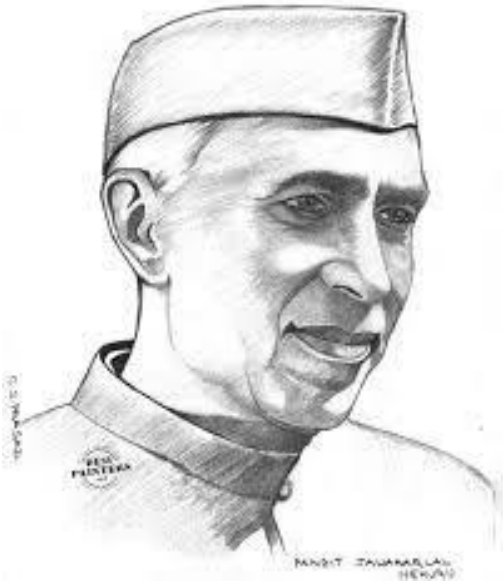
NEHRU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

"Nehru Gardens" Thirumalayampalayam, Coimbatore – 641 105
(Approved by AICTE, New Delhi and Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai)
Accredited by NAAC, Recognized by UGC under Section 2(f) and 12(B)NBA
Accredited UG courses: AERO, CSE, MECHANICAL
Web: www.nehrucolleges.org



To be noble, we must be clear in thought, courtesy in manner, graceful in speech, and honest in deed.

- Jawaharlal Nehru

Students Handbook 2021 - 2022

A Tribute to a Great Leader

Biography of Founder Chairman

Shri. P. K. Das,
The Bhishmacharya of Education

Whenever we hear the name, Nehru College, immediately the name of our Chairman Shri. P. K. Das comes to our mind. Our Chairman's name is synonymous with Nehru Colleges, which stand as Hall Mark of Quality in the field of higher education. Starting from scratch in 1968, this great Leader spent each ounce of his energy and sweat to establish 22 prestigious Institutions in Tamil Nadu and Kerala. Through his hard toil, sweat, firm determination and strict self discipline, he established Nehru College of Aeronautics and Applied Sciences at Kuniamuthur, Coimbatore in 1968. Besides this College, he established Engineering Colleges, Arts & Science College, Pharmacy College, Aviation Institute, Super Specialty Hospital with Medical College, Management Colleges, Architecture College and Academy of Law in Tamil Nadu and Kerala.

He was hardly 29 years of age in 1968, when he started his career as an Academician at Coimbatore. The meteoric rise of thisgreat personality in the field of technical and higher education was phenomenal and great.

A humble beginning was made. Despite innumerable difficulties and insurmountable obstacles he had to face with, he didn't budge an inch, but forged ahead with firm determination and iron will, to accomplish success after success. Year after year,he was reaping rich dividends and accolades. He was standing like a Colossus. The flag ship institution namely Nehru College of Aeronautics & Applied Sciences has emerged as a unique institution in this country. This College is the only one with so many specializations in Aeronautical Maintenance Engineering. In the field of Applied Sciences, several branches for B.Sc. degree courses in Aeronautical Engineering, Electronics, Computer Science and Avionics and MBA in Air Line and Airport Management were started there. The quality maintained here speaks volumes about the Founder Chairman Shri. P. K.Das.

He added golden feather to his cap, by starting a huge and prestigious Nehru College of Arts and Science in a new campus at Thirumalayampalayam. There are 2 Engineering Colleges, 2 Management Colleges at Thirumalayampalayam and Kaliyapuram, in the outskirts of Coimbatore. In 2021, started Physiotherapy, Health Sciences, Nursing and Research Institute colleges at Thirumalayampalayam, Coimbatore. At Pampady in Kerala, he started Nehru College of Engineering & Research Centre and later on Nehru College of Pharmacy. At Lakkidi in Palakkad District, he started Jawaharlal College of Engineering and Technology. In 2010, Jawaharlal Aviation Institute was started at Lakkidi. A Super Specialty hospital named as P.K.Das Institute of Medical Sciences has been established at Vaniamkulam. All these have been conceived and nurtured under the close supervision of his sons Adv. Dr. P. Krishna Das and Dr. P. Krishna Kumar. The efficient functioning and quality maintained in these institutions are testimonies to his diligence, greatness and success.

The mighty and strength of our beloved Chairman are etched deeply and are eloquently evident from the functioning of these Institutions. He was a simple, humble, noble and straight forward person, with aristocratic behavioral traits. He was a tall, handsome and commanding personality not only physically, but also intellectually and behaviorally. Those who come in contact with him cannot forget his magnificent virtues and everlasting affection. He has left a great void, which can never be filled. Though he has left us at an untimely moment, still his wishes, aspirations and blessings surround us and energize us.

We see our beloved Chairman through his sons Adv. Dr. P. Krishna Das and Dr. P. Krishna Kumar. Our Chairman was an industrialist par excellence. We shall remember him and his benevolence throughout our lives. We offer one thousand salutes to this Bhishmacharya of Higher Education.

Shri. P. K. DAS

F.I.E., F.I.Mech.E., A.F.R.Ae.S.(Lond) M.Ae.S.I. M.S., C.Engg.

Founder Chairman

Nehru Group of Institutions

Tamilnadu & Kerala

"Make NIET to respond to the needs of the Society"

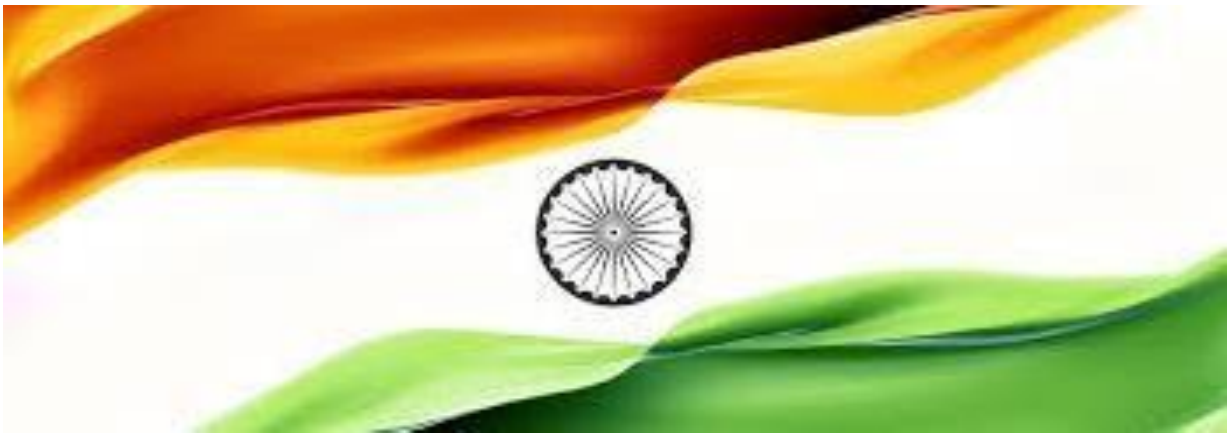
"Mould NIET for Protecting Value System for Education"

VISION

Our vision is to mould the youngsters to acquire sound knowledge in technical and scientific fields to face the future challenges by continuous up gradation of all resources and processes for the benefit of humanity as envisaged by our great leader Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

MISSION

- To build a strong centre of learning and research in engineering and technology
- To facilitate the youth to learn and imbibe discipline, culture and spirituality
- To produce quality engineers, dedicated scientists and leaders
- To encourage entrepreneurship
- To face the challenging needs of the global industries



India is my country
and all Indians are my brothers and sisters.
I love my country
and I am proud of its rich and varied heritage.
I shall always strive to be worthy of it.
I shall give respect to my parents, teachers
and all elders and treat everyone with courtesy.
To my country and my people,
I pledge my devotion.
In their well-being and prosperity alone
lies my happiness.

PERSONAL MEMORANDA

1.Name:.....

2.Class & Roll No.:.....

3. Department : .....

4. Name of the Parent:..... Guardian:.....

5.PermanentAddress:.....

.....

Pin:.....Tel. /Cell:.....

6.Present Address:.....

.....Pin:.....

Mobile:.....E-Mail:.....

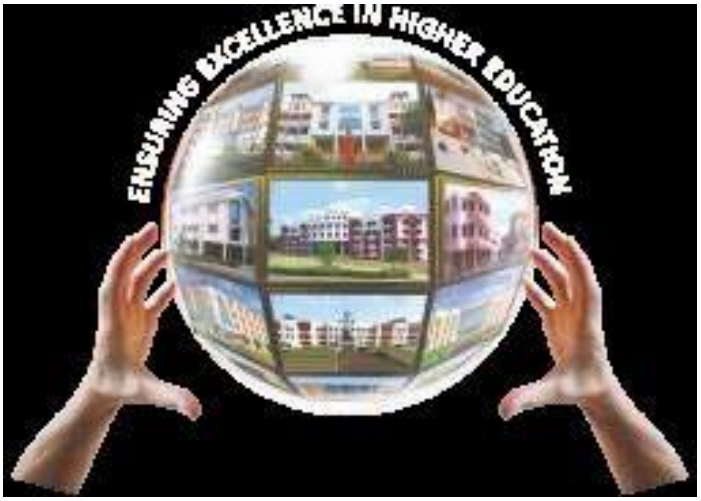
7.Date of Birth:.....

8.Blood Group:.....

9.Day Scholar / Hosteller:.....

10.Emergency Contact No.:.....

11. Emergency Contact Person and Relationship : .....



NEHRU GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS

Nehru Group of Institutions was established in 1968 in Kuniamuthur, Coimbatore, TamilNadu as a centre of educational excellence to nurture, guide and ignite the spirit of the young minds in Tamil Nadu and Kerala. This was fifty two years ago when education opportunities were limited and information centers were not equipped with adequate resources. NGI was founded on this philosophy to serve students, especially from economically backward backgrounds looking out for continuing education pathways with an academic and vocational direction. We have, in the past 53 years, successfully nurtured, groomed and placed many students in the best of corporate, here and abroad.

We have branches ranging from architecture to technology and medical across Tamil Nadu and Kerala, We are maintaining a professional level of service to students and parents. NGI has risen above every storm and challenge and has stood tall even while going through the fiery furnace of tests.

The Nehru Group of Institutions enables our students and professionals to seek quality education and a successful career. All our efforts are aimed to make sure that we show them the right path and give that final push for students and faculty to achieve their true destiny. Everything in this day and age is interconnected, and education is no exception. We at Nehru Group of Institutions always have focused on equipping our students with vital skill sets so as to compete effectively in today's global market.

Keeping this in mind, we work at improving awareness on courses, practicals, internship programs, communication and overall development of the student. We also provide ample support for the above, thereby, delivering greater opportunities for students to get better jobs in institutions and organizations alike. We believe we are only doing our humble bit to help shape up young, deep thinking leaders of tomorrow. With the inception of new, advanced technology on par with world class standard, we are working hard towards turning our institution into a renowned, top-tier quality global village. Our efforts are to reach students with economically backward background and turn them into the most sought after, world class entrepreneurs of tomorrow. We wish you all the success in every endeavor you take up for the growth and development.

Unique Features of NGI

- Celebrating 53rd year of educational service
- More than 210 university ranks since 2015 onwards
- Total built up area of more than 35 lakhs sq.ft.
- Highly disciplined campus with ICT class rooms
- Encompassing in it 22 reputed institutions and a 750 bed super specialty hospital
- Institutes are accredited by MCI, AICTE, DGCA, NAAC "A" Grade, NBA, PCI, COA, NCI, BARCouncil of India and ISO certified agency
- MOUs with national & International universities, IATA, AMADEUS and SAP Training Centre
- Library maintains wide collection of national and international journals, magazines and more than 3lakhs volume of books.
- NOBLE (Nehru Outbound for Leadership Excellence) for out bound training programme
- FDP (Faculty development programme) to refine skills & technologies of our faculties in every semester
- BTA (Best Teacher Award) & BFA (Best Faculty Award) to recognize school and college level pedagogues every year.
- NCP & IR (Nehru Corporate Placement & Industrial Relations) looks after placement and training
- An enviable track record of placement, more than 1800 offer with average salary of 2.5 lakhs LPA and highest salary of 10 lakhs LPA in the academic year **2020-2021.**
- Cash awards and gold coins for university rank holders.
- 100 mbps dedicated optical fiber for internet and WiFi campuses with more than 5000 nodes of computers with high end servers.
- More than 150 buses for commutation of students.
- A/C & Non A/C hostel accommodation for more than 5000 students.
- Sufficiently energized generator backup for entire campus
- Modern sports complex for Volley Ball, Football, Basket Ball, Synthetic Shuttle court, RifleClub, Table Tennis, Health Club and Yoga Centre
- Featuring the Oldest Aeronautical campus in South India
- Aeronautical campus value added with King Air c90,Beach Aircraft, Learjet 25B, Cessna150&152, Hawker125, Ercoupe, Bell and EnstromF28 Helicopters and 1 lakhs sq.ft ofAeronautical Lab.
- 4 Crores funded projects through Research and Consultancy.

NEHRU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

Nehru Institute of Engineering and Technology is a self-financing Engineering College, Approved by AICTE, New Delhi and Affiliated to Anna University Chennai, Recognized by UGC with 2(f) and 12 (B)and Accredited by NAAC & NBA for few undergraduate programs, and internationally recognized 14001:2004 certification for the serene, eco-friendly and green campus. These certificates and accreditations are testimonials for NIET to proclaim that it upkeeps the best system and the international quality standards, benchmarked by the globally renowned rating agencies

NIET established in the year 2006, under the able leadership of our Founder Chairman, Shri. P. K. Das is entering into its sixteenth successful year by marching ahead towards achieving the Vision and Mission of the Founder Chairman under the guidance of the most respected Chairman and Managing Trustee Adv. Dr.P.Krishna Das and the most beloved CEO & Secretary Dr.P.Krishna Kumar.

In its sixteenth year of establishment, NIET has evolved into a multidisciplinary, research-focused and student centric Institution offering 12 academic programs, 8 Undergraduate level and 3 Postgraduate level and 1 Ph.D in Aeronautical Engineering. NIET comprises of dedicated team of eminent faculty members, rich in knowledge and with good retention rate, Centre of Excellences, Well-equipped Laboratories, Excellent Infrastructure, Smart Classrooms, Amphi theatres and Conference Halls.

NIET had gained high reputation in the society over the past decade through the academic excellence testified by the number of University ranks secured by the students year after year.

NIET has adopted academic reforms to become internationally recognized for the quality of its teaching and learning process, research, and student enrichment. It is aimed at inculcating scientific integrity and human values to expand the boundaries of technologies, creativity and human knowledge, generating new insights and improving the quality of life by which an individual is moulded into a true citizen.

NIET keeps a tremendous track record of placements every year in reputed organizations, and through the Technology Business Incubation supported by NSTEDB, DST, Government of India, a spark of an idea can be converted into products through start-ups and students are made into entrepreneurs. NIET develops entrepreneurship through the NewGen Innovation and Entrepreneurship Development Centre (NewGen IEDC). NIET is flourishing today with the support from all its stakeholders, in which the Alumnus of NIET plays a major role. All our students are positioned at reputed organizations within the country and abroad who are our everlasting testimonials.

Programmes Offered

Bachelor of Engineering

- Aeronautical Engineering
- Mechanical Engineering
- Computer Science and Engineering
- Electronics and Communication Engineering
- Electrical and Electronics Engineering
- Mechatronics Engineering

Bachelor of Technology

- Artificial Intelligence and Data Science
- Computer Science and Business System

Master of Engineering

- Aeronautical Engineering
- Communication Systems

Master of Business Administration

Dual Specialization offered:

- Finance
- Human Resource
- Marketing
- Systems
- Production

Ph.D Programme

Aeronautical Engineering

LABORATORIES

- Propulsion Laboratory
- Aircraft Structures Laboratory
- Aerodynamics Laboratory
- Aircraft Systems Laboratory
- Aero Engine and Airframe Laboratory
- Aero Modelling and UAV Laboratory
- Computer Aided Design & Simulation Laboratory
- Flight Integration Systems and Control Laboratory
- Circuits and Devices Laboratory
- Fundamentals of Data Structures in C Laboratory
- Analog and Digital Circuits Laboratory
- Circuits Design and Simulation Laboratory
- Linear Integrated Circuits Laboratory
- Digital Signal Processing Laboratory
- Communication Systems Laboratory
- Networks Laboratory
- Microprocessors and Microcontrollers Laboratory
- VLSI Design Laboratory
- Embedded Laboratory
- Advanced Communication Laboratory
- Communication Systems Laboratory
- RF System Design Laboratory
- Sensors and Instrumentation Laboratory
- Applied Hydraulics and Pneumatic Laboratory
- Microcontroller and PLC Laboratory
- Robotics Laboratory
- Computer Aided Machine Drawing Laboratory
- Computer Aided Design And Manufacturing Laboratory
- Application Development Laboratory
- Project Laboratory
- Operating System Laboratory
- Programming Laboratory
- Network and Security Laboratory
- DBMS Laboratory
- Engineering Practice Laboratory
- Electric Circuits Laboratory
- Electronics Laboratory
- Electrical Machines Laboratory – I
- Electrical Machines Laboratory – II
- Control and Instrumentation Laboratory
- Power Electronics and Drives Laboratory
- Power System Simulation Laboratory
- Renewable Energy Systems Laboratory
- Manufacturing Technology lab- 1
- Manufacturing Technology lab - 2
- Engineering Practices Lab
- Strength of Materials Lab
- Thermal Engineering lab-1
- Thermal Engineering lab-2
- Kinematics and Dynamics lab
- Fluid mechanics and machinery's lab
- Metrology and Measurements lab
- Computer Aided Design lab
- Physics and Chemistry Laboratory
- Communication Laboratory

B. E. / B. Tech. DEGREE

ANNA UNIVERSITY

Program Outcomes

PO1: Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2: Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3: Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4: Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5: Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6: The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7: Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO8: Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO9: Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10: Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.

PO11: Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12: Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

B.E. AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

VISION

Producing competent and exemplary Aeronautical Engineers to meet the needs of globalindustries

MISSION

- To impart quality education in cutting edge technologies, in state of art laboratories with intellectual and ethical principles.
- To propel the young students to face the challenges of global industries through theirsound technical knowledge
- To build formidable skills in aeronautical engineering and turn the students intoentrepreneurs and global leaders.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEO)

The graduates of Aeronautical Engineering Programme will be able

PEO1: To employ comprehensive knowledge in Aeronautical Engineering and analytical skills towork towards solving complex problems so as to excel in the professional career.

PEO2: To design, analyze and produce cutting edge engineering solutions by employing moderntechniques and adhering to moral values for sustainable development.

PEO3: To assume global careers and leadership responsibilities through consistent learning with idealistic managerial practices**.**

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO)

The students of Aeronautical Engineering Programme will be able

PSO1: To gather data using modern tools and apply design techniques to develop solutions for challenges in the domain of Aerodynamics, Propulsion, Aircraft Structures and Aircraft Maintenance with Professional ethics.

PSO2: To function as engineering solution providers or entrepreneurs, who are able to manage, innovate, communicate, train and lead a team for continuous improvement

B.E. COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

VISION

To produce highly competent and innovative computer professionals to meet the global demands.

MISSION

- To impart quality education by creative teaching learning process.
- To be technically competent, ethical and socially responsible throughout the professionalcareer.
- To inculcate leadership qualities and entrepreneurship culture to meet the global standards.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEO)

The graduates of Computer Science and Engineering Programme will be able to

PEO1: Acquire and Apply knowledge in Computer Science, Mathematics, Science and inter-disciplinary engineering principles in order to excel in computer professional career

PEO2: Analyze real life problems adapting to new Computing Technologies for professionalexcellence and ethical attitude, in order to provide economically feasible engineering solutions.

PEO3: Carry out complex engineering problems with best practices exhibiting communication skills, team work and interpersonal skills to enable continued computer professional developmentthrough life-long learning.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO)

The students of Computer Science and Engineering Programme will be able attain

PSO1: Professional Skills: Acquaint in-depth knowledge on the basic and advanced computer science domains like Data Sciences, Cryptography, Cloud and Distributed Computing, Neural Networks and Artificial Intelligence.

PSO2: Entrepreneurship and Successful Career: Apply the standard practices to have successful career path in the field of information and communication technology and entrepreneurship.

B.E. ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

VISION

To become a centre of excellence in electronics and communication engineering by imparting quality technical education imbibed with human values and professional ethics, facilitatingresearch activities and cater to the growing industrial demands and societal needs

MISSION

- To educate and empower the students with state of art knowledge and latest trends in electronics and communication engineering to meet the growing real world challenges
- To inculcate professional ethics and moral values among the students
- To impart industrial and managerial skills to promote self-employment and adapt to appropriate technology to meet the challenges arising out of global demand

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEO)

A graduate of the Electronics and Communication Engineering Program should be able to: **PEO1:** Establish a strong foundation in the fundamentals of mathematics, science andengineering necessary to formulate, analyze and solve engineering problems and preparethemselves for post graduate studies and/or for a successful career

PEO2: Define and analyze real life engineering problems in the field of electronics and communication engineering and find sound, feasible and acceptable solutions beneficial to the society

PEO3: Work effectively in a group with good communication skill, managerial skill, professionalism and ethical attitude, possessing expertise to write reports and express clearly in a multidisciplinary environment through continuous learning.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO)

A graduate of the Electronics and Communication Engineering Program will demonstrate:

PSO1: Apply the fundamental knowledge of mathematics, engineering science to identify, formulate, research and solve electronics and communication engineering problems in the areas of antenna design, embedded systems, image processing, VLSI design and communication systems

PSO2: Design analog and digital electronic circuits by using modern engineering and computing tools and develop a system component to meet specific needs by considering public health, safety, societal and environmental issues

PSO3: Apply ethical issues, social environmental impact and managerial skills to serve thesociety and communicate the engineering activities effectively to engineering community

B. E. ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

VISION

To produce exemplary competent Electrical and Electronics graduates with high moral values toface the challenges of industry / society.

MISSION

- To establish a strong Centre of Excellence for learning and research in Electrical and Electronics Engineering.
- To impart high quality education using innovative methods of teaching-learning process.
- To create globally recognized professionals in the field of Electrical and Electronics Engineering
- To encourage entrepreneurship in the area of energy engineering by providing properguidance

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEO)

The Program Educational objectives of Electrical and Electronics Engineering Program are

PEO1: Perform well in a professional career and use various soft computing tools to design and develop the various engineering solutions in the field of electrical and electronics engineering

PEO2: Design and analyze engineering products, practice codes of professional ethics and create awareness regarding moral responsibilities in dealing with environmental social issues.

PEO3: Converse fluently and precisely in a language well understood by others to convey their ideas and views regarding various issues that arise during their career as professionals and make them realize the importance and benefits of team work.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO)

PSO1: Design electrical and electronics systems and devices for specific needs of societyand industries, considering electrical safety, social and environmental issues.

PSO2: Understand and apply the technologies like PLC, PMC, process controllers, transducersand HMI in the analysis, design, development and installation of power system and applications.

B.E. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

VISION

To mould the Mechanical Engineering aspirants Into Employable Engineers and SuccessfulEntrepreneurs

MISSION

- To be centre of excellence in Mechanical Engineering in providing Quality Education.
- To upgrade infrastructure and faculty competency for Continuous Development.
- To inculcate a work culture that yields Socio-Economical Engineers and Intellectuals.
- To instill leadership qualities to pursue a Professional Career and Entrepreneurship.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEO)

PEO1: To excel in career applying knowledge in mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals essential to create, solve and analyze Mechanical Engineering related problems

PEO2: To design, analyze and implement cost-effective solutions to engineering problems encountered in the field that are beneficial to the society

PEO3: To establish careers in industry and entrepreneurship by exhibiting professionalism that meets the needs of national and multinational companies with adequate technical learning and communication skills

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO)

Upon graduation the student should be able to

PSO1: Identify, Formulate and Solve engineering problems in core streams of MechanicalEngineering ie., design, thermal, manufacturing and industrial engineering

PSO2: Apply modern tools to interpret data, design and develop solutions to complex Mechanical Engineering issues employing ethical principles and professional engineering practices.

PSO3: Function as an engineering solution provider or entrepreneur, who is able to manage,innovate, communicate, train and lead a team for continuous improvement.

B.E. MECHATRONICS ENGINEERING

VISION

Our Vision is to strive the students to foster rigorous academic emphasis with rich diversity ofskills for the ability and passion to work sensibly and ethically for the betterment of humankind.

MISSION

- To prepare excellent Mechatronics Engineers with leading edge technology.
- To achieve blending of knowledge attainment and application.
- To impart value-based training and inculcate socially committed professionalism.
- To develop the future engineers with invaluable entrepreneurial skill.
- To build a strong integrated team of Mechatronics professionals.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEO)

PEO1: Application of mathematical modeling, scientific and automation concepts to formulateproblems in Mechatronics systems and provide solutions employing modern tools.

PEO2: Professional practice driven by value based education committed to ethical principles, environmental concerns and social issues with continuous learning.

PEO3: Ability to work in a team as a member/leader possessing technical and organizational capabilities to manage/initiate an enterprise.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO)

PSO1: To understand the concepts of engineering fundamentals, design and problem analysis toarrive at multiple solutions for the complex problems using classical methods and modern IT tools

PSO2: To provide an opportunity to identify the responsibilities of social engineering practices byknowing the ethical and environmental values for the sustainable development

PSO3: To persist with life-long learning and effective communication to lead a team to promote managerial skills and entrepreneurship in multidisciplinary environment

B.Tech. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND DATA SCIENCE

VISION

To emerge as a Centre of Excellence in Artificial Intelligence and Data Science Technologies andTools to produce Industry Ready Artificial Intelligence Engineers and Data Scientists to serve the nation and to meet the Industry Challenges

MISSION

- To impart quality education by creative students-centric teaching learning processes
- To groom students technologically superior and ethically stronger and responsiblethroughout the professional career
- To equip students with interdisciplinary skill sets and leadership qualities to cater the needsof the industries and society

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEO)

A graduate of the Artificial Intelligence and Data Science Programme should be able to

PEO1: Apply fundamentals of Artificial Intelligence and Data Science Techniques to analyse,design, and implement Models using modern engineering tools

PEO2: Demonstrate their technical skills and competency to solve Real Time Problems for better Solutions through Artificial Intelligence and Data Science Techniques

PEO3: Engage in lifelong learning to excel in their profession with social and Professionalawareness and responsibility ethically

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO)

The students of Artificial Intelligence and Data Science Programme will be able to

PSO1: Ability to design, implement and apply Artificial Intelligence and Data Sciencecomputational Tools s to provide better Solution

PSO2: Ability to analysis Artificial Intelligence Techniques and Data Analytics models forinnovative career, research activities and consultancy services

B.Tech. COMPUTER SCIENCE AND BUSINESS SYSTEMS

VISION

To produce highly competent and innovative Computing and Business Systems professionals with managerial skills, social values to serve the nation and to meet the Industry Challenges

MISSION

- To impart technical knowledge through innovative students-centric teaching learningprocesses and research
- To groom students technologically superior and ethically stronger and responsiblethroughout the professional career to compete globally
- To produce competent engineers with professional ethics, spirit of innovation andmanagerial skills to cater the needs of the industries and society

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEO)

A Graduate of the Computer Science and Business Systems Program should be able to

PEO1: Apply fundamentals of Computer Science and Business Systems Techniques to analyse,design, and implement Models using modern engineering tools

PEO2: Demonstrate their technical skills and competency to solve Real Time Problems for better Solutions through Computer Science and Business Systems Techniques and Tools

PEO3: Engage in lifelong learning to excel in their profession with ethics and inter-personal skills to develop leadership qualities

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO)

A graduate of the Computer Science and Business Systems Program will have the

PSO1: Ability to design, implement, apply and test Software Systems for the Industries needs toprovide better Solution for Business and real word problems

PSO2: Ability to analysis Computer Science and Business Systems models for better innovativeresearch activities and consultancy services

M.E. AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

VISION

Producing competent and exemplary Aeronautical Engineers to meet the needs of globalindustries.

MISSION

- To impart quality education in cutting edge technologies, in state of art laboratories with intellectual and ethical principles.
- To propel the young students to face the challenges of global industries through their sound technical knowledge
- To build formidable skills in aeronautical engineering and turn the students into entrepreneurs and global leaders.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEO)

PEO1: : Successful moulding of graduate into Aeronautical Engineering Professional: Graduates of the programme will acquire adequate knowledge both in practical and theoretical domains in the field of Aeronautical Engineering through rigorous post graduate education.

PEO2: Successful Career Development: Graduates of the programme will have successful technical and managerial career in Aeronautical Engineering industries and the allied management.

PEO3: Contribution to Aeronautical Engineering Field: Graduates of the programme will have innovative ideas and potential to contribute for the development and current needs of the Aviation industries.

PEO4: Sustainable interest for Lifelong learning: Graduates of the programme will have sustainedinterest to learn and adapt new Technology developments to meet the changing industrial scenarios.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO)

PSO1: To gather data using modern tools and design techniques to develop solutions for Aeronautical Engineering challenges with professional ethics.

PSO2: To function as engineering solution providers or entrepreneurs, who are able to manage, innovate, communicate, train and lead a team for continuous improvement

M.E. COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

VISION

To become a centre of excellence in electronics and communication engineering by imparting quality technical education imbibed with human values and professional ethics, facilitatingresearch activities and cater to the growing industrial demands and societal needs.

MISSION

- To educate and empower the students with state of art knowledge and latest trends in electronics and communication engineering to meet the growing real world challenges.
- To inculcate professional ethics and moral values among the students.
- To impart industrial and managerial skills to promote self-employment and adapt to appropriate technology to meet the challenges arising out of global demand.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEO)

PEO1: To provide students with strong fundamental concepts and also advanced techniques and tools to build various communication systems.

PEO2: To enable graduates to attain successful professional careers by applying their engineering skills in communication system design to meet out the challenges in industries and academia.

PEO3: To engage graduates in lifelong learning, adapt emerging technology and pursue research for the development of innovative products.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO)

PSO1: To inculcate the ability in graduates to design and analyze the subsystems such as RF,Signal Processing, Modern communication systems and networks.

PSO2: To enhance problem solving skills in communication systems design using latesthardware and software tools.

PSO3: To apply communication engineering principles and practices for developing products for scientific and business applications.

MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (MBA)

VISION

To mould true leaders through creative management techniques by enhancing student skills and adaptability to match with corporate culture and inculcating ethical values.

MISSION

- To provide practical training, improve analytical power, reasoning abilities and technical dexterity.
- To facilitate students to understand their responsibility for the development of the societywith the individual improvement.
- To increase employability of the students by variety of skill excellence techniques.
- To adopt the industrial culture in campus by involving corporate delegates interaction most frequently.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEO)

PEO 1: To possess professional and communication skills with ethical attitude to function as members of multi-disciplinary teams in industries and to assume leadership role in addressing the managerial issues.

PEO 2: To access, analyze and plan, so as to apply acquired knowledge in basic, managerial sciences and mathematics in solving managerial problems with economic, environmental and social contexts to acquire professional expertise in industry and research.

PEO 3: To acquire necessary domain knowledge to pursue successful career in management, capability to set up their own enterprise and involve in research and development in order to fulfill the needs of the society.

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR STUDENTS

1. The foremost objective of education is moulding the character. The college lays great emphasis on decent behavior of every student.
2. Any student found guilty of offending a staff member will be dealt with seriously and if necessary, the punishment may lead to suspension or dismissal from the college.
3. Students should not loiter in the verandhas, sit on the steps of the portico and staircases.
4. Smoking is prohibited inside the college premises.
5. Students who are found using drugs or in a drunken state will be summarily dismissed from the college.
6. Attendance is Compulsory for all working Minimum of 75% attendance is required for eligibility to write University Exam.
7. Students should be in their seats in the respective classes before the teacher enters the class.
8. Every student must attend all the classes and laboratories without fail. They should be inside their classes and laboratories at least 5 minutes before the commencement of their class. Leave can be availed only with the prior approval by HoD, class advisor and mentor
9. All must follow proper dress code. During Lab Hours tucked-in uniform with shoes. (Girls with overcoat).
10. Proper discipline, decency, decorum and dignity must be maintained in the entire campus. (both inside and outside the classes / labs)
11. Maintain cleanliness everywhere – Classrooms, Labs, Canteen and the entire surrounding.
12. Handle the equipments / machines and other tools carefully so that they are not damaged or deteriorated or made unusable (Cost of the damaged ones will be recovered). Protect the institute properties from getting damaged.
13. Scribbling on the walls & desks or doing any other kind of damage to the college property is strictly prohibited. Students will be held responsible for any such wanton damage and they will be severely penalized.
14. Use of Cell Phones in the campus is prohibited.
15. Ragging & teasing the students are criminal offence. The Indulger may be terminated from the college.
16. For any function, conference, meeting or any gathering of the kind, students should get prior permission of Class Advisor, HoD and Principal

17. Contact the Grievances Committee, Class Advisor, HoD and Principal for any difficulty or a problem.
18. Students should wear their identity card duly signed by the Principal. The cards will be issued to them immediately after admission in the college. They should wear the ID cards in the college premises. They must be able to produce the ID cards on demand by the Principal or Faculties.
19. Students riding two wheelers should wear their helmets compulsorily, and the vehicle should have valid documents (Registration certificate, insurance etc.)
20. Two wheelers are allowed to be parked inside the campus at designated places. Parking of four wheelers is not allowed inside the campus. Students must comply with the above parking regulations. Failure to do so will lose the parking privilege inside the campus.
21. Any act by a student that constitutes a charge of a violation of Government law, occurring either on or off campus, may establish cause for legal and/or disciplinary action by the College.
22. No student shall threaten, physically harm or cause discomfort to another such as would constitute an assault. Nor shall any student commit or aid in the intentional commission of an act that causes bodily harm or discomfort to the person of another such as would constitute a battery. Verbal or written communication that threatens another of a crime or offense, or threatens injury to the person, property, or reputation of another, for whatever reason is prohibited.

DRESS CODE NORMS

Students must comply with standards of dress established for safety or health reasons in specific classes.

Boys : Regular class - Shirts tucked in + shoes

Lab - Lab uniform + shoes

Functions – Formal Shirts and pants + shoes

Sports - Track suits / T- shirts + shorts + shoes

Note: No text/ Image printed Trim shirts and pants are permitted

Girls : Regular class - Chudithar with dupatta + cut shoes

Lab - Lab uniform + cut shoes

Functions – Chudidhar/Saree + cut shoes + Blazers

Sports - Track suits / T- shirts + shorts + shoe

LIBRARY RULES

- Libraries will remain open from 8.30 am to 8.00 pm on all working days.
- Students, staff joining Nehru group of institutions will be directly enrolled as members of the library.
- The users are required to sign in the Gate Register, Visitors Book or in the E- Gate register regularly.
- Students and staff of Nehru Group of institutions shall be permitted to refer the resources in all NGI libraries on production of valid ID cards.
- Alumni and outside visitors from academic institutions will be permitted to refer the resources only on production of their valid ID cards and also with the permission of the head of the institution.
- The library users are required to keep with them their id card while they are inside the library.
- Readers and visitors are requested not to carry, their personal belongings like folders, bags, jerkins, umbrellas and also books already issued by the library.
- Complete silence and strict discipline is to be maintained inside the library by all users. Every user shall ensure that no reader should feel disturbed by any act of him/her.
- Use of eatables in the library is strictly prohibited. Utmost care shall be taken by all to keep the library clean.
- Use of mobile phones is strictly prohibited in the library.
- Smoking is strictly prohibited inside the library.
- Dictionaries, Encyclopedias, Expensive books, Single copy text books, journals magazines and newsletter are meant for reference only.
- Students will be allowed to borrow as indicate below.

Users	**No of Books**	**Period of issue**
UG Students	4 books	15 days
PG Students	4 books	15 days
Research Scholars	6 books	One month

- Meritorious Students (those who secured above 70 % in the university Exams) shall be given two more books either from the book bank or from the stack for a period of 3 months.
- Renewal for a further period of 10 days will be permitted only once. However, the renewal has to be done within the due date.
- A fine of Rs 2 per day per book will be collected uniformly in all institutions for each day of delayed return.
- The students will be allowed to hold back the books with fine for a maximum period of 5 days.
- Photocopying of the whole book is not permitted.
- Any book issued at any point of time, can be recalled by the librarian at any moment.
- No book shall be taken out of the library unless it is entered in the system.
- Members proceeding on long leave or on deputation etc, for a period exceeding one month should return the documents that are borrowed.
- If a book is lost by the borrower, it should be immediately informed to the librarian in writing and the same should be traced and replaced within 15 days from the due date.
- If the borrower is not able to replace the book lost within 15 days, they have to pay double the cost of the books.
- If a document is not returned within 30 days of its due date, it shall be treated as lost and action shall be initiated to recover the cost of the document as per the prevailing rules.
- If a book is lost or damaged, the borrower should replace the book or pay double the cost of book. If a book is to be replaced, the current edition of the book will only be accepted.
- In case, one volume of the complete set is lost or Damaged, then the whole set has to be replaced.
- Once recovery is made for the lost books, return of the lost book will not be entertained.
- Books of reference (Current journals, Back volumes and project reports) shall not be permitted to be taken out of the library, but certain books placed in reference classes may be borrowed at the discretion of the librarian.
- Reservation and renewal of books is possible only through OPAC (Online Public Access Catalogues) on or before the due date.

HOSTEL RULES

- Hostel Identity Card with the parents' and guardian's photo (both the photographs should be pasted / not stapled in the space provided) with the filled in data should be attested by the Chief harden.
- The inmates are strictly not permitted to leave the hostel (to go home or outing) after 06.00 AM and before 06.00 PM. In case of emergency parents should accompany the inmates.
- Mobile phone timings: 05.00 PM to 08.30PM
- NGI staff members /students are not permitted to be the guardian for the inmates.
- In the data sheet of the student, declaration should be signed only by the parents. Guardians are not permitted to sign. Scanned copy of the data sheet will be sent to the parents who are in the foreign countries, in which they will sign and send it back to the Chief Warden.
- Parents of all the inmates including new inmates should sign in the data sheet in the presence of Chief Warden.
- Grievances should be brought to the notice of the Wardens, Deputy Chief Warden, Hostel Committee member or the Chief Warden immediately.
- The inmates are instructed to get the written permission from the Chief Warden to use the electronic gadgets like laptops, iron box, kettle, heater etc.
- The parents should permit only two visitors for their ward by mentioning the relationship with the ward.
- Visitors will be provided with Visitors pass at the main gate and verified at the Hostel gate. Visitors without Visitors Pass shall not be permitted to meet the inmates.
- Dress code should strictly be followed - inmates are not permitted to come out of the hostel in casuals.
- Study Time is between 09.00 pm to 11.00 pm. Wards are not permitted to use mobile phone during study hours.
- Inmates shall not be permitted to go out of the hostel without producing a letter of evidence, in the absence of the parent or guardian.
- All the inmates are advised to plan their travel to home in advance to avoid the last minute tension. The permission letters should get from the Class In-charge, HOD,

Deputy Chief Warden, and Chief Warden. Parents should inform the Class in-charge about their ward's leave request.

- In case of emergency (hospitalization and death) wards should get permission from Warden or Deputy Chief Warden and the parents should intimate the same to the Warden or Deputy Chief Warden.
- 16. Those who go home alone they should have permission letter from the Chief harden / Deputy Chief Warden along with their parent's acceptance letter to send their ward alone (only on unavoidable circumstances). The students should have a Photostat copy of the same to show at the main gate. If she fails to furnish these details she may not be permitted to leave the hostel. When the wards are going with their parents / guardian they should get the permission from the concerned Principal or authorized staff and Chief Warden / Deputy Chief harden.
- The permission letter for going home for vacation / outing should possess the concerned College Principal's or signature of the Person deputed by the College Principal. Without which the inmate may not be permitted to go.
- For Emergency Girl students Parent shall send a mail to nascoffice@qmail.com and nqiqirlhostel@qmail.com or fax in 0422 - 2623055.
- First year students should be accompanied by their parents or local guardian to go home and outing.
- Parents should give proper number for communication (mobile number). If there is any change in the number parents should intimate the same to Warden and Class in-charge as early as possible.
- Students are not permitted to stay in others room without wardens' knowledge.
- It is the responsibility of the students to keep their properties (Laptop, Phones, Cash, and Ornaments etc) safely. Management has no responsibility in that.
- All the students have to get signature from Deputy Wardens between 9 pm to 10 pm forgoing home.
- Sharing of workload for the proper maintenance of the rules and regulations of the hostel the following staff members are deputed for each college.

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON-AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY
B. E. AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING
REGULATIONS 2021
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I AND II SEMESTERS (FULL TIME) CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

SEMESTER I

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE - GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	IP3151	Induction Programme	-	-	-	-	-	0
THEORY								
2.	HS3151	Professional English - I	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	MA3151	Matrices and Calculus	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
4.	PH3151	Engineering Physics	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CY3151	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	GE3151	Problem Solving and Python Programming	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICAL								
7	GE3171	Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
8	BS3171	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	BSC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**15**	**2**	**8**	**25**	**21**

SEMESTER II

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE - GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	HS3251	Professional English - II	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	MA3251	Statistics and Numerical Methods	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	PH3205	Applied Physics	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	BE3251	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	GE3251	Engineering Graphics	ESC	2	0	4	6	4
6.		NCC Credit Course Level 1*	-	2	0	0	2	2
PRACTICAL								
7.	GE3271	Engineering Practices Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
8.	BE3271	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**14**	**2**	**12**	**28**	**22**

***** NCC Credit Course level 1 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA.

IP3151 **INDUCTION PROGRAMME**

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective:

“Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed.”

“One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character. “

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

(i) Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(ii) Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it everyday for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(iii) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, take decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and dont's, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing.
Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(iv) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(v) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(vi) Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(vii) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the under privileged.

(viii) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(ix) Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering /Technology/Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.

References:
Guide to Induction program from AICTE

HS3151 PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - I L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To help learners use language effectively in academic /work contexts
- To build on students' English language skills by engaging them in listening, speaking and grammar learning activities that are relevant to authentic contexts.
- To develop learners' ability to read and write complex texts, summaries, articles, blogs, definitions, essays and user manuals.
- To use language efficiently in expressing their opinions via various media.

INTRODUCTION TO EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION 1

- What is effective communication? (There are many interesting activities for this.)
- Why is communication critical for excellence during study, research and work?
- What are the seven C's of effective communication?
- What are key language skills?
- What is effective listening? What does it involve?
- What is effective speaking?
- What does it mean to be an excellent reader? What should you be able to do?
- What is effective writing?
- How does one develop language and communication skills?
- What does the course focus on? How are communication and language skills going to be enhanced during this course? What do you as a learner need to do to enhance your English language and communication skills to get the best out of this course?

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION 11

Listening –for general information-specific details- conversation: Introduction to classmates - Audio / video (formal & informal); Telephone conversation; Listening to voicemail & messages; Listening and filling a form

Speaking - Self Introduction; Introducing a friend; Conversation - politeness strategies; Telephone conversation; Leave a voicemail; Leave a message with another person; asking for information to fill details in a form.

Reading - Reading brochures (technical context), telephone messages / social media messages relevant to technical contexts and emails.

Writing - Writing emails / letters introducing oneself

Grammar - Present Tense (simple and progressive); Question types: Wh/ Yes or No/ and Tags

Vocabulary - Synonyms; One word substitution; Abbreviations & Acronyms (as used in technical contexts).

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION 12

Listening - Listening to podcast, anecdotes / stories / event narration; documentaries and interviews with celebrities.

Speaking - Narrating personal experiences / events; Interviewing a celebrity; Reporting / and summarizing of documentaries / podcasts/ interviews.

Reading - Reading biographies, travelogues, newspaper reports, Excerpts from literature, and travel & technical blogs.

Writing - Guided writing-- Paragraph writing Short Report on an event (field trip etc.)

Grammar –Past tense (simple); Subject-Verb Agreement; and Prepositions

Vocabulary - Word forms (prefixes& suffixes); Synonyms and Antonyms. Phrasal verbs.

UNIT III DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT 12

Listening - Listen to a product and process descriptions; a classroom lecture; and advertisements about a products.

Speaking – Picture description; giving instruction to use the product; Presenting a product; and Summarizing a lecture.

Reading – Reading advertisements, gadget reviews; user manuals.

Writing - Writing definitions; instructions; and Product /Process description.

Grammar - Imperatives; Adjectives; Degrees of comparison; Present & Past Perfect Tenses. Vocabulary - Compound Nouns, Homonyms; and Homophones, discourse markers (connectives & sequence words)

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks; Scientific lectures; and educational videos.
Speaking – Small Talk; Mini presentations and making recommendations.
Reading – Newspaper articles; Journal reports –and Non Verbal Communication (tables, pie charts etc,.)
Writing – Note-making / Note-taking (*Study skills to be taught, not tested; Writing recommendations; Transferring information from nonverbal (chart, graph etc, to verbal mode)
Grammar – Articles; Pronouns - Possessive & Relative pronouns.
Vocabulary - Collocations; Fixed / Semi fixed expressions.

UNIT V EXPRESSION 12

Listening – Listening to debates/ discussions; different viewpoints on an issue; and panel discussions.
Speaking –group discussions, Debates and Expressing opinions through Simulations & Role play.
Reading – Reading editorials; and Opinion Blogs;
Writing – Essay Writing (Descriptive or narrative).
Grammar – Future Tenses, Punctuation; Negation (Statements & Questions); and Simple, Compound & Complex Sentences.
Vocabulary - Cause & Effect Expressions – Content vs Function words.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To listen and comprehend complex academic texts
- To read and infer the denotative and connotative meanings of technical texts
- To write definitions, descriptions, narrations and essays on various topics
- To speak fluently and accurately in formal and informal communicative contexts
- To express their opinions effectively in both oral and written medium of communication

TEXT BOOKS:

1. English for Engineers & Technologists Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University, (2020 edition)
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press, 2021.
   Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Technical Communication – Principles And Practices By Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford Univ. Press, 2016, New Delhi.
2. A Course Book on Technical English By Lakshmi Narayanan, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
3. English For Technical Communication (With CD) By Aysha Viswamohan, Mcgraw Hill Education, ISBN : 0070264244.
4. Effective Communication Skill, Kulbhusan Kumar, R S Salaria, Khanna Publishing House.
5. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal, Allied Publishing House, New Delhi, 2003.

MA3151 **MATRICES AND CALCULUS** **L T P C**
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that is needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To familiarize the students with differential calculus.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches of engineering.
- To make the students understand various techniques of integration.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their applications.

UNIT - I MATRICES **9 + 3**

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley - Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices by orthogonal transformation – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms – Applications: Stretching of an elastic membrane.

UNIT - II DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**

Representation of functions - Limit of a function - Continuity - Derivatives - Differentiation rules (sum, product, quotient, chain rules) - Implicit differentiation - Logarithmic differentiation - Applications : Maxima and Minima of functions of one variable.

UNIT - III FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES **9 + 3**

Partial differentiation – Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem – Total derivative – Change of variables – Jacobians – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Applications : Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT - IV INTEGRAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**

Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration: Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals - Applications : Hydrostatic force and pressure, moments and centres of mass.

UNIT - V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS **9 + 3**

Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple integrals – Volume of solids – Change of variables in double and triple integrals – Applications : Moments and centres of mass, moment of inertia.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Use the matrix algebra methods for solving practical problems.
- Apply differential calculus tools in solving various application problems.
- Able to use differential calculus ideas on several variable functions.
- Apply different methods of integration in solving practical problems.
- Apply multiple integral ideas in solving areas, volumes and other practical problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kreyszig.E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Grewal.B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44th Edition, 2018.
3. James Stewart, "Calculus : Early Transcendentals", Cengage Learning, 8th Edition, New Delhi, 2015. [For Units II & IV - Sections 1.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.7 (Tangents problems only), 2.8, 3.1 to 3.6, 3.11, 4.1, 4.3, 5.1 (Area problems only), 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 (excluding net change theorem), 5.5, 7.1 - 7.4 and 7.8].

REFERENCES :

1. Anton. H, Bivens. I and Davis. S, " Calculus ", Wiley, 10th Edition, 2016
2. Bali. N., Goyal. M. and Watkins. C., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.,), New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2009.
3. Jain. R.K. and Iyengar. S.R.K., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2016.
4. Narayanan. S. and Manicavachagom Pillai. T. K., “Calculus" Volume I and II, S. Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2009.
5. Ramana. B.V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.
6. Srimantha Pal and Bhunia. S.C, "Engineering Mathematics” Oxford University Press, 2015.
7. Thomas. G. B., Hass. J, and Weir. M.D, "Thomas Calculus ", 14th Edition, Pearson India, 2018.

PH3151 ENGINEERING PHYSICS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To make the students effectively to achieve an understanding of mechanics.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge of electromagnetic waves and its applications.
- To introduce the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Equipping the students to be successfully understand the importance of quantum physics.
- To motivate the students towards the applications of quantum mechanics.

UNIT I MECHANICS 9

Multi-particle dynamics: Center of mass (CM) – CM of continuous bodies – motion of the CM – kinetic energy of system of particles. Rotation of rigid bodies: Rotational kinematics – rotational kinetic energy and moment of inertia - theorems of M .I –moment of inertia of continuous bodies – M.I of a diatomic molecule - torque – rotational dynamics of rigid bodies – conservation of angular momentum – rotational energy state of a rigid diatomic molecule - gyroscope - torsional pendulum – double pendulum –Introduction to nonlinear oscillations.

UNIT II ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES 9

The Maxwell’s equations - wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field - properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - polarization - Producing electromagnetic waves - Energy and momentum in EM waves: Intensity, waves from localized sources, momentum and radiation pressure - Cell-phone reception. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

UNIT III OSCILLATIONS, OPTICS AND LASERS 9

Simple harmonic motion - resonance –analogy between electrical and mechanical oscillating systems - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave - sound waves - Doppler effect. Reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference –Michelson interferometer –Theory of air wedge and experiment. Theory of laser - characteristics - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Einstein’s coefficients - population inversion - Nd-YAG laser, CO_2 laser, semiconductor laser –Basic applications of lasers in industry.

UNIT IV BASIC QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

Photons and light waves - Electrons and matter waves –Compton effect - The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) - meaning of wave function - Normalization –Free particle - particle in a infinite potential well: 1D,2D and 3D Boxes- Normalization, probabilities and the correspondence principle.

UNIT V APPLIED QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

The harmonic oscillator(qualitative)- Barrier penetration and quantum tunneling(qualitative)- Tunneling microscope - Resonant diode - Finite potential wells (qualitative)- Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential –Basics of Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Understand the importance of mechanics.
- Express their knowledge in electromagnetic waves.
- Demonstrate a strong foundational knowledge in oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Understand the importance of quantum physics.
- Comprehend and apply quantum mechanical principles towards the formation of energy bands.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow. An Introduction to Mechanics. McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2017.
2. E.M.Purcell and D.J.Morin, Electricity and Magnetism, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2013.
3. Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S. Rai Choudhury, Concepts of Modern Physics, McGraw-Hill (Indian Edition), 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Wolfson. Essential University Physics. Volume 1 & 2. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.
2. Paul A. Tipler, Physic – Volume 1 & 2, CBS, (Indian Edition), 2004.
3. K.Thyagarajan and A.Ghatak. Lasers: Fundamentals and Applications, Laxmi Publications, (Indian Edition), 2019.
4. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker. Principles of Physics, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2015.
5. N.Garcia, A.Damask and S.Schwarz. Physics for Computer Science Students. Springer-Verlag, 2012.

CY3151 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate sound understanding of water quality parameters and water treatment techniques.
- To impart knowledge on the basic principles and preparatory methods of nanomaterials.
- To introduce the basic concepts and applications of phase rule and composites.
- To facilitate the understanding of different types of fuels, their preparation, properties and combustion characteristics.
- To familiarize the students with the operating principles, working processes and applications of energy conversion and storage devices.

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT 9

Water: Sources and impurities, Water quality parameters: Definition and significance of-color, odour, turbidity, pH, hardness, alkalinity, TDS, COD and BOD, flouride and arsenic. Municipal water treatment: primary treatment and disinfection (UV, Ozonation, break-point chlorination). Desalination of brackish water: Reverse Osmosis. Boiler troubles: Scale and sludge, Boiler corrosion, Caustic embrittlement, Priming &foaming. Treatment of boiler feed water: Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) and External treatment – Ion exchange demineralization and zeolite process.

UNIT II NANOCHEMISTRY 9

Basics: Distinction between molecules, nanomaterials and bulk materials; Size-dependent properties (optical, electrical, mechanical and magnetic); Types of nanomaterials: Definition, properties and uses of – nanoparticle, nanocluster, nanorod, nanowire and nanotube. Preparation of nanomaterials: sol-gel, solvothermal, laser ablation, chemical vapour deposition, electrochemical deposition and electro spinning. Applications of nanomaterials in medicine, agriculture, energy, electronics and catalysis.

UNIT III PHASE RULE AND COMPOSITES 9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples. One component system - water system; Reduced phase rule; Construction of a simple eutectic phase diagram - Thermal analysis; Two component system: lead-silver system - Pattinson process.

Composites: Introduction: Definition & Need for composites; Constitution: Matrix materials (Polymer matrix, metal matrix and ceramic matrix) and Reinforcement (fiber, particulates, flakes and whiskers). Properties and applications of: Metal matrix composites (MMC), Ceramic matrix composites and Polymer matrix composites. Hybrid composites - definition and examples.

UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION 9

Fuels: Introduction: Classification of fuels; Coal and coke: Analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate), Carbonization, Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method). Petroleum and Diesel: Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process), Knocking - octane number, diesel oil - cetane number; Power alcohol and biodiesel.

Combustion of fuels: Introduction: Calorific value - higher and lower calorific values, Theoretical calculation of calorific value; Ignition temperature: spontaneous ignition temperature, Explosive range; Flue gas analysis - ORSAT Method. CO_2 emission and carbon foot print.

UNIT V ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES 9

Stability of nucleus: mass defect (problems), binding energy; Nuclear energy: light water nuclear power plant, breeder reactor. Solar energy conversion: Principle, working and applications of solar cells; Recent developments in solar cell materials. Wind energy; Geothermal energy; Batteries: Types of batteries, Primary battery - dry cell, Secondary battery - lead acid battery and lithium-ion-battery; Electric vehicles – working principles; Fuel cells: H_2-O_2 fuel cell, microbial fuel cell; Supercapacitors: Storage principle, types and examples.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the students will be able:

- To infer the quality of water from quality parameter data and propose suitable treatment methodologies to treat water.
- To identify and apply basic concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology in designing the synthesis of nanomaterials for engineering and technology applications.
- To apply the knowledge of phase rule and composites for material selection requirements.
- To recommend suitable fuels for engineering processes and applications.
- To recognize different forms of energy resources and apply them for suitable applications in energy sectors.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, “Engineering Chemistry”, 17th Edition, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2018.
2. Sivasankar B., “Engineering Chemistry”, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
3. S.S. Dara, “A Text book of Engineering Chemistry”, S. Chand Publishing, 12th Edition, 2018.

REFERENCES:

1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath and James Murday, “Text book of nanoscience and nanotechnology”, Universities Press-IIM Series in Metallurgy and Materials Science, 2018.
2. O.G. Palanna, “Engineering Chemistry” McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2017.
3. Friedrich Emich, “Engineering Chemistry”, Scientific International PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2014.
4. ShikhaAgarwal, “Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications”, Cambridge University Press, Delhi, Second Edition, 2019.
5. O.V. Roussak and H.D. Gesser, Applied Chemistry-A Text Book for Engineers and Technologists, Springer Science Business Media, New York, 2nd Edition, 2013.

GE3151 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of algorithmic problem solving.
- To learn to solve problems using Python conditionals and loops.
- To define Python functions and use function calls to solve problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries to represent complex data.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

UNIT I COMPUTATIONAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Fundamentals of Computing – Identification of Computational Problems -Algorithms, building blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion). Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.

UNIT II DATA TYPES, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS 9

Python interpreter and interactive mode, debugging; values and types: int, float, boolean, string, and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; Illustrative programs: exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points.

UNIT III CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS, STRINGS 9

Conditionals: Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else), chained conditional (if-elif-else); Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values, parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices, immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search.

UNIT IV LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES 9

Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing - list comprehension; Illustrative programs: simple sorting, histogram, Students marks statement, Retail bill preparation.

UNIT V FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES 9

Files and exception: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file, Voter’s age validation, Marks range validation (0-100).

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems.
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Write simple Python programs using conditionals and looping for solving problems.
CO4: Decompose a Python program into functions.
CO5: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries etc.
CO6: Read and write data from/to files in Python programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data'', Third Edition, MIT Press 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

GE3171 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the problem solving approaches.
- To learn the basic programming constructs in Python.
- To practice various computing strategies for Python-based solutions to real world problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The examples suggested in each experiment are only indicative. The lab instructor is expected to design other problems on similar lines. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments listed here.

1. Identification and solving of simple real life or scientific or technical problems, and developing flow charts for the same. (Electricity Billing, Retail shop billing, Sin series, weight of a motorbike, Weight of a steel bar, compute Electrical Current in Three Phase AC Circuit, etc.)
2. Python programming using simple statements and expressions (exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points).
3. Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops. (Number series, Number Patterns, pyramid pattern)

4. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Lists, Tuples. (Items present in a library/Components of a car/ Materials required for construction of a building –operations of list & tuples)
5. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Sets, Dictionaries. (Language, components of an automobile, Elements of a civil structure, etc.- operations of Sets & Dictionaries)
6. Implementing programs using Functions. (Factorial, largest number in a list, area of shape)
7. Implementing programs using Strings. (reverse, palindrome, character count, replacing characters)
8. Implementing programs using written modules and Python Standard Libraries (pandas, numpy. Matplotlib, scipy)
9. Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling. (copy from one file to another, word count, longest word)
10. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling. (divide by zero error, voter's age validity, student mark range validation)
11. Exploring Pygame tool.
12. Developing a game activity using Pygame like bouncing ball, car race etc.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Implement programs in Python using conditionals and loops for solving problems.
CO4: Deploy functions to decompose a Python program.
CO5: Process compound data using Python data structures.
CO6: Utilize Python packages in developing software applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python : How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data'', Third Edition, MIT Press, 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

BS3171 PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

PHYSICS LABORATORY: (Any Seven Experiments)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the proper use of various kinds of physics laboratory equipment.
- To learn how data can be collected, presented and interpreted in a clear and concise manner.
- To learn problem solving skills related to physics principles and interpretation of experimental data.
- To determine error in experimental measurements and techniques used to minimize such error.
- To make the student as an active participant in each part of all lab exercises.

1. Torsional pendulum - Determination of rigidity modulus of wire and moment of inertia of regular and irregular objects.
2. Simple harmonic oscillations of cantilever.
3. Non-uniform bending - Determination of Young's modulus
4. Uniform bending – Determination of Young's modulus
5. Laser- Determination of the wave length of the laser using grating
6. Air wedge - Determination of thickness of a thin sheet/wire
7. a) Optical fibre -Determination of Numerical Aperture and acceptance angle
   b) Compact disc- Determination of width of the groove using laser.
8. Acoustic grating- Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids.
9. Ultrasonic interferometer – determination of the velocity of sound and compressibility of liquids
10. Post office box -Determination of Band gap of a semiconductor.
11. Photoelectric effect
12. Michelson Interferometer.
13. Melde's string experiment
14. Experiment with lattice dynamics kit.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to

- Understand the functioning of various physics laboratory equipment.
- Use graphical models to analyze laboratory data.
- Use mathematical models as a medium for quantitative reasoning and describing physical reality.
- Access, process and analyze scientific information.
- Solve problems individually and collaboratively.

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY: (Any seven experiments to be conducted)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate experimental skills to test basic understanding of water quality parameters, such as, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, DO, chloride and copper.
- To induce the students to familiarize with electroanalytical techniques such as, pH metry, potentiometry and conductometry in the determination of impurities in aqueous solutions.
- To demonstrate the analysis of metals and alloys.
- To demonstrate the synthesis of nanoparticles

1. Preparation of Na_2CO_3 as a primary standard and estimation of acidity of a water sample using the primary standard
2. Determination of types and amount of alkalinity in water sample.
   - Split the first experiment into two
3. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method.
4. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
5. Determination of chloride content of water sample by Argentometric method.
6. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by Iodometry.
7. Estimation of TDS of a water sample by gravimetry.
8. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
9. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter.
10. Conductometric titration of barium chloride against sodium sulphate (precipitation titration)
11. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
12. Estimation of sodium /potassium present in water using flame photometer.
13. Preparation of nanoparticles (TiO_2/ZnO/CuO) by Sol-Gel method.
14. Estimation of Nickel in steel
15. Proximate analysis of Coal

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- To analyse the quality of water samples with respect to their acidity, alkalinity, hardness and DO.
- To determine the amount of metal ions through volumetric and spectroscopic techniques
- To analyse and determine the composition of alloys.
- To learn simple method of synthesis of nanoparticles
- To quantitatively analyse the impurities in solution by electroanalytical techniques

TEXT BOOK :

1. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas and B. Sivasankar, Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (2009).

HS3251 PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - II

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To engage learners in meaningful language activities to improve their LSRW skills
- To enhance learners' awareness of general rules of writing for specific audiences
- To help learners understand the purpose, audience, contexts of different types of writing
- To develop analytical thinking skills for problem solving in communicative contexts
- To demonstrate an understanding of job applications and interviews for internship and placements

UNIT I MAKING COMPARISONS **12**

Listening – Evaluative Listening: Advertisements, Product Descriptions, -Audio / video; Listening and filling a Graphic Organiser (Choosing a product or service by comparison)
Speaking – Marketing a product, Persuasive Speech Techniques.
Reading - Reading advertisements, user manuals, brochures;
Writing – Professional emails, Email etiquette - Compare and Contrast Essay; Grammar – Mixed Tenses, Prepositional phrases
Vocabulary – Contextual meaning of words

UNIT II EXPRESSING CAUSAL RELATIONS IN SPEAKING AND WRITING 12

Listening - Listening to longer technical talks and completing– gap filling exercises. Listening technical information from podcasts – Listening to process/event descriptions to identify cause & effects - Speaking – Describing and discussing the reasons of accidents or disasters based on news reports.

Reading - Reading longer technical texts– Cause and Effect Essays, and Letters / emails of complaint,

Writing - Writing responses to complaints.

Grammar - Active Passive Voice transformations, Infinitive and Gerunds Vocabulary – Word Formation (Noun-Verb-Adj-Adv), Adverbs.

UNIT III PROBLEM SOLVING 12

Listening – Listening to / Watching movie scenes/ documentaries depicting a technical problem and suggesting solutions.

Speaking – Group Discussion (based on case studies), - techniques and Strategies,

Reading - Case Studies, excerpts from literary texts, news reports etc.

Writing – Letter to the Editor, Checklists, Problem solution essay / Argumentative Essay

Grammar – Error correction; If conditional sentences

Vocabulary - Compound Words, Sentence Completion.

UNIT IV REPORTING OF EVENTS AND RESEARCH 12

Listening – Listening Comprehension based on news reports – and documentaries – Precis writing, Summarising, Speaking – Interviewing, Presenting an oral report, Mini presentations on select topics;

Reading –Newspaper articles; Writing – Recommendations, Transcoding, Accident Report, Survey Report Grammar – Reported Speech, Modals Vocabulary – Conjunctions- use of prepositions

UNIT V THE ABILITY TO PUT IDEAS OR INFORMATION COGENTLY 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks, Presentations, Formal job interviews, (analysis of the interview performance);

Speaking – Participating in a Role play, (interview/telephone interview), virtual interviews, Making presentations with visual aids;

Reading – Company profiles, Statement of Purpose, (SOP), an excerpt of interview with professionals; Writing – Job / Internship application – Cover letter & Resume; Grammar – Numerical adjectives, Relative Clauses Vocabulary – Idioms.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To compare and contrast products and ideas in technical texts.
- To identify cause and effects in events, industrial processes through technical texts
- To analyze problems in order to arrive at feasible solutions and communicate them orally and in the written format.
- To report events and the processes of technical and industrial nature.
- To present their opinions in a planned and logical manner, and draft effective resumes in context of job search.

TEXT BOOKS

1. English for Engineers & Technologists (2020 edition) Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University.
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press 2021.Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES

1. Raman. Meenakshi, Sharma. Sangeeta (2019). Professional English. Oxford university press. New Delhi.
2. Improve Your Writing ed. V.N. Arora and Laxmi Chandra, Oxford Univ. Press, 2001, New Delhi.
3. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal. Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
4. Business Correspondence and Report Writing by Prof. R.C. Sharma & Krishna Mohan, Tata McGraw Hill & Co. Ltd., 2001, New Delhi.
5. Developing Communication Skills by Krishna Mohan, Meera Bannerji- Macmillan India Ltd. 1990, Delhi.

MA3251 STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS L T P C

3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- This course aims at providing the necessary basic concepts of a few statistical and numerical methods and give procedures for solving numerically different kinds of problems occurring in engineering and technology.
- To acquaint the knowledge of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of solving algebraic and transcendental equations.
- To introduce the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and numerical techniques of differentiation and integration which plays an important role in engineering and technology disciplines.
- To acquaint the knowledge of various techniques and methods of solving ordinary differential equations.

UNIT I TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS 9+3

Sampling distributions - Tests for single mean, proportion and difference of means (Large and small samples) – Tests for single variance and equality of variances – Chi square test for goodness of fit – Independence of attributes.

UNIT II DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS 9+3

One way and two way classifications - Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design - 2^2 factorial design.

UNIT III SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS 9+3

Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations - Fixed point iteration method – Newton Raphson method- Solution of linear system of equations - Gauss elimination method – Pivoting - Gauss Jordan method – Iterative methods of Gauss Jacobi and Gauss Seidel - Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method and Jacobi's method for symmetric matrices.

UNIT IV INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND NUMERICAL INTEGRATION 9+3

Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolations – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivates using interpolation polynomials – Numerical single and double integrations using Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules.

UNIT V NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9+3

Single step methods: Taylor's series method - Euler's method - Modified Euler's method - Fourth order Runge-Kutta method for solving first order differential equations - Multi step methods: Milne's and Adams - Bash forth predictor corrector methods for solving first order differential equations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Apply the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples in real life problems.
- Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments in the field of agriculture.
- Appreciate the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and apply the numerical techniques of differentiation and integration for engineering problems.
- Understand the knowledge of various techniques and methods for solving first and second order ordinary differential equations.
- Solve the partial and ordinary differential equations with initial and boundary conditions by using certain techniques with engineering applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Grewal, B.S., and Grewal, J.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science", Khanna Publishers, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2015.
2. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund J., “Miller and Freund’s Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 8th Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Burden, R.L and Faires, J.D, "Numerical Analysis”, 9th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2016.
2. Devore. J.L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences”, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2014.
3. Gerald. C.F. and Wheatley. P.O. "Applied Numerical Analysis” Pearson Education, Asia, New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2007.
4. Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V. K., “Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics”, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 12th Edition, 2020.
5. Spiegel. M.R., Schiller. J. and Srinivasan. R.A., "Schaum’s Outlines on Probability and Statistics ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 4th Edition, 2012.
6. Walpole. R.E., Myers. R.H., Myers. S.L. and Ye. K., “Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2010.

PH3205 APPLIED PHYSICS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To equip the students to have a knowledge on different types of electron theory, basics of quantum mechanics and about energy bands
- To introduce the physics of semiconducting materials and applications of semiconductors in device fabrication
- To make the students to learn the mechanisms of polarization in dielectric materials, and about classification and properties of dielectric materials
- To make the students to learn the origin of magnetism in magnetic materials and their classification; to learn the physics of superconductivity and various properties exhibited by superconductors
- To make the students familiarize with the optical properties of materials.

UNIT I ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classical free electron theory - Expressions for electrical conductivity and Thermal conductivity - Wiedemann-Franz law – Success and failures - Quantum free electron theory – Tunneling-degenerate states – Fermi-Dirac statistics – Density of energy states – Electron in periodic potential – Energy bands in solids – tight binding approximation - Electron effective mass – concept of hole.

UNIT II SEMICONDUCTOR AND TRANSPORT PHYSICS 9

Intrinsic Semiconductors – Energy band diagram – direct and indirect band gap semiconductors – Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors – extrinsic semiconductors - Carrier concentration in N-type & P-type semiconductors – Variation of carrier concentration with temperature – Carrier transport in Semiconductors: Drift, mobility and diffusion – Hall effect and devices – Ohmic contacts – Schottky diode.

UNIT III DIELECTRICS AND FERROELECTRICS 9

Macroscopic description of the static dielectric constant.The electronic and ionic polarizabilities of molecules - orientational polarization - Measurement of the dielectric constant of a solid.The internal field - Lorentz, Clausius-Mosotti relation. Behaviour of dielectrics in an alternating field, elementary ideas on dipole relaxation, - Piezo, pyro and ferroelectric properties of crystals -classification of ferroelectric crystals - $BaTiO_3$ and KDP.

UNIT IV MAGNETISM AND SUPERCONDUCTIVITY 9

Atomic magnetic moment – classification of magnetic materials: diamagnetism, paramagnetism, ferromagnetism, antiferromagnetism and ferrimagnetism - Ferromagnetism: saturation magnetization and Curie temperature – exchange interaction - Domain theory – M versus H behavior – soft and hard magnetic materials -. Superconductivity – Zero resistance and the Meissner effect – Type I and Type II superconductors – critical current density - BCS theory of superconductivity - Elements of high temperature superconductivity (basic concepts only).

UNIT V OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Light waves in a homogeneous medium - refractive index - dispersion: refractive index-wave-length behaviour - group velocity and group index – NLO materials – phase matching - SHG, sum frequency generation, parametric oscillations – difference frequency generation (qualitative)- applications- - complex refractive index and light absorption - Luminescence, phosphors and white LEDs - polarization - optical anisotropy: uniaxial crystals, birefringence, dichroism - electro-optic effect and amplitude modulators.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to

- familiarize with theories of electrical and thermal conduction is solids, basic quantum mechanics, and energy bands
- gain knowledge on semiconducting materials based on energy level diagrams, its types, temperature effect.
- understand the mechanisms of various types of polarization and about classification and properties of ferroelectric crystals
- learn the classification of magnetic materials, theory and applications of ferromagnetic materials and superconductors
- acquire knowledge on light waves, non-linear optical properties of materials and their applications

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S.O. Kasap. Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices, McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.
2. Charles Kittel, Introduction to Solid State Physics, Wiley India Edition, 2019.
3. R.Balasubramaniam, Callister's Materials Science and Engineering. Wiley (Indian Edition), 2014.

REFERENCES:

1. L.Solymar, D.Walsh and R.R.A.Syms, Electrical Properties of Materials, Oxford Univ.Press, 2014.
2. Jasprit Singh, Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology,McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2019.
3. Kip S. Thorne and R.D.Blandford, Modern Classical Physics, Princeton Univ.Press, 2017.
4. Amnon Yariv and P.Yeh, Photonics: Optical Electronics in Modern Communications, Oxford Univ.Press, 2007.
5. David Jiles, Introduction to Magnetism and Magnetic Materials, Springer, 1991.

BE3251 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basics of electric circuits and analysis
- To impart knowledge in the basics of working principles and application of electrical machines
- To introduce analog devices and their characteristics
- To educate on the fundamental concepts of digital electronics
- To introduce the functional elements and working of measuring instruments

UNIT I ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS **9**

DC Circuits: Circuit Components: Conductor, Resistor, Inductor, Capacitor – Ohm's Law - Kirchhoff's Laws –Independent and Dependent Sources – Simple problems- Nodal Analysis, Mesh analysis with Independent sources only (Steady state)

Introduction to AC Circuits and Parameters: Waveforms, Average value, RMS Value, Instantaneous power, real power, reactive power and apparent power, power factor – Steady state analysis of RLC circuits (Simple problems only)

UNIT II ELECTRICAL MACHINES **9**

Construction and Working principle- DC Separately and Self excited Generators, EMF equation, Types and Applications. Working Principle of DC motors, Torque Equation, Types and Applications. Construction, Working principle and Applications of Transformer, Three phase Alternator, Synchronous motor and Three Phase Induction Motor.

UNIT III ANALOG ELECTRONICS **9**

Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor in Electronic Circuits- Semiconductor Materials: Silicon &Germanium – PN Junction Diodes, Zener Diode –Characteristics Applications – Bipolar Junction Transistor-Biasing, JFET, SCR, MOSFET,IGBT – Types, I-V Characteristics and Applications, Rectifier and Inverters

UNIT IV DIGITAL ELECTRONICS **9**

Review of number systems, binary codes, error detection and correction codes, Combinational logic - representation of logic functions-SOP and POS forms, K-map representations - minimization using K maps (Simple Problems only)

UNIT V MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION **9**

Functional elements of an instrument, Standards and calibration, Operating Principle, types -Moving Coil and Moving Iron meters, Measurement of three phase power, Energy Meter, Instrument Transformers-CT and PT, DSO- Block diagram- Data acquisition.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the students will be able to

1. Compute the electric circuit parameters for simple problems
2. Explain the working principle and applications of electrical machines
3. Analyze the characteristics of analog electronic devices
4. Explain the basic concepts of digital electronics
5. Explain the operating principles of measuring instruments

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Second Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2020
2. S.K.Bhattacharya "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2017.
3. Sedha R.S., "A textbook book of Applied Electronics", S. Chand & Co., 2008
4. James A .Svoboda, Richard C. Dorf, "Dorf's Introduction to Electric Circuits", Wiley, 2018.
5. A.K. Sawhney, Puneet Sawhney 'A Course in Electrical & Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation', Dhanpat Rai and Co, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, “Basic Electrical Engineering”, Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2019.
2. Thomas L. Floyd, ‘Digital Fundamentals’, 11th Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
3. Albert Malvino, David Bates, ‘Electronic Principles, McGraw Hill Education; 7th edition, 2017.
4. Mahmood Nahvi and Joseph A. Edminister, “Electric Circuits”, Schaum’ Outline Series, McGraw Hill, 2002.
5. H.S. Kalsi, ‘Electronic Instrumentation’, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010

GE3251	ENGINEERING GRAPHICS	L	T	P	C
		2	0	4	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

1. Drawing engineering curves.
2. Drawing freehand sketch of simple objects.
3. Drawing orthographic projection of solids and section of solids.
4. Drawing development of solids
5. Drawing isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

Importance of graphics in engineering applications - Use of drafting instruments - BIS conventions and specifications — Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets — Lettering and dimensioning.

UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREEHAND SKETCHING 6+12

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics — Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method — Construction of cycloid — construction of involutes of square and circle — Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves.

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACE 6+12

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces. Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS 6+12

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes and parallel to the other by rotating object method. Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles —Representation of Three Dimensional objects — Layout of views- Freehand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES 6 +12

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other — obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids — Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS 6+12

Principles of isometric projection — isometric scale - Isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions - Perspective projection of simple solids-Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of isometric projection of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

TOTAL: (L=30; P=60) 90 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Use BIS conventions and specifications for engineering drawing.
- Construct the conic curves, involutes and cycloid.
- Solve practical problems involving projection of lines.
- Draw the orthographic, isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.
- Draw the development of simple solids.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 53rd Edition, 2019.
2. Natrajan K.V., "A Text Book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2018.
3. Parthasarathy, N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Drawing", Oxford University Press, 2015

REFERENCES:

1. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2019.
2. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Publications, Bangalore, 27th Edition, 2017.
3. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff,John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Parthasarathy N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Graphics", Oxford University, Press, New Delhi, 2015.
5. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson Education India, 2nd Edition, 2009.
6. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

1. IS 10711 — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Size and lay out of drawing sheets.
2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Lettering.
3. IS 10714 (Part 20) — 2001 & SP 46 — 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
4. IS 11669 — 1986 & SP 46 —2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) — 2001: Technical drawings — Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitted to use appropriate scale to fit solution within A3 size.
4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL 1*

(ARMY WING) NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL - I

NX3251		**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
		2	**0**	**0**	**2**

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL 1*

NX3252	(NAVAL WING) NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL - I	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL 1*

NX3253	(AIR FORCE WING)NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL – I	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

GE3271 ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to provide hands on training to the students in:

1. Drawing pipe line plan; laying and connecting various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Sawing; planing; making joints in wood materials used in commonhousehold wood work.
2. Wiring various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Welding various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machining various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assembling simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Making a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Soldering and testing simple electronic circuits; Assembling and testing simple electronic components on PCB.

GROUP – A (CIVIL & ELECTRICAL)

PART I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

PLUMBING WORK:

a) Connecting various basic pipe fittings like valves, taps, coupling, unions, reducers, elbows and other components which are commonly used in household.
b) Preparing plumbing line sketches.
c) Laying pipe connection to the suction side of a pump
d) Laying pipe connection to the delivery side of a pump.
e) Connecting pipes of different materials: Metal, plastic and flexible pipes used inhousehold appliances.

WOOD WORK:

a) Sawing,
b) Planing and
c) Making joints like T-Joint, Mortise joint and Tenon joint and Dovetail joint.

Wood Work Study:

a) Studying joints in door panels and wooden furniture
b) Studying common industrial trusses using models.

PART II ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

a) Introduction to switches, fuses, indicators and lamps - Basic switch board wiring with lamp, fan and three pin socket
b) Staircase wiring
c) Fluorescent Lamp wiring with introduction to CFL and LED types.
d) Energy meter wiring and related calculations/ calibration
e) Study of Iron Box wiring and assembly
f) Study of Fan Regulator (Resistor type and Electronic type using Diac/Triac/quadrac)
g) Study of emergency lamp wiring/Water heater

GROUP – B (MECHANICAL AND ELECTRONICS)

PART III MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

WELDING WORK:

a) Welding of Butt Joints, Lap Joints, and Tee Joints using arc welding.
b) Practicing gas welding.

BASIC MACHINING WORK:

a) (simple)Turning.
b) (simple)Drilling.
c) (simple)Tapping.

ASSEMBLY WORK:

a) Assembling a centrifugal pump.
b) Assembling a household mixer.
c) Assembling an airconditioner.

SHEET METAL WORK:

a) Making of a square tray

FOUNDRY WORK:

a) Demonstrating basic foundry operations.

PART IV ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

SOLDERING WORK:

a) Soldering simple electronic circuits and checking continuity.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY AND TESTING WORK:

a) Assembling and testing electronic components on a small PCB.

ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT STUDY:

a) Study an elements of smart phone..
b) Assembly and dismantle of LED TV.
c) Assembly and dismantle of computer/ laptop

TOTAL = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Draw pipe line plan; lay and connect various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Saw; plan; make joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
2. Wire various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Weld various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machine various simple processeslike turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assemble simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Make a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Solder and test simple electronic circuits; Assemble and test simple electronic components on PCB.

BE3271 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To train the students in conducting load tests on electrical machines
- To gain practical experience in characterizing electronic devices
- To train the students to use DSO for measurements.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Verification of ohms and Kirchhoff's Laws.
2. Load test on DC Shunt Motor.
3. Load test on Self Excited DC Generator
4. Load test on Single phase Transformer
5. Load Test on Induction Motor
6. Characteristics of PN and Zener Diodes
7. Characteristics of BJT, SCR and MOSFET
8. Half wave and Full Wave rectifiers
9. Study of Logic Gates
10. Implementation of Binary Adder and Subtractor
11. Study of DSO

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the students will be able to

1. Use experimental methods to verify the Ohm's and Kirchhoff's Laws.
2. Analyze experimentally the load characteristics of electrical machines
3. Analyze the characteristics of basic electronic devices
4. Use DSO to measure the various parameters

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON - AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED ANNA UNIVERSITY
REGULATIONS 2021
B. E. COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I AND II SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

I. PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

Graduates can

- Apply their technical competence in computer science to solve real world problems, with technical and people leadership.
- Conduct cutting edge research and develop solutions on problems of social relevance.
- Work in a business environment, exhibiting team skills, work ethics, adaptability and lifelong learning.

II. PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

The Students will be able to

- Exhibit design and programming skills to build and automate business solutions using cutting edge technologies.
- Strong theoretical foundation leading to excellence and excitement towards research, to provide elegant solutions to complex problems.

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
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B. E. COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I AND II SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

SEMESTER I

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	IP3151	Induction Programme	-	-	-	-	-	0
THEORY								
2.	HS3151	Professional English - I	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	MA3151	Matrices and Calculus	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
4.	PH3151	Engineering Physics	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CY3151	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	GE3151	Problem Solving and Python Programming	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
7.	GE3171	Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
8.	BS3171	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	BSC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**15**	**2**	**8**	**25**	**21**

SEMESTER II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	HS3251	Professional English - II	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	MA3251	Statistics and Numerical Methods	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	PH3256	Physics for Information Science	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	BE3251	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	GE3251	Engineering Graphics	ESC	2	0	4	6	4
6.	CS3251	Programming in C	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		NCC Credit Course Level 1*	-	2	0	0	2	2*
PRACTICALS								
8.	GE3271	Engineering Practices Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	CS3271	Programming in C Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**17**	**2**	**12**	**31**	**25**

*NCC Credit Course level 1 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA.

IP3151 **INDUCTION PROGRAMME**

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective:

“Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have a broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed.”

“One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character.”

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

(i) Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(ii) Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it everyday for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and
also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(iii) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, make decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and don'ts, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing.
Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty
mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(iv) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(v) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(vi) Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(vii) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the underprivileged.

(viii) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(ix) Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering / Technology / Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.

References:
Guide to Induction program from AICTE

HS3151 **PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - I** **L T P C**
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To help learners use language effectively in academic / work contexts
- To build on students' English language skills by engaging them in listening, speaking and grammar learning activities that are relevant to authentic contexts.
- To develop learners' ability to read and write complex texts, summaries, articles, blogs, definitions, essays and user manuals.
- To use language efficiently in expressing their opinions via various media.

INTRODUCTION TO EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION **1**

- What is effective communication? (There are many interesting activities for this.)
- Why is communication critical for excellence during study, research and work?
- What are the seven C's of effective communication?
- What are key language skills?
- What is effective listening? What does it involve?
- What is effective speaking?
- What does it mean to be an excellent reader? What should you be able to do?
- What is effective writing?
- How does one develop language and communication skills?
- What does the course focus on? How are communication and language skills going to be enhanced during this course? What do you as a learner need to do to enhance your English language and communication skills to get the best out of this course?

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION **11**

Listening –for general information-specific details- conversation: Introduction to classmates - Audio / video (formal & informal); Telephone conversation; Listening to voicemail & messages; Listening and filling a form

Speaking - Self Introduction; Introducing a friend; Conversation - politeness strategies; Telephone conversation; Leave a voicemail; Leave a message with another person; asking for information to fill details in a form.

Reading - Reading brochures (technical context), telephone messages / social media messages relevant to technical contexts and emails.

Writing - Writing emails / letters introducing oneself

Grammar - Present Tense (simple and progressive); Question types: Wh / Yes or No/ and Tags

Vocabulary - Synonyms; One word substitution; Abbreviations & Acronyms (as used in technical contexts).

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION **12**

Listening - Listening to podcasts, anecdotes / stories / event narration; documentaries and interviews with celebrities.

Speaking - Narrating personal experiences / events; Interviewing a celebrity; Reporting / and summarizing documentaries / podcasts/ interviews.

Reading - Reading biographies, travelogues, newspaper reports, Excerpts from literature, and travel & technical blogs.

Writing - Guided writing-- Paragraph writing Short Report on an event (field trip etc.)

Grammar –Past tense (simple); Subject-Verb Agreement; and Prepositions

Vocabulary - Word forms (prefixes & suffixes); Synonyms and Antonyms. Phrasal verbs.

UNIT III DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT 12

Listening - Listen to a product and process descriptions; a classroom lecture; and advertisements about products.

Speaking – Picture description; giving instruction to use the product; Presenting a product; and Summarizing a lecture.

Reading – Reading advertisements, gadget reviews; user manuals.

Writing - Writing definitions; instructions; and Product /Process description.

Grammar - Imperatives; Adjectives; Degrees of comparison; Present & Past Perfect Tenses.

Vocabulary - Compound Nouns, Homonyms; and Homophones, discourse markers (connectives & sequence words)

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks; Scientific lectures; and educational videos.

Speaking – Small Talk; Mini presentations and making recommendations.

Reading – Newspaper articles; Journal reports –and Non Verbal Communication (tables, pie charts etc,)

Writing – Note-making / Note-taking (*Study skills to be taught, not tested; Writing recommendations; Transferring information from non verbal (chart , graph etc, to verbal mode)

Grammar – Articles; Pronouns - Possessive & Relative pronouns.

Vocabulary - Collocations; Fixed / Semi fixed expressions.

UNIT V EXPRESSION 12

Listening – Listening to debates/ discussions; different viewpoints on an issue; and panel discussions.

Speaking –group discussions, Debates, and Expressing opinions through Simulations & Role play.

Reading – Reading editorials; and Opinion Blogs;

Writing – Essay Writing (Descriptive or narrative).

Grammar – Future Tenses, Punctuation; Negation (Statements & Questions); and Simple, Compound & Complex Sentences.

Vocabulary - Cause & Effect Expressions – Content vs Function words.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To listen and comprehend complex academic texts
- To read and infer the denotative and connotative meanings of technical texts
- To write definitions, descriptions, narrations and essays on various topics
- To speak fluently and accurately in formal and informal communicative contexts
- To express their opinions effectively in both oral and written medium of communication

TEXT BOOKS:

1. English for Engineers & Technologists Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University, (2020 edition).
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press, 2021.
3. Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Technical Communication – Principles and Practices By Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford Univ. Press, 2016, New Delhi.

2. A Course Book on Technical English By Lakshmi Narayanan, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
3. English For Technical Communication (With CD) By Aysha Viswamohan, Mcgraw Hill Education, ISBN : 0070264244.
4. Effective Communication Skill, Kulbhusan Kumar, R S Salaria, Khanna Publishing House.
5. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal, Allied Publishing House, New Delhi,2003.

MA3151 MATRICES AND CALCULUS

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that are needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To familiarize the students with differential calculus.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches of engineering.
- To make the students understand various techniques of integration.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their applications.

UNIT I MATRICES **9 + 3**

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley - Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices by orthogonal transformation – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms – Applications: Stretching of an elastic membrane.

UNIT II DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**

Representation of functions - Limit of a function - Continuity - Derivatives - Differentiation rules (sum, product, quotient, chain rules) - Implicit differentiation - Logarithmic differentiation - Applications: Maxima and Minima of functions of one variable.

UNIT III FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES **9 + 3**

Partial differentiation – Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem – Total derivative – Change of variables – Jacobians – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Applications: Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT IV INTEGRAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**

Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration: Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals - Applications: Hydrostatic force and pressure, moments and centres of mass.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS **9 + 3**

Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple integrals – Volume of solids – Change of variables in double and triple integrals – Applications: Moments and centres of mass, moment of inertia.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Use the matrix algebra methods for solving practical problems.
- Apply differential calculus tools in solving various application problems.
- Able to use differential calculus ideas on several variable functions.
- Apply different methods of integration in solving practical problems.
- Apply multiple integral ideas in solving areas, volumes and other practical problems.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Kreyszig.E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Grewal.B.S., “Higher Engineering Mathematics”, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44th Edition , 2018.
3. James Stewart, " Calculus: Early Transcendentals", Cengage Learning, 8th Edition, New Delhi, 2015. [For Units II & IV - Sections 1.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.7 (Tangents problems only), 2.8, 3.1 to 3.6, 3.11, 4.1, 4.3, 5.1 (Area problems only), 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 (excluding net change theorem), 5.5, 7.1 - 7.4 and 7.8].

REFERENCES:

1. Anton. H, Bivens. I and Davis. S, "Calculus", Wiley, 10th Edition, 2016
2. Bali. N., Goyal. M. and Watkins. C., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.,), New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2009.
3. Jain . R.K. and Iyengar. S.R.K., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2016.
4. Narayanan. S. and Manicavachagom Pillai. T. K., “Calculus" Volume I and II, S. Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2009.
5. Ramana. B.V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.
6. Srimantha Pal and Bhunia. S.C, “Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 2015.
7. Thomas. G. B., Hass. J, and Weir. M.D, "Thomas Calculus", 14th Edition, Pearson India, 2018.

PH3151 ENGINEERING PHYSICS L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students effectively achieve an understanding of mechanics.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge of electromagnetic waves and its applications.
- To introduce the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Equipping the students to successfully understand the importance of quantum physics.
- To motivate the students towards the applications of quantum mechanics.

UNIT I MECHANICS 9

Multi-particle dynamics: Center of mass (CM) – CM of continuous bodies – motion of the CM – kinetic energy of the system of particles. Rotation of rigid bodies: Rotational kinematics – rotational kinetic energy and moment of inertia - theorems of M .I –moment of inertia of continuous bodies – M.I of a diatomic molecule - torque – rotational dynamics of rigid bodies – conservation of angular

momentum – rotational energy state of a rigid diatomic molecule - gyroscope - torsional pendulum – double pendulum –Introduction to nonlinear oscillations.

UNIT II ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES 9

The Maxwell's equations - wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field - properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - polarization - Producing electromagnetic waves - Energy and momentum in EM waves: Intensity, waves from localized sources, momentum and radiation pressure - Cell-phone reception. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

UNIT III OSCILLATIONS, OPTICS AND LASERS 9

Simple harmonic motion - resonance –analogy between electrical and mechanical oscillating systems - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave - sound waves - Doppler effect. Reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference –Michelson interferometer –Theory of air wedge and experiment. Theory of laser - characteristics - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Einstein's coefficients - population inversion - Nd-YAG laser, CO_2 laser, semiconductor laser –Basic applications of lasers in industry.

UNIT IV BASIC QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

Photons and light waves - Electrons and matter waves –Compton effect - The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) - meaning of wave function - Normalization –Free particle - particle in a infinite potential well: 1D,2D and 3D Boxes-Normalization, probabilities and the correspondence principle.

UNIT V APPLIED QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

The harmonic oscillator(qualitative)- Barrier penetration and quantum tunneling(qualitative)-Tunneling microscope - Resonant diode - Finite potential wells (qualitative)- Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential –Basics of Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Understand the importance of mechanics.
- Express their knowledge in electromagnetic waves.
- Demonstrate a strong foundational knowledge in oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Understand the importance of quantum physics.
- Comprehend and apply quantum mechanical principles towards the formation of energy bands.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow. An Introduction to Mechanics. McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2017.
2. E.M.Purcell and D.J.Morin, Electricity and Magnetism, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2013.
3. Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S. Rai Choudhury, Concepts of Modern Physics, McGraw-Hill (Indian Edition), 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Wolfson. Essential University Physics. Volume 1 & 2. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.
2. Paul A. Tipler, Physic – Volume 1 & 2, CBS, (Indian Edition), 2004.
3. K.Thyagarajan and A.Ghatak. Lasers: Fundamentals and Applications, Laxmi Publications, (Indian Edition), 2019.
4. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker. Principles of Physics, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2015.
5. N.Garcia, A.Damask and S.Schwarz. Physics for Computer Science Students. Springer-Verlag, 2012.

CY3151 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate sound understanding of water quality parameters and water treatment techniques.
- To impart knowledge on the basic principles and preparatory methods of nanomaterials.
- To introduce the basic concepts and applications of phase rule and composites.
- To facilitate the understanding of different types of fuels, their preparation, properties and combustion characteristics.
- To familiarize the students with the operating principles, working processes and applications of energy conversion and storage devices.

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT 9

Water: Sources and impurities, Water quality parameters: Definition and significance of-color, odour, turbidity, pH, hardness, alkalinity, TDS, COD and BOD, fluoride and arsenic. Municipal water treatment: primary treatment and disinfection (UV, Ozonation, break-point chlorination). Desalination of brackish water: Reverse Osmosis. Boiler troubles: Scale and sludge, Boiler corrosion, Caustic embrittlement, Priming & foaming. Treatment of boiler feed water: Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) and External treatment – Ion exchange demineralization and zeolite process.

UNIT II NANOCHEMISTRY 9

Basics: Distinction between molecules, nanomaterials and bulk materials; Size-dependent properties (optical, electrical, mechanical and magnetic); Types of nanomaterials: Definition, properties and uses of – nanoparticle, nanocluster, nanorod, nanowire and nanotube. Preparation of nanomaterials: sol-gel, solvothermal, laser ablation, chemical vapour deposition, electrochemical deposition and electro spinning. Applications of nanomaterials in medicine, agriculture, energy, electronics and catalysis.

UNIT III PHASE RULE AND COMPOSITES 9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples. One component system - water system; Reduced phase rule; Construction of a simple eutectic phase diagram - Thermal analysis; Two component system: lead-silver system - Pattinson process.

Composites: Introduction: Definition & Need for composites; Constitution: Matrix materials (Polymer matrix, metal matrix and ceramic matrix) and Reinforcement (fiber, particulates, flakes and whiskers). Properties and applications of: Metal matrix composites (MMC), Ceramic matrix composites and Polymer matrix composites. Hybrid composites - definition and examples.

UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION 9

Fuels: Introduction: Classification of fuels; Coal and coke: Analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate), Carbonization, Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method). Petroleum and Diesel: Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process), Knocking - octane number, diesel oil - cetane number; Power alcohol and biodiesel.

Combustion of fuels: Introduction: Calorific value - higher and lower calorific values, Theoretical calculation of calorific value; Ignition temperature: spontaneous ignition temperature, Explosive range; Flue gas analysis - ORSAT Method. CO_2 emission and carbon footprint.

UNIT V ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES 9

Stability of nucleus: mass defect (problems), binding energy; Nuclear energy: light water nuclear power plant, breeder reactor. Solar energy conversion: Principle, working and applications of solar cells; Recent developments in solar cell materials. Wind energy; Geothermal energy; Batteries: Types of batteries, Primary battery - dry cell, Secondary battery - lead acid battery and lithium-ion-battery; Electric vehicles - working principles; Fuel cells: H_2-O_2 fuel cell, microbial fuel cell; Supercapacitors: Storage principle, types and examples.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able:

- To infer the quality of water from quality parameter data and propose suitable treatment methodologies to treat water.
- To identify and apply basic concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology in designing the synthesis of nanomaterials for engineering and technology applications.
- To apply the knowledge of phase rule and composites for material selection requirements.
- To recommend suitable fuels for engineering processes and applications.
- To recognize different forms of energy resources and apply them for suitable applications in energy sectors.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, “Engineering Chemistry”, 17th Edition, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2018.
2. Sivasankar B., “Engineering Chemistry”, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
3. S.S. Dara, “A Text book of Engineering Chemistry”, S. Chand Publishing, 12th Edition, 2018

REFERENCES:

1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath and James Murday, “Text book of nanoscience and nanotechnology”, Universities Press-IIM Series in Metallurgy and Materials Science, 2018.
2. O.G. Palanna, “Engineering Chemistry” McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2017.
3. Friedrich Emich, “Engineering Chemistry”, Scientific International PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2014.
4. ShikhaAgarwal, “Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications”, Cambridge University Press, Delhi, Second Edition, 2019.
5. O.V. Roussak and H.D. Gesser, Applied Chemistry-A Text Book for Engineers and Technologists, Springer Science Business Media, New York, 2nd Edition, 2013.

GE3151 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of algorithmic problem solving.
- To learn to solve problems using Python conditionals and loops.
- To define Python functions and use function calls to solve problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries to represent complex data.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

UNIT I COMPUTATIONAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Fundamentals of Computing – Identification of Computational Problems -Algorithms, building blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion). Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.

UNIT II DATA TYPES, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS 9

Python interpreter and interactive mode,debugging; values and types: int, float, boolean, string , and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; Illustrative programs: exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points.

UNIT III CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS, STRINGS 9

Conditionals:Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else),chained conditional (if-elif-else);Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values,parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices,immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search.

UNIT IV LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES 9

Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing - list comprehension; Illustrative programs: simple sorting, histogram, Students marks statement, Retail bill preparation.

UNIT V FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES 9

Files and exceptions: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file, Voter's age validation, Marks range validation (0-100).

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems.
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Write simple Python programs using conditionals and loops for solving problems.
CO4: Decompose a Python program into functions.

CO5: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries etc.
CO6: Read and write data from/to files in Python programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, “Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist”, 2nd Edition, O’Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, “Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming”, 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, “Python for Programmers”, Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, “Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists”, 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data”, Third Edition, MIT Press, 2021
4. Eric Matthes, “Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming”, 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, “Python: The Complete Reference”, 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

GE3171 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the problem solving approaches.
- To learn the basic programming constructs in Python.
- To practice various computing strategies for Python-based solutions to real world problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The examples suggested in each experiment are only indicative. The lab instructor is expected to design other problems on similar lines. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments listed here.

1. Identification and solving of simple real life or scientific or technical problems, and developing flow charts for the same. (Electricity Billing, Retail shop billing, Sin series, weight of a motorbike, Weight of a steel bar, compute Electrical Current in Three Phase AC Circuit, etc.)
2. Python programming using simple statements and expressions (exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points).
3. Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops. (Number series, Number Patterns, pyramid pattern)

4. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Lists, Tuples. (Items present in a library/Components of a car/ Materials required for construction of a building –operations of list & tuples)
5. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Sets, Dictionaries. (Language, components of an automobile, Elements of a civil structure, etc.- operations of Sets & Dictionaries)
6. Implementing programs using Functions. (Factorial, largest number in a list, area of shape)
7. Implementing programs using Strings. (reverse, palindrome, character count, replacing characters)
8. Implementing programs using written modules and Python Standard Libraries (pandas, numpy. Matplotlib, scipy)
9. Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling. (copy from one file to another, word count, longest word)
10. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling. (divide by zero error, voter's age validity, student mark range validation)
11. Exploring Pygame tool.
12. Developing a game activity using Pygame like bouncing ball, car race etc.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Implement programs in Python using conditionals and loops for solving problems.
CO4: Deploy functions to decompose a Python program.
CO5: Process compound data using Python data structures.
CO6: Utilize Python packages in developing software applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data", Third Edition, MIT Press, 2021.
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

BS3171 **PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY** **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

PHYSICS LABORATORY : (Any Seven Experiments)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the proper use of various kinds of physics laboratory equipment.
- To learn how data can be collected, presented and interpreted in a clear and concise manner.
- To learn problem solving skills related to physics principles and interpretation of experimental data.
- To determine error in experimental measurements and techniques used to minimize such error.
- To make the student an active participant in each part of all lab exercises.

1. Torsional pendulum - Determination of rigidity modulus of wire and moment of inertia of regular and irregular objects.
2. Simple harmonic oscillations of cantilever.
3. Non-uniform bending - Determination of Young's modulus
4. Uniform bending – Determination of Young's modulus
5. Laser- Determination of the wavelength of the laser using grating
6. Air wedge - Determination of thickness of a thin sheet/wire
7. a) Optical fibre -Determination of Numerical Aperture and acceptance angle
   b) Compact disc- Determination of width of the groove using laser.
8. Acoustic grating- Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids.
9. Ultrasonic interferometer – determination of the velocity of sound and compressibility of liquids
10. Post office box -Determination of Band gap of a semiconductor.
11. Photoelectric effect
12. Michelson Interferometer.
13. Melde's string experiment
14. Experiment with lattice dynamics kit.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to

- Understand the functioning of various physics laboratory equipment.
- Use graphical models to analyze laboratory data.
- Use mathematical models as a medium for quantitative reasoning and describing physical reality.
- Access, process and analyze scientific information.
- Solve problems individually and collaboratively.

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY: (Any seven experiments to be conducted)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate experimental skills to test basic understanding of water quality parameters, such as, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, DO, chloride and copper.

- To induce the students to familiarize with electroanalytical techniques such as, pH metry, potentiometry and conductometry in the determination of impurities in aqueous solutions.
- To demonstrate the analysis of metals and alloys.
- To demonstrate the synthesis of nanoparticles

1. Preparation of Na_2CO_3 as a primary standard and estimation of acidity of a water sample using the primary standard
2. Determination of types and amount of alkalinity in a water sample.

- Split the first experiment into two

3. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method.
4. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
5. Determination of chloride content of water sample by Argentometric method.
6. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by Iodometry.
7. Estimation of TDS of a water sample by gravimetry.
8. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
9. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter.
10. Conductometric titration of barium chloride against sodium sulphate (precipitation titration)
11. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
12. Estimation of sodium /potassium present in water using a flame photometer.
13. Preparation of nanoparticles (TiO_2/ZnO/CuO) by Sol-Gel method.
14. Estimation of Nickel in steel
15. Proximate analysis of Coal

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- To analyse the quality of water samples with respect to their acidity, alkalinity, hardness and DO.
- To determine the amount of metal ions through volumetric and spectroscopic techniques
- To analyse and determine the composition of alloys.
- To learn simple method of synthesis of nanoparticles
- To quantitatively analyse the impurities in solution by electroanalytical techniques

TEXT BOOKS :

1. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas and B. Sivasankar, Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (2009).

HS3251 PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - II L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To engage learners in meaningful language activities to improve their LSRW skills
- To enhance learners' awareness of general rules of writing for specific audiences
- To help learners understand the purpose, audience, contexts of different types of writing
- To develop analytical thinking skills for problem solving in communicative contexts
- To demonstrate an understanding of job applications and interviews for internship and placements

UNIT I MAKING COMPARISONS 12

Listening – Evaluative Listening: Advertisements, Product Descriptions, -Audio / video; Listening and filling a Graphic Organiser (Choosing a product or service by comparison)
Speaking – Marketing a product, Persuasive Speech Techniques.
Reading - Reading advertisements, user manuals, brochures;
Writing – Professional emails, Email etiquette - Compare and Contrast Essay; Grammar – Mixed Tenses, Prepositional phrases
Vocabulary – Contextual meaning of words

UNIT II EXPRESSING CAUSAL RELATIONS IN SPEAKING AND WRITING 12

Listening - Listening to longer technical talks and completing– gap filling exercises. Listening technical information from podcasts – Listening to process/event descriptions to identify cause & effects - Speaking – Describing and discussing the reasons of accidents or disasters based on news reports.
Reading - Reading longer technical texts– Cause and Effect Essays, and Letters / emails of complaint,
Writing - Writing responses to complaints.
Grammar - Active Passive Voice transformations, Infinitive and Gerunds Vocabulary – Word Formation (Noun-Verb-Adj-Adv), Adverbs.

UNIT III PROBLEM SOLVING 12

Listening – Listening to / Watching movie scenes/ documentaries depicting a technical problem and suggesting solutions.
Speaking – Group Discussion(based on case studies), - techniques and Strategies,
Reading - Case Studies, excerpts from literary texts, news reports etc.,
Writing – Letter to the Editor, Checklists, Problem solution essay / Argumentative Essay
Grammar – Error correction; If conditional sentences
Vocabulary - Compound Words, Sentence Completion.

UNIT IV REPORTING OF EVENTS AND RESEARCH 12

Listening – Listening Comprehension based on news reports – and documentaries – Precis writing, Summarising, Speaking –Interviewing, Presenting an oral report, Mini presentations on select topics;
Reading –Newspaper articles; Writing – Recommendations, Transcoding, Accident Report, Survey Report Grammar – Reported Speech, Modals Vocabulary – Conjunctions- use of prepositions

UNIT V THE ABILITY TO PUT IDEAS OR INFORMATION COGENTLY 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks, Presentations, Formal job interviews, (analysis of the interview performance);
Speaking – Participating in a Role play, (interview/telephone interview), virtual interviews, Making presentations with visual aids;
Reading – Company profiles, Statement of Purpose, (SOP), an excerpt of interview with professionals; Writing – Job / Internship application – Cover letter & Resume; Grammar – Numerical adjectives, Relative Clauses Vocabulary – Idioms.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To compare and contrast products and ideas in technical texts.

- To identify cause and effects in events, industrial processes through technical texts
- To analyze problems in order to arrive at feasible solutions and communicate them orally and in the written format.
- To report events and the processes of technical and industrial nature.
- To present their opinions in a planned and logical manner, and draft effective resumes in context of job search.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. English for Engineers & Technologists (2020 edition) Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University.
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press 2021.Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Raman. Meenakshi, Sharma. Sangeeta (2019). Professional English. Oxford university press. New Delhi.
2. Improve Your Writing ed. V.N. Arora and Laxmi Chandra, Oxford Univ. Press, 2001, New Delhi.
3. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal. Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
4. Business Correspondence and Report Writing by Prof. R.C. Sharma & Krishna Mohan, Tata McGraw Hill & Co. Ltd., 2001, New Delhi.
5. Krishna Mohan, Meera Banerji, "Developing Communication Skills", Trinity Press, 2017.

MA3251 STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- This course aims at providing the necessary basic concepts of a few statistical and numerical methods and give procedures for solving numerically different kinds of problems occurring in engineering and technology.
- To acquaint the knowledge of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of solving algebraic and transcendental equations.
- To introduce the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and numerical techniques of differentiation and integration which plays an important role in engineering and technology disciplines.
- To acquaint the knowledge of various techniques and methods of solving ordinary differential equations.

UNIT I TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS 9 + 3

Sampling distributions - Tests for single mean, proportion and difference of means (Large and small samples) – Tests for single variance and equality of variances – Chi square test for goodness of fit – Independence of attributes.

UNIT II DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS 9 + 3

One way and two way classifications - Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design - 2^2 factorial design.

UNIT III SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS 9 + 3

Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations - Fixed point iteration method – Newton Raphson method- Solution of linear system of equations - Gauss elimination method – Pivoting - Gauss Jordan method – Iterative methods of Gauss Jacobi and Gauss Seidel - Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method and Jacobi's method for symmetric matrices.

UNIT IV INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND NUMERICAL INTEGRATION 9 +3

Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolations – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivates using interpolation polynomials – Numerical single and double integrations using Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules.

UNIT V NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9 +3

Single step methods: Taylor's series method - Euler's method - Modified Euler's method - Fourth order Runge-Kutta method for solving first order differential equations - Multi step methods: Milne's and Adams - Bash forth predictor corrector methods for solving first order differential equations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Apply the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples in real life problems.
- Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments in the field of agriculture.
- Appreciate the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and apply the numerical techniques of differentiation and integration for engineering problems.
- Understand the knowledge of various techniques and methods for solving first and second order ordinary differential equations.
- Solve the partial and ordinary differential equations with initial and boundary conditions by using certain techniques with engineering applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Grewal, B.S., and Grewal, J.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science", Khanna Publishers, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2015.
2. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund J., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 8th Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Burden, R.L and Faires, J.D, "Numerical Analysis", 9th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2016.
2. Devore. J.L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2014.
3. Gerald. C.F. and Wheatley. P.O. "Applied Numerical Analysis" Pearson Education, Asia, New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2007.
4. Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V. K., "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 12th Edition, 2020.
5. Spiegel. M.R., Schiller. J. and Srinivasan. R.A., "Schaum's Outlines on Probability and Statistics ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 4th Edition, 2012.

6. Walpole. R.E., Myers. R.H., Myers. S.L. and Ye. K., “Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2010.

PH3256 PHYSICS FOR INFORMATION SCIENCE

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students understand the importance in studying electrical properties of materials.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge in semiconductor physics
- To instill knowledge on magnetic properties of materials.
- To establish a sound grasp of knowledge on different optical properties of materials, optical displays and applications
- To inculcate an idea of significance of nano structures, quantum confinement, ensuing nano device applications and quantum computing.

UNIT I ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classical free electron theory - Expression for electrical conductivity – Thermal conductivity, expression - Wiedemann-Franz law – Success and failures - electrons in metals – Particle in a three dimensional box – degenerate states – Fermi- Dirac statistics – Density of energy states – Electron in periodic potential – Energy bands in solids – tight binding approximation - Electron effective mass – concept of hole.

UNIT II SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS 9

Intrinsic Semiconductors – Energy band diagram – direct and indirect band gap semiconductors – Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors – extrinsic semiconductors - Carrier concentration in N-type & P-type semiconductors – Variation of carrier concentration with temperature – variation of Fermi level with temperature and impurity concentration – Carrier transport in Semiconductor: random motion, drift, mobility and diffusion – Hall effect and devices – Ohmic contacts – Schottky diode.

UNIT III MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Magnetic dipole moment – atomic magnetic moments- magnetic permeability and susceptibility - Magnetic material classification: diamagnetism – paramagnetism – ferromagnetism – antiferromagnetism – ferrimagnetism – Ferromagnetism: origin and exchange interaction-saturation magnetization and Curie temperature – Domain Theory- M versus H behaviour – Hard and soft magnetic materials – examples and uses-– Magnetic principle in computer data storage – Magnetic hard disc (GMR sensor).

UNIT IV OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classification of optical materials – carrier generation and recombination processes - Absorption emission and scattering of light in metals, insulators and semiconductors (concepts only) - photo current in a P-N diode – solar cell - LED – Organic LED – Laser diodes – Optical data storage techniques.

UNIT V NANODEVICES AND QUANTUM COMPUTING 9

Introduction - quantum confinement – quantum structures: quantum wells, wires and dots — band gap of nanomaterials. Tunneling – Single electron phenomena: Coulomb blockade - resonant-

tunneling diode – single electron transistor – quantum cellular automata - Quantum system for information processing - quantum states – classical bits – quantum bits or qubits –CNOT gate - multiple qubits – Bloch sphere – quantum gates – advantage of quantum computing over classical computing.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students should be able to

- gain knowledge on classical and quantum electron theories, and energy band structures
- acquire knowledge on basics of semiconductor physics and its applications in various devices
- get knowledge on magnetic properties of materials and their applications in data storage,
- have the necessary understanding on the functioning of optical materials for optoelectronics
- understand the basics of quantum structures and their applications and basics of quantum computing

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jasprit Singh, “Semiconductor Devices: Basic Principles”, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2007.
2. S.O. Kasap. Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.
3. Parag K. Lala, Quantum Computing: A Beginner's Introduction, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.

REFERENCES:

1. Charles Kittel, Introduction to Solid State Physics, Wiley India Edition, 2019.
2. Y.B.Band and Y.Avishai, Quantum Mechanics with Applications to Nanotechnology and Information Science, Academic Press, 2013.
3. V.V.Mitin, V.A. Kochelap and M.A.Stroscio, Introduction to Nanoelectronics, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2008.
4. G.W. Hanson, Fundamentals of Nanoelectronics, Pearson Education (Indian Edition) 2009.
5. B.Rogers, J.Adams and S.Pennathur, Nanotechnology: Understanding Small Systems, CRC Press, 2014.

BE3251 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basics of electric circuits and analysis
- To impart knowledge in the basics of working principles and application of electrical machines
- To introduce analog devices and their characteristics
- To educate on the fundamental concepts of digital electronics
- To introduce the functional elements and working of measuring instruments

UNIT I ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS **9**

DC Circuits: Circuit Components: Conductor, Resistor, Inductor, Capacitor – Ohm’s Law - Kirchhoff’s Laws –Independent and Dependent Sources – Simple problems- Nodal Analysis, Mesh analysis with Independent sources only (Steady state)

Introduction to AC Circuits and Parameters: Waveforms, Average value, RMS Value,

Instantaneous power, real power, reactive power and apparent power, power factor – Steady state analysis of RLC circuits (Simple problems only)

UNIT II ELECTRICAL MACHINES 9

Construction and Working principle- DC Separately and Self excited Generators, EMF equation, Types and Applications. Working Principle of DC motors, Torque Equation, Types and Applications. Construction, Working principle and Applications of Transformer, Three phase Alternator, Synchronous motor and Three Phase Induction Motor.

UNIT III ANALOG ELECTRONICS 9

Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor in Electronic Circuits- Semiconductor Materials: Silicon &Germanium – PN Junction Diodes, Zener Diode –Characteristics Applications – Bipolar Junction Transistor-Biasing, JFET, SCR, MOSFET,IGBT – Types, I-V Characteristics and Applications, Rectifier and Inverters

UNIT IV DIGITAL ELECTRONICS 9

Review of number systems, binary codes, error detection and correction codes, Combinational logic - representation of logic functions-SOP and POS forms, K-map representations - minimization using K maps (Simple Problems only)**.**

UNIT V MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION 9

Functional elements of an instrument, Standards and calibration, Operating Principle, types - Moving Coil and Moving Iron meters, Measurement of three phase power, Energy Meter, Instrument Transformers-CT and PT, DSO- Block diagram- Data acquisition**.**

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the students will be able to

CO1: Compute the electric circuit parameters for simple problems
CO2: Explain the working principle and applications of electrical machines
CO3: Analyze the characteristics of analog electronic devices
CO4: Explain the basic concepts of digital electronics
CO5: Explain the operating principles of measuring instruments

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, “Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering”, Second Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2020
2. S.K.Bhattacharya “Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering”, Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2017.
3. Sedha R.S., “A textbook book of Applied Electronics”, S. Chand & Co., 2008
4. James A .Svoboda, Richard C. Dorf, “Dorf’s Introduction to Electric Circuits”, Wiley, 2018.
5. A.K. Sawhney, Puneet Sawhney ‘A Course in Electrical & Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation’, Dhanpat Rai and Co, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, “Basic Electrical Engineering”, Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill
2. Education, 2019.
3. Thomas L. Floyd, ‘Digital Fundamentals’, 11th Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
4. Albert Malvino, David Bates, ‘Electronic Principles, McGraw Hill Education; 7th edition, 2017.

5. Mahmood Nahvi and Joseph A. Edminister, “Electric Circuits”, Schaum’ Outline Series, McGraw Hill, 2002.
6. H.S. Kalsi, ‘Electronic Instrumentation’, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010

GE3251 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS L T P C
2 0 4 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Drawing engineering curves.
- Drawing a freehand sketch of simple objects.
- Drawing orthographic projection of solids and section of solids.
- Drawing development of solids
- Drawing isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

Importance of graphics in engineering applications — Use of drafting instruments — BIS conventions and specifications — Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets — Lettering and dimensioning**.**

UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREEHAND SKETCHING 6+12

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics — Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method — Construction of cycloid — construction of involutes of square and circle — Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves.

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACE 6+12

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces. Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS 6+12

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes and parallel to the other by rotating object method. Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles —Representation of Three Dimensional objects — Layout of views- Freehand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES 6 +12

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other — obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids — Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS 6+12

Principles of isometric projection — isometric scale — isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions - Perspective projection of simple solids - Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of isometric projection of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

TOTAL: (L=30+P=60) 90 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Use BIS conventions and specifications for engineering drawing.
- Construct the conic curves, involutes and cycloid.
- Solve practical problems involving projection of lines.
- Draw the orthographic, isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.
- Draw the development of simple solids.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 53rd Edition, 2019.
2. Natarajan K.V., "A Text Book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2018.
3. Parthasarathy, N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Drawing", Oxford University Press, 2015

REFERENCES:

1. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2019.
2. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Publications, Bangalore, 27th Edition, 2017.
3. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff,John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Parthasarathy N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Graphics", Oxford University, Press, New Delhi, 2015.
5. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson Education India, 2nd Edition, 2009.
6. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

1. IS 10711 — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Size and layout of drawing sheets.
2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Lettering.
3. IS 10714 (Part 20) — 2001 & SP 46 — 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
4. IS 11669 — 1986 & SP 46 —2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) — 2001: Technical drawings — Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitt to use appropriate scale to fit a solution within A3 size.
4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

CS3251 **PROGRAMMING IN C** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the constructs of C Language.
- To develop C Programs using basic programming constructs
- To develop C programs using arrays and strings
- To develop modular applications in C using functions
- To develop applications in C using pointers and structures
- To do input/output and file handling in C

UNIT I BASICS OF C PROGRAMMING **9**

Introduction to programming paradigms – Applications of C Language - Structure of C program - C programming: Data Types - Constants – Enumeration Constants - Keywords – Operators: Precedence and Associativity - Expressions - Input/Output statements, Assignment statements – Decision making statements - Switch statement - Looping statements – Preprocessor directives - Compilation process

UNIT II ARRAYS AND STRINGS **9**

Introduction to Arrays: Declaration, Initialization – One dimensional array – Two dimensional arrays - String operations: length, compare, concatenate, copy – Selection sort, linear and binary search.

UNIT III FUNCTIONS AND POINTERS **9**

Modular programming - Function prototype, function definition, function call, Built-in functions (string functions, math functions) – Recursion, Binary Search using recursive functions – Pointers – Pointer operators – Pointer arithmetic – Arrays and pointers – Array of pointers – Parameter passing: Pass by value, Pass by reference.

UNIT IV STRUCTURES AND UNION **9**

Structure - Nested structures – Pointer and Structures – Array of structures – Self referential structures – Dynamic memory allocation - Singly linked list – typedef – Union - Storage classes and Visibility.

UNIT V FILE PROCESSING **9**

Files – Types of file processing: Sequential access, Random access – Sequential access file - Random access file - Command line arguments.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1: Demonstrate knowledge on C Programming constructs
CO2: Develop simple applications in C using basic constructs
CO3: Design and implement applications using arrays and strings
CO4: Develop and implement modular applications in C using functions.
CO5: Develop applications in C using structures and pointers.
CO6: Design applications using sequential and random access file processing.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. ReemaThareja, “Programming in C”, Oxford University Press, Second Edition, 2016.

2. Kernighan, B.W and Ritchie,D.M, “The C Programming language”, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, “C How to Program with an Introduction to C++”, Eighth edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
2. Yashwant Kanetkar, Let us C, 17th Edition, BPB Publications, 2020.
3. Byron S. Gottfried, “Schaum’s Outline of Theory and Problems of Programming with C”, McGraw-Hill Education, 1996.
4. Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh, “Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C”, Second
5. Edition, Oxford University Press, 2013.
6. Anita Goel and Ajay Mittal, “Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C”, 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.

NX3251 **NCC Credit Course Level 1***
(ARMY WING)

NCC Credit Course Level - I

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		6
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		4
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		7
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		5
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		8
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

NX3252 **NCC Credit Course Level 1***
(NAVAL WING)

NCC Credit Course Level - I

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		6
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		4
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		7
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		5
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		8
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

NX3253 **NCC Credit Course Level 1***
(AIR FORCE WING)

NCC Credit Course Level - I

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		6
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		4
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		7
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		5
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		8
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

GE3271	ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY	L T P C
		0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to provide hands on training to the students in:

1. Drawing pipe line plan; laying and connecting various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Sawing; planing; making joints in wood materials used in commonhousehold wood work.
2. Wiring various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Welding various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machining various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assembling simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Making a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Soldering and testing simple electronic circuits; Assembling and testing simple electronic components on PCB.

GROUP – A (CIVIL & ELECTRICAL)

PART I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

PLUMBING WORK:

a) Connecting various basic pipe fittings like valves, taps, coupling, unions, reducers,elbows and other components which are commonly used in household.

b) Preparing plumbing line sketches.

c) Laying pipe connection to the suction side of a pump

d) Laying pipe connection to the delivery side of a pump.

e) Connecting pipes of different materials: Metal, plastic and flexible pipes used inhousehold appliances.

WOOD WORK:

a) Sawing,

b) Planing and

c) Making joints like T-Joint, Mortise joint and Tenon joint and Dovetail joint.

Wood Work Study:

a) Studying joints in door panels and wooden furniture

b) Studying common industrial trusses using models.

PART II ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

a) Introduction to switches, fuses, indicators and lamps - Basic switch board wiring with lamp, fan and three pin socket
b) Staircase wiring
c) Fluorescent Lamp wiring with introduction to CFL and LED types.
d) Energy meter wiring and related calculations/ calibration
e) Study of Iron Box wiring and assembly
f) Study of Fan Regulator (Resistor type and Electronic type using Diac/Triac/quadrac)
g) Study of emergency lamp wiring/Water heater

GROUP – B (MECHANICAL AND ELECTRONICS)

PART III MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

WELDING WORK:

a) Welding of Butt Joints, Lap Joints, and Tee Joints using arc welding.

b) Practicing gas welding.

BASIC MACHINING WORK:

a) (simple)Turning.

b) (simple)Drilling.

c) (simple)Tapping.

ASSEMBLY WORK:

a) Assembling a centrifugal pump.

b) Assembling a household mixer.

c) Assembling an airconditioner.

SHEET METAL WORK:

a) Making of a square tray

FOUNDRY WORK:

a) Demonstrating basic foundry operations.

PART IV ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

SOLDERING WORK:

a) Soldering simple electronic circuits and checking continuity.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY AND TESTING WORK:

a) Assembling and testing electronic components on a small PCB.

ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT STUDY:

a) Study an elements of smart phone..

b) Assembly and dismantle of LED TV.

c) Assembly and dismantle of computer/ laptop

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Draw pipe line plan; lay and connect various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Saw; plan; make joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
- Wire various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
- Weld various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machine various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assemble simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Make a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
- Solder and test simple electronic circuits; Assemble and test simple electronic components on PCB.

CS3271 **PROGRAMMING IN C LABORATORY** **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To familiarise with C programming constructs.
- To develop programs in C using basic constructs.
- To develop programs in C using arrays.
- To develop applications in C using strings, pointers, functions.
- To develop applications in C using structures.
- To develop applications in C using file processing.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The lab instructor is expected to design problems based on the topics listed. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments designed.

1. I/O statements, operators, expressions
2. decision-making constructs: if-else, goto, switch-case, break-continue
3. Loops: for, while, do-while
4. Arrays: 1D and 2D, Multi-dimensional arrays, traversal
5. Strings: operations
6. Functions: call, return, passing parameters by (value, reference), passing arrays to function.
7. Recursion

8. Pointers: Pointers to functions, Arrays,Strings, Pointers to Pointers, Array of Pointers
9. Structures: Nested Structures, Pointers to Structures, Arrays of Structures and Unions.
10. Files: reading and writing, File pointers, file operations, random access, processor directives.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1: Demonstrate knowledge on C programming constructs.
CO2: Develop programs in C using basic constructs.
CO3: Develop programs in C using arrays.
CO4: Develop applications in C using strings, pointers, functions.
CO5: Develop applications in C using structures.
CO6: Develop applications in C using file processing.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. ReemaThareja, “Programming in C”, Oxford University Press, Second Edition, 2016.
2. Kernighan, B.W and Ritchie,D.M, “The C Programming language”, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, “C How to Program with an Introduction to C++”, Eighth edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
2. Yashwant Kanetkar, Let us C, 17th Edition, BPB Publications, 2020.
3. Byron S. Gottfried, "Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Programming with C", McGraw-Hill Education, 1996.
4. Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh, “Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C”, Second
5. Edition, Oxford University Press, 2013.
6. Anita Goel and Ajay Mittal, “Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C”, 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON - AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY
REGULATIONS 2021
B. E. ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I AND II SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

I. PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

I. To provide the students with a strong foundation in the required sciences in order to pursue studies in Electronics and Communication Engineering.
II. To gain adequate knowledge to become good professional in electronic and communication engineering associated industries, higher education and research.
III. To develop attitude in lifelong learning, applying and adapting new ideas and technologies as their field evolves.
IV. To prepare students to critically analyze existing literature in an area of specialization and ethically develop innovative and research oriented methodologies to solve the problems identified.
V. To inculcate in the students a professional and ethical attitude and an ability to visualize the engineering issues in a broader social context.

II. PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

PSO1: Design, develop and analyze electronic systems through application of relevant electronics, mathematics and engineering principles

PSO2: Design, develop and analyze communication systems through application of fundamentals from communication principles, signal processing, and RF System Design & Electromagnetics.

PSO3: Adapt to emerging electronics and communication technologies and develop innovative solutions for existing and newer problems

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON - AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY
REGULATIONS 2021
B. E. ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I AND II SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABI
SEMESTER I

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	IP3151	Induction Programme	-	-	-	-	-	0
THEORY								
2.	HS3151	Professional English - I	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	MA3151	Matrices and Calculus	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
4.	PH3151	Engineering Physics	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CY3151	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	GE3151	Problem Solving and Python Programming	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
7.	GE3171	Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
8.	BS3171	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	BSC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**15**	**2**	**8**	**25**	**21**

SEMESTER II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	HS3251	Professional English - II	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	MA3251	Statistics and Numerical Methods	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	PH3254	Physics for Electronics Engineering	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	BE3254	Electrical and Instrumentation Engineering	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	GE3251	Engineering Graphics	ESC	2	0	4	6	4
6.	EC3251	Circuit Analysis	PCC	3	1	0	4	4
7.		NCC Credit Course Level 1*	-	2	0	0	2	2*
PRACTICALS								
8.	GE3271	Engineering Practices Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	EC3271	Circuits Analysis Laboratory	PCC	0	0	2	2	1
			TOTAL	**17**	**3**	**10**	**30**	**25**

*NCC Credit Course level 1 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA.

IP3151 **INDUCTION PROGRAMME**

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective:

“Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed.”

“One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character. “

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

(i) Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(ii) Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it everyday for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and
also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(iii) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, take decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and dont's, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing.
Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty
mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(iv) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(v) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(vi) Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(vii) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the under privileged.

(viii) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(ix) Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering / Technology / Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.

References:
Guide to Induction program from AICTE

HS3151 **PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - I** **L T P C**
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To help learners use language effectively in academic /work contexts
- To build on students' English language skills by engaging them in listening, speaking and grammar learning activities that are relevant to authentic contexts.
- To develop learners' ability to read and write complex texts, summaries, articles, blogs, definitions, essays and user manuals.
- To use language efficiently in expressing their opinions via various media.

INTRODUCTION TO EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION **1**

- What is effective communication? (There are many interesting activities for this.)
- Why is communication critical for excellence during study, research and work?
- What are the seven C's of effective communication?
- What are key language skills?
- What is effective listening? What does it involve?
- What is effective speaking?
- What does it mean to be an excellent reader? What should you be able to do?
- What is effective writing?
- How does one develop language and communication skills?
- What does the course focus on? How are communication and language skills going to be enhanced during this course? What do you as a learner need to do to enhance your English language and communication skills to get the best out of this course?

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION **11**

Listening –for general information-specific details- conversation: Introduction to classmates - Audio / video (formal & informal); Telephone conversation; Listening to voicemail & messages; Listening and filling a form

Speaking - Self Introduction; Introducing a friend; Conversation - politeness strategies; Telephone conversation; Leave a voicemail; Leave a message with another person; asking for information to fill details in a form.

Reading - Reading brochures (technical context), telephone messages / social media messages relevant to technical contexts and emails.

Writing - Writing emails / letters introducing oneself

Grammar - Present Tense (simple and progressive); Question types: Wh / Yes or No/ and Tags

Vocabulary - Synonyms; One word substitution; Abbreviations & Acronyms (as used in technical contexts).

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION **12**

Listening - Listening to podcasts, anecdotes / stories / event narration; documentaries and interviews with celebrities.

Speaking - Narrating personal experiences / events; Interviewing a celebrity; Reporting / and summarizing documentaries / podcasts/ interviews.

Reading - Reading biographies, travelogues, newspaper reports, Excerpts from literature, and travel & technical blogs.

Writing - Guided writing-- Paragraph writing Short Report on an event (field trip etc.)

Grammar –Past tense (simple); Subject-Verb Agreement; and Prepositions

Vocabulary - Word forms (prefixes & suffixes); Synonyms and Antonyms. Phrasal verbs.

UNIT III DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT 12

Listening - Listen to a product and process descriptions; a classroom lecture; and advertisements about products.

Speaking – Picture description; giving instruction to use the product; Presenting a product; and Summarizing a lecture.

Reading – Reading advertisements, gadget reviews; user manuals.

Writing - Writing definitions; instructions; and Product /Process description.

Grammar - Imperatives; Adjectives; Degrees of comparison; Present & Past Perfect Tenses.

Vocabulary - Compound Nouns, Homonyms; and Homophones, discourse markers (connectives & sequence words)

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks; Scientific lectures; and educational videos.

Speaking – Small Talk; Mini presentations and making recommendations.

Reading – Newspaper articles; Journal reports –and Non Verbal Communication (tables, pie charts etc,)

Writing – Note-making / Note-taking (*Study skills to be taught, not tested; Writing recommendations; Transferring information from non verbal (chart , graph etc, to verbal mode)

Grammar – Articles; Pronouns - Possessive & Relative pronouns.

Vocabulary - Collocations; Fixed / Semi fixed expressions.

UNIT V EXPRESSION 12

Listening – Listening to debates/ discussions; different viewpoints on an issue; and panel discussions.

Speaking –group discussions, Debates, and Expressing opinions through Simulations & Role play.

Reading – Reading editorials; and Opinion Blogs;

Writing – Essay Writing (Descriptive or narrative).

Grammar – Future Tenses, Punctuation; Negation (Statements & Questions); and Simple, Compound & Complex Sentences.

Vocabulary - Cause & Effect Expressions – Content vs Function words.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To listen and comprehend complex academic texts
- To read and infer the denotative and connotative meanings of technical texts
- To write definitions, descriptions, narrations and essays on various topics
- To speak fluently and accurately in formal and informal communicative contexts
- To express their opinions effectively in both oral and written medium of communication

TEXT BOOKS:

1. English for Engineers & Technologists Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University, (2020 edition)
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press, 2021.
3. Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Technical Communication – Principles and Practices By Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford Univ. Press, 2016, New Delhi.

2. A Course Book on Technical English by Lakshmi Narayanan, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
3. English For Technical Communication (With CD) by Aysha Viswamohan, Mcgraw Hill Education, ISBN : 0070264244.
4. Effective Communication Skill, Kulbhusan Kumar, R S Salaria, Khanna Publishing House.
5. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal, Allied Publishing House, New Delhi,2003.

MA3151 MATRICES AND CALCULUS L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that are needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To familiarize the students with differential calculus.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches of engineering.
- To make the students understand various techniques of integration.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their applications.

UNIT I MATRICES 9 + 3

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley - Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices by orthogonal transformation – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms – Applications : Stretching of an elastic membrane.

UNIT II DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS 9 + 3

Representation of functions - Limit of a function - Continuity - Derivatives - Differentiation rules (sum, product, quotient, chain rules) - Implicit differentiation - Logarithmic differentiation - Applications : Maxima and Minima of functions of one variable.

UNIT III FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES 9 + 3

Partial differentiation – Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem – Total derivative – Change of variables – Jacobians – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Applications : Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT IV INTEGRAL CALCULUS 9 + 3

Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration : Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals - Applications : Hydrostatic force and pressure, moments and centres of mass.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS 9 + 3

Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple integrals – Volume of solids – Change of variables in double and triple integrals – Applications : Moments and centres of mass, moment of inertia.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Use the matrix algebra methods for solving practical problems.
- Apply differential calculus tools in solving various application problems.
- Able to use differential calculus ideas on several variable functions.
- Apply different methods of integration in solving practical problems.
- Apply multiple integral ideas in solving areas, volumes and other practical problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kreyszig.E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Grewal.B.S., “Higher Engineering Mathematics”, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44th Edition , 2018.
3. James Stewart, " Calculus : Early Transcendentals ", Cengage Learning, 8th Edition, New Delhi, 2015. [For Units II & IV - Sections 1.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.7 (Tangents problems only), 2.8, 3.1 to 3.6, 3.11, 4.1, 4.3, 5.1 (Area problems only), 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 (excluding net change theorem), 5.5, 7.1 - 7.4 and 7.8].

REFERENCES:

1. Anton. H, Bivens. I and Davis. S, " Calculus", Wiley, 10th Edition, 2016
2. Bali. N., Goyal. M. and Watkins. C., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.,), New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2009.
3. Jain . R.K. and Iyengar. S.R.K., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2016.
4. Narayanan. S. and Manicavachagom Pillai. T. K., “Calculus" Volume I and II, S. Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2009.
5. Ramana. B.V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.
6. Srimantha Pal and Bhunia. S.C, "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 2015.
7. Thomas. G. B., Hass. J, and Weir. M.D, " Thomas Calculus ", 14th Edition, Pearson India, 2018.

PH3151 ENGINEERING PHYSICS **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students effectively achieve an understanding of mechanics.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge of electromagnetic waves and its applications.
- To introduce the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Equipping the students to successfully understand the importance of quantum physics.
- To motivate the students towards the applications of quantum mechanics.

UNIT I MECHANICS **9**

Multi-particle dynamics: Center of mass (CM) – CM of continuous bodies – motion of the CM – kinetic energy of the system of particles. Rotation of rigid bodies: Rotational kinematics – rotational kinetic energy and moment of inertia - theorems of M .I –moment of inertia of continuous bodies – M.I of a diatomic molecule - torque – rotational dynamics of rigid bodies – conservation of angular

momentum – rotational energy state of a rigid diatomic molecule - gyroscope - torsional pendulum – double pendulum –Introduction to nonlinear oscillations.

UNIT II ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES 9

The Maxwell's equations - wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field - properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - polarization - Producing electromagnetic waves - Energy and momentum in EM waves: Intensity, waves from localized sources, momentum and radiation pressure - Cell-phone reception. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

UNIT III OSCILLATIONS, OPTICS AND LASERS 9

Simple harmonic motion - resonance –analogy between electrical and mechanical oscillating systems - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave - sound waves - Doppler effect. Reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference –Michelson interferometer –Theory of air wedge and experiment. Theory of laser - characteristics - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Einstein's coefficients - population inversion - Nd-YAG laser, CO_2 laser, semiconductor laser –Basic applications of lasers in industry.

UNIT IV BASIC QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

Photons and light waves - Electrons and matter waves –Compton effect - The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) - meaning of wave function - Normalization –Free particle - particle in a infinite potential well: 1D,2D and 3D Boxes-Normalization, probabilities and the correspondence principle.

UNIT V APPLIED QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

The harmonic oscillator(qualitative)- Barrier penetration and quantum tunneling(qualitative)-Tunneling microscope - Resonant diode - Finite potential wells (qualitative)- Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential –Basics of Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Understand the importance of mechanics.
- Express their knowledge in electromagnetic waves.
- Demonstrate a strong foundational knowledge in oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Understand the importance of quantum physics.
- Comprehend and apply quantum mechanical principles towards the formation of energy bands.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow. An Introduction to Mechanics. McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2017.
2. E.M.Purcell and D.J.Morin, Electricity and Magnetism, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2013.
3. Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S. Rai Choudhury, Concepts of Modern Physics, McGraw-Hill (Indian Edition), 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Wolfson. Essential University Physics. Volume 1 & 2. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.
2. Paul A. Tipler, Physic – Volume 1 & 2, CBS, (Indian Edition), 2004.

3. K.Thyagarajan and A.Ghatak. Lasers: Fundamentals and Applications, Laxmi Publications, (Indian Edition), 2019.
4. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker. Principles of Physics, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2015.
5. N.Garcia, A.Damask and S.Schwarz. Physics for Computer Science Students. Springer-Verlag, 2012.

CY3151 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate sound understanding of water quality parameters and water treatment techniques.
- To impart knowledge on the basic principles and preparatory methods of nanomaterials.
- To introduce the basic concepts and applications of phase rule and composites.
- To facilitate the understanding of different types of fuels, their preparation, properties and combustion characteristics.
- To familiarize the students with the operating principles, working processes and applications of energy conversion and storage devices.

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT 9

Water: Sources and impurities, Water quality parameters: Definition and significance of-color, odour, turbidity, pH, hardness, alkalinity, TDS, COD and BOD, fluoride and arsenic. Municipal water treatment: primary treatment and disinfection (UV, Ozonation, break-point chlorination). Desalination of brackish water: Reverse Osmosis. Boiler troubles: Scale and sludge, Boiler corrosion, Caustic embrittlement, Priming & foaming. Treatment of boiler feed water: Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) and External treatment – Ion exchange demineralization and zeolite process.

UNIT II NANOCHEMISTRY 9

Basics: Distinction between molecules, nanomaterials and bulk materials; Size-dependent properties (optical, electrical, mechanical and magnetic); Types of nanomaterials: Definition, properties and uses of – nanoparticle, nanocluster, nanorod, nanowire and nanotube. Preparation of nanomaterials: sol-gel, solvothermal, laser ablation, chemical vapour deposition, electrochemical deposition and electro spinning. Applications of nanomaterials in medicine, agriculture, energy, electronics and catalysis.

UNIT III PHASE RULE AND COMPOSITES 9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples. One component system - water system; Reduced phase rule; Construction of a simple eutectic phase diagram - Thermal analysis; Two component system: lead-silver system - Pattinson process.

Composites: Introduction: Definition & Need for composites; Constitution: Matrix materials (Polymer matrix, metal matrix and ceramic matrix) and Reinforcement (fiber, particulates, flakes and whiskers). Properties and applications of: Metal matrix composites (MMC), Ceramic matrix composites and Polymer matrix composites. Hybrid composites - definition and examples.

UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION 9

Fuels: Introduction: Classification of fuels; Coal and coke: Analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate), Carbonization, Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method). Petroleum and Diesel: Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process), Knocking - octane number, diesel oil - cetane number; Power alcohol and biodiesel.

Combustion of fuels: Introduction: Calorific value - higher and lower calorific values, Theoretical calculation of calorific value; Ignition temperature: spontaneous ignition temperature, Explosive range; Flue gas analysis - ORSAT Method. CO_2 emission and carbon footprint.

UNIT V ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES 9

Stability of nucleus: mass defect (problems), binding energy; Nuclear energy: light water nuclear power plant, breeder reactor. Solar energy conversion: Principle, working and applications of solar cells; Recent developments in solar cell materials. Wind energy; Geothermal energy; Batteries: Types of batteries, Primary battery - dry cell, Secondary battery - lead acid battery and lithium-ion-battery; Electric vehicles - working principles; Fuel cells: H_2-O_2 fuel cell, microbial fuel cell; Supercapacitors: Storage principle, types and examples.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able:

- To infer the quality of water from quality parameter data and propose suitable treatment methodologies to treat water.
- To identify and apply basic concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology in designing the synthesis of nanomaterials for engineering and technology applications.
- To apply the knowledge of phase rule and composites for material selection requirements.
- To recommend suitable fuels for engineering processes and applications.
- To recognize different forms of energy resources and apply them for suitable applications in energy sectors.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, “Engineering Chemistry”, 17th Edition, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2018.
2. Sivasankar B., “Engineering Chemistry”, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
3. S.S. Dara, “A Text book of Engineering Chemistry”, S. Chand Publishing, 12th Edition, 2018

REFERENCES:

1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath and James Murday, “Text book of nanoscience and nanotechnology”, Universities Press-IIM Series in Metallurgy and Materials Science, 2018.
2. O.G. Palanna, “Engineering Chemistry” McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2017.
3. Friedrich Emich, “Engineering Chemistry”, Scientific International PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2014.
4. ShikhaAgarwal, “Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications”, Cambridge University Press, Delhi, Second Edition, 2019.
5. O.V. Roussak and H.D. Gesser, Applied Chemistry-A Text Book for Engineers and Technologists, Springer Science Business Media, New York, 2nd Edition, 2013.

GE3151 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of algorithmic problem solving.
- To learn to solve problems using Python conditionals and loops.
- To define Python functions and use function calls to solve problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries to represent complex data.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

UNIT I COMPUTATIONAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Fundamentals of Computing – Identification of Computational Problems -Algorithms, building blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion). Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.

UNIT II DATA TYPES, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS 9

Python interpreter and interactive mode,debugging; values and types: int, float, boolean, string , and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; Illustrative programs: exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points.

UNIT III CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS, STRINGS 9

Conditionals:Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else),chained conditional (if-elif-else);Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values,parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices,immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search.

UNIT IV LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES 9

Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing - list comprehension; Illustrative programs: simple sorting, histogram, Students marks statement, Retail bill preparation.

UNIT V FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES 9

Files and exceptions: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file, Voter's age validation, Marks range validation (0-100).

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems.
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Write simple Python programs using conditionals and loops for solving problems.
CO4: Decompose a Python program into functions.
CO5: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries etc.
CO6: Read and write data from/to files in Python programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, “Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist”, 2nd Edition, O’Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, “Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming”, 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, “Python for Programmers”, Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, “Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists”, 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data”, Third Edition, MIT Press, 2021
4. Eric Matthes, “Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming”, 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, “Python: The Complete Reference”, 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

GE3171 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the problem solving approaches.
- To learn the basic programming constructs in Python.
- To practice various computing strategies for Python-based solutions to real world problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The examples suggested in each experiment are only indicative. The lab instructor is expected to design other problems on similar lines. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments listed here.

1. Identification and solving of simple real life or scientific or technical problems, and developing flow charts for the same. (Electricity Billing, Retail shop billing, Sin series, weight of a motorbike, Weight of a steel bar, compute Electrical Current in Three Phase AC Circuit, etc.)
2. Python programming using simple statements and expressions (exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points).
3. Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops. (Number series, Number Patterns, pyramid pattern)
4. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Lists, Tuples. (Items present in a library/Components of a car/ Materials required for construction of a building –operations of list & tuples)
5. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Sets, Dictionaries. (Language, components of an automobile, Elements of a civil structure, etc.- operations of Sets & Dictionaries)
6. Implementing programs using Functions. (Factorial, largest number in a list, area of shape)

7. Implementing programs using Strings. (reverse, palindrome, character count, replacing characters)
8. Implementing programs using written modules and Python Standard Libraries (pandas, numpy. Matplotlib, scipy)
9. Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling. (copy from one file to another, word count, longest word)
10. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling. (divide by zero error, voter's age validity, student mark range validation)
11. Exploring Pygame tool.
12. Developing a game activity using Pygame like bouncing ball, car race etc.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Implement programs in Python using conditionals and loops for solving problems..
CO4: Deploy functions to decompose a Python program.
CO5: Process compound data using Python data structures.
CO6: Utilize Python packages in developing software applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python : How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data", Third Edition, MIT Press, 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

BS3171 PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

PHYSICS LABORATORY : (Any Seven Experiments)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the proper use of various kinds of physics laboratory equipment.

- To learn how data can be collected, presented and interpreted in a clear and concise manner.
- To learn problem solving skills related to physics principles and interpretation of experimental data.
- To determine error in experimental measurements and techniques used to minimize such error.
- To make the student an active participant in each part of all lab exercises.

1. Torsional pendulum - Determination of rigidity modulus of wire and moment of inertia of regular and irregular objects.
2. Simple harmonic oscillations of cantilever.
3. Non-uniform bending - Determination of Young's modulus
4. Uniform bending – Determination of Young's modulus
5. Laser- Determination of the wavelength of the laser using grating
6. Air wedge - Determination of thickness of a thin sheet/wire
7. a) Optical fibre -Determination of Numerical Aperture and acceptance angle
   b) Compact disc- Determination of width of the groove using laser.
8. Acoustic grating- Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids.
9. Ultrasonic interferometer – determination of the velocity of sound and compressibility of liquids
10. Post office box -Determination of Band gap of a semiconductor.
11. Photoelectric effect
12. Michelson Interferometer.
13. Melde's string experiment
14. Experiment with lattice dynamics kit.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to

- Understand the functioning of various physics laboratory equipment.
- Use graphical models to analyze laboratory data.
- Use mathematical models as a medium for quantitative reasoning and describing physical reality.
- Access, process and analyze scientific information.
- Solve problems individually and collaboratively.

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY: (Any seven experiments to be conducted)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate experimental skills to test basic understanding of water quality parameters, such as, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, DO, chloride and copper.
- To induce the students to familiarize with electroanalytical techniques such as, pH metry, potentiometry and conductometry in the determination of impurities in aqueous solutions.
- To demonstrate the analysis of metals and alloys.
- To demonstrate the synthesis of nanoparticles

1. Preparation of Na_2CO_3 as a primary standard and estimation of acidity of a water sample using the primary standard
2. Determination of types and amount of alkalinity in a water sample.

- Split the first experiment into two

3. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method.
4. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
5. Determination of chloride content of water sample by Argentometric method.
6. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by Iodometry.
7. Estimation of TDS of a water sample by gravimetry.
8. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
9. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter.
10. Conductometric titration of barium chloride against sodium sulphate (precipitation titration)
11. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
12. Estimation of sodium /potassium present in water using a flame photometer.
13. Preparation of nanoparticles (TiO_2/ZnO/CuO) by Sol-Gel method.
14. Estimation of Nickel in steel
15. Proximate analysis of Coal

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES :

- To analyse the quality of water samples with respect to their acidity, alkalinity, hardness and DO.
- To determine the amount of metal ions through volumetric and spectroscopic techniques
- To analyse and determine the composition of alloys.
- To learn simple method of synthesis of nanoparticles
- To quantitatively analyse the impurities in solution by electroanalytical techniques

TEXT BOOKS :

1. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas and B. Sivasankar, Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (2009).

HS3251 PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - II L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To engage learners in meaningful language activities to improve their LSRW skills
- To enhance learners' awareness of general rules of writing for specific audiences
- To help learners understand the purpose, audience, contexts of different types of writing
- To develop analytical thinking skills for problem solving in communicative contexts
- To demonstrate an understanding of job applications and interviews for internship and placements

UNIT I MAKING COMPARISONS 12

Listening – Evaluative Listening: Advertisements, Product Descriptions, -Audio / video; Listening and filling a Graphic Organiser (Choosing a product or service by comparison)
Speaking – Marketing a product, Persuasive Speech Techniques.
Reading - Reading advertisements, user manuals, brochures;
Writing – Professional emails, Email etiquette - Compare and Contrast Essay; Grammar – Mixed Tenses, Prepositional phrases
Vocabulary – Contextual meaning of words

UNIT II EXPRESSING CAUSAL RELATIONS IN SPEAKING AND WRITING 12

Listening - Listening to longer technical talks and completing– gap filling exercises. Listening technical information from podcasts – Listening to process/event descriptions to identify cause & effects - Speaking – Describing and discussing the reasons of accidents or disasters based on news reports.
Reading - Reading longer technical texts– Cause and Effect Essays, and Letters / emails of complaint,
Writing - Writing responses to complaints.
Grammar - Active Passive Voice transformations, Infinitive and Gerunds Vocabulary – Word Formation (Noun-Verb-Adj-Adv), Adverbs.

UNIT III PROBLEM SOLVING 12

Listening – Listening to / Watching movie scenes/ documentaries depicting a technical problem and suggesting solutions.
Speaking – Group Discussion(based on case studies), - techniques and Strategies,
Reading - Case Studies, excerpts from literary texts, news reports etc.,
Writing – Letter to the Editor, Checklists, Problem solution essay / Argumentative Essay
Grammar – Error correction; If conditional sentences
Vocabulary - Compound Words, Sentence Completion.

UNIT IV REPORTING OF EVENTS AND RESEARCH 12

Listening – Listening Comprehension based on news reports – and documentaries – Precis writing, Summarising, Speaking –Interviewing, Presenting an oral report, Mini presentations on select topics;
Reading –Newspaper articles; Writing – Recommendations, Transcoding, Accident Report, Survey Report Grammar – Reported Speech, Modals Vocabulary – Conjunctions- use of prepositions

UNIT V THE ABILITY TO PUT IDEAS OR INFORMATION COGENTLY 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks, Presentations, Formal job interviews, (analysis of the interview performance);
Speaking – Participating in a Role play, (interview/telephone interview), virtual interviews, Making presentations with visual aids;
Reading – Company profiles, Statement of Purpose, (SOP), an excerpt of interview with professionals; Writing – Job / Internship application – Cover letter & Resume; Grammar – Numerical adjectives, Relative Clauses Vocabulary – Idioms.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To compare and contrast products and ideas in technical texts.
- To identify cause and effects in events, industrial processes through technical texts
- To analyze problems in order to arrive at feasible solutions and communicate them orally and in the written format.
- To report events and the processes of technical and industrial nature.
- To present their opinions in a planned and logical manner, and draft effective resumes in context of job search.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. English for Engineers & Technologists (2020 edition) Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University.

2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press 2021.Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Raman. Meenakshi, Sharma. Sangeeta (2019). Professional English. Oxford university press. New Delhi.
2. Improve Your Writing ed. V.N. Arora and Laxmi Chandra, Oxford Univ. Press, 2001, New Delhi.
3. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal. Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
4. Business Correspondence and Report Writing by Prof. R.C. Sharma & Krishna Mohan, Tata McGraw Hill & Co. Ltd., 2001, New Delhi.
5. Krishna Mohan, Meera Banerji, "Developing Communication Skills", Trinity Press, 2017.

MA3251 STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- This course aims at providing the necessary basic concepts of a few statistical and numerical methods and give procedures for solving numerically different kinds of problems occurring in engineering and technology.
- To acquaint the knowledge of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of solving algebraic and transcendental equations.
- To introduce the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and numerical techniques of differentiation and integration which plays an important role in engineering and technology disciplines.
- To acquaint the knowledge of various techniques and methods of solving ordinary differential equations.

UNIT I TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS 9 + 3

Sampling distributions - Tests for single mean, proportion and difference of means (Large and small samples) – Tests for single variance and equality of variances – Chi square test for goodness of fit – Independence of attributes.

UNIT II DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS 9 + 3

One way and two way classifications - Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design - 2^2 factorial design.

UNIT III SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS 9 + 3

Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations - Fixed point iteration method – Newton Raphson method- Solution of linear system of equations - Gauss elimination method – Pivoting - Gauss Jordan method – Iterative methods of Gauss Jacobi and Gauss Seidel - Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method and Jacobi's method for symmetric matrices.

UNIT IV INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND NUMERICAL INTEGRATION 9 +3

Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolations – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivates using interpolation polynomials – Numerical single and double integrations using Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules.

UNIT V NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9 +3

Single step methods: Taylor's series method - Euler's method - Modified Euler's method - Fourth order Runge-Kutta method for solving first order differential equations - Multi step methods: Milne's and Adams - Bash forth predictor corrector methods for solving first order differential equations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Apply the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples in real life problems.
- Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments in the field of agriculture.
- Appreciate the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and apply the numerical techniques of differentiation and integration for engineering problems.
- Understand the knowledge of various techniques and methods for solving first and second order ordinary differential equations.
- Solve the partial and ordinary differential equations with initial and boundary conditions by using certain techniques with engineering applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Grewal, B.S., and Grewal, J.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science", Khanna Publishers, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2015.
2. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund J., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 8th Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Burden, R.L and Faires, J.D, "Numerical Analysis", 9th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2016.
2. Devore. J.L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2014.
3. Gerald. C.F. and Wheatley. P.O. "Applied Numerical Analysis" Pearson Education, Asia, New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2007.
4. Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V. K., "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 12th Edition, 2020.
5. Spiegel. M.R., Schiller. J. and Srinivasan. R.A., "Schaum's Outlines on Probability and Statistics ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 4th Edition, 2012.
6. Walpole. R.E., Myers. R.H., Myers. S.L. and Ye. K., "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2010.

PH3254	PHYSICS FOR ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students to understand the basics of crystallography and its importance in studying materials properties.
- To understand the electrical properties of materials including free electron theory, applications of quantum mechanics and magnetic materials.
- To instil knowledge on physics of semiconductors, determination of charge carriers and device applications
- To establish a sound grasp of knowledge on different optical properties of materials, optical displays and applications
- To inculcate an idea of significance of nano structures, quantum confinement and ensuing nano device applications.

UNIT I CRYSTALLOGRAPHY 9

Crystal structures: Crystal lattice – basis - unit cell and lattice parameters – crystal systems and Bravais lattices – Structure and packing fractions of SC, BCC, FCC, diamond cubic, NaCL, ZnS structures – crystal planes, directions and Miller indices – distance between successive planes – linear and planar densities – crystalline and noncrystalline materials –Example use of Miller indices: wafer surface orientation – wafer flats and notches – pattern alignment - imperfections in crystals.

UNIT II ELECTRICAL AND MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classical free electron theory - Expression for electrical conductivity – Thermal conductivity, expression - Quantum free electron theory :Tunneling – degenerate states – Fermi- Dirac statistics – Density of energy states – Electron in periodic potential – Energy bands in solids – tight binding approximation - Electron effective mass – concept of hole. Magnetic materials: Dia, para and ferromagnetic effects – paramagnetism in the conduction electrons in metals – exchange interaction and ferromagnetism – quantum interference devices – GMR devices.

UNIT III SEMICONDUCTORS AND TRANSPORT PHYSICS 9

Intrinsic Semiconductors – Energy band diagram – direct and indirect band gap semiconductors – Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors – extrinsic semiconductors - Carrier concentration in N-type & P-type semiconductors – Variation of carrier concentration with temperature – Carrier transport in Semiconductors: Drift, mobility and diffusion – Hall effect and devices – Ohmic contacts – Schottky diode.

UNIT IV OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classification of optical materials – Optical processes in semiconductors: optical absorption and emission, charge injection and recombination, optical absorption, loss and gain. Optical processes in quantum wells – Optoelectronic devices: light detectors and solar cells – light emitting diode – laser diode - optical processes in organic semiconductor devices –excitonic state – Electro-optics and nonlinear optics: Modulators and switching devices – plasmonics.

UNIT V NANO DEVICES 9

Density of states for solids - Significance between Fermi energy and volume of the material – Quantum confinement – Quantum structures – Density of states for quantum wells, wires and dots – Band gap of nanomaterials –Tunneling – Single electron phenomena – Single electron Transistor. Conductivity of metallic nanowires – Ballistic transport – Quantum resistance and conductance – Carbon nanotubes: Properties and applications - Spintronic devices and applications – Optics in quantum structures – quantum well laser.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students should be able to

- know basics of crystallography and its importance for varied materials properties
- gain knowledge on the electrical and magnetic properties of materials and their applications
- understand clearly of semiconductor physics and functioning of semiconductor devices
- understand the optical properties of materials and working principles of various optical devices
- appreciate the importance of nanotechnology and nanodevices.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S.O. Kasap. Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices, McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.
2. R.F.Pierret. Semiconductor Device Fundamentals. Pearson (Indian Edition), 2006.
3. G.W.Hanson. Fundamentals of Nanoelectronics. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. Laszlo Solymar, Walsh, Donald, Syms and Richard R.A., Electrical Properties of Materials, Oxford Univ. Press (Indian Edition) 2015.
2. Jasprit Singh, Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2019.
3. Charles Kittel, Introduction to Solid State Physics, Wiley India Edition, 2019.
4. Mark Fox, Optical Properties of Solids, Oxford Univ.Press, 2001.
5. N.Gershenfeld. The Physics of Information Technology. Cambridge University Press, 2011.

BE3254 ELECTRICAL AND INSTRUMENTATION ENGINEERING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES :

- To impart knowledge in types, construction and working of transformers
- To impart knowledge in types, construction and working of DC machines
- To impart knowledge in types, construction and working of AC rotating machines
- To introduce the functional elements and working of measuring instruments.
- To introduce the basics of power system and protection schemes

UNIT I TRANSFORMER 9

Introduction - Ideal and Practical Transformer – Phasor diagram-– Per Unit System – Equivalent circuit- Testing- Efficiency and Voltage Regulation– Three Phase Transformers –Applications- Auto Transformers, Advantages- Harmonics.

UNIT II DC MACHINES 9

Introduction – Constructional Features– Motor and Generator mode - EMF and Torque equation – Circuit Model – Methods of Excitation- Characteristics – Starting and Speed Control – Universal Motor- Stepper Motors – Brushless DC Motors- Applications

UNIT III AC ROTATING MACHINES 9

Principle of operation of three-phase induction motors – Construction –Types – Equivalent circuit, Speed Control - Single phase Induction motors -Construction– Types–starting methods. Alternator: Working principle–Equation of induced EMF – Voltage regulation, Synchronous motors- working principle-starting methods – Torque equation.

UNIT IV MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION 9

Functional elements of an instrument , Standards and calibration, Operating Principle , types - Moving Coil and Moving Iron meters, Measurement of three phase power, Energy Meter, Instrument Transformers-CT and PT,DSO- Block diagram- Data acquisition.

UNIT V BASICS OF POWER SYSTEMS 9

Power system structure -Generation , Transmission and distribution , Various voltage levels, Earthing – methods of earthing, protective devices- switch fuse unit- Miniature circuit breaker- moulded case circuit breaker- earth leakage circuit breaker, safety precautions and First Aid

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES :

After completing this course, the students will be able to

CO1: Explain the working principle of electrical machines
CO2: Analyze the output characterizes of electrical machines
CO3: Choose the appropriate electrical machines for various applications
CO4: Explain the types and operating principles of measuring instruments
CO5: Explain the basic power system structure and protection schemes

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, “Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering”, Second Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2020
2. S. K, Bhattacharya, “Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering”, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
3. A.K. Sawhney, Puneet Sawhney ‘A Course in Electrical & Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation’, Dhanpat Rai and Co, New Delhi, 2015.
4. C.L.Wadhwa, “Generation, Distribution and Utilisation of Electrical Energy”, New Age International pvt.ltd.,2003

REFERENCES:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, “Basic Electrical Engineering”, Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2019
2. Mahmood Nahvi and Joseph A. Edminister, “Electric Circuits”, Schaum’ Outline Series, McGraw Hill, 2002.
3. H.S. Kalsi, ‘Electronic Instrumentation’, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010

GE3251 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS L T P C
2 0 4 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Drawing engineering curves.
- Drawing freehand sketch of simple objects.
- Drawing orthographic projection of solids and section of solids.
- Drawing development of solids
- Drawing isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

Importance of graphics in engineering applications — Use of drafting instruments — BIS conventions and specifications — Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets — Lettering and dimensioning.

UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREEHAND SKETCHING 6+12

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics — Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method — Construction of cycloid — construction of involutes of square and circle — Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves.

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACE 6+12

Orthographic projection - principles - Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces. Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS 6+12

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes and parallel to the other by rotating object method. Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles —Representation of Three Dimensional objects — Layout of views- Freehand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES 6 +12

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other — obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids — Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS 6+12

Principles of isometric projection — isometric scale —Isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions - Perspective projection of simple solids-Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of isometric projection of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

TOTAL: (L=30+P=60) 90 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Use BIS conventions and specifications for engineering drawing.
- Construct the conic curves, involutes and cycloid.
- Solve practical problems involving projection of lines.
- Draw the orthographic, isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.
- Draw the development of simple solids.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., “Engineering Drawing”, Charotar Publishing House,

53rd Edition, 2019.
2. Natrajan K.V., “A Text Book of Engineering Graphics”, Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2018.
3. Parthasarathy, N. S. and Vela Murali, “Engineering Drawing”, Oxford University Press, 2015

REFERENCES:

1. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., “Engineering Drawing”, McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2019.
2. Gopalakrishna K.R., “Engineering Drawing” (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Publications, Bangalore, 27th Edition, 2017.
3. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff,John M., “Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Parthasarathy N. S. and Vela Murali, “Engineering Graphics”, Oxford University, Press, New Delhi, 2015.
5. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., “Engineering Drawing”, Pearson Education India, 2nd Edition, 2009.
6. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., “Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

1. IS 10711 — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Size and lay out of drawing sheets.
2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Lettering.
3. IS 10714 (Part 20) — 2001 & SP 46 — 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
4. IS 11669 — 1986 & SP 46 —2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) — 2001: Technical drawings — Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will permitted to use appropriate scale to fit solution within A3 size.
4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

EC3251	CIRCUIT ANALYSIS	L	T	P	C
		3	1	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the basic concepts and behaviour of DC and AC circuits.
- To understand various methods of circuit/ network analysis using network theorems.
- To understand the transient and steady state response of the circuits subjected to DC excitations and AC with sinusoidal excitations.
- To learn the concept of coupling in circuits and topologies.

UNIT I DC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS 12

Basic Components of electric Circuits, Charge, current, Voltage and Power, Voltage and Current Sources, Ohms Law, Kirchoff‘s Current Law, Kirchoff‘s voltage law, The single Node – Pair Circuit, series and Parallel Connected Independent Sources, Resistors in Series and Parallel, voltage and current division, Nodal analysis, Mesh analysis.

UNIT II NETWORK THEOREM AND DUALITY 12

Useful Circuit Analysis techniques - Linearity and superposition, Thevenin and Norton Equivalent Circuits, Maximum Power Transfer, Delta-Wye Conversion. Duals, Dual circuits. Analysis using dependent current sources and voltage sources

UNIT III SINUSOIDAL STEADY STATE ANALYSIS 12

Sinusoidal Steady – State analysis , Characteristics of Sinusoids, The Complex Forcing Function, The Phasor, Phasor relationship for R, L, and C, impedance and Admittance, Nodal and Mesh Analysis, Phasor Diagrams, AC Circuit Power Analysis, Instantaneous Power, Average Power, apparent Power and Power Factor, Complex Power.

UNIT IV TRANSIENTS AND RESONANCE IN RLC CIRCUITS 12

Basic RL and RC Circuits, The Source- Free RL Circuit, The Source-Free RC Circuit, The Unit-Step Function, Driven RL Circuits, Driven RC Circuits, RLC Circuits, Frequency Response, Parallel Resonance, Series Resonance, Quality Factor.

UNIT V COUPLED CIRCUITS AND TOPOLOGY 12

Magnetically Coupled Circuits, mutual Inductance, the Linear Transformer, the Ideal Transformer, An introduction to Network Topology, Trees and General Nodal analysis, Links and Loop analysis.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

- Practice solving variety of problems

COURSE OUTCOMES

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Apply the basic concepts of circuit analysis such as Kirchoff's laws, mesh current and node voltage method for analysis of DC and AC circuits.

CO2: Apply suitable network theorems and analyze AC and DC circuits

CO3: Analyze steady state response of any R, L and C circuits

CO4: Analyze the transient response for any RC, RL and RLC circuits and frequency response of parallel and series resonance circuits.

CO5: Analyze the coupled circuits and network topologies

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Hayt Jack Kemmerly, Steven Durbin, "Engineering Circuit Analysis",Mc Graw Hill education, 9th Edition, 2018.
2. Charles K. Alexander & Mathew N.O.Sadiku, "Fundamentals of Electric Circuits", Mc Graw- Hill, 2nd Edition, 2003.
3. Joseph Edminister and Mahmood Nahvi, —Electric Circuits, Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, Fifth Edition Reprint 2016.

REFERENCES:

1. Robert.L. Boylestead, "Introductory Circuit Analysis", Pearson Education India, 12th Edition, 2014. David Bell, "Fundamentals of Electric Circuits", Oxford University press, 7thEdition, 2009.
2. John O Mallay, Schaum's Outlines "Basic Circuit Analysis", The Mc Graw Hill companies, 2nd Edition, 2011
3. Allan H.Robbins, Wilhelm C.Miller, —Circuit Analysis Theory and Practicell, Cengage Learning, Fifth Edition, 1st Indian Reprint 2013

NX3251	NCC Credit Course Level 1* (ARMY WING) NCC Credit Course Level 1	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

NX3252	NCC Credit Course Level 1* (NAVAL WING) NCC Credit Course Level 1	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

NX3253	NCC Credit Course Level 1* (AIR FORCE WING) NCC Credit Course Level 1	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

GE3271 ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to provide hands on training to the students in:

1. Drawing pipe line plan; laying and connecting various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Sawing; planing; making joints in wood materials used in commonhousehold wood work.
2. Wiring various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Welding various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machining various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assembling simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Making a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Soldering and testing simple electronic circuits; Assembling and testing simple electronic components on PCB.

GROUP – A (CIVIL & ELECTRICAL)

PART I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICES **15**

PLUMBING WORK:

a) Connecting various basic pipe fittings like valves, taps, coupling, unions, reducers,elbows and other components which are commonly used in household.
b) Preparing plumbing line sketches.
c) Laying pipe connection to the suction side of a pump
d) Laying pipe connection to the delivery side of a pump.
e) Connecting pipes of different materials: Metal, plastic and flexible pipes used inhousehold appliances.

WOOD WORK:

a) Sawing,
b) Planing and
c) Making joints like T-Joint, Mortise joint and Tenon joint and Dovetail joint.

Wood Work Study:

a) Studying joints in door panels and wooden furniture
b) Studying common industrial trusses using models.

PART II ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES **15**

a) Introduction to switches, fuses, indicators and lamps - Basic switch board wiring with lamp, fan and three pin socket
b) Staircase wiring
c) Fluorescent Lamp wiring with introduction to CFL and LED types.
d) Energy meter wiring and related calculations/ calibration
e) Study of Iron Box wiring and assembly
f) Study of Fan Regulator (Resistor type and Electronic type using Diac/Triac/quadrac)
g) Study of emergency lamp wiring/Water heater

GROUP – B (MECHANICAL AND ELECTRONICS)

PART III MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

WELDING WORK:

a) Welding of Butt Joints, Lap Joints, and Tee Joints using arc welding.
b) Practicing gas welding.

BASIC MACHINING WORK:

a) (simple)Turning.
b) (simple)Drilling.
c) (simple)Tapping.

ASSEMBLY WORK:

a) Assembling a centrifugal pump.
b) Assembling a household mixer.
c) Assembling an airconditioner.

SHEET METAL WORK:

a) Making of a square tray

FOUNDRY WORK:

a) Demonstrating basic foundry operations.

PART IV ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

SOLDERING WORK:

a) Soldering simple electronic circuits and checking continuity.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY AND TESTING WORK:

a) Assembling and testing electronic components on a small PCB.

ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT STUDY:

a) Study an elements of smart phone..
b) Assembly and dismantle of LED TV.
c) Assembly and dismantle of computer/ laptop

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Draw pipe line plan; lay and connect various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Saw; plan; make joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
- Wire various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
- Weld various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machine various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assemble simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Make a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
- Solder and test simple electronic circuits; Assemble and test simple electronic components on PCB.

EC3271	CIRCUIT ANALYSIS LABORATORY	L	T	P	C
		0	0	2	1

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To gain hands- on experience in Thevenin & Norton theorem, KVL & KCL, and Superposition Theorems.
- To understand the working of RL,RC and RLC circuits

List of Experiments:

1. Verifications of KVL & KCL.
2. Verifications of Thevenin & Norton theorem.
3. Verification of Superposition Theorem.
4. Verification of maximum power transfer Theorem
5. Determination of Resonance Frequency of Series & Parallel RLC Circuits.
6. Transient analysis of RL and RC circuits.

Laboratory Requirements:

Resistors, Capacitors, Inductors – sufficient quantities. Bread Boards – 15 Nos.
CRO (30MHz) – 10 Nos.
Function Generators (3MHz) – 10 Nos.
Dual Regulated Power Supplies (0 – 30V) – 10 Nos.

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- Design RL and RC circuits.
- Verify Thevinin & Norton theorem KVL & KCL, and Super Position Theorems.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Hayt JackKemmerly, Steven Durbin, "Engineering Circuit Analysis", McGraw Hill education, 9th Edition, 2018.
2. Charles K. Alexander & Mathew N.O.Sadiku, "Fundamentals of Electric Circuits", McGraw- Hill, 2nd Edition, 2003.
3. Joseph Edminister and Mahmood Nahvi, “Electric Circuits, Schaum‘s Outline Series”, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, Fifth Edition Reprint 2016.

REFERENCES

1. David Bell, "Fundamentals of Electric Circuits", Oxford University press, 7th Edition, 2009
2. John O Mallay, Schaum’s Outlines "Basic Circuit Analysis", The Mc Graw Hill companies, 2nd Edition, 2011.
3. A.Bruce Carlson, “Cicuits: Engineering Concepts and Analysis of Linear Electric Circuits, Cengage Learning, India Edition 2nd Indian Reprint 2009.
4. Allan H.Robbins, Wilhelm C.Miller, “Circuit Analysis Theory and Practice”, Cengage Learning, Fifth Edition, 1st Indian Reprint 2013

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI

NON-AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY

REGULATIONS 2021

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

B.E. ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

CURRICULA AND SYLLABI FOR SEMESTER I & II

SEMESTER – I

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	IP3151	Induction Programme	-	-	-	-	-	0
THEORY								
2.	HS3151	Professional English - I	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	MA3151	Matrices and Calculus	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
4.	PH3151	Engineering Physics	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CY3151	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	GE3151	Problem Solving and Python Programming	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
7.	GE3171	Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
8.	BS3171	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	BSC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**15**	**2**	**8**	**25**	**21**

SEMESTER – II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	HS3251	Professional English - II	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	MA3251	Statistics and Numerical Methods	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	PH3202	Physics for Electrical Engineering	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	BE3255	Basic Civil and Mechanical Engineering	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	GE3251	Engineering Graphics	ESC	2	0	4	6	4
6.	EE3251	Electric Circuit Analysis	PCC	3	1	0	4	4
7.		NCC Credit Course Level1*	-	2	0	0	2	2
PRACTICALS								
8.	GE3271	Engineering Practices Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	EE3271	Electric Circuits Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**17**	**3**	**12**	**32**	**26**

*NCC Credit Course level 1 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA.

IP3151 **INDUCTION PROGRAMME**

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective:

“Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed.”

“One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character. “

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

(i) Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(ii) Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it everyday for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and
also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(iii) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, take decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and dont's, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing.

Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty

mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(iv) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(v) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(vi) Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(vii) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the under privileged.

(viii) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(ix) Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering/Technology/Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.

References:
Guide to Induction program from AICTE

HS3151 **PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - I** **L T P C**
3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES :

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To help learners use language effectively in academic /work contexts
- To build on students' English language skills by engaging them in listening, speaking and grammar learning activities that are relevant to authentic contexts.
- To develop learners' ability to read and write complex texts, summaries, articles, blogs, definitions, essays and user manuals.
- To use language efficiently in expressing their opinions via various media.

INTRODUCTION TO EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION **1**

What is effective communication? (There are many interesting activities for this.)
Why is communication critical for excellence during study, research and work?
What are the seven C's of effective communication?
What are key language skills?
What is effective listening? What does it involve?
What is effective speaking?
What does it mean to be an excellent reader? What should you be able to do?
What is effective writing?
How does one develop language and communication skills?
What does the course focus on? How are communication and language skills going to be enhanced during this course? What do you as a learner need to do to enhance your English language and communication skills to get the best out of this course?

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION **11**

Listening –for general information-specific details- conversation: Introduction to classmates - Audio / video (formal & informal); Telephone conversation; Listening to voicemail & messages; Listening and filling a form
Speaking - Self Introduction; Introducing a friend; Conversation - politeness strategies; Telephone conversation; Leave a voicemail; Leave a message with another person; asking for information to fill details in a form.
Reading - Reading brochures (technical context), telephone messages / social media messages relevant to technical contexts and emails.
Writing - Writing emails / letters introducing oneself
Grammar - Present Tense (simple and progressive); Question types: Wh/ Yes or No/ and Tags
Vocabulary - Synonyms; One word substitution; Abbreviations & Acronyms (as used in technical contexts).

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION **12**

Listening - Listening to podcast, anecdotes / stories / event narration; documentaries and interviews with celebrities.
Speaking - Narrating personal experiences / events; Interviewing a celebrity; Reporting / and summarising of documentaries / podcasts/ interviews.
Reading - Reading biographies, travelogues, newspaper reports, Excerpts from literature, and travel & technical blogs.
Writing - Guided writing-- Paragraph writing Short Report on an event (field trip etc.)
Grammar –Past tense (simple); Subject-Verb Agreement; and Prepositions
Vocabulary - Word forms (prefixes& suffixes); Synonyms and Antonyms. Phrasal verbs.

UNIT III DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT 12

Listening - Listen to a product and process descriptions; a classroom lecture;and advertisements about a products.
Speaking – Picture description; Giving instruction to use the product; Presenting a product; and Summarising a lecture.
Reading – Reading advertisements, gadget reviews; user manuals.
Writing - Writing definitions; instructions; and Product /Process description.
Grammar - Imperatives; Adjectives; Degrees of comparison; Present & Past Perfect Tenses.
Vocabulary - Compound Nouns, Homonyms; and Homophones, discourse markers(connectives & sequence words)

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION ND RECOMMENDATIONS 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks; Scientific lectures; and educational videos.
Speaking – Small Talk; Mini presentations and making recommendations.
Reading – Newspaper articles; Journal reports –and Non Verbal Communication (tables, pie charts etc,.)
Writing – Note-making / Note-taking (*Study skills to be taught, not tested); ; Writing recommendations; Transferring information from non verbal (chart , graph etc, to verbal mode)
Grammar – Articles; Pronouns - Possessive & Relative pronouns.
Vocabulary - Collocations; Fixed / Semi fixed expressions.

UNIT V EXPRESSION 12

Listening – Listening to debates/ discussions; different viewpoints on an issue; and panel discussions.
Speaking –group discussions, Debates, and Expressing opinions through Simulations & Roleplay.
Reading – Reading editorials; and Opinion Blogs;
Writing – Essay Writing (Descriptive or narrative).
Grammar – Future Tenses, Punctuation; Negation (Statements & Questions); and Simple, Compound & Complex Sentences.
Vocabulary - Cause & Effect Expressions – Content vs Function words.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES :

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To listen and comprehend complex academic texts
- To read and infer the denotative and connotative meanings of technical texts
- To write definitions, descriptions, narrations and essays on various topics
- To speak fluently and accurately in formal and informal communicative contexts
- To express their opinions effectively in both oral and written medium of communication

TEXT BOOKS :

1. English for Engineers & Technologists Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University, (2020 edition)
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press, 2021.
   Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Technical Communication – Principles And Practices, Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford Univ. Press, 2016, New Delhi.

2. A Course Book On Technical English By Lakshminarayanan, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
3. English For Technical Communication (With CD) By Aysha Viswamohan, Mcgraw Hill Education, ISBN : 0070264244.
4. Effective Communication Skill, Kulbhusan Kumar, RS Salaria, Khanna Publishing House.
5. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal, Allied Publishing House, New Delhi,2003.

MA3151 MATRICES AND CALCULUS

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

OBJECTIVES :

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that is needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To familiarize the students with differential calculus.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches of engineering.
- To make the students understand various techniques of integration.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their applications.

UNIT I MATRICES **9 + 3**

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley - Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices by orthogonal transformation – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms – Applications : Stretching of an elastic membrane.

UNIT II DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**

Representation of functions - Limit of a function - Continuity - Derivatives - Differentiation rules (sum, product, quotient, chain rules) - Implicit differentiation - Logarithmic differentiation - Applications : Maxima and Minima of functions of one variable.

UNIT III FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES **9 + 3**

Partial differentiation – Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem – Total derivative – Change of variables – Jacobians – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Applications : Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT IV INTEGRAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**

Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration : Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals - Applications : Hydrostatic force and pressure, moments and centres of mass.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS **9 + 3**

Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple integrals – Volume of solids – Change of variables in double and triple integrals – Applications : Moments and centres of mass, moment of inertia.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES :

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Use the matrix algebra methods for solving practical problems.
- Apply differential calculus tools in solving various application problems.
- Able to use differential calculus ideas on several variable functions.
- Apply different methods of integration in solving practical problems.
- Apply multiple integral ideas in solving areas, volumes and other practical problems.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Kreyszig.E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Grewal.B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44th Edition , 2018.
3. James Stewart, " Calculus : Early Transcendentals ", Cengage Learning, 8th Edition, New Delhi, 2015. [For Units II & IV - Sections 1.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.7 (Tangents problems only), 2.8, 3.1 to 3.6, 3.11, 4.1, 4.3, 5.1 (Area problems only), 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 (excluding net change theorem), 5.5, 7.1 - 7.4 and 7.8].

REFERENCES :

1. Anton. H, Bivens. I and Davis. S, " Calculus ", Wiley, 10th Edition, 2016
2. Bali. N., Goyal. M. and Watkins. C., " Advanced Engineering Mathematics ", Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.,), New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2009.
3. Jain . R.K. and Iyengar. S.R.K., " Advanced Engineering Mathematics ", Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2016.
4. Narayanan. S. and Manicavachagom Pillai. T. K., " Calculus " Volume I and II, S. Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2009.
5. Ramana. B.V., " Higher Engineering Mathematics ", McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd,New Delhi, 2016.
6. Srimantha Pal and Bhunia. S.C, " Engineering Mathematics " Oxford University Press, 2015.
7. Thomas. G. B., Hass. J, and Weir. M.D, " Thomas Calculus ", 14th Edition, Pearson India, 2018.

PH3151 ENGINEERING PHYSICS L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students effectively to achieve an understanding of mechanics.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge of electromagnetic waves and its applications.
- To introduce the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Equipping the students to be successfully understand the importance of quantum physics.
- To motivate the students towards the applications of quantum mechanics.

UNIT I MECHANICS 9

Multiparticle dynamics: Center of mass (CM) – CM of continuous bodies – motion of the CM – kinetic energy of system of particles. Rotation of rigid bodies: Rotational kinematics – rotational kinetic energy and moment of inertia - theorems of M .I –moment of inertia of continuous bodies – M.I of a diatomic molecule - torque – rotational dynamics of rigid bodies – conservation of angular momentum – rotational energy state of a rigid diatomic molecule - gyroscope - torsional pendulum – double pendulum –Introduction to nonlinear oscillations.

UNIT II ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES 9

The Maxwell's equations - wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field - properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - polarization - Producing electromagnetic waves - Energy and momentum in EM waves: Intensity, waves from localized sources, momentum and radiation pressure - Cell-phone reception. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

UNIT III OSCILLATIONS, OPTICS AND LASERS 9

Simple harmonic motion - resonance –analogy between electrical and mechanical oscillating systems - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave - sound waves - Doppler effect. Reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference – Michelson interferometer –Theory of air wedge and experiment. Theory of laser - characteristics - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Einstein's coefficients - population inversion - Nd-YAG laser, CO_2 laser, semiconductor laser –Basic applications of lasers in industry.

UNIT IV BASIC QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

Photons and light waves - Electrons and matter waves –Compton effect - The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) - meaning of wave function - Normalization –Free particle - particle in a infinite potential well: 1D,2D and 3D Boxes- Normalization, probabilities and the correspondence principle.

UNIT V APPLIED QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

The harmonic oscillator(qualitative)- Barrier penetration and quantum tunneling(qualitative)- Tunneling microscope - Resonant diode - Finite potential wells (qualitative)- Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential –Basics of Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Understand the importance of mechanics.
- Express their knowledge in electromagnetic waves.
- Demonstrate a strong foundational knowledge in oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Understand the importance of quantum physics.
- Comprehend and apply quantum mechanical principles towards the formation of energy bands.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow. An Introduction to Mechanics. McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2017.
2. E.M.Purcell and D.J.Morin, Electricity and Magnetism, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2013.
3. Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S. Rai Choudhury, Concepts of Modern Physics, McGraw-Hill (Indian Edition), 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Wolfson. Essential University Physics. Volume 1 & 2. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.
2. Paul A. Tipler, Physic – Volume 1 & 2, CBS, (Indian Edition), 2004.
3. K.Thyagarajan and A.Ghatak. Lasers: Fundamentals and Applications, Laxmi Publications, (Indian Edition), 2019.
4. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker. Principles of Physics, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2015.
5. N.Garcia, A.Damask and S.Schwarz. Physics for Computer Science Students. Springer-Verlag, 2012.

CY3151 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate sound understanding of water quality parameters and water treatment techniques.
- To impart knowledge on the basic principles and preparatory methods of nanomaterials.
- To introduce the basic concepts and applications of phase rule and composites.
- To facilitate the understanding of different types of fuels, their preparation, properties and combustion characteristics.
- To familiarize the students with the operating principles, working processes and applications of energy conversion and storage devices.

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT 9

Water: Sources and impurities, **Water quality parameters:** Definition and significance of-colour, odour, turbidity, pH, hardness, alkalinity, TDS, COD and BOD, flouride and arsenic. **Municipal water treatment:** primary treatment and disinfection (UV, Ozonation, break-point chlorination)**. Desalination of brackish water**: Reverse Osmosis. **Boiler troubles:** Scale and sludge, Boiler corrosion, Caustic

embrittlement, Priming &foaming. **Treatment of boiler feed water**: Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) and External treatment – Ion exchange demineralisation and zeolite process.

UNIT II NANOCHEMISTRY 9

Basics: Distinction between molecules, nanomaterials and bulk materials; **Size-dependent properties** (optical, electrical, mechanical and magnetic); **Types of nanomaterials**: Definition, properties and uses of – nanoparticle, nanocluster, nanorod, nanowire and nanotube. **Preparation of nanomaterials:** sol-gel, solvothermal, laser ablation, chemical vapour deposition, electrochemical deposition and electro spinning. **Applications** of nanomaterials in medicine, agriculture, energy, electronics and catalysis.

UNIT III PHASE RULE AND COMPOSITES 9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples. One component system - water system; Reduced phase rule; Construction of a simple eutectic phase diagram - Thermal analysis; Two component system: lead-silver system - Pattinson process.

Composites: Introduction: Definition & Need for composites; **Constitution**: Matrix materials (Polymer matrix, metal matrix and ceramic matrix) and Reinforcement (fiber, particulates, flakes and whiskers). **Properties and applications of**: Metal matrix composites (MMC), Ceramic matrix composites and Polymer matrix composites. **Hybrid composites** - definition and examples.

UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION 9

Fuels: Introduction: Classification of fuels; **Coal and coke**: Analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate), Carbonization, Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method). **Petroleum and Diesel:** Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process), Knocking - octane number, diesel oil - cetane number; **Power alcohol and biodiesel.**

Combustion of fuels: Introduction: Calorific value - higher and lower calorific values, Theoretical calculation of calorific value; **Ignition temperature**: spontaneous ignition temperature, Explosive range; **Flue gas analysis** - ORSAT Method. **CO_2 emission and carbon foot print.**

UNIT V ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES 9

Stability of nucleus: mass defect (problems), binding energy; Nuclear energy: light water nuclear power plant, breeder reactor. **Solar energy conversion:** Principle, working and applications of solar cells**; Recent developments in solar cell materials. Wind energy; Geothermal energy;Batteries:** Types of batteries, Primary battery - dry cell, Secondary battery - lead acid battery and lithium-ion-battery; **Electric vehicles-working principles; Fuel cells:** H_2-O_2 fuel cell, microbial fuel cell; **Supercapacitors:** Storage principle, types and examples.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able:

- To infer the quality of water from quality parameter data and propose suitable treatment methodologies to treat water.
- To identify and apply basic concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology in designing the synthesis of nanomaterials for engineering and technology applications.
- To apply the knowledge of phase rule and composites for material selection requirements.
- To recommend suitable fuels for engineering processes and applications.
- To recognize different forms of energy resources and apply them for suitable applications in energy sectors.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, “Engineering Chemistry”, 17th Edition, DhanpatRai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2018.
2. Sivasankar B., “Engineering Chemistry”, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
3. S.S. Dara, “A text book of Engineering Chemistry”, S. Chand Publishing, 12th Edition, 2018.

REFERENCES:

1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath and James Murday, “Text book of nanoscience and nanotechnology”, Universities Press-IIM Series in Metallurgy and Materials Science, 2018.
2. O.G. Palanna, “Engineering Chemistry” McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2017.
3. Friedrich Emich, “Engineering Chemistry”, Scientific International PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2014.
4. ShikhaAgarwal, “Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications”, Cambridge University Press, Delhi, Second Edition, 2019.
5. O.V. Roussak and H.D. Gesser, Applied Chemistry-A Text Book for Engineers and Technologists, Springer Science Business Media, New York, 2nd Edition, 2013.

GE3151 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of algorithmic problem solving.
- To learn to solve problems using Python conditionals and loops.
- To define Python functions and use function calls to solve problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries to represent complex data.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

UNIT I COMPUTATIONAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Fundamentals of Computing – Identification of Computational Problems -Algorithms, building blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion). Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.

UNIT II DATA TYPES, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS 9

Python interpreter and interactive mode, debugging; values and types: int, float, boolean, string, and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; Illustrative programs: exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points.

UNIT III CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS, STRINGS 9

Conditionals: Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else), chained conditional (if-elif-else); Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values, parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices,

immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search.

UNIT IV LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES 9

Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing - list comprehension; Illustrative programs: simple sorting, histogram, Students marks statement, Retail bill preparation.

UNIT V FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES 9

Files and exception: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file, Voter's age validation, Marks range validation (0-100).

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems.
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Write simple Python programs using conditionals and looping for solving problems.
CO4: Decompose a Python program into functions.
CO5: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries etc.
CO6: Read and write data from/to files in Python programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python : How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data‘‘, Third Edition, MIT Press , 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

GE3171 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the problem solving approaches.
- To learn the basic programming constructs in Python.
- To practice various computing strategies for Python-based solutions to real world problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The examples suggested in each experiment are only indicative. The lab instructor is expected to design other problems on similar lines. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments listed here.

1. Identification and solving of simple real life or scientific or technical problems, and developing flow charts for the same. (Electricity Billing, Retail shop billing, Sin series, weight of a motorbike, Weight of a steel bar, compute Electrical Current in Three Phase AC Circuit, etc.)
2. Python programming using simple statements and expressions (exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points).
3. Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops. (Number series, Number Patterns, pyramid pattern)
4. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Lists, Tuples. (Items present in a library/Components of a car/ Materials required for construction of a building –operations of list & tuples)
5. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Sets, Dictionaries. (Language, components of an automobile, Elements of a civil structure, etc.- operations of Sets & Dictionaries)
6. Implementing programs using Functions. (Factorial, largest number in a list, area of shape)
7. Implementing programs using Strings. (reverse, palindrome, character count, replacing characters)
8. Implementing programs using written modules and Python Standard Libraries (pandas, numpy. Matplotlib, scipy)
9. Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling. (copy from one file to another, word count, longest word)
10. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling. (divide by zero error, voter's age validity, student mark range validation)
11. Exploring Pygame tool.
12. Developing a game activity using Pygame like bouncing ball, car race etc.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Implement programs in Python using conditionals and loops for solving problems..
CO4: Deploy functions to decompose a Python program.
CO5: Process compound data using Python data structures.
CO6: Utilize Python packages in developing software applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, “Think Python : How to Think like a Computer Scientist”, 2nd Edition, O’Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, “Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming”, 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, “Python for Programmers”, Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, “Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists”, 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data‘‘, Third Edition, MIT Press , 2021
4. Eric Matthes, “Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming”, 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, “Python: The Complete Reference”, 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

BS3171 PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

PHYSICS LABORATORY : (Any Seven Experiments)

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the proper use of various kinds of physics laboratory equipment.
- To learn how data can be collected, presented and interpreted in a clear and concise manner.
- To learn problem solving skills related to physics principles and interpretation of experimental data.
- To determine error in experimental measurements and techniques used to minimize such error.
- To make the student as an active participant in each part of all lab exercises.

1. Torsional pendulum - Determination of rigidity modulus of wire and moment of inertia of regular and irregular objects.
2. Simple harmonic oscillations of cantilever.
3. Non-uniform bending - Determination of Young’s modulus
4. Uniform bending – Determination of Young’s modulus
5. Laser- Determination of the wave length of the laser using grating
6. Air wedge - Determination of thickness of a thin sheet/wire
7. a) Optical fibre -Determination of Numerical Aperture and acceptance angle
   b) Compact disc- Determination of width of the groove using laser.
8. Acoustic grating- Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids.
9. Ultrasonic interferometer – determination of the velocity of sound and compressibility of liquids

10. Post office box -Determination of Band gap of a semiconductor.
11. Photoelectric effect
12. Michelson Interferometer.
13. Melde's string experiment
14. Experiment with lattice dynamics kit.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to

- Understand the functioning of various physics laboratory equipment.
- Use graphical models to analyze laboratory data.
- Use mathematical models as a medium for quantitative reasoning and describing physical reality.
- Access, process and analyze scientific information.
- Solve problems individually and collaboratively.

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY: (Any seven experiments to be conducted)

OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate experimental skills to test basic understanding of water quality parameters, such as, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, DO, chloride and copper.
- To induce the students to familiarize with electroanalytical techniques such as, pH metry, potentiometry and conductometry in the determination of impurities in aqueous solutions.
- To demonstrate the analysis of metals and alloys.
- To demonstrate the synthesis of nanoparticles

1. Preparation of Na_2CO_3 as a primary standard and estimation of acidity of a water sample using the primary standard
2. Determination of types and amount of alkalinity in water sample.
   - Split the first experiment into two
3. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method.
4. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
5. Determination of chloride content of water sample by Argentometric method.
6. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by Iodometry.
7. Estimation of TDS of a water sample by gravimetry.
8. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
9. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter.
10. Conductometric titration of barium chloride against sodium sulphate (precipitation titration)
11. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
12. Estimation of sodium /potassium present in water using flame photometer.
13. Preparation of nanoparticles (TiO_2/ZnO/CuO) by Sol-Gel method.
14. Estimation of Nickel in steel
15. Proximate analysis of Coal

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES :

- To analyse the quality of water samples with respect to their acidity, alkalinity, hardness and DO.
- To determine the amount of metal ions through volumetric and spectroscopic techniques
- To analyse and determine the composition of alloys.
- To learn simple method of synthesis of nanoparticles
- To quantitatively analyse the impurities in solution by electroanalytical techniques

TEXT BOOKS :

1. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas and B. Sivasankar, Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (2009).

HS3251 PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - II L T P C
3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES :

- To engage learners in meaningful language activities to improve their LSRW skills
- To enhance learners' awareness of general rules of writing for specific audiences
- To help learners understand the purpose, audience, contexts of different types of writing
- To develop analytical thinking skills for problem solving in communicative contexts
- To demonstrate an understanding of job applications and interviews for internship and placements

UNIT I MAKING COMPARISONS 12

Listening – Evaluative Listening: Advertisements, Product Descriptions, -Audio / video; Listening and filling a Graphic Organiser (Choosing a product or service by comparison)
Speaking – Marketing a product, Persuasive Speech Techniques.
Reading - Reading advertisements, user manuals, brochures;
Writing – Professional emails, Email etiquette - Compare and Contrast Essay; Grammar – Mixed Tenses, Prepositional phrases
Vocabulary – Contextual meaning of words

UNIT II EXPRESSING CAUSAL RELATIONS IN SPEAKING AND WRITING 12

Listening - Listening to longer technical talks and completing– gap filling exercises. Listening technical information from podcasts – Listening to process/event descriptions to identify cause & effects - Speaking – Describing and discussing the reasons of accidents or disasters based on news reports.
Reading - Reading longer technical texts– Cause and Effect Essays, and Letters / emails of complaint,
Writing - Writing responses to complaints.
Grammar - Active Passive Voice transformations, Infinitive and Gerunds Vocabulary – Word Formation (Noun-Verb-Adj-Adv), Adverbs.

UNIT III PROBLEM SOLVING 12

Listening – Listening to / Watching movie scenes/ documentaries depicting a technical problem and suggesting solutions.
Speaking – Group Discussion(based on case studies), - techniques and Strategies,
Reading - Case Studies, excerpts from literary texts, news reports etc.,
Writing – Letter to the Editor, Checklists, Problem solution essay / Argumentative Essay
Grammar -– Errorcorrection; If conditional sentences
Vocabulary - Compound Words, Sentence Completion.

UNIT IV REPORTING OF EVENTS AND RESEARCH 12

Listening – Listening Comprehension based on news reports – and documentaries – Precise writing, Summarising, Speaking –Interviewing, Presenting an oral report, Mini presentations on select topics; Reading –Newspaper articles; Writing – Recommendations, Transcoding, Accident Report, Survey Report Grammar – Reported Speech, Modals Vocabulary – Conjunctions- use of prepositions

UNIT V THE ABILITY TO PUT IDEAS OR INFORMATION COGENTLY 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks, Presentations, Formal job interviews, (analysis of the interview performance);
Speaking – Participating in a Role play, (interview/telephone interview), virtual interviews, Making presentations with visual aids;
Reading – Company profiles, Statement of Purpose, (SOP), an excerpt of interview with professionals; Writing – Job / Internship application – Cover letter & Resume; Grammar – Numerical adjectives, Relative Clauses Vocabulary – Idioms.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To compare and contrast products and ideas intechnical texts.
- To identify cause and effects in events, industrial processes through technical texts
- To analyse problems in order to arrive at feasible solutions and communicate them orally and in the written format.
- To report events and the processes of technical and industrial nature.
- To present their opinions in a planned and logical manner, and draft effective resumes in context of job search.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. English for Engineers & Technologists (2020 edition) Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University.
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press 2021.
   Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Raman. Meenakshi, Sharma. Sangeeta (2019). Professional English. Oxford university press. New Delhi.
2. Improve Your Writing ed. V.N. Arora and Laxmi Chandra, Oxford Univ. Press, 2001, NewDelhi.
3. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal. Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
4. Business Correspondence and Report Writing by Prof. R.C. Sharma & Krishna Mohan, Tata McGraw Hill & Co. Ltd., 2001, New Delhi.
5. Developing Communication Skills by Krishna Mohan, Meera Bannerji- Macmillan India Ltd. 1990, Delhi.

MA3251 STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS L T P C
3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- This course aims at providing the necessary basic concepts of a few statistical and numerical methods and give procedures for solving numerically different kinds of problems occurring in engineering and technology.
- To acquaint the knowledge of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of solving algebraic and transcendental equations.
- To introduce the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and numerical techniques of differentiation and integration which plays an important role in engineering and technology disciplines.
- To acquaint the knowledge of various techniques and methods of solving ordinary differential equations.

UNIT I TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS 9 + 3

Sampling distributions - Tests for single mean, proportion and difference of means (Large and small samples) – Tests for single variance and equality of variances – Chi square test for goodness of fit – Independence of attributes.

UNIT II DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS 9 + 3

One way and two way classifications - Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design - 2^2 factorial design.

UNIT III SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS 9 + 3

Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations - Fixed point iteration method – Newton Raphson method- Solution of linear system of equations - Gauss elimination method – Pivoting - Gauss Jordan method – Iterative methods of Gauss Jacobi and Gauss Seidel - Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method and Jacobi's method for symmetric matrices.

UNIT IV INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND NUMERICAL INTEGRATION 9 +3

Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolations – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivates using interpolation polynomials – Numerical single and double integrations using Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules.

UNIT V NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9 +3

Single step methods: Taylor's series method - Euler's method - Modified Euler's method - Fourth order Runge-Kutta method for solving first order differential equations - Multi step methods: Milne's and Adams - Bash forth predictor corrector methods for solving first order differential equations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Apply the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples in real life problems.
- Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments in the field of agriculture.
- Appreciate the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and apply the numerical techniques of differentiation and integration for engineering problems.

- Understand the knowledge of various techniques and methods for solving first and second order ordinary differential equations.
- Solve the partial and ordinary differential equations with initial and boundary conditions by using certain techniques with engineering applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Grewal, B.S., and Grewal, J.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science", Khanna Publishers, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2015.
2. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund J., “Miller and Freund’s Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 8th Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Burden, R.L and Faires, J.D, "Numerical Analysis”, 9th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2016.
2. Devore. J.L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences”, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2014.
3. Gerald. C.F. and Wheatley. P.O. "Applied Numerical Analysis” Pearson Education, Asia, New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2007.
4. Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V. K., “ Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics”, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 12th Edition, 2020.
5. Spiegel. M.R., Schiller. J. and Srinivasan. R.A., "Schaum’s Outlines on Probability and Statistics ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 4th Edition, 2012.
6. Walpole. R.E., Myers. R.H., Myers. S.L. and Ye. K., “Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2010.

PH3202	PHYSICS FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES :

- To make the students to understand the basics of dielectric materials and insulation.
- To understand the electrical properties of materials including free electron theory, applications of quantum mechanics and magnetic materials.
- To instil knowledge on physics of semiconductors, determination of charge carriers and device applications
- To establish a sound grasp of knowledge on different optical properties of materials, optical displays and applications
- To inculcate an idea of significance of nano structures, quantum confinement and ensuing nano device applications.

UNIT I DIELECTRIC MATERIALS AND INSULATION 9

Matter polarization and relative permittivity: definition – dipole moment and polarization vector P-polarization mechanisms: electronic, ionic, orientational, interfacial and total polarization – frequency dependence – local field and Causius-Mossetti equation – dielectric constant and dielectric loss – Gauss's law and boundary conditions – dielectric strength, introduction to insulation breakdown in gases, liquids and solids – capacitor materials – typical capacitor constructions – piezoelectricity, ferroelectricity and pyroelectricity – quartz oscillators and filters – piezo and pyroelectric crystals.

UNIT II ELECTRICAL AND MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classical free electron theory - Expression for electrical conductivity – Thermal conductivity, expression - Quantum free electron theory :Tunneling – degenerate states – Fermi- Dirac statistics – Density of energy states – Electron in periodic potential – Energy bands in solids – tight binding approximation - Electron effective mass – concept of hole. Magnetic materials: Dia, para and ferromagnetic effects – paramagnetism in the conduction electrons in metals – exchange interaction and ferromagnetism – quantum interference devices – GMR devices.

UNIT III SEMICONDUCTORS AND TRANSPORT PHYSICS 9

Intrinsic Semiconductors – Energy band diagram – direct and indirect band gap semiconductors – Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors – extrinsic semiconductors - Carrier concentration in N-type & P-type semiconductors – Variation of carrier concentration with temperature – Carrier transport in Semiconductors: Drift, mobility and diffusion – Hall effect and devices – Ohmic contacts – Schottky diode.

UNIT IV OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classification of optical materials – Optical processes in semiconductors: optical absorption and emission, charge injection and recombination, optical absorption, loss and gain. Optical processes in quantum wells – Optoelectronic devices: light detectors and solar cells – light emitting diode – laser diode - optical processes in organic semiconductor devices –excitonic state – Electro-optics and nonlinear optics: Modulators and switching devices – plasmonics.

UNIT V NANO DEVICES 9

Density of states for solids - Significance between Fermi energy and volume of the material – Quantum confinement – Quantum structures – Density of states for quantum wells, wires and dots – Band gap of nanomaterials –Tunneling – Single electron phenomena – Single electron Transistor. Conductivity of metallic nanowires – Ballistic transport – Quantum resistance and conductance –

Carbon nanotubes: Properties and applications - Spintronic devices and applications – Optics in quantum structures – quantum well laser.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students should be able to

- know basics of dielectric materials and insulation.
- gain knowledge on the electrical and magnetic properties of materials and their applications
- understand clearly of semiconductor physics and functioning of semiconductor devices
- understand the optical properties of materials and working principles of various optical devices
- appreciate the importance of nanotechnology and nanodevices.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S.O. Kasap. Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices, McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.
2. R.F.Pierret. Semiconductor Device Fundamentals. Pearson (Indian Edition), 2006.
3. G.W.Hanson. Fundamentals of Nanoelectronics. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.

REFERENCES:

1 .Laszlo Solymar, Walsh, Donald, Syms and Richard R.A., Electrical Properties of Materials, Oxford Univ. Press (Indian Edition) 2015.
2. Jasprit Singh, Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2019.
3. Charles Kittel, Introduction to Solid State Physics, Wiley India Edition, 2019.
4. Mark Fox, Optical Properties of Solids, Oxford Univ.Press, 2001.
5. Parag K. Lala, Quantum Computing: A Beginner's Introduction, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.

BE3255	BASIC CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide the students an illustration of the significance of the Civil and Mechanical Engineering Profession in satisfying the societal needs.
- To help students acquire knowledge in the basics of surveying and the materials used for construction.
- To provide an insight to the essentials of components of a building and the infrastructure facilities.
- To explain the component of power plant units and detailed explanation to IC engines their working principles.
- To explain the Refrigeration & Air-conditioning system.

UNIT I PART A: OVERVIEW OF CIVIL ENGINEERING 5

Civil Engineering contributions to the welfare of Society - Specialized sub disciplines in Civil Engineering – Structural, Construction, Geotechnical, Environmental, Transportation and Water

Resources Engineering – National building code – terminologists: Plinth area, Carpet area, Floor area, Buildup area, Floor space index - Types of buildings: Residential buildings, Industrial buildings.

UNIT I PART B: OVERVIEW OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 4

Overview of Mechanical Engineering - Mechanical Engineering Contributions to the welfare of Society –Specialized sub disciplines in Mechanical Engineering – Manufacturing, Automation, Automobile and Energy Engineering - Interdisciplinary concepts in Mechanical Engineering.

UNIT II SURVEYING AND CIVIL ENGINEERING MATERIALS 9

Surveying: Objects – Classification – Principles – Measurements of Distances and angles – Leveling – Determination of areas– Contours.

Civil Engineering Materials: Bricks – Stones – Sand – Cement – Concrete – Steel - Timber - Modern Materials, Thermal and Acoustic Insulating Materials, Decorative Panels, Water Proofing Materials. Modern uses of Gypsum, Pre-fabricated Building component (brief discussion only)

UNIT III BUILDING COMPONENTS AND INFRASTRUCTURE 9

Building plans – Setting out of a Building - Foundations: Types of foundations - Bearing capacity and settlement – Brick masonry – Stone Masonry – Beams – Columns – Lintels – Roofing – Flooring – Plastering.

Types of Bridges and Dams – Water Supply Network - Rain Water Harvesting – Solid Waste Management - Introduction to Highways and Railways - Introduction to Green Buildings.

UNIT IV INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES AND POWER PLANTS 9

Classification of Power Plants- Working principle of steam, Gas, Diesel, Hydro -electric and Nuclear Power plants- Internal combustion engines as automobile power plant – Working principle of Petrol and Diesel Engines – Four stroke and two stroke cycles – Comparison of four stroke and two stroke engines. Working principle of Boilers-Turbines, Reciprocating Pumps (single acting and double acting) and Centrifugal Pumps, Concept of hybrid engines. Industrial safety practices and protective devices

UNIT V REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM 9

Terminology of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning. Principle of vapour compression and absorption system–Layout of typical domestic refrigerator–Window and Split type room Air conditioner. Properties of air - water mixture, concepts of psychometric and its process.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understanding profession of Civil and Mechanical engineering.
CO2: Summarise the planning of building, infrastructure and working of Machineries.
CO3: Apply the knowledge gained in respective discipline
CO4: Illustrate the ideas of Civil and Mechanical Engineering applications.
CO5: Appraise the material, Structures, machines and energy.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. G Shanmugam, M S Palanichamy, Basic Civil and Mechanical Engineering, McGraw Hill Education; First edition, 2018

REFERENCES:

1. Palanikumar, K. Basic Mechanical Engineering, ARS Publications, 2018.
2. Ramamrutham S., "Basic Civil Engineering", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Co.(P) Ltd, 2013.
3. Seetharaman S., "Basic Civil Engineering", Anuradha Agencies, 2005.
4. Shantha Kumar SRJ., "Basic Mechanical Engineering", Hi-tech Publications, Mayiladuthurai, 2000.

GE3251 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS L T P C
2 0 4 4

OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

1. Drawing engineering curves.
2. Drawing freehand sketch of simple objects.
3. Drawing orthographic projection of solids and section of solids.
4. Drawing development of solids
5. Drawing isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

Importance of graphics in engineering applications — Use of drafting instruments — BIS conventions and specifications — Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets — Lettering and dimensioning.

UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREEHAND SKETCHING 6+12

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics — Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method — Construction of cycloid — construction of involutes of square and circle — Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves.

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACE 6+12

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces. Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS 6+12

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes and parallel to the other by rotating object method. Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles —Representation of Three Dimensional objects — Layout of views- Freehand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software(Not for examination)

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES 6 +12

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other — obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids — Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software(Not for examination)

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS 6+12

Principles of isometric projection — isometric scale —Isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions - Perspective projection of simple solids-Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of isometric projection of simple objects by CAD Software(Not for examination)

TOTAL: (L=30+P=60) 90 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Use BIS conventions and specifications for engineering drawing.
- Construct the conic curves, involutes and cycloid.
- Solve practical problems involving projection of lines.
- Draw the orthographic, isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.
- Draw the development of simple solids.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 53rd Edition, 2019.
2. Natrajan K.V., "A Text Book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2018.
3. Parthasarathy, N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Drawing", Oxford University Press, 2015

REFERENCES:

1. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2019.
2. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Publications, Bangalore, 27th Edition,2017.
3. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff,John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Parthasarathy N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Graphics", Oxford University, Press, New Delhi, 2015.
5. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson Education India, 2nd Edition, 2009.
6. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

1. IS 10711 — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Size and lay out of drawing sheets.
2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Lettering.
3. IS 10714 (Part 20) — 2001 & SP 46 — 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
4. IS 11669 — 1986 & SP 46 —2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) — 2001: Technical drawings — Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitted to use appropriate scale to fit solution within A3 size.
4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

EE3251 ELECTRIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce electric circuits and its analysis
- To provide key concepts to analyze and understand electrical circuits
- To impart knowledge on solving circuit equations using network theorems
- To educate on obtaining the transient response of circuits.
- To introduce the phenomenon of resonance in coupled circuits.
- To introduce Phasor diagrams and analysis of single &three phase circuits

UNIT I BASIC CIRCUITS ANALYSIS 9+3

Fundamentals concepts of R, L and C elements-Energy Sources- Ohm's Law -Kirchhoff 's Laws – DC Circuits – Resistors in series and parallel circuits - A.C Circuits – Average and RMS Value – Complex Impedance – Phasor diagram - Real and Reactive Power, Power Factor, Energy -Mesh current and node voltage methods of analysis D.C and A.C Circuits.

UNIT II NETWORK REDUCTION AND THEOREMS FOR DC AND AC CIRCUITS 9+3

Network reduction: voltage and current division, source transformation – star delta conversion. Theorems – Superposition, Thevenin's and Norton's Theorem – Maximum power transfer theorem – Reciprocity Theorem – Millman's theorem- Tellegen's Theorem-Statement, application to DC and AC Circuits.

UNIT III TRANSIENT RESPONSE ANALYSIS 9+3

Introduction – Laplace transforms and inverse Laplace transforms- standard test signals -Transient response of RL, RC and RLC circuits using Laplace transform for Source free, Step input and Sinusoidal input.

UNIT IV RESONANCE AND COUPLED CIRCUITS 9+3

Series and parallel resonance –frequency response – Quality factor and Bandwidth – Self and mutual inductance – Coefficient of coupling – Dot rule-Analysis of coupled circuits– Single Tuned circuits..

UNIT V THREE PHASE CIRCUITS 9+3

Analysis of three phase 3-wire and 4-wire circuits with star and delta connected loads, balanced and unbalanced – phasor diagram of voltages and currents – power measurement in three phase circuits– Power Factor Calculations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Explain circuit's behavior using circuit laws.
CO2: Apply mesh analysis/ nodal analysis / network theorems to determine behavior of the given DC and AC circuit
CO3: Compute the transient response of first order and second order systems to step and sinusoidal input
CO4: Compute power, line/ phase voltage and currents of the given three phase circuit
CO5: Explain the frequency response of series and parallel RLC circuits
CO6: Explain the behavior of magnetically coupled circuits.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. William H. HaytJr, Jack E. Kemmerly and Steven M. Durbin, “Engineering Circuits Analysis”, McGraw Hill publishers, 9th edition, New Delhi, 2020.
2. Charles K. Alexander, Mathew N.O. Sadiku, “Fundamentals of Electric Circuits”, Second Edition, McGraw Hill, 2019.
3. Allan H. Robbins, Wilhelm C. Miller, “Circuit Analysis Theory and Practice”, Cengage Learning India, 2013.

REFERENCES

1. Chakrabarti A, “Circuits Theory (Analysis and synthesis), Dhanpat Rai& Sons, New Delhi, 2020.
2 Joseph A. Edminister, Mahmood Nahvi, “Electric circuits”, Schaum’s series, McGraw-Hill, First Edition, 2019.
4. M E Van Valkenburg, “Network Analysis”,Prentice-Hall of India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2015.
5. Richard C. Dorf and James A. Svoboda, “Introduction to Electric Circuits”, 7th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2018.
6. Sudhakar A and Shyam Mohan SP, “Circuits and Networks Analysis and Synthesis”, McGraw Hill, 2015.

NCC Credit Course Level 1*

NX3251	(ARMY WING) NCC Credit Course Level - I	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

NCC Credit Course Level 1*

NX3252	(NAVAL WING) NCC Credit Course Level - I	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

NCC Credit Course Level 1*

NX3253	(AIR FORCE WING) NCC Credit Course Level - I	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1
	TOTAL : 30 PERIODS	

GE3271 **ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY** **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to provide hands on training to the students in:

1. Drawing pipe line plan; laying and connecting various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Sawing; planing; making joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
2. Wiring various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Welding various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machining various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assembling simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Making a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Soldering and testing simple electronic circuits; Assembling and testing simple electronic components on PCB.

GROUP – A (CIVIL & ELECTRICAL)

PART I **CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICES** **15**

PLUMBING WORK:

a) Connecting various basic pipe fittings like valves, taps, coupling, unions, reducers, elbows and other components which are commonly used in household.
b) Preparing plumbing line sketches.
c) Laying pipe connection to the suction side of a pump
d) Laying pipe connection to the delivery side of a pump.
e) Connecting pipes of different materials: Metal, plastic and flexible pipes used in household appliances.

WOOD WORK:

a) Sawing,
b) Planing and
c) Making joints like T-Joint, Mortise joint and Tenon joint and Dovetail joint.

Wood Work Study:

a) Studying joints in door panels and wooden furniture
b) Studying common industrial trusses using models.

PART II **ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES** **15**

a) Introduction to switches, fuses, indicators and lamps - Basic switch board wiring with lamp, fan and three pin socket
b) Staircase wiring
c) Fluorescent Lamp wiring with introduction to CFL and LED types.
d) Energy meter wiring and related calculations/ calibration
e) Study of Iron Box wiring and assembly
f) Study of Fan Regulator (Resistor type and Electronic type using Diac/Triac/quadrac)
g) Study of emergency lamp wiring/Water heater

GROUP – B (MECHANICAL AND ELECTRONICS)

PART III MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

WELDING WORK:

a) Welding of Butt Joints, Lap Joints, and Tee Joints using arc welding.
b) Practicing gas welding.

BASIC MACHINING WORK:

a) (simple)Turning.
b) (simple)Drilling.
c) (simple)Tapping.

ASSEMBLY WORK:

a) Assembling a centrifugal pump.
b) Assembling a household mixer.
c) Assembling an airconditioner.

SHEET METAL WORK:

a) Making of a square tray

FOUNDRY WORK:

a) Demonstrating basic foundry operations.

PART IV ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

SOLDERING WORK:

a) Soldering simple electronic circuits and checking continuity.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY AND TESTING WORK:

a) Assembling and testing electronic components on a small PCB.

ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT STUDY:

a) Study an elements of smart phone.
b) Assembly and dismantle of LED TV.
c) Assembly and dismantle of computer/ laptop

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Draw pipe line plan; lay and connect various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Saw; plan; make joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
2. Wire various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Weld various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machine various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assemble simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Make a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Solder and test simple electronic circuits; Assemble and test simple electronic components on PCB.

EE3271 **ELECTRIC CIRCUITS LABORATORY** **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

- To simulate various electric circuits using Pspice/ Matlab/e-Sim / Scilab
- To gain practical experience on electric circuits and verification of theorems

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Familiarization of various electrical components, sources and measuring instruments

1. Simulation and experimental verification of series and parallel electrical circuit using fundamental laws.
2. Simulation and experimental verification of electrical circuit problems using Thevenin's theorem.
3. Simulation and experimental verification of electrical circuit problems using Norton's theorem.
4. Simulation and experimental verification of electrical circuit problems using Superposition theorem.
5. Simulation and experimental verification of Maximum Power transfer theorem.
6. Simulation and Experimental validation of R-C,R-L and RLC electric circuit transients
7. Simulation and Experimental validation of frequency response of RLC electric circuit.
8. Design and implementation of series and parallel resonance circuit.
9. Simulation and experimental verification of three phase balanced and unbalanced star, delta networks circuit (Power and Power factor calculations).

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Use simulation and experimental methods to verify the fundamental electrical laws for the given DC/AC circuit (Ex 1)
- Use simulation and experimental methods to verify the various electrical theorems (Superposition, Thevenin , Norton and maximum power transfer) for the given DC/AC circuit (Ex 2-5)
- Analyze transient behavior of the given RL/RC/RLC circuit using simulation and experimental methods (Ex 6)
- Analyze frequency response of the given series and parallel RLC circuit using simulation and experimentation methods (Ex 7-8)
- Analyze the performance of the given three-phase circuit using simulation and experimental methods (Ex 9)

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON-AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY
B. E. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
REGULATIONS 2021
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I AND II SEMESTERS (FULL TIME) CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

SEMESTER I

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE - GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	IP3151	Induction Programme	-	-	-	-	-	0
THEORY								
2.	HS3151	Professional English - I	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	MA3151	Matrices and Calculus	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
4.	PH3151	Engineering Physics	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CY3151	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	GE3151	Problem Solving and Python Programming	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICAL								
7	GE3171	Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
8	BS3171	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	BSC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**15**	**2**	**8**	**25**	**21**

SEMESTER II

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE - GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	HS3251	Professional English - II	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	MA3251	Statistics and Numerical Methods	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	PH3251	Materials Science	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	BE3251	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	GE3251	Engineering Graphics	ESC	2	0	4	6	4
6.		NCC Credit Course Level 1*	-	2	0	0	2	2
PRACTICAL								
7.	GE3271	Engineering Practices Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
8.	BE3271	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**14**	**2**	**12**	**28**	**22**

***NCC Credit Course level 1 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA.

IP3151 **INDUCTION PROGRAMME**

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective:

“Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed.”

“One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character. “

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

(i) Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(ii) Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it everyday for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(iii) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, take decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and dont's, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing.
Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(iv) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(v) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(vi) Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(vii) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the under privileged.

(viii) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(ix) Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering /Technology/Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.

References:
Guide to Induction program from AICTE

HS3151 PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - I L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To help learners use language effectively in academic /work contexts
- To build on students' English language skills by engaging them in listening, speaking and grammar learning activities that are relevant to authentic contexts.
- To develop learners' ability to read and write complex texts, summaries, articles, blogs, definitions, essays and user manuals.
- To use language efficiently in expressing their opinions via various media.

INTRODUCTION TO EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION 1

- What is effective communication? (There are many interesting activities for this.)
- Why is communication critical for excellence during study, research and work?
- What are the seven C's of effective communication?
- What are key language skills?
- What is effective listening? What does it involve?
- What is effective speaking?
- What does it mean to be an excellent reader? What should you be able to do?
- What is effective writing?
- How does one develop language and communication skills?
- What does the course focus on? How are communication and language skills going to be enhanced during this course? What do you as a learner need to do to enhance your English language and communication skills to get the best out of this course?

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION 11

Listening –for general information-specific details- conversation: Introduction to classmates - Audio / video (formal & informal); Telephone conversation; Listening to voicemail & messages; Listening and filling a form

Speaking - Self Introduction; Introducing a friend; Conversation - politeness strategies; Telephone conversation; Leave a voicemail; Leave a message with another person; asking for information to fill details in a form.

Reading - Reading brochures (technical context), telephone messages / social media messages relevant to technical contexts and emails.

Writing - Writing emails / letters introducing oneself

Grammar - Present Tense (simple and progressive); Question types: Wh/ Yes or No/ and Tags

Vocabulary - Synonyms; One word substitution; Abbreviations & Acronyms (as used in technical contexts).

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION 12

Listening - Listening to podcast, anecdotes / stories / event narration; documentaries and interviews with celebrities.

Speaking - Narrating personal experiences / events; Interviewing a celebrity; Reporting / and summarizing of documentaries / podcasts/ interviews.

Reading - Reading biographies, travelogues, newspaper reports, Excerpts from literature, and travel & technical blogs.

Writing - Guided writing-- Paragraph writing Short Report on an event (field trip etc.)

Grammar –Past tense (simple); Subject-Verb Agreement; and Prepositions

Vocabulary - Word forms (prefixes& suffixes); Synonyms and Antonyms. Phrasal verbs.

UNIT III DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT 12

Listening - Listen to a product and process descriptions; a classroom lecture; and advertisements about a products.

Speaking – Picture description; giving instruction to use the product; Presenting a product; and Summarizing a lecture.

Reading – Reading advertisements, gadget reviews; user manuals.

Writing - Writing definitions; instructions; and Product /Process description.
Grammar - Imperatives; Adjectives; Degrees of comparison; Present & Past Perfect Tenses.
Vocabulary - Compound Nouns, Homonyms; and Homophones, discourse markers (connectives & sequence words)

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks; Scientific lectures; and educational videos.
Speaking – Small Talk; Mini presentations and making recommendations.
Reading – Newspaper articles; Journal reports –and Non Verbal Communication (tables, pie charts etc,.)
Writing – Note-making / Note-taking (*Study skills to be taught, not tested; Writing recommendations; Transferring information from nonverbal (chart, graph etc, to verbal mode)
Grammar – Articles; Pronouns - Possessive & Relative pronouns.
Vocabulary - Collocations; Fixed / Semi fixed expressions.

UNIT V EXPRESSION 12

Listening – Listening to debates/ discussions; different viewpoints on an issue; and panel discussions.
Speaking –group discussions, Debates and Expressing opinions through Simulations & Role play.
Reading – Reading editorials; and Opinion Blogs;
Writing – Essay Writing (Descriptive or narrative).
Grammar – Future Tenses, Punctuation; Negation (Statements & Questions); and Simple, Compound & Complex Sentences.
Vocabulary - Cause & Effect Expressions – Content vs Function words.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To listen and comprehend complex academic texts
- To read and infer the denotative and connotative meanings of technical texts
- To write definitions, descriptions, narrations and essays on various topics
- To speak fluently and accurately in formal and informal communicative contexts
- To express their opinions effectively in both oral and written medium of communication

TEXT BOOKS:

1. English for Engineers & Technologists Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University, (2020 edition)
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press, 2021.
   Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Technical Communication – Principles And Practices By Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford Univ. Press, 2016, New Delhi.
2. A Course Book on Technical English By Lakshmi Narayanan, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
3. English For Technical Communication (With CD) By Aysha Viswamohan, Mcgraw Hill Education, ISBN : 0070264244.
4. Effective Communication Skill, Kulbhusan Kumar, R S Salaria, Khanna Publishing House.
5. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal, Allied Publishing House, New Delhi, 2003.

MA3151 **MATRICES AND CALCULUS** **L T P C**
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that is needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To familiarize the students with differential calculus.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches of engineering.
- To make the students understand various techniques of integration.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their applications.

UNIT - I MATRICES 9 + 3

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley - Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices by orthogonal transformation – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms – Applications: Stretching of an elastic membrane.

UNIT - II DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS 9 + 3

Representation of functions - Limit of a function - Continuity - Derivatives - Differentiation rules (sum, product, quotient, chain rules) - Implicit differentiation - Logarithmic differentiation - Applications : Maxima and Minima of functions of one variable.

UNIT - III FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES 9 + 3

Partial differentiation – Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem – Total derivative – Change of variables – Jacobians – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Applications : Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT - IV INTEGRAL CALCULUS 9 + 3

Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration: Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals - Applications: Hydrostatic force and pressure, moments and centres of mass.

UNIT - V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS 9 + 3

Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple integrals – Volume of solids – Change of variables in double and triple integrals – Applications: Moments and centres of mass, moment of inertia.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Use the matrix algebra methods for solving practical problems.
- Apply differential calculus tools in solving various application problems.
- Able to use differential calculus ideas on several variable functions.
- Apply different methods of integration in solving practical problems.
- Apply multiple integral ideas in solving areas, volumes and other practical problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kreyszig.E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Grewal.B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44th Edition, 2018.
3. James Stewart, "Calculus: Early Transcendentals", Cengage Learning, 8th Edition, New Delhi, 2015. [For Units II & IV - Sections 1.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.7 (Tangents problems only), 2.8, 3.1 to 3.6, 3.11, 4.1, 4.3, 5.1 (Area problems only), 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 (excluding net change theorem), 5.5, 7.1 - 7.4 and 7.8].

REFERENCES:

1. Anton. H, Bivens. I and Davis. S, " Calculus ", Wiley, 10th Edition, 2016
2. Bali. N., Goyal. M. and Watkins. C., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.,), New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2009.
3. Jain. R.K. and Iyengar. S.R.K., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2016.
4. Narayanan. S. and Manicavachagom Pillai. T. K., “Calculus" Volume I and II, S. Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2009.
5. Ramana. B.V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.
6. Srimantha Pal and Bhunia. S.C, "Engineering Mathematics” Oxford University Press, 2015.
7. Thomas. G. B., Hass. J, and Weir. M.D, "Thomas Calculus ", 14th Edition, Pearson India, 2018.

PH3151 ENGINEERING PHYSICS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To make the students effectively to achieve an understanding of mechanics.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge of electromagnetic waves and its applications.
- To introduce the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Equipping the students to be successfully understand the importance of quantum physics.
- To motivate the students towards the applications of quantum mechanics.

UNIT I MECHANICS 9

Multi-particle dynamics: Center of mass (CM) – CM of continuous bodies – motion of the CM – kinetic energy of system of particles. Rotation of rigid bodies: Rotational kinematics – rotational kinetic energy and moment of inertia - theorems of M .I –moment of inertia of continuous bodies – M.I of a diatomic molecule - torque – rotational dynamics of rigid bodies – conservation of angular momentum – rotational energy state of a rigid diatomic molecule - gyroscope - torsional pendulum – double pendulum –Introduction to nonlinear oscillations.

UNIT II ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES 9

The Maxwell’s equations - wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field - properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - polarization - Producing electromagnetic waves - Energy and momentum in EM waves: Intensity, waves from localized sources, momentum and radiation pressure - Cell-phone reception. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

UNIT III OSCILLATIONS, OPTICS AND LASERS 9

Simple harmonic motion - resonance –analogy between electrical and mechanical oscillating systems - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave - sound waves - Doppler effect. Reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference –Michelson interferometer –Theory of air wedge and experiment. Theory of laser - characteristics - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Einstein’s coefficients - population inversion - Nd-YAG laser, CO_2 laser, semiconductor laser –Basic applications of lasers in industry.

UNIT IV BASIC QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

Photons and light waves - Electrons and matter waves –Compton effect - The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) - meaning of wave function - Normalization –Free particle - particle in a infinite potential well: 1D,2D and 3D Boxes- Normalization, probabilities and the correspondence principle.

UNIT V APPLIED QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

The harmonic oscillator(qualitative)- Barrier penetration and quantum tunneling(qualitative)- Tunneling microscope - Resonant diode - Finite potential wells (qualitative)- Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential –Basics of Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Understand the importance of mechanics.
- Express their knowledge in electromagnetic waves.
- Demonstrate a strong foundational knowledge in oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Understand the importance of quantum physics.
- Comprehend and apply quantum mechanical principles towards the formation of energy bands.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow. An Introduction to Mechanics. McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2017.
2. E.M.Purcell and D.J.Morin, Electricity and Magnetism, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2013.
3. Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S. Rai Choudhury, Concepts of Modern Physics, McGraw-Hill (Indian Edition), 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Wolfson. Essential University Physics. Volume 1 & 2. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.
2. Paul A. Tipler, Physic – Volume 1 & 2, CBS, (Indian Edition), 2004.
3. K.Thyagarajan and A.Ghatak. Lasers: Fundamentals and Applications, Laxmi Publications, (Indian Edition), 2019.
4. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker. Principles of Physics, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2015.
5. N.Garcia, A.Damask and S.Schwarz. Physics for Computer Science Students. Springer-Verlag, 2012.

CY3151 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate sound understanding of water quality parameters and water treatment techniques.
- To impart knowledge on the basic principles and preparatory methods of nanomaterials.
- To introduce the basic concepts and applications of phase rule and composites.
- To facilitate the understanding of different types of fuels, their preparation, properties and combustion characteristics.
- To familiarize the students with the operating principles, working processes and applications of energy conversion and storage devices.

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT 9

Water: Sources and impurities, Water quality parameters: Definition and significance of-color, odour, turbidity, pH, hardness, alkalinity, TDS, COD and BOD, flouride and arsenic. Municipal water treatment: primary treatment and disinfection (UV, Ozonation, break-point chlorination). Desalination of brackish water: Reverse Osmosis. Boiler troubles: Scale and sludge, Boiler corrosion, Caustic embrittlement, Priming &foaming. Treatment of boiler feed water: Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) and External treatment – Ion exchange demineralization and zeolite process.

UNIT II NANOCHEMISTRY 9

Basics: Distinction between molecules, nanomaterials and bulk materials; Size-dependent properties (optical, electrical, mechanical and magnetic); Types of nanomaterials: Definition, properties and uses of – nanoparticle, nanocluster, nanorod, nanowire and nanotube. Preparation of nanomaterials: sol-gel, solvothermal, laser ablation, chemical vapour deposition, electrochemical deposition and electro spinning. Applications of nanomaterials in medicine, agriculture, energy, electronics and catalysis.

UNIT III PHASE RULE AND COMPOSITES 9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples. One component system - water system; Reduced phase rule; Construction of a simple eutectic phase diagram - Thermal analysis; Two component system: lead-silver system - Pattinson process.

Composites: Introduction: Definition & Need for composites; Constitution: Matrix materials (Polymer matrix, metal matrix and ceramic matrix) and Reinforcement (fiber, particulates, flakes and whiskers). Properties and applications of: Metal matrix composites (MMC), Ceramic matrix composites and Polymer matrix composites. Hybrid composites - definition and examples.

UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION 9

Fuels: Introduction: Classification of fuels; Coal and coke: Analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate), Carbonization, Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method). Petroleum and Diesel: Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process), Knocking - octane number, diesel oil - cetane number; Power alcohol and biodiesel.

Combustion of fuels: Introduction: Calorific value - higher and lower calorific values, Theoretical calculation of calorific value; Ignition temperature: spontaneous ignition temperature, Explosive range; Flue gas analysis - ORSAT Method. CO_2 emission and carbon foot print.

UNIT V ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES 9

Stability of nucleus: mass defect (problems), binding energy; Nuclear energy: light water nuclear power plant, breeder reactor. Solar energy conversion: Principle, working and applications of solar cells; Recent developments in solar cell materials. Wind energy; Geothermal energy; Batteries: Types of batteries, Primary battery - dry cell, Secondary battery - lead acid battery and lithium-ion-battery; Electric vehicles – working principles; Fuel cells: H_2-O_2 fuel cell, microbial fuel cell; Supercapacitors: Storage principle, types and examples.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the students will be able:

- To infer the quality of water from quality parameter data and propose suitable treatment methodologies to treat water.
- To identify and apply basic concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology in designing the synthesis of nanomaterials for engineering and technology applications.
- To apply the knowledge of phase rule and composites for material selection requirements.
- To recommend suitable fuels for engineering processes and applications.
- To recognize different forms of energy resources and apply them for suitable applications in energy sectors.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, “Engineering Chemistry”, 17th Edition, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2018.
2. Sivasankar B., “Engineering Chemistry”, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
3. S.S. Dara, “A Text book of Engineering Chemistry”, S. Chand Publishing, 12th Edition, 2018.

REFERENCES:
1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath and James Murday, “Text book of nanoscience and nanotechnology”, Universities Press-IIM Series in Metallurgy and Materials Science, 2018.
2. O.G. Palanna, “Engineering Chemistry” McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2017.
3. Friedrich Emich, “Engineering Chemistry”, Scientific International PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2014.
4. ShikhaAgarwal, “Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications”, Cambridge University Press, Delhi, Second Edition, 2019.
5. O.V. Roussak and H.D. Gesser, Applied Chemistry-A Text Book for Engineers and Technologists, Springer Science Business Media, New York, 2nd Edition, 2013.

GE3151 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:
- To understand the basics of algorithmic problem solving.
- To learn to solve problems using Python conditionals and loops.
- To define Python functions and use function calls to solve problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries to represent complex data.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

UNIT I COMPUTATIONAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Fundamentals of Computing – Identification of Computational Problems -Algorithms, building blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion). Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.

UNIT II DATA TYPES, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS 9

Python interpreter and interactive mode, debugging; values and types: int, float, boolean, string, and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; Illustrative programs: exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points.

UNIT III CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS, STRINGS 9

Conditionals: Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else), chained conditional (if-elif-else); Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values, parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices, immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search.

UNIT IV LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES 9

Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing - list comprehension; Illustrative programs: simple sorting, histogram, Students marks statement, Retail bill preparation.

UNIT V FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES 9

Files and exception: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file, Voter’s age validation, Marks range validation (0-100).

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems.
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Write simple Python programs using conditionals and looping for solving problems.
CO4: Decompose a Python program into functions.
CO5: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries etc.
CO6: Read and write data from/to files in Python programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data", Third Edition, MIT Press 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

GE3171 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the problem solving approaches.
- To learn the basic programming constructs in Python.
- To practice various computing strategies for Python-based solutions to real world problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The examples suggested in each experiment are only indicative. The lab instructor is expected to design other problems on similar lines. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments listed here.

1. Identification and solving of simple real life or scientific or technical problems, and developing flow charts for the same. (Electricity Billing, Retail shop billing, Sin series, weight of a motorbike, Weight of a steel bar, compute Electrical Current in Three Phase AC Circuit, etc.)
2. Python programming using simple statements and expressions (exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points).
3. Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops. (Number series, Number Patterns, pyramid pattern)

4. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Lists, Tuples. (Items present in a library/Components of a car/ Materials required for construction of a building –operations of list & tuples)
5. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Sets, Dictionaries. (Language, components of an automobile, Elements of a civil structure, etc.- operations of Sets & Dictionaries)
6. Implementing programs using Functions. (Factorial, largest number in a list, area of shape)
7. Implementing programs using Strings. (reverse, palindrome, character count, replacing characters)
8. Implementing programs using written modules and Python Standard Libraries (pandas, numpy. Matplotlib, scipy)
9. Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling. (copy from one file to another, word count, longest word)
10. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling. (divide by zero error, voter's age validity, student mark range validation)
11. Exploring Pygame tool.
12. Developing a game activity using Pygame like bouncing ball, car race etc.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Implement programs in Python using conditionals and loops for solving problems.
CO4: Deploy functions to decompose a Python program.
CO5: Process compound data using Python data structures.
CO6: Utilize Python packages in developing software applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python : How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data'', Third Edition, MIT Press, 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

BS3171 PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

PHYSICS LABORATORY: (Any Seven Experiments)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the proper use of various kinds of physics laboratory equipment.
- To learn how data can be collected, presented and interpreted in a clear and concise manner.
- To learn problem solving skills related to physics principles and interpretation of experimental data.
- To determine error in experimental measurements and techniques used to minimize such error.
- To make the student as an active participant in each part of all lab exercises.

1. Torsional pendulum - Determination of rigidity modulus of wire and moment of inertia of regular and irregular objects.
2. Simple harmonic oscillations of cantilever.
3. Non-uniform bending - Determination of Young's modulus
4. Uniform bending – Determination of Young's modulus
5. Laser- Determination of the wave length of the laser using grating
6. Air wedge - Determination of thickness of a thin sheet/wire
7. a) Optical fibre -Determination of Numerical Aperture and acceptance angle
   b) Compact disc- Determination of width of the groove using laser.
8. Acoustic grating- Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids.
9. Ultrasonic interferometer – determination of the velocity of sound and compressibility of liquids
10. Post office box -Determination of Band gap of a semiconductor.
11. Photoelectric effect
12. Michelson Interferometer.
13. Melde's string experiment
14. Experiment with lattice dynamics kit.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to

- Understand the functioning of various physics laboratory equipment.
- Use graphical models to analyze laboratory data.
- Use mathematical models as a medium for quantitative reasoning and describing physical reality.
- Access, process and analyze scientific information.
- Solve problems individually and collaboratively.

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY: (Any seven experiments to be conducted)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate experimental skills to test basic understanding of water quality parameters, such as, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, DO, chloride and copper.
- To induce the students to familiarize with electroanalytical techniques such as, pH metry, potentiometry and conductometry in the determination of impurities in aqueous solutions.
- To demonstrate the analysis of metals and alloys.
- To demonstrate the synthesis of nanoparticles

1. Preparation of Na_2CO_3 as a primary standard and estimation of acidity of a water sample using the primary standard
2. Determination of types and amount of alkalinity in water sample.
   - Split the first experiment into two
3. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method.
4. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
5. Determination of chloride content of water sample by Argentometric method.
6. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by Iodometry.
7. Estimation of TDS of a water sample by gravimetry.
8. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
9. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter.
10. Conductometric titration of barium chloride against sodium sulphate (precipitation titration)
11. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
12. Estimation of sodium /potassium present in water using flame photometer.
13. Preparation of nanoparticles (TiO_2/ZnO/CuO) by Sol-Gel method.
14. Estimation of Nickel in steel
15. Proximate analysis of Coal

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- To analyse the quality of water samples with respect to their acidity, alkalinity, hardness and DO.
- To determine the amount of metal ions through volumetric and spectroscopic techniques
- To analyse and determine the composition of alloys.
- To learn simple method of synthesis of nanoparticles
- To quantitatively analyse the impurities in solution by electroanalytical techniques

TEXT BOOK:

1. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas and B. Sivasankar, Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (2009).

HS3251 PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - II

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To engage learners in meaningful language activities to improve their LSRW skills
- To enhance learners' awareness of general rules of writing for specific audiences
- To help learners understand the purpose, audience, contexts of different types of writing
- To develop analytical thinking skills for problem solving in communicative contexts
- To demonstrate an understanding of job applications and interviews for internship and placements

UNIT I MAKING COMPARISONS **12**

Listening – Evaluative Listening: Advertisements, Product Descriptions, -Audio / video; Listening and filling a Graphic Organiser (Choosing a product or service by comparison)
Speaking – Marketing a product, Persuasive Speech Techniques.
Reading - Reading advertisements, user manuals, brochures;

Writing – Professional emails, Email etiquette - Compare and Contrast Essay; Grammar – Mixed Tenses, Prepositional phrases
Vocabulary – Contextual meaning of words

UNIT II EXPRESSING CAUSAL RELATIONS IN SPEAKING AND WRITING 12

Listening - Listening to longer technical talks and completing– gap filling exercises. Listening technical information from podcasts – Listening to process/event descriptions to identify cause & effects - Speaking – Describing and discussing the reasons of accidents or disasters based on news reports.
Reading - Reading longer technical texts– Cause and Effect Essays, and Letters / emails of complaint,
Writing - Writing responses to complaints.
Grammar - Active Passive Voice transformations, Infinitive and Gerunds Vocabulary – Word Formation (Noun-Verb-Adj-Adv), Adverbs.

UNIT III PROBLEM SOLVING 12

Listening – Listening to / Watching movie scenes/ documentaries depicting a technical problem and suggesting solutions.
Speaking – Group Discussion (based on case studies), - techniques and Strategies,
Reading - Case Studies, excerpts from literary texts, news reports etc.
Writing – Letter to the Editor, Checklists, Problem solution essay / Argumentative Essay
Grammar – Error correction; If conditional sentences
Vocabulary - Compound Words, Sentence Completion.

UNIT IV REPORTING OF EVENTS AND RESEARCH 12

Listening – Listening Comprehension based on news reports – and documentaries – Precis writing, Summarising, Speaking – Interviewing, Presenting an oral report, Mini presentations on select topics;
Reading –Newspaper articles; Writing – Recommendations, Transcoding, Accident Report, Survey Report Grammar – Reported Speech, Modals Vocabulary – Conjunctions- use of prepositions

UNIT V THE ABILITY TO PUT IDEAS OR INFORMATION COGENTLY 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks, Presentations, Formal job interviews, (analysis of the interview performance);
Speaking – Participating in a Role play, (interview/telephone interview), virtual interviews, Making presentations with visual aids;
Reading – Company profiles, Statement of Purpose, (SOP), an excerpt of interview with professionals; Writing – Job / Internship application – Cover letter & Resume; Grammar – Numerical adjectives, Relative Clauses Vocabulary – Idioms.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To compare and contrast products and ideas in technical texts.
- To identify cause and effects in events, industrial processes through technical texts
- To analyze problems in order to arrive at feasible solutions and communicate them orally and in the written format.
- To report events and the processes of technical and industrial nature.
- To present their opinions in a planned and logical manner, and draft effective resumes in context of job search.

TEXT BOOKS

1. English for Engineers & Technologists (2020 edition) Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University.
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press 2021.Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES

1. Raman. Meenakshi, Sharma. Sangeeta (2019). Professional English. Oxford university press. New Delhi.
2. Improve Your Writing ed. V.N. Arora and Laxmi Chandra, Oxford Univ. Press, 2001, New Delhi.
3. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal. Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
4. Business Correspondence and Report Writing by Prof. R.C. Sharma & Krishna Mohan, Tata McGraw Hill & Co. Ltd., 2001, New Delhi.
5. Developing Communication Skills by Krishna Mohan, Meera Bannerji- Macmillan India Ltd. 1990, Delhi.

MA3251 STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS L T P C

3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- This course aims at providing the necessary basic concepts of a few statistical and numerical methods and give procedures for solving numerically different kinds of problems occurring in engineering and technology.
- To acquaint the knowledge of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of solving algebraic and transcendental equations.
- To introduce the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and numerical techniques of differentiation and integration which plays an important role in engineering and technology disciplines.
- To acquaint the knowledge of various techniques and methods of solving ordinary differential equations.

UNIT I TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS 9+3

Sampling distributions - Tests for single mean, proportion and difference of means (Large and small samples) – Tests for single variance and equality of variances – Chi square test for goodness of fit – Independence of attributes.

UNIT II DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS 9+3

One way and two way classifications - Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design - 2^2 factorial design.

UNIT III SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS 9+3

Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations - Fixed point iteration method – Newton Raphson method- Solution of linear system of equations - Gauss elimination method – Pivoting - Gauss Jordan method – Iterative methods of Gauss Jacobi and Gauss Seidel - Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method and Jacobi's method for symmetric matrices.

UNIT IV INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND NUMERICAL INTEGRATION 9+3

Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolations – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivates using interpolation polynomials – Numerical single and double integrations using Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules.

UNIT V NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9+3

Single step methods: Taylor's series method - Euler's method - Modified Euler's method - Fourth order Runge-Kutta method for solving first order differential equations - Multi step methods: Milne's and Adams - Bash forth predictor corrector methods for solving first order differential equations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Apply the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples in real life problems.
- Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments in the field of agriculture.
- Appreciate the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and apply the numerical techniques of differentiation and integration for engineering problems.
- Understand the knowledge of various techniques and methods for solving first and second order ordinary differential equations.
- Solve the partial and ordinary differential equations with initial and boundary conditions by using certain techniques with engineering applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Grewal, B.S., and Grewal, J.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science", Khanna Publishers, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2015.
2. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund J., “Miller and Freund’s Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 8th Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Burden, R.L and Faires, J.D, "Numerical Analysis”, 9th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2016.
2. Devore. J.L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences”, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2014.
3. Gerald. C.F. and Wheatley. P.O. "Applied Numerical Analysis” Pearson Education, Asia, New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2007.
4. Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V. K., “Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics”, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 12th Edition, 2020.
5. Spiegel. M.R., Schiller. J. and Srinivasan. R.A., "Schaum’s Outlines on Probability and Statistics ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 4th Edition, 2012.
6. Walpole. R.E., Myers. R.H., Myers. S.L. and Ye. K., “Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2010.

PH3251 MATERIALS SCIENCE L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students to understand the basics of crystallography and its importance in studying materials properties.
- To understand the electrical properties of materials including free electron theory, applications of quantum mechanics and magnetic materials.
- To instil knowledge on physics of semiconductors, determination of charge carriers and device applications
- To establish a sound grasp of knowledge on different optical properties of materials, optical displays and applications
- To inculcate an idea of significance of nano structures, quantum confinement and ensuing nano device applications.

UNIT I CRYSTALLOGRAPHY 9

Crystal structures: BCC, FCC and HCP – directions and planes - linear and planar densities – crystal imperfections- edge and screw dislocations – grain and twin boundaries - Burgers vector and elastic strain energy- Slip systems, plastic deformation of materials - Polymorphism – phase changes – nucleation and growth – homogeneous and heterogeneous nucleation.

UNIT II ELECTRICAL AND MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classical free electron theory - Expression for electrical conductivity – Thermal conductivity, expression - Quantum free electron theory :Tunneling – degenerate states – Fermi- Dirac statistics – Density of energy states – Electron in periodic potential – Energy bands in solids – tight binding approximation - Electron effective mass – concept of hole. Magnetic materials: Dia, para and ferromagnetic effects – paramagnetism in the conduction electrons in metals – exchange interaction and ferromagnetism – quantum interference devices – GMR devices.

UNIT III SEMICONDUCTORS AND TRANSPORT PHYSICS 9

Intrinsic Semiconductors – Energy band diagram – direct and indirect band gap semiconductors – Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors – extrinsic semiconductors - Carrier concentration in N-type & P-type semiconductors – Variation of carrier concentration with temperature – Carrier transport in Semiconductors: Drift, mobility and diffusion – Hall effect and devices – Ohmic contacts – Schottky diode.

UNIT IV OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classification of optical materials – Optical processes in semiconductors: optical absorption and emission, charge injection and recombination, optical absorption, loss and gain. Optical processes in quantum wells – Optoelectronic devices: light detectors and solar cells – light emitting diode – laser diode - optical processes in organic semiconductor devices –excitonic state – Electro-optics and nonlinear optics: Modulators and switching devices – plasmonics.

UNIT V NANOELECTRONIC DEVICES 9

Quantum confinement – Quantum structures – quantum wells, wires and dots – Zener-Bloch oscillations – Resonant tunneling – quantum interference effects - mesoscopic structures - Single electron phenomena – Single electron Transistor. Semiconductor photonic structures – 1D, 2D and 3D photonic crystal. Active and passive optoelectronic devices – photo processes – spintronics – carbon nanotubes: Properties and applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students should be able to

- know basics of crystallography and its importance for varied materials properties
- gain knowledge on the electrical and magnetic properties of materials and their applications
- understand clearly of semiconductor physics and functioning of semiconductor devices
- understand the optical properties of materials and working principles of various optical devices
- appreciate the importance of functional nanoelectronic devices.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. V.Raghavan. Materials Science and Engineering: A First Course, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited, 2015.
2. S.O. Kasap, Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.
3. Jasprit Singh, Semiconductor Devices: Basic Principles, Wiley (India), 2007.
4. Jasprit Singh, Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology, Mc-Graw Hill India (2019)
5. G.W.Hanson. Fundamentals of Nanoelectronics. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Balasubramaniam, Callister's Materials Science and Engineering. Wiley (Indian Edition), 2014.
2. Wendelin Wright and Donald Askeland, Essentials of Materials Science and Engineering, CL Engineering, 2013.
3. Robert F.Pierret, Semiconductor Device Fundamentals, Pearson, 2006
4. Pallab Bhattacharya, Semiconductor Optoelectronic Devices, Pearson, 2017
5. Ben Rogers, Jesse Adams and Sumita Pennathur, Nanotechnology: Understanding Small Systems, CRC Press, 2017.

BE3251 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basics of electric circuits and analysis
- To impart knowledge in the basics of working principles and application of electrical machines
- To introduce analog devices and their characteristics
- To educate on the fundamental concepts of digital electronics
- To introduce the functional elements and working of measuring instruments

UNIT I ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS 9

DC Circuits: Circuit Components: Conductor, Resistor, Inductor, Capacitor – Ohm's Law - Kirchhoff's Laws –Independent and Dependent Sources – Simple problems- Nodal Analysis, Mesh analysis with Independent sources only (Steady state)

Introduction to AC Circuits and Parameters: Waveforms, Average value, RMS Value, Instantaneous power, real power, reactive power and apparent power, power factor – Steady state analysis of RLC circuits (Simple problems only)

UNIT II ELECTRICAL MACHINES 9

Construction and Working principle- DC Separately and Self excited Generators, EMF equation, Types and Applications. Working Principle of DC motors, Torque Equation, Types and Applications. Construction, Working principle and Applications of Transformer, Three phase Alternator, Synchronous motor and Three Phase Induction Motor.

UNIT III ANALOG ELECTRONICS 9

Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor in Electronic Circuits- Semiconductor Materials: Silicon &Germanium – PN Junction Diodes, Zener Diode –Characteristics Applications – Bipolar Junction Transistor-Biasing, JFET, SCR, MOSFET,IGBT – Types, I-V Characteristics and Applications, Rectifier and Inverters

UNIT IV DIGITAL ELECTRONICS 9

Review of number systems, binary codes, error detection and correction codes, Combinational logic - representation of logic functions-SOP and POS forms, K-map representations - minimization using K maps (Simple Problems only)

UNIT V MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION 9

Functional elements of an instrument, Standards and calibration, Operating Principle, types -Moving Coil and Moving Iron meters, Measurement of three phase power, Energy Meter, Instrument Transformers-CT and PT, DSO- Block diagram- Data acquisition.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the students will be able to

1. Compute the electric circuit parameters for simple problems
2. Explain the working principle and applications of electrical machines
3. Analyze the characteristics of analog electronic devices
4. Explain the basic concepts of digital electronics
5. Explain the operating principles of measuring instruments

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Second Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2020
2. S.K.Bhattacharya "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2017.
3. Sedha R.S., "A textbook book of Applied Electronics", S. Chand & Co., 2008
4. James A .Svoboda, Richard C. Dorf, "Dorf's Introduction to Electric Circuits", Wiley, 2018.
5. A.K. Sawhney, Puneet Sawhney 'A Course in Electrical & Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation', Dhanpat Rai and Co, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, “Basic Electrical Engineering”, Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2019.
2. Thomas L. Floyd, ‘Digital Fundamentals’, 11th Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
3. Albert Malvino, David Bates, ‘Electronic Principles, McGraw Hill Education; 7th edition, 2017.
4. Mahmood Nahvi and Joseph A. Edminister, “Electric Circuits”, Schaum’ Outline Series, McGraw Hill, 2002.
5. H.S. Kalsi, ‘Electronic Instrumentation’, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010

GE3251 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS L T P C
2 0 4 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

1. Drawing engineering curves.
2. Drawing freehand sketch of simple objects.
3. Drawing orthographic projection of solids and section of solids.
4. Drawing development of solids
5. Drawing isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

Importance of graphics in engineering applications - Use of drafting instruments - BIS conventions and specifications — Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets — Lettering and dimensioning.

UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREEHAND SKETCHING 6+12

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics — Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method — Construction of cycloid — construction of involutes of square and circle — Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves.

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACE 6+12

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces. Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS 6+12

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes and parallel to the other by rotating object method. Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles —Representation of Three Dimensional objects — Layout of views- Freehand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES 6 +12

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other — obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids — Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS 6+12

Principles of isometric projection — isometric scale - Isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions - Perspective projection of simple solids-Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of isometric projection of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

TOTAL: (L=30; P=60) 90 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Use BIS conventions and specifications for engineering drawing.
- Construct the conic curves, involutes and cycloid.
- Solve practical problems involving projection of lines.
- Draw the orthographic, isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.
- Draw the development of simple solids.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 53rd Edition, 2019.
2. Natrajan K.V., "A Text Book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2018.
3. Parthasarathy, N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Drawing", Oxford University Press, 2015

REFERENCES:

1. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2019.
2. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Publications, Bangalore, 27th Edition, 2017.
3. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff,John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Parthasarathy N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Graphics", Oxford University, Press, New Delhi, 2015.
5. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson Education India, 2nd Edition, 2009.
6. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

1. IS 10711 — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Size and lay out of drawing sheets.
2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Lettering.
3. IS 10714 (Part 20) — 2001 & SP 46 — 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
4. IS 11669 — 1986 & SP 46 —2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) — 2001: Technical drawings — Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitted to use appropriate scale to fit solution within A3 size.
4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL 1*

NX3251	(ARMY WING) NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL - I	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL 1*

NX3252	(NAVAL WING) NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL - I	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL 1*

NX3253	(AIR FORCE WING) NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL – I	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

GE3271 ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to provide hands on training to the students in:

1. Drawing pipe line plan; laying and connecting various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Sawing; planing; making joints in wood materials used in commonhousehold wood work.
2. Wiring various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Welding various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machining various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assembling simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Making a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Soldering and testing simple electronic circuits; Assembling and testing simple electronic components on PCB.

GROUP – A (CIVIL & ELECTRICAL)

PART I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

PLUMBING WORK:

a) Connecting various basic pipe fittings like valves, taps, coupling, unions, reducers, elbows and other components which are commonly used in household.
b) Preparing plumbing line sketches.
c) Laying pipe connection to the suction side of a pump
d) Laying pipe connection to the delivery side of a pump.
e) Connecting pipes of different materials: Metal, plastic and flexible pipes used inhousehold appliances.

WOOD WORK:

a) Sawing,
b) Planing and
c) Making joints like T-Joint, Mortise joint and Tenon joint and Dovetail joint.

Wood Work Study:

a) Studying joints in door panels and wooden furniture
b) Studying common industrial trusses using models.

PART II ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

a) Introduction to switches, fuses, indicators and lamps - Basic switch board wiring with lamp, fan and three pin socket
b) Staircase wiring
c) Fluorescent Lamp wiring with introduction to CFL and LED types.
d) Energy meter wiring and related calculations/ calibration
e) Study of Iron Box wiring and assembly
f) Study of Fan Regulator (Resistor type and Electronic type using Diac/Triac/quadrac)
g) Study of emergency lamp wiring/Water heater

GROUP – B (MECHANICAL AND ELECTRONICS)

PART III MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

WELDING WORK:

a) Welding of Butt Joints, Lap Joints, and Tee Joints using arc welding.
b) Practicing gas welding.

BASIC MACHINING WORK:

a) (simple)Turning.
b) (simple)Drilling.
c) (simple)Tapping.

ASSEMBLY WORK:

a) Assembling a centrifugal pump.
b) Assembling a household mixer.
c) Assembling an airconditioner.

SHEET METAL WORK:

a) Making of a square tray

FOUNDRY WORK:

a) Demonstrating basic foundry operations.

PART IV ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

SOLDERING WORK:

a) Soldering simple electronic circuits and checking continuity.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY AND TESTING WORK:

a) Assembling and testing electronic components on a small PCB.

ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT STUDY:

a) Study an elements of smart phone..
b) Assembly and dismantle of LED TV.
c) Assembly and dismantle of computer/ laptop

TOTAL = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Draw pipe line plan; lay and connect various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Saw; plan; make joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
2. Wire various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Weld various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machine various simple processeslike turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assemble simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Make a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Solder and test simple electronic circuits; Assemble and test simple electronic components on PCB.

BE3271 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To train the students in conducting load tests on electrical machines
- To gain practical experience in characterizing electronic devices
- To train the students to use DSO for measurements.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Verification of ohms and Kirchhoff's Laws.
2. Load test on DC Shunt Motor.
3. Load test on Self Excited DC Generator
4. Load test on Single phase Transformer
5. Load Test on Induction Motor
6. Characteristics of PN and Zener Diodes
7. Characteristics of BJT, SCR and MOSFET
8. Half wave and Full Wave rectifiers
9. Study of Logic Gates
10. Implementation of Binary Adder and Subtractor
11. Study of DSO

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the students will be able to

1. Use experimental methods to verify the Ohm's and Kirchhoff's Laws.
2. Analyze experimentally the load characteristics of electrical machines
3. Analyze the characteristics of basic electronic devices
4. Use DSO to measure the various parameters

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON-AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY
B. E. MECHATRONICS ENGINEERING
REGULATIONS 2021
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I AND II SEMESTERS (FULL TIME) CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

SEMESTER I

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE - GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	IP3151	Induction Programme	-	-	-	-	-	0
THEORY								
2.	HS3151	Professional English - I	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	MA3151	Matrices and Calculus	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
4.	PH3151	Engineering Physics	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CY3151	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	GE3151	Problem Solving and Python Programming	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICAL								
7	GE3171	Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
8	BS3171	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	BSC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**15**	**2**	**8**	**25**	**21**

SEMESTER II

SL. No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE - GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	HS3251	Professional English - II	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	MA3251	Statistics and Numerical Methods	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	PH3259	Applied Materials Science	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	BE3253	Basic Electrical, Electronics Engineering and Measurements	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	GE3251	Engineering Graphics	ESC	2	0	4	6	4
6.		NCC Credit Course Level 1*	-	2	0	0	2	2
PRACTICAL								
7.	GE3271	Engineering Practices Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
8.	BE3273	Basic Electrical, Electronics Engineering and Measurements Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**14**	**2**	**12**	**28**	**22**

* NCC Credit Course level 1 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA.

IP3151 **INDUCTION PROGRAMME**

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective:

“Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed.”

“One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character. “

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

(i) Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(ii) Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it everyday for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(iii) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, take decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and dont's, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing.
Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(iv) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(v) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(vi) Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(vii) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the under privileged.

(viii) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(ix) Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering/Technology/Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.

References:
Guide to Induction program from AICTE

HS3151 PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - I L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To help learners use language effectively in academic /work contexts
- To build on students' English language skills by engaging them in listening, speaking and grammar learning activities that are relevant to authentic contexts.
- To develop learners' ability to read and write complex texts, summaries, articles, blogs, definitions, essays and user manuals.
- To use language efficiently in expressing their opinions via various media.

INTRODUCTION TO EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION 1

- What is effective communication? (There are many interesting activities for this.)
- Why is communication critical for excellence during study, research and work?
- What are the seven C's of effective communication?
- What are key language skills?
- What is effective listening? What does it involve?
- What is effective speaking?
- What does it mean to be an excellent reader? What should you be able to do?
- What is effective writing?
- How does one develop language and communication skills?
- What does the course focus on? How are communication and language skills going to be enhanced during this course? What do you as a learner need to do to enhance your English language and communication skills to get the best out of this course?

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION 11

Listening –for general information-specific details- conversation: Introduction to classmates - Audio / video (formal & informal); Telephone conversation; Listening to voicemail & messages; Listening and filling a form

Speaking - Self Introduction; Introducing a friend; Conversation - politeness strategies; Telephone conversation; Leave a voicemail; Leave a message with another person; asking for information to fill details in a form.

Reading - Reading brochures (technical context), telephone messages / social media messages relevant to technical contexts and emails.

Writing - Writing emails / letters introducing oneself

Grammar - Present Tense (simple and progressive); Question types: Wh/ Yes or No/ and Tags

Vocabulary - Synonyms; One word substitution; Abbreviations & Acronyms (as used in technical contexts).

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION 12

Listening - Listening to podcast, anecdotes / stories / event narration; documentaries and interviews with celebrities.

Speaking - Narrating personal experiences / events; Interviewing a celebrity; Reporting / and summarizing of documentaries / podcasts/ interviews.

Reading - Reading biographies, travelogues, newspaper reports, Excerpts from literature, and travel & technical blogs.

Writing - Guided writing-- Paragraph writing Short Report on an event (field trip etc.)

Grammar –Past tense (simple); Subject-Verb Agreement; and Prepositions

Vocabulary - Word forms (prefixes& suffixes); Synonyms and Antonyms. Phrasal verbs.

UNIT III DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT 12

Listening - Listen to a product and process descriptions; a classroom lecture; and advertisements about a products.

Speaking – Picture description; giving instruction to use the product; Presenting a product; and Summarizing a lecture.

Reading – Reading advertisements, gadget reviews; user manuals.

Writing - Writing definitions; instructions; and Product /Process description.

Grammar - Imperatives; Adjectives; Degrees of comparison; Present & Past Perfect Tenses. Vocabulary - Compound Nouns, Homonyms; and Homophones, discourse markers (connectives & sequence words)

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks; Scientific lectures; and educational videos.
Speaking – Small Talk; Mini presentations and making recommendations.
Reading – Newspaper articles; Journal reports –and Non Verbal Communication (tables, pie charts etc,.)
Writing – Note-making / Note-taking (*Study skills to be taught, not tested; Writing recommendations; Transferring information from nonverbal (chart, graph etc, to verbal mode)
Grammar – Articles; Pronouns - Possessive & Relative pronouns.
Vocabulary - Collocations; Fixed / Semi fixed expressions.

UNIT V EXPRESSION 12

Listening – Listening to debates/ discussions; different viewpoints on an issue; and panel discussions.
Speaking –group discussions, Debates and Expressing opinions through Simulations & Role play.
Reading – Reading editorials; and Opinion Blogs;
Writing – Essay Writing (Descriptive or narrative).
Grammar – Future Tenses, Punctuation; Negation (Statements & Questions); and Simple, Compound & Complex Sentences.
Vocabulary - Cause & Effect Expressions – Content vs Function words.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To listen and comprehend complex academic texts
- To read and infer the denotative and connotative meanings of technical texts
- To write definitions, descriptions, narrations and essays on various topics
- To speak fluently and accurately in formal and informal communicative contexts
- To express their opinions effectively in both oral and written medium of communication

TEXT BOOKS:

1. English for Engineers & Technologists Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University, (2020 edition)
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press, 2021.
   Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Technical Communication – Principles And Practices By Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford Univ. Press, 2016, New Delhi.
2. A Course Book on Technical English By Lakshmi Narayanan, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
3. English For Technical Communication (With CD) By Aysha Viswamohan, Mcgraw Hill Education, ISBN : 0070264244.
4. Effective Communication Skill, Kulbhusan Kumar, R S Salaria, Khanna Publishing House.
5. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal, Allied Publishing House, New Delhi, 2003.

MA3151 **MATRICES AND CALCULUS** **L T P C**
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that is needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To familiarize the students with differential calculus.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches of engineering.
- To make the students understand various techniques of integration.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their applications.

UNIT - I MATRICES **9 + 3**

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley - Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices by orthogonal transformation – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms – Applications: Stretching of an elastic membrane.

UNIT - II DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**

Representation of functions - Limit of a function - Continuity - Derivatives - Differentiation rules (sum, product, quotient, chain rules) - Implicit differentiation - Logarithmic differentiation - Applications : Maxima and Minima of functions of one variable.

UNIT - III FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES **9 + 3**

Partial differentiation – Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem – Total derivative – Change of variables – Jacobians – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Applications : Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT - IV INTEGRAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**

Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration: Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals - Applications: Hydrostatic force and pressure, moments and centres of mass.

UNIT - V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS **9 + 3**

Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple integrals – Volume of solids – Change of variables in double and triple integrals – Applications: Moments and centres of mass, moment of inertia.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Use the matrix algebra methods for solving practical problems.
- Apply differential calculus tools in solving various application problems.
- Able to use differential calculus ideas on several variable functions.
- Apply different methods of integration in solving practical problems.
- Apply multiple integral ideas in solving areas, volumes and other practical problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kreyszig.E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Grewal.B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44th Edition, 2018.
3. James Stewart, "Calculus : Early Transcendentals", Cengage Learning, 8th Edition, New Delhi, 2015. [For Units II & IV - Sections 1.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.7 (Tangents problems only), 2.8, 3.1 to 3.6, 3.11, 4.1, 4.3, 5.1 (Area problems only), 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 (excluding net change theorem), 5.5, 7.1 - 7.4 and 7.8].

REFERENCES:

1. Anton. H, Bivens. I and Davis. S, " Calculus ", Wiley, 10th Edition, 2016
2. Bali. N., Goyal. M. and Watkins. C., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.,), New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2009.
3. Jain. R.K. and Iyengar. S.R.K., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2016.
4. Narayanan. S. and Manicavachagom Pillai. T. K., “Calculus" Volume I and II, S. Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2009.
5. Ramana. B.V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.
6. Srimantha Pal and Bhunia. S.C, "Engineering Mathematics” Oxford University Press, 2015.
7. Thomas. G. B., Hass. J, and Weir. M.D, "Thomas Calculus ", 14th Edition, Pearson India, 2018.

PH3151 ENGINEERING PHYSICS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To make the students effectively to achieve an understanding of mechanics.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge of electromagnetic waves and its applications.
- To introduce the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Equipping the students to be successfully understand the importance of quantum physics.
- To motivate the students towards the applications of quantum mechanics.

UNIT I MECHANICS 9

Multi-particle dynamics: Center of mass (CM) – CM of continuous bodies – motion of the CM – kinetic energy of system of particles. Rotation of rigid bodies: Rotational kinematics – rotational kinetic energy and moment of inertia - theorems of M .I –moment of inertia of continuous bodies – M.I of a diatomic molecule - torque – rotational dynamics of rigid bodies – conservation of angular momentum – rotational energy state of a rigid diatomic molecule - gyroscope - torsional pendulum – double pendulum –Introduction to nonlinear oscillations.

UNIT II ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES 9

The Maxwell’s equations - wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field - properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - polarization - Producing electromagnetic waves - Energy and momentum in EM waves: Intensity, waves from localized sources, momentum and radiation pressure - Cell-phone reception. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

UNIT III OSCILLATIONS, OPTICS AND LASERS 9

Simple harmonic motion - resonance –analogy between electrical and mechanical oscillating systems - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave - sound waves - Doppler effect. Reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference –Michelson interferometer –Theory of air wedge and experiment. Theory of laser - characteristics - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Einstein’s coefficients - population inversion - Nd-YAG laser, CO_2 laser, semiconductor laser –Basic applications of lasers in industry.

UNIT IV BASIC QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

Photons and light waves - Electrons and matter waves –Compton effect - The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) - meaning of wave function - Normalization –Free particle - particle in a infinite potential well: 1D,2D and 3D Boxes- Normalization, probabilities and the correspondence principle.

UNIT V APPLIED QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

The harmonic oscillator(qualitative)- Barrier penetration and quantum tunneling(qualitative)- Tunneling microscope - Resonant diode - Finite potential wells (qualitative)- Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential –Basics of Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Understand the importance of mechanics.
- Express their knowledge in electromagnetic waves.
- Demonstrate a strong foundational knowledge in oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Understand the importance of quantum physics.
- Comprehend and apply quantum mechanical principles towards the formation of energy bands.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow. An Introduction to Mechanics. McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2017.
2. E.M.Purcell and D.J.Morin, Electricity and Magnetism, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2013.
3. Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S. Rai Choudhury, Concepts of Modern Physics, McGraw-Hill (Indian Edition), 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Wolfson. Essential University Physics. Volume 1 & 2. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.
2. Paul A. Tipler, Physic – Volume 1 & 2, CBS, (Indian Edition), 2004.
3. K.Thyagarajan and A.Ghatak. Lasers: Fundamentals and Applications, Laxmi Publications, (Indian Edition), 2019.
4. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker. Principles of Physics, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2015.
5. N.Garcia, A.Damask and S.Schwarz. Physics for Computer Science Students. Springer-Verlag, 2012.

CY3151 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate sound understanding of water quality parameters and water treatment techniques.
- To impart knowledge on the basic principles and preparatory methods of nanomaterials.
- To introduce the basic concepts and applications of phase rule and composites.
- To facilitate the understanding of different types of fuels, their preparation, properties and combustion characteristics.
- To familiarize the students with the operating principles, working processes and applications of energy conversion and storage devices.

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT 9

Water: Sources and impurities, Water quality parameters: Definition and significance of-color, odour, turbidity, pH, hardness, alkalinity, TDS, COD and BOD, flouride and arsenic. Municipal water treatment: primary treatment and disinfection (UV, Ozonation, break-point chlorination). Desalination of brackish water: Reverse Osmosis. Boiler troubles: Scale and sludge, Boiler corrosion, Caustic embrittlement, Priming &foaming. Treatment of boiler feed water: Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) and External treatment – Ion exchange demineralization and zeolite process.

UNIT II NANOCHEMISTRY 9

Basics: Distinction between molecules, nanomaterials and bulk materials; Size-dependent properties (optical, electrical, mechanical and magnetic); Types of nanomaterials: Definition, properties and uses of – nanoparticle, nanocluster, nanorod, nanowire and nanotube. Preparation of nanomaterials: sol-gel, solvothermal, laser ablation, chemical vapour deposition, electrochemical deposition and electro spinning. Applications of nanomaterials in medicine, agriculture, energy, electronics and catalysis.

UNIT III PHASE RULE AND COMPOSITES 9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples. One component system - water system; Reduced phase rule; Construction of a simple eutectic phase diagram - Thermal analysis; Two component system: lead-silver system - Pattinson process.

Composites: Introduction: Definition & Need for composites; Constitution: Matrix materials (Polymer matrix, metal matrix and ceramic matrix) and Reinforcement (fiber, particulates, flakes and whiskers). Properties and applications of: Metal matrix composites (MMC), Ceramic matrix composites and Polymer matrix composites. Hybrid composites - definition and examples.

UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION 9

Fuels: Introduction: Classification of fuels; Coal and coke: Analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate), Carbonization, Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method). Petroleum and Diesel: Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process), Knocking - octane number, diesel oil - cetane number; Power alcohol and biodiesel.

Combustion of fuels: Introduction: Calorific value - higher and lower calorific values, Theoretical calculation of calorific value; Ignition temperature: spontaneous ignition temperature, Explosive range; Flue gas analysis - ORSAT Method. CO_2 emission and carbon foot print.

UNIT V ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES 9

Stability of nucleus: mass defect (problems), binding energy; Nuclear energy: light water nuclear power plant, breeder reactor. Solar energy conversion: Principle, working and applications of solar cells; Recent developments in solar cell materials. Wind energy; Geothermal energy; Batteries: Types of batteries, Primary battery - dry cell, Secondary battery - lead acid battery and lithium-ion-battery; Electric vehicles – working principles; Fuel cells: H_2-O_2 fuel cell, microbial fuel cell; Supercapacitors: Storage principle, types and examples.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the students will be able:

- To infer the quality of water from quality parameter data and propose suitable treatment methodologies to treat water.
- To identify and apply basic concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology in designing the synthesis of nanomaterials for engineering and technology applications.
- To apply the knowledge of phase rule and composites for material selection requirements.
- To recommend suitable fuels for engineering processes and applications.
- To recognize different forms of energy resources and apply them for suitable applications in energy sectors.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, “Engineering Chemistry”, 17th Edition, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2018.
2. Sivasankar B., “Engineering Chemistry”, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
3. S.S. Dara, “A Text book of Engineering Chemistry”, S. Chand Publishing, 12th Edition, 2018.

REFERENCES:

1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath and James Murday, “Text book of nanoscience and nanotechnology”, Universities Press-IIM Series in Metallurgy and Materials Science, 2018.
2. O.G. Palanna, “Engineering Chemistry” McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2017.
3. Friedrich Emich, “Engineering Chemistry”, Scientific International PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2014.
4. ShikhaAgarwal, “Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications”, Cambridge University Press, Delhi, Second Edition, 2019.
5. O.V. Roussak and H.D. Gesser, Applied Chemistry-A Text Book for Engineers and Technologists, Springer Science Business Media, New York, 2nd Edition, 2013.

GE3151 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of algorithmic problem solving.
- To learn to solve problems using Python conditionals and loops.
- To define Python functions and use function calls to solve problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries to represent complex data.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

UNIT I COMPUTATIONAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Fundamentals of Computing – Identification of Computational Problems -Algorithms, building blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion). Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.

UNIT II DATA TYPES, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS 9

Python interpreter and interactive mode, debugging; values and types: int, float, boolean, string, and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; Illustrative programs: exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points.

UNIT III CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS, STRINGS 9

Conditionals: Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else), chained conditional (if-elif-else); Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values, parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices, immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search.

UNIT IV LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES 9

Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing - list comprehension; Illustrative programs: simple sorting, histogram, Students marks statement, Retail bill preparation.

UNIT V FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES 9

Files and exception: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file, Voter’s age validation, Marks range validation (0-100).

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems.
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Write simple Python programs using conditionals and looping for solving problems.
CO4: Decompose a Python program into functions.
CO5: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries etc.
CO6: Read and write data from/to files in Python programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data'', Third Edition, MIT Press 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

GE3171 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the problem solving approaches.
- To learn the basic programming constructs in Python.
- To practice various computing strategies for Python-based solutions to real world problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The examples suggested in each experiment are only indicative. The lab instructor is expected to design other problems on similar lines. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments listed here.

1. Identification and solving of simple real life or scientific or technical problems, and developing flow charts for the same. (Electricity Billing, Retail shop billing, Sin series, weight of a motorbike, Weight of a steel bar, compute Electrical Current in Three Phase AC Circuit, etc.)
2. Python programming using simple statements and expressions (exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points).
3. Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops. (Number series, Number Patterns, pyramid pattern)

4. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Lists, Tuples. (Items present in a library/Components of a car/ Materials required for construction of a building –operations of list & tuples)
5. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Sets, Dictionaries. (Language, components of an automobile, Elements of a civil structure, etc.- operations of Sets & Dictionaries)
6. Implementing programs using Functions. (Factorial, largest number in a list, area of shape)
7. Implementing programs using Strings. (reverse, palindrome, character count, replacing characters)
8. Implementing programs using written modules and Python Standard Libraries (pandas, numpy. Matplotlib, scipy)
9. Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling. (copy from one file to another, word count, longest word)
10. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling. (divide by zero error, voter's age validity, student mark range validation)
11. Exploring Pygame tool.
12. Developing a game activity using Pygame like bouncing ball, car race etc.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Implement programs in Python using conditionals and loops for solving problems.
CO4: Deploy functions to decompose a Python program.
CO5: Process compound data using Python data structures.
CO6: Utilize Python packages in developing software applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data'', Third Edition, MIT Press, 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

BS3171 PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

PHYSICS LABORATORY: (Any Seven Experiments)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the proper use of various kinds of physics laboratory equipment.
- To learn how data can be collected, presented and interpreted in a clear and concise manner.
- To learn problem solving skills related to physics principles and interpretation of experimental data.
- To determine error in experimental measurements and techniques used to minimize such error.
- To make the student as an active participant in each part of all lab exercises.

1. Torsional pendulum - Determination of rigidity modulus of wire and moment of inertia of regular and irregular objects.
2. Simple harmonic oscillations of cantilever.
3. Non-uniform bending - Determination of Young's modulus
4. Uniform bending – Determination of Young's modulus
5. Laser- Determination of the wave length of the laser using grating
6. Air wedge - Determination of thickness of a thin sheet/wire
7. a) Optical fibre -Determination of Numerical Aperture and acceptance angle
   b) Compact disc- Determination of width of the groove using laser.
8. Acoustic grating- Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids.
9. Ultrasonic interferometer – determination of the velocity of sound and compressibility of liquids
10. Post office box -Determination of Band gap of a semiconductor.
11. Photoelectric effect
12. Michelson Interferometer.
13. Melde's string experiment
14. Experiment with lattice dynamics kit.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to

- Understand the functioning of various physics laboratory equipment.
- Use graphical models to analyze laboratory data.
- Use mathematical models as a medium for quantitative reasoning and describing physical reality.
- Access, process and analyze scientific information.
- Solve problems individually and collaboratively.

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY: (Any seven experiments to be conducted)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate experimental skills to test basic understanding of water quality parameters, such as, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, DO, chloride and copper.
- To induce the students to familiarize with electroanalytical techniques such as, pH metry, potentiometry and conductometry in the determination of impurities in aqueous solutions.
- To demonstrate the analysis of metals and alloys.
- To demonstrate the synthesis of nanoparticles

1. Preparation of Na_2CO_3 as a primary standard and estimation of acidity of a water sample using the primary standard
2. Determination of types and amount of alkalinity in water sample.
   -Split the first experiment into two
3. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method.

4. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
5. Determination of chloride content of water sample by Argentometric method.
6. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by Iodometry.
7. Estimation of TDS of a water sample by gravimetry.
8. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
9. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter.
10. Conductometric titration of barium chloride against sodium sulphate (precipitation titration)
11. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
12. Estimation of sodium /potassium present in water using flame photometer.
13. Preparation of nanoparticles (TiO_2/ZnO/CuO) by Sol-Gel method.
14. Estimation of Nickel in steel
15. Proximate analysis of Coal

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- To analyse the quality of water samples with respect to their acidity, alkalinity, hardness and DO.
- To determine the amount of metal ions through volumetric and spectroscopic techniques
- To analyse and determine the composition of alloys.
- To learn simple method of synthesis of nanoparticles
- To quantitatively analyse the impurities in solution by electroanalytical techniques

TEXT BOOK:

1. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas and B. Sivasankar, Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (2009).

HS3251 PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - II

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To engage learners in meaningful language activities to improve their LSRW skills
- To enhance learners' awareness of general rules of writing for specific audiences
- To help learners understand the purpose, audience, contexts of different types of writing
- To develop analytical thinking skills for problem solving in communicative contexts
- To demonstrate an understanding of job applications and interviews for internship and placements

UNIT I MAKING COMPARISONS **12**

Listening – Evaluative Listening: Advertisements, Product Descriptions, -Audio / video; Listening and filling a Graphic Organiser (Choosing a product or service by comparison)
Speaking – Marketing a product, Persuasive Speech Techniques.
Reading - Reading advertisements, user manuals, brochures;
Writing – Professional emails, Email etiquette - Compare and Contrast Essay; Grammar – Mixed Tenses, Prepositional phrases
Vocabulary – Contextual meaning of words

UNIT II EXPRESSING CAUSAL RELATIONS IN SPEAKING AND WRITING 12

Listening - Listening to longer technical talks and completing– gap filling exercises. Listening technical information from podcasts – Listening to process/event descriptions to identify cause & effects - Speaking – Describing and discussing the reasons of accidents or disasters based on news reports.

Reading - Reading longer technical texts– Cause and Effect Essays, and Letters / emails of complaint,

Writing - Writing responses to complaints.

Grammar - Active Passive Voice transformations, Infinitive and Gerunds Vocabulary – Word Formation (Noun-Verb-Adj-Adv), Adverbs.

UNIT III PROBLEM SOLVING 12

Listening – Listening to / Watching movie scenes/ documentaries depicting a technical problem and suggesting solutions.

Speaking – Group Discussion (based on case studies), - techniques and Strategies,

Reading - Case Studies, excerpts from literary texts, news reports etc.

Writing – Letter to the Editor, Checklists, Problem solution essay / Argumentative Essay

Grammar – Error correction; If conditional sentences

Vocabulary - Compound Words, Sentence Completion.

UNIT IV REPORTING OF EVENTS AND RESEARCH 12

Listening – Listening Comprehension based on news reports – and documentaries – Precis writing, Summarising, Speaking – Interviewing, Presenting an oral report, Mini presentations on select topics;

Reading –Newspaper articles; Writing – Recommendations, Transcoding, Accident Report, Survey Report Grammar – Reported Speech, Modals Vocabulary – Conjunctions- use of prepositions

UNIT V THE ABILITY TO PUT IDEAS OR INFORMATION COGENTLY 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks, Presentations, Formal job interviews, (analysis of the interview performance);

Speaking – Participating in a Role play, (interview/telephone interview), virtual interviews, Making presentations with visual aids;

Reading – Company profiles, Statement of Purpose, (SOP), an excerpt of interview with professionals; Writing – Job / Internship application – Cover letter & Resume; Grammar – Numerical adjectives, Relative Clauses Vocabulary – Idioms.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To compare and contrast products and ideas in technical texts.
- To identify cause and effects in events, industrial processes through technical texts
- To analyze problems in order to arrive at feasible solutions and communicate them orally and in the written format.
- To report events and the processes of technical and industrial nature.
- To present their opinions in a planned and logical manner, and draft effective resumes in context of job search.

TEXT BOOKS

1. English for Engineers & Technologists (2020 edition) Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University.
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press 2021.Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES

1. Raman. Meenakshi, Sharma. Sangeeta (2019). Professional English. Oxford university press. New Delhi.
2. Improve Your Writing ed. V.N. Arora and Laxmi Chandra, Oxford Univ. Press, 2001, New Delhi.
3. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal. Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
4. Business Correspondence and Report Writing by Prof. R.C. Sharma & Krishna Mohan, Tata McGraw Hill & Co. Ltd., 2001, New Delhi.
5. Developing Communication Skills by Krishna Mohan, Meera Bannerji- Macmillan India Ltd. 1990, Delhi.

MA3251 STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS L T P C

3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- This course aims at providing the necessary basic concepts of a few statistical and numerical methods and give procedures for solving numerically different kinds of problems occurring in engineering and technology.
- To acquaint the knowledge of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of solving algebraic and transcendental equations.
- To introduce the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and numerical techniques of differentiation and integration which plays an important role in engineering and technology disciplines.
- To acquaint the knowledge of various techniques and methods of solving ordinary differential equations.

UNIT I TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS 9+3

Sampling distributions - Tests for single mean, proportion and difference of means (Large and small samples) – Tests for single variance and equality of variances – Chi square test for goodness of fit – Independence of attributes.

UNIT II DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS 9+3

One way and two way classifications - Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design - 2^2 factorial design.

UNIT III SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS 9+3

Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations - Fixed point iteration method – Newton Raphson method- Solution of linear system of equations - Gauss elimination method – Pivoting - Gauss Jordan method – Iterative methods of Gauss Jacobi and Gauss Seidel - Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method and Jacobi's method for symmetric matrices.

UNIT IV INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND NUMERICAL INTEGRATION 9+3

Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolations – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivates using interpolation polynomials – Numerical single and double integrations using Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules.

UNIT V NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9+3

Single step methods: Taylor's series method - Euler's method - Modified Euler's method - Fourth order Runge-Kutta method for solving first order differential equations - Multi step methods: Milne's and Adams - Bash forth predictor corrector methods for solving first order differential equations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Apply the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples in real life problems.
- Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments in the field of agriculture.
- Appreciate the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and apply the numerical techniques of differentiation and integration for engineering problems.
- Understand the knowledge of various techniques and methods for solving first and second order ordinary differential equations.
- Solve the partial and ordinary differential equations with initial and boundary conditions by using certain techniques with engineering applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Grewal, B.S., and Grewal, J.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science", Khanna Publishers, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2015.
2. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund J., “Miller and Freund’s Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 8th Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Burden, R.L and Faires, J.D, "Numerical Analysis”, 9th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2016.
2. Devore. J.L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences”, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2014.
3. Gerald. C.F. and Wheatley. P.O. "Applied Numerical Analysis” Pearson Education, Asia, New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2007.
4. Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V. K., “Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics”, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 12th Edition, 2020.
5. Spiegel. M.R., Schiller. J. and Srinivasan. R.A., "Schaum’s Outlines on Probability and Statistics ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 4th Edition, 2012.
6. Walpole. R.E., Myers. R.H., Myers. S.L. and Ye. K., “Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2010.

PH3259 APPLIED MATERIALS SCIENCE L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students to understand the basics of crystallography and its importance in studying materials properties.
- To inculcate the knowledge of phase relationships for the understanding of material properties.
- To understand the electrical properties of materials including free electron theory, applications of quantum mechanics and magnetic materials.
- To instil knowledge on physics of semiconductors, determination of charge carriers and device applications
- To establish a sound grasp of knowledge on different optical properties of materials, optical displays and applications

UNIT I CRYSTALLOGRAPHY 9

Crystal structures: BCC, FCC and HCP – directions and planes - linear and planar densities – crystal imperfections- edge and screw dislocations – grain and twin boundaries - Burgers vector and elastic strain energy- Slip systems, plastic deformation of materials - Polymorphism – phase changes – nucleation and growth – homogeneous and heterogeneous nucleation.

UNIT II PHASE DIAGRAMS 9

Phase equilibrium – solubility limit – solid solution (interstitial and substitution) – intermediate phases – intermetallics – electron compound – Gibbs phase rule – Unary phase diagram (iron) – Binary phase diagrams: Isomorphous systems (Cu-Ni) – determination of phase composition and phase amounts – tie line and lever rule – binary eutectic diagram with no solid solution and limited solid solution (Pb-Sn) – eutectoid and peritectic reactions – other invariant reactions – microstructural development during the slow cooling: eutectic, hypereutectic and hypoeutectic compositions.

UNIT III ELECTRICAL AND MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classical free electron theory - Expression for electrical conductivity – Thermal conductivity, expression - Quantum free electron theory :Tunneling – degenerate states – Fermi- Dirac statistics – Density of energy states – Electron in periodic potential – Energy bands in solids – tight binding approximation - Electron effective mass – concept of hole. Magnetic materials: Dia, para and ferromagnetic effects – paramagnetism in the conduction electrons in metals – exchange interaction and ferromagnetism – quantum interference devices – GMR devices.

UNIT IV SEMICONDUCTORS AND TRANSPORT PHYSICS 9

Intrinsic Semiconductors – Energy band diagram – direct and indirect band gap semiconductors – Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors – extrinsic semiconductors - Carrier concentration in N-type & P-type semiconductors – Variation of carrier concentration with temperature – Carrier transport in Semiconductors: Drift, mobility and diffusion – Hall effect and devices – Ohmic contacts – Schottky diode.

UNIT V OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classification of optical materials – Optical processes in semiconductors: optical absorption and emission, charge injection and recombination, optical absorption, loss and gain. Optical processes in quantum wells – Optoelectronic devices: light detectors and solar cells – light emitting diode – laser diode - optical processes in organic semiconductor devices –excitonic state – Electro-optics and nonlinear optics: Modulators and switching devices – plasmonics.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES :

At the end of the course, the students should be able to

- Know basics of crystallography and its importance for varied materials properties.
- Understand the properties of materials through the study of phase relationships.
- Gain knowledge on the electrical and magnetic properties of materials and their applications
- Understand clearly of semiconductor physics and functioning of semiconductor devices
- Understand the optical properties of materials and working principles of various optical devices.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. V.Raghavan. Materials Science and Engineering: A First Course, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited, 2015.
2. Safa Kasap, Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.
3. Jasprit Singh, Semiconductor Devices: Basic Principles, Wiley (India), 2007.
4. Jasprit Singh, Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology, Mc-Graw Hill India (2019)
5. Safa kasap, Optoelectronics & Photonics: Principles and Practices, Pearson, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Balasubramaniam, Callister's Materials Science and Engineering. Wiley (Indian Edition), 2014.
2. Wendelin Wright and Donald Askeland, Essentials of Materials Science and Engineering, CL Engineering, 2013.
3. Robert F.Pierret, Semiconductor Device Fundamentals, Pearson, 2006.
4. Simon Sze and Ming-kwei Lee, Semiconductor Devices: Physics and Technology, Wiley, 2015.
5. Pallab Bhattacharya, Semiconductor Optoelectronic Devices, Pearson, 2017.

BE3253 BASIC ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING AND MEASUREMENTS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basics of electric circuits and analysis
- To impart knowledge in the basics of working principles and application of electrical machines
- To introduce analog devices and their characteristics
- To educate on the fundamental concepts of linear integrated circuits
- To introduce the functional elements and working of measuring instruments.

UNIT I ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS 9

DC Circuits: Circuit Components: Conductor, Resistor, Inductor, Capacitor – Ohm's Law - Kirchhoff's Laws –Independent and Dependent Sources – Simple problems- Nodal Analysis, Mesh analysis with Independent sources only (Steady state)

Introduction to AC Circuits and Parameters: Waveforms, Average value, RMS Value, Instantaneous power, real power, reactive power and apparent power, power factor – Steady state analysis of RLC circuits (Simple problems only)

UNIT II ELECTRICAL MACHINES 9

Construction and Working principle- DC Separately and Self excited Generators, EMF equation, Types and Applications. Working Principle of DC motors, Torque Equation, Types and Applications. Construction, Working principle and Applications of Transformer, Three phase Alternator, Synchronous motor and Three Phase Induction Motor.

UNIT III ANALOG ELECTRONICS 9

Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor in Electronic Circuits- Semiconductor Materials: Silicon &Germanium – PN Junction Diodes, Zener Diode –Characteristics Applications – Bipolar Junction Transistor-Biasing, JFET, SCR, MOSFET,IGBT – Types, I-V Characteristics and Applications, Rectifier and Inverters

UNIT IV LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUITS 9

Ideal OP-AMP characteristics, Basic applications of op-amp – Inverting and Non-inverting Amplifiers, summer, differentiator and integrator-S/H circuit, D/A converter (R- 2R ladder), A/D converters- Flash type ADC using OP-AMPS . Functional block, characteristics of 555 timer– Astable multi-vibrator mode.

UNIT V MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION 9

Functional elements of an instrument, Standards and calibration, Operating Principle , types -Moving Coil and Moving Iron meters, Measurement of three phase power, Energy Meter, Instrument Transformers-CT and PT,DSO- Block diagram- Data acquisition.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the students will be able to

CO1: Compute the electric circuit parameters for simple problems
CO2: Explain the working principle and applications of electrical machines
CO3: Analyze the characteristics of analog electronic devices
CO4: Explain the basic concepts of linear integrated circuits
CO5: Explain the operating principles of measuring instruments.

TEXT BOOKS

1. D P Kothari and I.J Nagrath, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", McGraw Hill Education, Second Edition, 2020.
2. Allan S Moris, "Measurement and Instrumentation Principles", Third Edition, Butterworth Heinemann, 2001.
3. S.K. Bhattacharya, Basic Electrical Engineering, Pearson Education, 2019
4. James A .Svoboda, Richard C. Dorf, "Dorf's Introduction to Electric Circuits", Wiley, 2018.

REFERENCES
1. Thomas L. Floyd, 'Electronic Devices', 10th Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
2. A.K. Sawhney, Puneet Sawhney 'A Course in Electrical & Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation', Dhanpat Rai and Co, New Delhi, January 2015.
3. Albert Malvino, David Bates, 'Electronic Principles, McGraw Hill Education; 7th edition, 2017

GE3251 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS L T P C
2 0 4 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

1. Drawing engineering curves.
2. Drawing freehand sketch of simple objects.
3. Drawing orthographic projection of solids and section of solids.
4. Drawing development of solids
5. Drawing isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

Importance of graphics in engineering applications — Use of drafting instruments - BIS conventions and specifications — Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets — Lettering and dimensioning.

UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREEHAND SKETCHING 6+12

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics — Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method — Construction of cycloid — construction of involutes of square and circle — Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves.

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACE 6+12

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces. Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS 6+12

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes and parallel to the other by rotating object method. Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles —Representation of Three Dimensional objects — Layout of views- Freehand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES 6 +12

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other — obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids — Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS 6+12

Principles of isometric projection — isometric scale —Isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions - Perspective projection of simple solids-Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of isometric projection of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

TOTAL: (L=30+P=60) 90 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Use BIS conventions and specifications for engineering drawing.
- Construct the conic curves, involutes and cycloid.
- Solve practical problems involving projection of lines.
- Draw the orthographic, isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.
- Draw the development of simple solids.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 53rd Edition, 2019.
2. Natrajan K.V., "A Text Book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2018.
3. Parthasarathy, N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Drawing", Oxford University Press, 2015

REFERENCES:

1. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2019.
2. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Publications, Bangalore, 27th Edition, 2017.
3. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff,John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Parthasarathy N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Graphics", Oxford University, Press, New Delhi, 2015.
5. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson Education India, 2nd Edition, 2009.
6. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

1. IS 10711 — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Size and lay out of drawing sheets.
2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Lettering.
3. IS 10714 (Part 20) — 2001 & SP 46 — 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
4. IS 11669 — 1986 & SP 46 —2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) — 2001: Technical drawings — Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitted to use appropriate scale to fit solution within A3 size.
4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL 1*

(ARMY WING) NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL - I

NX3251		**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
		2	**0**	**0**	**2**

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL 1*

NX3252	(NAVAL WING) NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL - I	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL 1*

NX3253	(AIR FORCE WING) NCC CREDIT COURSE LEVEL – I	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

GE3271 ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to provide hands on training to the students in:

1. Drawing pipe line plan; laying and connecting various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Sawing; planing; making joints in wood materials used in commonhousehold wood work.
2. Wiring various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Welding various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machining various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assembling simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Making a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Soldering and testing simple electronic circuits; Assembling and testing simple electronic components on PCB.

GROUP – A (CIVIL & ELECTRICAL)

PART I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICES **15**

PLUMBING WORK:

a) Connecting various basic pipe fittings like valves, taps, coupling, unions, reducers,elbows and other components which are commonly used in household.
b) Preparing plumbing line sketches.
c) Laying pipe connection to the suction side of a pump
d) Laying pipe connection to the delivery side of a pump.
e) Connecting pipes of different materials: Metal, plastic and flexible pipes used inhousehold appliances.

WOOD WORK:

a) Sawing,
b) Planing and
c) Making joints like T-Joint, Mortise joint and Tenon joint and Dovetail joint.

Wood Work Study:

a) Studying joints in door panels and wooden furniture
b) Studying common industrial trusses using models.

PART II ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES **15**

a) Introduction to switches, fuses, indicators and lamps - Basic switch board wiring with lamp, fan and three pin socket
b) Staircase wiring
c) Fluorescent Lamp wiring with introduction to CFL and LED types.
d) Energy meter wiring and related calculations/ calibration
e) Study of Iron Box wiring and assembly
f) Study of Fan Regulator (Resistor type and Electronic type using Diac/Triac/quadrac)
g) Study of emergency lamp wiring/Water heater

GROUP – B (MECHANICAL AND ELECTRONICS)

PART III MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

WELDING WORK:

a) Welding of Butt Joints, Lap Joints, and Tee Joints using arc welding.
b) Practicing gas welding.

BASIC MACHINING WORK:

a) (simple)Turning.
b) (simple)Drilling.
c) (simple)Tapping.

ASSEMBLY WORK:

a) Assembling a centrifugal pump.
b) Assembling a household mixer.
c) Assembling an airconditioner.

SHEET METAL WORK:

a) Making of a square tray

FOUNDRY WORK:

a) Demonstrating basic foundry operations.

PART IV ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

SOLDERING WORK:

a) Soldering simple electronic circuits and checking continuity.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY AND TESTING WORK:

a) Assembling and testing electronic components on a small PCB.

ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT STUDY:

a) Study an elements of smart phone..
b) Assembly and dismantle of LED TV.
c) Assembly and dismantle of computer/ laptop

TOTAL = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Draw pipe line plan; lay and connect various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Saw; plan; make joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
2. Wire various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Weld various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machine various simple processeslike turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assemble simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Make a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Solder and test simple electronic circuits; Assemble and test simple electronic components on PCB.

BE3273	BASIC ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING AND MEASUREMENTS LABORATORY	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To train the students in conducting load tests on electrical machines
- To gain practical experience in characterizing electronic devices
- To train the students to use DSO for measurements

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

ELECTRICAL

1. Verification of ohms and Kirchhoff's Laws.
2. Load test on DC Shunt Motor.
3. Load test on Self Excited DC Generator
4. Load test on Single phase Transformer
5. Load Test on Induction Motor

ELECTRONICS

6. Experiment on Transistor based application circuits (Inverting and non-inverting amplifier or switching circuits)

   (Or)

   Experiments on Operational Amplifier based Inverting and non-inverting amplifier.

7. Experiments on ADC.
8. Experiments on 555 timer

MEASUREMENTS

9. Study on function of DSO.
10. Measurement of Amplitude, Frequency, Time, Phase Measurement using DSO.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the students will be able to

1. Use experimental methods to verify the Ohm's and Kirchhoff's Laws.
2. Analyze experimentally the load characteristics of electrical machines
3. Analyze the characteristics of basic electronic devices
4. Use DSO to measure the various parameters

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON - AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED ANNA UNIVERSITY
REGULATIONS 2021
B.TECH. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND DATA SCIENCE
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I AND II SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

I. PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

Graduates can

1. Utilize their proficiencies in the fundamental knowledge of basic sciences, mathematics, Artificial Intelligence, data science and statistics to build systems that require management and analysis of large volumes of data.
2. Advance their technical skills to pursue pioneering research in the field of AI and Data Science and create disruptive and sustainable solutions for the welfare of ecosystems.
3. Think logically, pursue lifelong learning and collaborate with an ethical attitude in a multidisciplinary team.
4. Design and model AI based solutions to critical problem domains in the real world.
5. Exhibit innovative thoughts and creative ideas for effective contribution towards economy building.

II. PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

Graduates should be

1. evolve AI based efficient domain specific processes for effective decision making in several domains such as business and governance domains.
2. arrive at actionable Foresight, Insight, hindsight from data for solving business and engineering problems
3. create, select and apply the theoretical knowledge of AI and Data Analytics along with practical industrial tools and techniques to manage and solve wicked societal problems
4. capable of developing data analytics and data visualization skills, skills pertaining to knowledge acquisition, knowledge representation and knowledge engineering, and hence capable of coordinating complex projects.
5. able to carry out fundamental research to cater the critical needs of the society through cutting edge technologies of AI.

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
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REGULATIONS 2021
B.TECH. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND DATA SCIENCE
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I AND II SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

SEMESTER I

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	IP3151	Induction Programme	-	-	-	-	-	0
THEORY								
2.	HS3151	Professional English - I	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	MA3151	Matrices and Calculus	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
4.	PH3151	Engineering Physics	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CY3151	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	GE3151	Problem Solving and Python Programming	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
7.	GE3171	Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
8.	BS3171	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	BSC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**15**	**2**	**8**	**25**	**21**

SEMESTER II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	HS3251	Professional English - II	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	MA3251	Statistics and Numerical Methods	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	PH3256	Physics for Information Science	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	BE3251	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	GE3251	Engineering Graphics	ESC	2	0	4	6	4
6.	AD3251	Data Structures Design	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		NCC Credit Course Level 1*	-	2	0	0	2	2*
PRACTICALS								
8.	GE3271	Engineering Practices Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	AD3271	Data Structures Design Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**17**	**2**	**12**	**31**	**25**

*NCC Credit Course level 1 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA.

IP3151 **INDUCTION PROGRAMME**

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective:

“Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have a broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed.”

“One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character. “

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

(i) Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(ii) Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it everyday for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and
also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(iii) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, make decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and don'ts, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing.
Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty
mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(iv) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(v) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(vi) Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(vii) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the underprivileged.

(viii) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(ix) Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering / Technology / Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.

References:
Guide to Induction program from AICTE

HS3151 **PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - I** **L T P C**
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To help learners use language effectively in academic /work contexts
- To build on students' English language skills by engaging them in listening, speaking and grammar learning activities that are relevant to authentic contexts.
- To develop learners' ability to read and write complex texts, summaries, articles, blogs, definitions, essays and user manuals.
- To use language efficiently in expressing their opinions via various media.

INTRODUCTION TO EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION **1**

- What is effective communication? (There are many interesting activities for this.)
- Why is communication critical for excellence during study, research and work?
- What are the seven C's of effective communication?
- What are key language skills?
- What is effective listening? What does it involve?
- What is effective speaking?
- What does it mean to be an excellent reader? What should you be able to do?
- What is effective writing?
- How does one develop language and communication skills?
- What does the course focus on? How are communication and language skills going to be enhanced during this course? What do you as a learner need to do to enhance your English language and communication skills to get the best out of this course?

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION **11**

Listening –for general information-specific details- conversation: Introduction to classmates - Audio / video (formal & informal); Telephone conversation; Listening to voicemail & messages; Listening and filling a form

Speaking - Self Introduction; Introducing a friend; Conversation - politeness strategies; Telephone conversation; Leave a voicemail; Leave a message with another person; asking for information to fill details in a form.

Reading - Reading brochures (technical context), telephone messages / social media messages relevant to technical contexts and emails.

Writing - Writing emails / letters introducing oneself

Grammar - Present Tense (simple and progressive); Question types: Wh / Yes or No/ and Tags

Vocabulary - Synonyms; One word substitution; Abbreviations & Acronyms (as used in technical contexts).

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION **12**

Listening - Listening to podcasts, anecdotes / stories / event narration; documentaries and interviews with celebrities.

Speaking - Narrating personal experiences / events; Interviewing a celebrity; Reporting / and summarizing documentaries / podcasts/ interviews.

Reading - Reading biographies, travelogues, newspaper reports, Excerpts from literature, and travel & technical blogs.

Writing - Guided writing-- Paragraph writing Short Report on an event (field trip etc.)

Grammar –Past tense (simple); Subject-Verb Agreement; and Prepositions

Vocabulary - Word forms (prefixes & suffixes); Synonyms and Antonyms. Phrasal verbs.

UNIT III DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT 12

Listening - Listen to a product and process descriptions; a classroom lecture; and advertisements about products.

Speaking – Picture description; giving instruction to use the product; Presenting a product; and Summarizing a lecture.

Reading – Reading advertisements, gadget reviews; user manuals.

Writing - Writing definitions; instructions; and Product /Process description.

Grammar - Imperatives; Adjectives; Degrees of comparison; Present & Past Perfect Tenses.

Vocabulary - Compound Nouns, Homonyms; and Homophones, discourse markers (connectives & sequence words)

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks; Scientific lectures; and educational videos.

Speaking – Small Talk; Mini presentations and making recommendations.

Reading – Newspaper articles; Journal reports –and Non Verbal Communication (tables, pie charts etc,)

Writing – Note-making / Note-taking (*Study skills to be taught, not tested; Writing recommendations; Transferring information from non verbal (chart , graph etc, to verbal mode)

Grammar – Articles; Pronouns - Possessive & Relative pronouns.

Vocabulary - Collocations; Fixed / Semi fixed expressions.

UNIT V EXPRESSION 12

Listening – Listening to debates/ discussions; different viewpoints on an issue; and panel discussions.

Speaking –group discussions, Debates, and Expressing opinions through Simulations & Role play.

Reading – Reading editorials; and Opinion Blogs;

Writing – Essay Writing (Descriptive or narrative).

Grammar – Future Tenses, Punctuation; Negation (Statements & Questions); and Simple, Compound & Complex Sentences.

Vocabulary - Cause & Effect Expressions – Content vs Function words.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To listen and comprehend complex academic texts
- To read and infer the denotative and connotative meanings of technical texts
- To write definitions, descriptions, narrations and essays on various topics
- To speak fluently and accurately in formal and informal communicative contexts
- To express their opinions effectively in both oral and written medium of communication

TEXT BOOKS:

1. English for Engineers & Technologists Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University, (2020 edition)
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press, 2021.
3. Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Technical Communication – Principles And Practices By Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford Univ. Press, 2016, New Delhi.
2. A Course Book on Technical English By Lakshmi Narayanan, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
3. English For Technical Communication (With CD) By Aysha Viswamohan, Mcgraw Hill Education, ISBN : 0070264244.
4. Effective Communication Skill, Kulbhusan Kumar, R S Salaria, Khanna Publishing House.
5. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal, Allied Publishing House, New Delhi,2003.

MA3151 MATRICES AND CALCULUS

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that are needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To familiarize the students with differential calculus.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches of engineering.
- To make the students understand various techniques of integration.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their applications.

UNIT I MATRICES **9 + 3**

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley - Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices by orthogonal transformation – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms – Applications : Stretching of an elastic membrane.

UNIT II DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**

Representation of functions - Limit of a function - Continuity - Derivatives - Differentiation rules (sum, product, quotient, chain rules) - Implicit differentiation - Logarithmic differentiation - Applications : Maxima and Minima of functions of one variable.

UNIT III FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES **9 + 3**

Partial differentiation – Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem – Total derivative – Change of variables – Jacobians – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Applications : Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT IV INTEGRAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**

Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration : Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals - Applications : Hydrostatic force and pressure, moments and centres of mass.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS 9 + 3

Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple integrals – Volume of solids – Change of variables in double and triple integrals – Applications : Moments and centres of mass, moment of inertia.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Use the matrix algebra methods for solving practical problems.
- Apply differential calculus tools in solving various application problems.
- Able to use differential calculus ideas on several variable functions.
- Apply different methods of integration in solving practical problems.
- Apply multiple integral ideas in solving areas, volumes and other practical problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kreyszig.E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Grewal.B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44th Edition , 2018.
3. James Stewart, " Calculus : Early Transcendentals ", Cengage Learning, 8th Edition, New Delhi, 2015. [For Units II & IV - Sections 1.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.7 (Tangents problems only), 2.8, 3.1 to 3.6, 3.11, 4.1, 4.3, 5.1 (Area problems only), 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 (excluding net change theorem), 5.5, 7.1 - 7.4 and 7.8].

REFERENCES:

1. Anton. H, Bivens. I and Davis. S, " Calculus ", Wiley, 10th Edition, 2016
2. Bali. N., Goyal. M. and Watkins. C., " Advanced Engineering Mathematics ", Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.,), New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2009.
3. Jain . R.K. and Iyengar. S.R.K., " Advanced Engineering Mathematics ", Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2016.
4. Narayanan. S. and Manicavachagom Pillai. T. K., "Calculus" Volume I and II, S. Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2009.
5. Ramana. B.V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.
6. Srimantha Pal and Bhunia. S.C, "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 2015.
7. Thomas. G. B., Hass. J, and Weir. M.D, " Thomas Calculus ", 14th Edition, Pearson India, 2018.

PH3151 ENGINEERING PHYSICS L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students effectively achieve an understanding of mechanics.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge of electromagnetic waves and its applications.
- To introduce the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Equipping the students to successfully understand the importance of quantum physics.
- To motivate the students towards the applications of quantum mechanics.

UNIT I MECHANICS 9

Multi-particle dynamics: Center of mass (CM) – CM of continuous bodies – motion of the CM – kinetic energy of the system of particles. Rotation of rigid bodies: Rotational kinematics – rotational kinetic energy and moment of inertia - theorems of M .I –moment of inertia of continuous bodies – M.I of a diatomic molecule - torque – rotational dynamics of rigid bodies – conservation of angular momentum – rotational energy state of a rigid diatomic molecule - gyroscope - torsional pendulum – double pendulum –Introduction to nonlinear oscillations.

UNIT II ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES 9

The Maxwell's equations - wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field - properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - polarization - Producing electromagnetic waves - Energy and momentum in EM waves: Intensity, waves from localized sources, momentum and radiation pressure - Cell-phone reception. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

UNIT III OSCILLATIONS, OPTICS AND LASERS 9

Simple harmonic motion - resonance –analogy between electrical and mechanical oscillating systems - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave - sound waves - Doppler effect. Reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference –Michelson interferometer –Theory of air wedge and experiment. Theory of laser - characteristics - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Einstein's coefficients - population inversion - Nd-YAG laser, CO_2 laser, semiconductor laser –Basic applications of lasers in industry.

UNIT IV BASIC QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

Photons and light waves - Electrons and matter waves –Compton effect - The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) - meaning of wave function - Normalization –Free particle - particle in a infinite potential well: 1D,2D and 3D Boxes-Normalization, probabilities and the correspondence principle.

UNIT V APPLIED QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

The harmonic oscillator(qualitative)- Barrier penetration and quantum tunneling(qualitative)-Tunneling microscope - Resonant diode - Finite potential wells (qualitative)- Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential –Basics of Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Understand the importance of mechanics.
- Express their knowledge in electromagnetic waves.
- Demonstrate a strong foundational knowledge in oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Understand the importance of quantum physics.
- Comprehend and apply quantum mechanical principles towards the formation of energy bands.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow. An Introduction to Mechanics. McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2017.
2. E.M.Purcell and D.J.Morin, Electricity and Magnetism, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2013.

3. Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S. Rai Choudhury, Concepts of Modern Physics, McGraw-Hill (Indian Edition), 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Wolfson. Essential University Physics. Volume 1 & 2. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.
2. Paul A. Tipler, Physic – Volume 1 & 2, CBS, (Indian Edition), 2004.
3. K.Thyagarajan and A.Ghatak. Lasers: Fundamentals and Applications, Laxmi Publications, (Indian Edition), 2019.
4. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker. Principles of Physics, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2015.
5. N.Garcia, A.Damask and S.Schwarz. Physics for Computer Science Students. Springer-Verlag, 2012.

CY3151 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate sound understanding of water quality parameters and water treatment techniques.
- To impart knowledge on the basic principles and preparatory methods of nanomaterials.
- To introduce the basic concepts and applications of phase rule and composites.
- To facilitate the understanding of different types of fuels, their preparation, properties and combustion characteristics.
- To familiarize the students with the operating principles, working processes and applications of energy conversion and storage devices.

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT 9

Water: Sources and impurities, Water quality parameters: Definition and significance of-color, odour, turbidity, pH, hardness, alkalinity, TDS, COD and BOD, fluoride and arsenic. Municipal water treatment: primary treatment and disinfection (UV, Ozonation, break-point chlorination). Desalination of brackish water: Reverse Osmosis. Boiler troubles: Scale and sludge, Boiler corrosion, Caustic embrittlement, Priming & foaming. Treatment of boiler feed water: Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) and External treatment – Ion exchange demineralization and zeolite process.

UNIT II NANOCHEMISTRY 9

Basics: Distinction between molecules, nanomaterials and bulk materials; Size-dependent properties (optical, electrical, mechanical and magnetic); Types of nanomaterials: Definition, properties and uses of – nanoparticle, nanocluster, nanorod, nanowire and nanotube. Preparation of nanomaterials: sol-gel, solvothermal, laser ablation, chemical vapour deposition, electrochemical deposition and electro spinning. Applications of nanomaterials in medicine, agriculture, energy, electronics and catalysis.

UNIT III PHASE RULE AND COMPOSITES 9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples. One component system - water system; Reduced phase rule; Construction of a simple eutectic phase diagram - Thermal analysis; Two component system: lead-silver system - Pattinson process.

Composites: Introduction: Definition & Need for composites; Constitution: Matrix materials (Polymer matrix, metal matrix and ceramic matrix) and Reinforcement (fiber, particulates, flakes and whiskers). Properties and applications of: Metal matrix composites (MMC), Ceramic matrix

composites and Polymer matrix composites. Hybrid composites - definition and examples.

UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION 9

Fuels: Introduction: Classification of fuels; Coal and coke: Analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate), Carbonization, Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method). Petroleum and Diesel: Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process), Knocking - octane number, diesel oil - cetane number; Power alcohol and biodiesel.

Combustion of fuels: Introduction: Calorific value - higher and lower calorific values, Theoretical calculation of calorific value; Ignition temperature: spontaneous ignition temperature, Explosive range; Flue gas analysis - ORSAT Method. CO_2 emission and carbon footprint.

UNIT V ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES 9

Stability of nucleus: mass defect (problems), binding energy; Nuclear energy: light water nuclear power plant, breeder reactor. Solar energy conversion: Principle, working and applications of solar cells; Recent developments in solar cell materials. Wind energy; Geothermal energy; Batteries: Types of batteries, Primary battery - dry cell, Secondary battery - lead acid battery and lithium-ion-battery; Electric vehicles - working principles; Fuel cells: H_2-O_2 fuel cell, microbial fuel cell; Supercapacitors: Storage principle, types and examples.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able:

- To infer the quality of water from quality parameter data and propose suitable treatment methodologies to treat water.
- To identify and apply basic concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology in designing the synthesis of nanomaterials for engineering and technology applications.
- To apply the knowledge of phase rule and composites for material selection requirements.
- To recommend suitable fuels for engineering processes and applications.
- To recognize different forms of energy resources and apply them for suitable applications in energy sectors.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, “Engineering Chemistry”, 17th Edition, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2018.
2. Sivasankar B., “Engineering Chemistry”, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
3. S.S. Dara, “A Text book of Engineering Chemistry”, S. Chand Publishing, 12th Edition, 2018

REFERENCES:

1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath and James Murday, “Text book of nanoscience and nanotechnology”, Universities Press-IIM Series in Metallurgy and Materials Science, 2018.
2. O.G. Palanna, “Engineering Chemistry” McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2017.
3. Friedrich Emich, “Engineering Chemistry”, Scientific International PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2014.

4. ShikhaAgarwal, “Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications”, Cambridge University Press, Delhi, Second Edition, 2019.
5. O.V. Roussak and H.D. Gesser, Applied Chemistry-A Text Book for Engineers and Technologists, Springer Science Business Media, New York, 2nd Edition, 2013.

GE3151 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of algorithmic problem solving.
- To learn to solve problems using Python conditionals and loops.
- To define Python functions and use function calls to solve problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries to represent complex data.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

UNIT I COMPUTATIONAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Fundamentals of Computing – Identification of Computational Problems -Algorithms, building blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion). Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.

UNIT II DATA TYPES, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS 9

Python interpreter and interactive mode,debugging; values and types: int, float, boolean, string , and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; Illustrative programs: exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points.

UNIT III CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS, STRINGS 9

Conditionals:Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else),chained conditional (if-elif-else);Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values,parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices,immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search.

UNIT IV LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES 9

Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing - list comprehension; Illustrative programs: simple sorting, histogram, Students marks statement, Retail bill preparation.

UNIT V FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES 9

Files and exceptions: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file, Voter’s age validation, Marks range validation (0-100).

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems.
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Write simple Python programs using conditionals and loops for solving problems.
CO4: Decompose a Python program into functions.
CO5: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries etc.
CO6: Read and write data from/to files in Python programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data‘‘, Third Edition, MIT Press , 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

GE3171 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the problem solving approaches.
- To learn the basic programming constructs in Python.
- To practice various computing strategies for Python-based solutions to real world problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The examples suggested in each experiment are only indicative. The lab instructor is expected to design other problems on similar lines. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments listed here.

1. Identification and solving of simple real life or scientific or technical problems, and developing flow charts for the same. (Electricity Billing, Retail shop billing, Sin series, weight of a motorbike, Weight of a steel bar, compute Electrical Current in Three Phase AC Circuit, etc.)

2. Python programming using simple statements and expressions (exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points).
3. Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops. (Number series, Number Patterns, pyramid pattern)
4. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Lists, Tuples. (Items present in a library/Components of a car/ Materials required for construction of a building –operations of list & tuples)
5. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Sets, Dictionaries. (Language, components of an automobile, Elements of a civil structure, etc.- operations of Sets & Dictionaries)
6. Implementing programs using Functions. (Factorial, largest number in a list, area of shape)
7. Implementing programs using Strings. (reverse, palindrome, character count, replacing characters)
8. Implementing programs using written modules and Python Standard Libraries (pandas, numpy. Matplotlib, scipy)
9. Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling. (copy from one file to another, word count, longest word)
10. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling. (divide by zero error, voter's age validity, student mark range validation)
11. Exploring Pygame tool.
12. Developing a game activity using Pygame like bouncing ball, car race etc.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Implement programs in Python using conditionals and loops for solving problems..
CO4: Deploy functions to decompose a Python program.
CO5: Process compound data using Python data structures.
CO6: Utilize Python packages in developing software applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data", Third Edition, MIT Press, 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

BS3171 **PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY** **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

PHYSICS LABORATORY : (Any Seven Experiments)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the proper use of various kinds of physics laboratory equipment.
- To learn how data can be collected, presented and interpreted in a clear and concise manner.
- To learn problem solving skills related to physics principles and interpretation of experimental data.
- To determine error in experimental measurements and techniques used to minimize such error.
- To make the student an active participant in each part of all lab exercises.

1. Torsional pendulum - Determination of rigidity modulus of wire and moment of inertia of regular and irregular objects.
2. Simple harmonic oscillations of cantilever.
3. Non-uniform bending - Determination of Young's modulus
4. Uniform bending – Determination of Young's modulus
5. Laser- Determination of the wavelength of the laser using grating
6. Air wedge - Determination of thickness of a thin sheet/wire
7. a) Optical fibre -Determination of Numerical Aperture and acceptance angle
   b) Compact disc- Determination of width of the groove using laser.
8. Acoustic grating- Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids.
9. Ultrasonic interferometer – determination of the velocity of sound and compressibility of liquids
10. Post office box -Determination of Band gap of a semiconductor.
11. Photoelectric effect
12. Michelson Interferometer.
13. Melde's string experiment
14. Experiment with lattice dynamics kit.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to

- Understand the functioning of various physics laboratory equipment.
- Use graphical models to analyze laboratory data.
- Use mathematical models as a medium for quantitative reasoning and describing physical reality.
- Access, process and analyze scientific information.
- Solve problems individually and collaboratively.

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY: (Any seven experiments to be conducted)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate experimental skills to test basic understanding of water quality parameters, such as, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, DO, chloride and copper.

- To induce the students to familiarize with electroanalytical techniques such as, pH metry, potentiometry and conductometry in the determination of impurities in aqueous solutions.
- To demonstrate the analysis of metals and alloys.
- To demonstrate the synthesis of nanoparticles

1. Preparation of Na_2CO_3 as a primary standard and estimation of acidity of a water sample using the primary standard
2. Determination of types and amount of alkalinity in a water sample.
- Split the first experiment into two
3. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method.
4. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
5. Determination of chloride content of water sample by Argentometric method.
6. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by Iodometry.
7. Estimation of TDS of a water sample by gravimetry.
8. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
9. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter.
10. Conductometric titration of barium chloride against sodium sulphate (precipitation titration)
11. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
12. Estimation of sodium /potassium present in water using a flame photometer.
13. Preparation of nanoparticles (TiO_2/ZnO/CuO) by Sol-Gel method.
14. Estimation of Nickel in steel
15. Proximate analysis of Coal

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES :

- To analyse the quality of water samples with respect to their acidity, alkalinity, hardness and DO.
- To determine the amount of metal ions through volumetric and spectroscopic techniques
- To analyse and determine the composition of alloys.
- To learn simple method of synthesis of nanoparticles
- To quantitatively analyse the impurities in solution by electroanalytical techniques

TEXT BOOKS :

1. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas and B. Sivasankar, Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (2009).

HS3251 PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - II L T P C

3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To engage learners in meaningful language activities to improve their LSRW skills
- To enhance learners' awareness of general rules of writing for specific audiences
- To help learners understand the purpose, audience, contexts of different types of writing
- To develop analytical thinking skills for problem solving in communicative contexts
- To demonstrate an understanding of job applications and interviews for internship and placements

UNIT I MAKING COMPARISONS 12

Listening – Evaluative Listening: Advertisements, Product Descriptions, -Audio / video; Listening and filling a Graphic Organiser (Choosing a product or service by comparison)
Speaking – Marketing a product, Persuasive Speech Techniques.
Reading - Reading advertisements, user manuals, brochures;
Writing – Professional emails, Email etiquette - Compare and Contrast Essay; Grammar – Mixed Tenses, Prepositional phrases
Vocabulary – Contextual meaning of words

UNIT II EXPRESSING CAUSAL RELATIONS IN SPEAKING AND WRITING 12

Listening - Listening to longer technical talks and completing– gap filling exercises. Listening technical information from podcasts – Listening to process/event descriptions to identify cause & effects - Speaking – Describing and discussing the reasons of accidents or disasters based on news reports.
Reading - Reading longer technical texts– Cause and Effect Essays, and Letters / emails of complaint,
Writing - Writing responses to complaints.
Grammar - Active Passive Voice transformations, Infinitive and Gerunds Vocabulary – Word Formation (Noun-Verb-Adj-Adv), Adverbs.

UNIT III PROBLEM SOLVING 12

Listening – Listening to / Watching movie scenes/ documentaries depicting a technical problem and suggesting solutions.
Speaking – Group Discussion(based on case studies), - techniques and Strategies,
Reading - Case Studies, excerpts from literary texts, news reports etc.,
Writing – Letter to the Editor, Checklists, Problem solution essay / Argumentative Essay
Grammar – Error correction; If conditional sentences
Vocabulary - Compound Words, Sentence Completion.

UNIT IV REPORTING OF EVENTS AND RESEARCH 12

Listening – Listening Comprehension based on news reports – and documentaries – Precis writing, Summarising, Speaking –Interviewing, Presenting an oral report, Mini presentations on select topics;
Reading –Newspaper articles; Writing – Recommendations, Transcoding, Accident Report, Survey Report Grammar – Reported Speech, Modals Vocabulary – Conjunctions- use of prepositions

UNIT V THE ABILITY TO PUT IDEAS OR INFORMATION COGENTLY 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks, Presentations, Formal job interviews, (analysis of the interview performance);
Speaking – Participating in a Role play, (interview/telephone interview), virtual interviews, Making presentations with visual aids;
Reading – Company profiles, Statement of Purpose, (SOP), an excerpt of interview with professionals; Writing – Job / Internship application – Cover letter & Resume; Grammar – Numerical adjectives, Relative Clauses Vocabulary – Idioms.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To compare and contrast products and ideas in technical texts.

- To identify cause and effects in events, industrial processes through technical texts
- To analyze problems in order to arrive at feasible solutions and communicate them orally and in the written format.
- To report events and the processes of technical and industrial nature.
- To present their opinions in a planned and logical manner, and draft effective resumes in context of job search.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. English for Engineers & Technologists (2020 edition) Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University.
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press 2021.Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Raman. Meenakshi, Sharma. Sangeeta (2019). Professional English. Oxford university press. New Delhi.
2. Improve Your Writing ed. V.N. Arora and Laxmi Chandra, Oxford Univ. Press, 2001, New Delhi.
3. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal. Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
4. Business Correspondence and Report Writing by Prof. R.C. Sharma & Krishna Mohan, Tata McGraw Hill & Co. Ltd., 2001, New Delhi.
5. Krishna Mohan, Meera Banerji, “Developing Communication Skills”, Trinity Press, 2017.

MA3251 STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- This course aims at providing the necessary basic concepts of a few statistical and numerical methods and give procedures for solving numerically different kinds of problems occurring in engineering and technology.
- To acquaint the knowledge of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of solving algebraic and transcendental equations.
- To introduce the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and numerical techniques of differentiation and integration which plays an important role in engineering and technology disciplines.
- To acquaint the knowledge of various techniques and methods of solving ordinary differential equations.

UNIT I TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS 9 + 3

Sampling distributions - Tests for single mean, proportion and difference of means (Large and small samples) – Tests for single variance and equality of variances – Chi square test for goodness of fit – Independence of attributes.

UNIT II DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS 9 + 3

One way and two way classifications - Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design - 2^2 factorial design.

UNIT III SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS 9 + 3

Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations - Fixed point iteration method – Newton Raphson method- Solution of linear system of equations - Gauss elimination method – Pivoting - Gauss Jordan method – Iterative methods of Gauss Jacobi and Gauss Seidel - Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method and Jacobi's method for symmetric matrices.

UNIT IV INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND NUMERICAL INTEGRATION 9 +3

Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolations – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivates using interpolation polynomials – Numerical single and double integrations using Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules.

UNIT V NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9 +3

Single step methods: Taylor's series method - Euler's method - Modified Euler's method - Fourth order Runge-Kutta method for solving first order differential equations - Multi step methods: Milne's and Adams - Bash forth predictor corrector methods for solving first order differential equations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Apply the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples in real life problems.
- Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments in the field of agriculture.
- Appreciate the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and apply the numerical techniques of differentiation and integration for engineering problems.
- Understandthe knowledge of various techniques and methods for solving first and second order ordinary differential equations.
- Solve the partial and ordinary differential equations with initial and boundary conditions by using certain techniques with engineering applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Grewal, B.S., and Grewal, J.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science", Khanna Publishers, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2015.
2. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund J., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 8th Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Burden, R.L and Faires, J.D, "Numerical Analysis", 9th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2016.
2. Devore. J.L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2014.
3. Gerald. C.F. and Wheatley. P.O. "Applied Numerical Analysis" Pearson Education, Asia, New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2007.
4. Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V. K., "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 12th Edition, 2020.
5. Spiegel. M.R., Schiller. J. and Srinivasan. R.A., "Schaum's Outlines on Probability and Statistics ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 4th Edition, 2012.

6. Walpole. R.E., Myers. R.H., Myers. S.L. and Ye. K., “Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2010.

PH3256	PHYSICS FOR INFORMATION SCIENCE	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students understand the importance in studying electrical properties of materials.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge in semiconductor physics
- To instill knowledge on magnetic properties of materials.
- To establish a sound grasp of knowledge on different optical properties of materials, optical displays and applications
- To inculcate an idea of significance of nano structures, quantum confinement, ensuing nano device applications and quantum computing.

UNIT I ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classical free electron theory - Expression for electrical conductivity – Thermal conductivity, expression - Wiedemann-Franz law – Success and failures - electrons in metals – Particle in a three dimensional box – degenerate states – Fermi- Dirac statistics – Density of energy states – Electron in periodic potential – Energy bands in solids – tight binding approximation - Electron effective mass – concept of hole.

UNIT II SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS 9

Intrinsic Semiconductors – Energy band diagram – direct and indirect band gap semiconductors – Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors – extrinsic semiconductors - Carrier concentration in N-type & P-type semiconductors – Variation of carrier concentration with temperature – variation of Fermi level with temperature and impurity concentration – Carrier transport in Semiconductor: random motion, drift, mobility and diffusion – Hall effect and devices – Ohmic contacts – Schottky diode.

UNIT III MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Magnetic dipole moment – atomic magnetic moments- magnetic permeability and susceptibility - Magnetic material classification: diamagnetism – paramagnetism – ferromagnetism – antiferromagnetism – ferrimagnetism – Ferromagnetism: origin and exchange interaction-saturation magnetization and Curie temperature – Domain Theory- M versus H behaviour – Hard and soft magnetic materials – examples and uses-– Magnetic principle in computer data storage – Magnetic hard disc (GMR sensor).

UNIT IV OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classification of optical materials – carrier generation and recombination processes - Absorption emission and scattering of light in metals, insulators and semiconductors (concepts only) - photo current in a P-N diode – solar cell - LED – Organic LED – Laser diodes – Optical data storage techniques.

UNIT V NANODEVICES AND QUANTUM COMPUTING 9

Introduction - quantum confinement – quantum structures: quantum wells, wires and dots — band gap of nanomaterials. Tunneling – Single electron phenomena: Coulomb blockade - resonant-tunneling diode – single electron transistor – quantum cellular automata - Quantum system for

information processing - quantum states – classical bits – quantum bits or qubits –CNOT gate - multiple qubits – Bloch sphere – quantum gates – advantage of quantum computing over classical computing.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students should be able to

- gain knowledge on classical and quantum electron theories, and energy band structures
- acquire knowledge on basics of semiconductor physics and its applications in various devices
- get knowledge on magnetic properties of materials and their applications in data storage,
- have the necessary understanding on the functioning of optical materials for optoelectronics
- understand the basics of quantum structures and their applications and basics of quantum computing

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jasprit Singh, “Semiconductor Devices: Basic Principles”, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2007.
2. S.O. Kasap. Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.
3. Parag K. Lala, Quantum Computing: A Beginner's Introduction, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.

REFERENCES:

1. Charles Kittel, Introduction to Solid State Physics, Wiley India Edition, 2019.
2. Y.B.Band and Y.Avishai, Quantum Mechanics with Applications to Nanotechnology and Information Science, Academic Press, 2013.
3. V.V.Mitin, V.A. Kochelap and M.A.Stroscio, Introduction to Nanoelectronics, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2008.
4. G.W. Hanson, Fundamentals of Nanoelectronics, Pearson Education (Indian Edition) 2009.
5. B.Rogers, J.Adams and S.Pennathur, Nanotechnology: Understanding Small Systems, CRC Press, 2014.

BE3251 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basics of electric circuits and analysis
- To impart knowledge in the basics of working principles and application of electrical machines
- To introduce analog devices and their characteristics
- To educate on the fundamental concepts of digital electronics
- To introduce the functional elements and working of measuring instruments

UNIT I ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS **9**

DC Circuits: Circuit Components: Conductor, Resistor, Inductor, Capacitor – Ohm’s Law - Kirchhoff’s Laws –Independent and Dependent Sources – Simple problems- Nodal Analysis, Mesh analysis with Independent sources only (Steady state)

Introduction to AC Circuits and Parameters: Waveforms, Average value, RMS Value, Instantaneous power, real power, reactive power and apparent power, power factor – Steady state

analysis of RLC circuits (Simple problems only)

UNIT II ELECTRICAL MACHINES 9

Construction and Working principle- DC Separately and Self excited Generators, EMF equation, Types and Applications. Working Principle of DC motors, Torque Equation, Types and Applications. Construction, Working principle and Applications of Transformer, Three phase Alternator, Synchronous motor and Three Phase Induction Motor.

UNIT III ANALOG ELECTRONICS 9

Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor in Electronic Circuits- Semiconductor Materials: Silicon &Germanium – PN Junction Diodes, Zener Diode –Characteristics Applications – Bipolar Junction Transistor-Biasing, JFET, SCR, MOSFET,IGBT – Types, I-V Characteristics and Applications, Rectifier and Inverters

UNIT IV DIGITAL ELECTRONICS 9

Review of number systems, binary codes, error detection and correction codes, Combinational logic - representation of logic functions-SOP and POS forms, K-map representations - minimization using K maps (Simple Problems only)**.**

UNIT V MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION 9

Functional elements of an instrument, Standards and calibration, Operating Principle, types - Moving Coil and Moving Iron meters, Measurement of three phase power, Energy Meter, Instrument Transformers-CT and PT, DSO- Block diagram- Data acquisition**.**

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES :

After completing this course, the students will be able to

- **CO1:** Compute the electric circuit parameters for simple problems
- **CO2:** Explain the working principle and applications of electrical machines
- **CO3:** Analyze the characteristics of analog electronic devices
- **CO4:** Explain the basic concepts of digital electronics
- **CO5:** Explain the operating principles of measuring instruments

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, “Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering”, Second Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2020
2. S.K.Bhattacharya “Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering”, Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2017.
3. Sedha R.S., “A textbook book of Applied Electronics”, S. Chand & Co., 2008
4. James A .Svoboda, Richard C. Dorf, “Dorf’s Introduction to Electric Circuits”, Wiley, 2018.
5. A.K. Sawhney, Puneet Sawhney ‘A Course in Electrical & Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation’, Dhanpat Rai and Co, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, “Basic Electrical Engineering”, Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill
2. Education, 2019.
3. Thomas L. Floyd, ‘Digital Fundamentals’, 11th Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
4. Albert Malvino, David Bates, ‘Electronic Principles, McGraw Hill Education; 7th edition, 2017.
5. Mahmood Nahvi and Joseph A. Edminister, “Electric Circuits”, Schaum’ Outline Series,

McGraw Hill, 2002.
6. H.S. Kalsi, 'Electronic Instrumentation', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010

GE3251 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS L T P C
2 0 4 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Drawing engineering curves.
- Drawing a freehand sketch of simple objects.
- Drawing orthographic projection of solids and section of solids.
- Drawing development of solids
- Drawing isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

Importance of graphics in engineering applications — Use of drafting instruments — BIS conventions and specifications — Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets — Lettering and dimensioning**.**

UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREEHAND SKETCHING 6+12

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics — Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method — Construction of cycloid — construction of involutes of square and circle — Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves.

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACE 6+12

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces. Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS 6+12

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes and parallel to the other by rotating object method. Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles —Representation of Three Dimensional objects — Layout of views- Freehand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES 6 +12

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other — obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids — Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS 6+12

Principles of isometric projection — isometric scale — isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions - Perspective projection of simple solids - Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of isometric projection of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

TOTAL: (L=30+P=60) 90 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Use BIS conventions and specifications for engineering drawing.
- Construct the conic curves, involutes and cycloid.
- Solve practical problems involving projection of lines.
- Draw the orthographic, isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.
- Draw the development of simple solids.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 53rd Edition, 2019.
2. Natarajan K.V., "A Text Book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2018.
3. Parthasarathy, N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Drawing", Oxford University Press, 2015

REFERENCES:

1. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2019.
2. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Publications, Bangalore, 27th Edition, 2017.
3. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff,John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Parthasarathy N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Graphics", Oxford University, Press, New Delhi, 2015.
5. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson Education India, 2nd Edition, 2009.
6. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

1. IS 10711 — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Size and layout of drawing sheets.
2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Lettering.
3. IS 10714 (Part 20) — 2001 & SP 46 — 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
4. IS 11669 — 1986 & SP 46 —2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) — 2001: Technical drawings — Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitt to use appropriate scale to fit a solution within A3 size.
4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

AD3251 DATA STRUCTURES DESIGN L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts of ADTs
- To design linear data structures – lists, stacks, and queues
- To understand sorting, searching and hashing algorithms
- To apply Tree and Graph structures

UNIT I ABSTRACT DATA TYPES 9

Abstract Data Types (ADTs) – ADTs and classes – introduction to OOP – classes in Python – inheritance – namespaces – shallow and deep copying

Introduction to analysis of algorithms – asymptotic notations – recursion – analyzing recursive algorithms

UNIT II LINEAR STRUCTURES 9

List ADT – array-based implementations – linked list implementations – singly linked lists – circularly linked lists – doubly linked lists – applications of lists – Stack ADT – Queue ADT – double ended queues

UNIT III SORTING AND SEARCHING 9

Bubble sort – selection sort – insertion sort – merge sort – quick sort – linear search – binary search – hashing – hash functions – collision handling – load factors, rehashing, and efficiency

UNIT IV TREE STRUCTURES 9

Tree ADT – Binary Tree ADT – tree traversals – binary search trees – AVL trees – heaps – multi-way search trees

UNIT V GRAPH STRUCTURES 9

Graph ADT – representations of graph – graph traversals – DAG – topological ordering – shortest paths – minimum spanning trees

TOTAL: 45 HOURS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- explain abstract data types
- design, implement, and analyse linear data structures, such as lists, queues, and stacks, according to the needs of different applications
- design, implement, and analyse efficient tree structures to meet requirements such as searching, indexing, and sorting
- model problems as graph problems and implement efficient graph algorithms to solve them

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, and Michael H. Goldwasser, “Data Structures and Algorithms in Python” (An Indian Adaptation), Wiley, 2021.
2. Lee, Kent D., Hubbard, Steve, “Data Structures and Algorithms with Python” Springer Edition 2015.
3. Narasimha Karumanchi, “Data Structures and Algorithmic Thinking with Python” Careermonk, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Rance D. Necaise, “Data Structures and Algorithms Using Python”, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
2. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, and Clifford Stein, “Introduction to Algorithms", Third Edition, PHI Learning, 2010.
3. Mark Allen Weiss, “Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++”, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2014
4. Aho, Hopcroft, and Ullman, “Data Structures and Algorithms”, Pearson Education India, 2002.

NX3251 **NCC Credit Course Level 1***
(ARMY WING)

NCC Credit Course Level - I

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		6
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		4
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		7
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		5
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		8
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

NX3252 **NCC Credit Course Level 1***
(NAVAL WING)

NCC Credit Course Level - I

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		6
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		4
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		7
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		5
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		8
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

NX3253 **NCC Credit Course Level 1***
(AIR FORCE WING)

NCC Credit Course Level - I

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		6
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		4
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		7
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		5
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		8
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

GE3271 **ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY** **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to provide hands on training to the students in:

1. Drawing pipe line plan; laying and connecting various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Sawing; planing; making joints in wood materials used in commonhousehold wood work.
2. Wiring various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Welding various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machining various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assembling simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Making a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Soldering and testing simple electronic circuits; Assembling and testing simple electronic components on PCB.

GROUP – A (CIVIL & ELECTRICAL)

PART I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICES **15**

PLUMBING WORK:

a) Connecting various basic pipe fittings like valves, taps, coupling, unions, reducers,elbows and other components which are commonly used in household.

b) Preparing plumbing line sketches.

c) Laying pipe connection to the suction side of a pump

d) Laying pipe connection to the delivery side of a pump.

e) Connecting pipes of different materials: Metal, plastic and flexible pipes used inhousehold appliances.

WOOD WORK:

a) Sawing,

b) Planing and

c) Making joints like T-Joint, Mortise joint and Tenon joint and Dovetail joint.

Wood Work Study:

a) Studying joints in door panels and wooden furniture

b) Studying common industrial trusses using models.

PART II ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

a) Introduction to switches, fuses, indicators and lamps - Basic switch board wiring with lamp, fan and three pin socket
b) Staircase wiring
c) Fluorescent Lamp wiring with introduction to CFL and LED types.
d) Energy meter wiring and related calculations/ calibration
e) Study of Iron Box wiring and assembly
f) Study of Fan Regulator (Resistor type and Electronic type using Diac/Triac/quadrac)
g) Study of emergency lamp wiring/Water heater

GROUP – B (MECHANICAL AND ELECTRONICS)

PART III MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

WELDING WORK:

a) Welding of Butt Joints, Lap Joints, and Tee Joints using arc welding.
b) Practicing gas welding.

BASIC MACHINING WORK:

a) (simple)Turning.
b) (simple)Drilling.
c) (simple)Tapping.

ASSEMBLY WORK:

a) Assembling a centrifugal pump.
b) Assembling a household mixer.
c) Assembling an airconditioner.

SHEET METAL WORK:

a) Making of a square tray

FOUNDRY WORK:

a) Demonstrating basic foundry operations.

PART IV ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

SOLDERING WORK:

a) Soldering simple electronic circuits and checking continuity.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY AND TESTING WORK:

a) Assembling and testing electronic components on a small PCB.

ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT STUDY:

a) Study an elements of smart phone..

b) Assembly and dismantle of LED TV.

c) Assembly and dismantle of computer/ laptop

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Draw pipe line plan; lay and connect various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Saw; plan; make joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
- Wire various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
- Weld various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machine various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assemble simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Make a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
- Solder and test simple electronic circuits; Assemble and test simple electronic components on PCB.

AD3271 DATA STRUCTURES DESIGN LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To implement ADTs in Python
- To design and implement linear data structures – lists, stacks, and queues
- To implement sorting, searching and hashing algorithms
- To solve problems using tree and graph structures

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The lab instructor is expected to design problems based on the topics listed. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments designed.

1. Implement simple ADTs as Python classes
2. Implement recursive algorithms in Python
3. Implement List ADT using Python arrays
4. Linked list implementations of List
5. Implementation of Stack and Queue ADTs
6. Applications of List, Stack and Queue ADTs
7. Implementation of sorting and searching algorithms
8. Implementation of Hash tables
9. Tree representation and traversal algorithms
10. Implementation of Binary Search Trees

11. Implementation of Heaps
12. Graph representation and Traversal algorithms
13. Implementation of single source shortest path algorithm
14. Implementation of minimum spanning tree algorithms

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- implement ADTs as Python classes
- design, implement, and analyse linear data structures, such as lists, queues, and stacks, according to the needs of different applications
- design, implement, and analyse efficient tree structures to meet requirements such as searching, indexing, and sorting
- model problems as graph problems and implement efficient graph algorithms to solve them

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, and Michael H. Goldwasser, “Data Structures and Algorithms in Python” (An Indian Adaptation), Wiley, 2021.

2. **Lee**, Kent D., **Hubbard**, Steve, “Data Structures and Algorithms with Python” Springer Edition 2015.

3. Narasimha Karumanchi, “Data Structures and Algorithmic Thinking with Python” Careermonk, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Rance D. Necaise, “Data Structures and Algorithms Using Python”, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
2. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, and Clifford Stein, “Introduction to Algorithms", Third Edition, PHI Learning, 2010.
3. Mark Allen Weiss, “Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++”, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2014
4. Aho, Hopcroft, and Ullman, “Data Structures and Algorithms”, Pearson Education India, 2002.

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON - AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED ANNA UNIVERSITY
REGULATIONS 2021
B.TECH. COMPUTER SCIENCE AND BUSINESS SYSTEMS
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I AND II SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

I. PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

I. To ensure graduates will be proficient in utilizing the fundamental knowledge of basic sciences, mathematics, Computer Science and Business systems for the applications relevant to various streams of Engineering and Technology.
II. To enrich graduates with the core competencies necessary for applying knowledge of computer science and Data analytics tools to store, retrieve, implement and analyze data in the context of business enterprise
III. To enable graduates to gain employment in organizations and establish themselves as professionals by applying their technical skills and leadership qualities to solve real world problems and meet the diversified needs of industry, academia and research
IV. To equip the graduates with entrepreneurial skills and qualities which help them to perceive the functioning of business, diagnose business problems, explore the entrepreneurial opportunities and prepare them to manage business efficiently.

II. PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

PSO1: To create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, modern engineering and business tools including prediction and data analytics to complex engineering activities and business solutions

PSO2: To evolve computer science domain specific methodologies for effective decision making in several critical problem domains of the real world.

PSO3: To be able to apply entrepreneurial skills and management tools for identifying, analyzing and creating business opportunities with smart business ideas.

PSO4: To manage complex IT projects with consideration of the human, financial, ethical and environmental factors and an understanding of risk management processes, and operational and policy implications

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I AND II SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

SEMESTER I

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	IP3151	Induction Programme	-	-	-	-	-	0
THEORY								
2.	HS3151	Professional English - I	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	MA3151	Matrices and Calculus	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
4.	PH3151	Engineering Physics	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CY3151	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	GE3151	Problem Solving and Python Programming	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
7.	GE3171	Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
8.	BS3171	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	BSC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**15**	**2**	**8**	**25**	**21**

SEMESTER II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	HS3251	Professional English - II	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	MA3251	Statistics and Numerical Methods	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	PH3256	Physics for Information Science	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	BE3251	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	GE3251	Engineering Graphics	ESC	2	0	4	6	4
6.	AD3251	Data Structures Design	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		NCC Credit Course Level 1*	-	2	0	0	2	2*
PRACTICALS								
8.	GE3271	Engineering Practices Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	AD3271	Data Structures Design Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**17**	**2**	**12**	**31**	**25**

*NCC Credit Course level 1 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA.

IP3151 **INDUCTION PROGRAMME**

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective:

“Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have a broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed.”

“One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character. “

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

(i) Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(ii) Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it everyday for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and
also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(iii) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, make decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and don'ts, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing.
Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty
mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(iv) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(v) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(vi) Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(vii) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the underprivileged.

(viii) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(ix) Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering / Technology / Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.

References:
Guide to Induction program from AICTE

HS3151 **PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - I** **L T P C**
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To help learners use language effectively in academic /work contexts
- To build on students' English language skills by engaging them in listening, speaking and grammar learning activities that are relevant to authentic contexts.
- To develop learners' ability to read and write complex texts, summaries, articles, blogs, definitions, essays and user manuals.
- To use language efficiently in expressing their opinions via various media.

INTRODUCTION TO EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION **1**

- What is effective communication? (There are many interesting activities for this.)
- Why is communication critical for excellence during study, research and work?
- What are the seven C's of effective communication?
- What are key language skills?
- What is effective listening? What does it involve?
- What is effective speaking?
- What does it mean to be an excellent reader? What should you be able to do?
- What is effective writing?
- How does one develop language and communication skills?
- What does the course focus on? How are communication and language skills going to be enhanced during this course? What do you as a learner need to do to enhance your English language and communication skills to get the best out of this course?

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION **11**

Listening –for general information-specific details- conversation: Introduction to classmates - Audio / video (formal & informal); Telephone conversation; Listening to voicemail & messages; Listening and filling a form

Speaking - Self Introduction; Introducing a friend; Conversation - politeness strategies; Telephone conversation; Leave a voicemail; Leave a message with another person; asking for information to fill details in a form.

Reading - Reading brochures (technical context), telephone messages / social media messages relevant to technical contexts and emails.

Writing - Writing emails / letters introducing oneself

Grammar - Present Tense (simple and progressive); Question types: Wh / Yes or No/ and Tags

Vocabulary - Synonyms; One word substitution; Abbreviations & Acronyms (as used in technical contexts).

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION **12**

Listening - Listening to podcasts, anecdotes / stories / event narration; documentaries and interviews with celebrities.

Speaking - Narrating personal experiences / events; Interviewing a celebrity; Reporting / and summarizing documentaries / podcasts/ interviews.

Reading - Reading biographies, travelogues, newspaper reports, Excerpts from literature, and travel & technical blogs.

Writing - Guided writing-- Paragraph writing Short Report on an event (field trip etc.)

Grammar –Past tense (simple); Subject-Verb Agreement; and Prepositions

Vocabulary - Word forms (prefixes & suffixes); Synonyms and Antonyms. Phrasal verbs.

UNIT III DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT 12

Listening - Listen to a product and process descriptions; a classroom lecture; and advertisements about products.

Speaking – Picture description; giving instruction to use the product; Presenting a product; and Summarizing a lecture.

Reading – Reading advertisements, gadget reviews; user manuals.

Writing - Writing definitions; instructions; and Product /Process description.

Grammar - Imperatives; Adjectives; Degrees of comparison; Present & Past Perfect Tenses.

Vocabulary - Compound Nouns, Homonyms; and Homophones, discourse markers (connectives & sequence words)

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks; Scientific lectures; and educational videos.

Speaking – Small Talk; Mini presentations and making recommendations.

Reading – Newspaper articles; Journal reports –and Non Verbal Communication (tables, pie charts etc,)

Writing – Note-making / Note-taking (*Study skills to be taught, not tested; Writing recommendations; Transferring information from non verbal (chart , graph etc, to verbal mode)

Grammar – Articles; Pronouns - Possessive & Relative pronouns.

Vocabulary - Collocations; Fixed / Semi fixed expressions.

UNIT V EXPRESSION 12

Listening – Listening to debates/ discussions; different viewpoints on an issue; and panel discussions.

Speaking –group discussions, Debates, and Expressing opinions through Simulations & Role play.

Reading – Reading editorials; and Opinion Blogs;

Writing – Essay Writing (Descriptive or narrative).

Grammar – Future Tenses, Punctuation; Negation (Statements & Questions); and Simple, Compound & Complex Sentences.

Vocabulary - Cause & Effect Expressions – Content vs Function words.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To listen and comprehend complex academic texts
- To read and infer the denotative and connotative meanings of technical texts
- To write definitions, descriptions, narrations and essays on various topics
- To speak fluently and accurately in formal and informal communicative contexts
- To express their opinions effectively in both oral and written medium of communication

TEXT BOOKS:

1. English for Engineers & Technologists Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University, (2020 edition)
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press, 2021.
3. Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Technical Communication – Principles And Practices By Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford Univ. Press, 2016, New Delhi.
2. A Course Book on Technical English By Lakshmi Narayanan, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
3. English For Technical Communication (With CD) By Aysha Viswamohan, Mcgraw Hill Education, ISBN : 0070264244.
4. Effective Communication Skill, Kulbhusan Kumar, R S Salaria, Khanna Publishing House.
5. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal, Allied Publishing House, New Delhi,2003.

MA3151 MATRICES AND CALCULUS

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that are needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To familiarize the students with differential calculus.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches of engineering.
- To make the students understand various techniques of integration.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their applications.

UNIT I MATRICES **9 + 3**

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley - Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices by orthogonal transformation – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms – Applications : Stretching of an elastic membrane.

UNIT II DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**

Representation of functions - Limit of a function - Continuity - Derivatives - Differentiation rules (sum, product, quotient, chain rules) - Implicit differentiation - Logarithmic differentiation - Applications : Maxima and Minima of functions of one variable.

UNIT III FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES **9 + 3**

Partial differentiation – Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem – Total derivative – Change of variables – Jacobians – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Applications : Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT IV INTEGRAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**

Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration : Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals - Applications : Hydrostatic force and pressure, moments and centres of mass.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS 9 + 3

Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple integrals – Volume of solids – Change of variables in double and triple integrals – Applications : Moments and centres of mass, moment of inertia.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Use the matrix algebra methods for solving practical problems.
- Apply differential calculus tools in solving various application problems.
- Able to use differential calculus ideas on several variable functions.
- Apply different methods of integration in solving practical problems.
- Apply multiple integral ideas in solving areas, volumes and other practical problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kreyszig.E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Grewal.B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44th Edition , 2018.
3. James Stewart, " Calculus : Early Transcendentals ", Cengage Learning, 8th Edition, New Delhi, 2015. [For Units II & IV - Sections 1.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.7 (Tangents problems only), 2.8, 3.1 to 3.6, 3.11, 4.1, 4.3, 5.1 (Area problems only), 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 (excluding net change theorem), 5.5, 7.1 - 7.4 and 7.8].

REFERENCES:

1. Anton. H, Bivens. I and Davis. S, "Calculus", Wiley, 10th Edition, 2016
2. Bali. N., Goyal. M. and Watkins. C., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.,), New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2009.
3. Jain. R.K. and Iyengar. S.R.K., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2016.
4. Narayanan. S. and Manicavachagom Pillai. T. K., "Calculus" Volume I and II, S. Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2009.
5. Ramana. B.V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.
6. Srimantha Pal and Bhunia. S.C, "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 2015.
7. Thomas. G. B., Hass. J, and Weir. M.D, " Thomas Calculus ", 14th Edition, Pearson India, 2018.

PH3151 ENGINEERING PHYSICS L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students effectively achieve an understanding of mechanics.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge of electromagnetic waves and its applications.
- To introduce the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Equipping the students to successfully understand the importance of quantum physics.
- To motivate the students towards the applications of quantum mechanics.

UNIT I MECHANICS 9

Multi-particle dynamics: Center of mass (CM) – CM of continuous bodies – motion of the CM – kinetic energy of the system of particles. Rotation of rigid bodies: Rotational kinematics – rotational kinetic energy and moment of inertia - theorems of M .I –moment of inertia of continuous bodies – M.I of a diatomic molecule - torque – rotational dynamics of rigid bodies – conservation of angular momentum – rotational energy state of a rigid diatomic molecule - gyroscope - torsional pendulum – double pendulum –Introduction to nonlinear oscillations.

UNIT II ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES 9

The Maxwell's equations - wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field - properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - polarization - Producing electromagnetic waves - Energy and momentum in EM waves: Intensity, waves from localized sources, momentum and radiation pressure - Cell-phone reception. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

UNIT III OSCILLATIONS, OPTICS AND LASERS 9

Simple harmonic motion - resonance –analogy between electrical and mechanical oscillating systems - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave - sound waves - Doppler effect. Reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference –Michelson interferometer –Theory of air wedge and experiment. Theory of laser - characteristics - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Einstein's coefficients - population inversion - Nd-YAG laser, CO_2 laser, semiconductor laser –Basic applications of lasers in industry.

UNIT IV BASIC QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

Photons and light waves - Electrons and matter waves –Compton effect - The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) - meaning of wave function - Normalization –Free particle - particle in a infinite potential well: 1D,2D and 3D Boxes-Normalization, probabilities and the correspondence principle.

UNIT V APPLIED QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

The harmonic oscillator(qualitative)- Barrier penetration and quantum tunneling(qualitative)-Tunneling microscope - Resonant diode - Finite potential wells (qualitative)- Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential –Basics of Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Understand the importance of mechanics.
- Express their knowledge in electromagnetic waves.
- Demonstrate a strong foundational knowledge in oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Understand the importance of quantum physics.
- Comprehend and apply quantum mechanical principles towards the formation of energy bands.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow. An Introduction to Mechanics. McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2017.
2. E.M.Purcell and D.J.Morin, Electricity and Magnetism, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2013.

3. Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S. Rai Choudhury, Concepts of Modern Physics, McGraw-Hill (Indian Edition), 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Wolfson. Essential University Physics. Volume 1 & 2. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.
2. Paul A. Tipler, Physic – Volume 1 & 2, CBS, (Indian Edition), 2004.
3. K.Thyagarajan and A.Ghatak. Lasers: Fundamentals and Applications, Laxmi Publications, (Indian Edition), 2019.
4. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker. Principles of Physics, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2015.
5. N.Garcia, A.Damask and S.Schwarz. Physics for Computer Science Students. Springer-Verlag, 2012.

CY3151 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate sound understanding of water quality parameters and water treatment techniques.
- To impart knowledge on the basic principles and preparatory methods of nanomaterials.
- To introduce the basic concepts and applications of phase rule and composites.
- To facilitate the understanding of different types of fuels, their preparation, properties and combustion characteristics.
- To familiarize the students with the operating principles, working processes and applications of energy conversion and storage devices.

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT 9

Water: Sources and impurities, Water quality parameters: Definition and significance of-color, odour, turbidity, pH, hardness, alkalinity, TDS, COD and BOD, fluoride and arsenic. Municipal water treatment: primary treatment and disinfection (UV, Ozonation, break-point chlorination). Desalination of brackish water: Reverse Osmosis. Boiler troubles: Scale and sludge, Boiler corrosion, Caustic embrittlement, Priming & foaming. Treatment of boiler feed water: Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) and External treatment – Ion exchange demineralization and zeolite process.

UNIT II NANOCHEMISTRY 9

Basics: Distinction between molecules, nanomaterials and bulk materials; Size-dependent properties (optical, electrical, mechanical and magnetic); Types of nanomaterials: Definition, properties and uses of – nanoparticle, nanocluster, nanorod, nanowire and nanotube. Preparation of nanomaterials: sol-gel, solvothermal, laser ablation, chemical vapour deposition, electrochemical deposition and electro spinning. Applications of nanomaterials in medicine, agriculture, energy, electronics and catalysis.

UNIT III PHASE RULE AND COMPOSITES 9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples. One component system - water system; Reduced phase rule; Construction of a simple eutectic phase diagram - Thermal analysis; Two component system: lead-silver system - Pattinson process.

Composites: Introduction: Definition & Need for composites; Constitution: Matrix materials (Polymer matrix, metal matrix and ceramic matrix) and Reinforcement (fiber, particulates, flakes

and whiskers). Properties and applications of: Metal matrix composites (MMC), Ceramic matrix composites and Polymer matrix composites. Hybrid composites - definition and examples.

UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION 9

Fuels: Introduction: Classification of fuels; Coal and coke: Analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate), Carbonization, Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method). Petroleum and Diesel: Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process), Knocking - octane number, diesel oil - cetane number; Power alcohol and biodiesel.

Combustion of fuels: Introduction: Calorific value - higher and lower calorific values, Theoretical calculation of calorific value; Ignition temperature: spontaneous ignition temperature, Explosive range; Flue gas analysis - ORSAT Method. CO_2 emission and carbon footprint.

UNIT V ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES 9

Stability of nucleus: mass defect (problems), binding energy; Nuclear energy: light water nuclear power plant, breeder reactor. Solar energy conversion: Principle, working and applications of solar cells; Recent developments in solar cell materials. Wind energy; Geothermal energy; Batteries: Types of batteries, Primary battery - dry cell, Secondary battery - lead acid battery and lithium-ion-battery; Electric vehicles - working principles; Fuel cells: H_2-O_2 fuel cell, microbial fuel cell; Supercapacitors: Storage principle, types and examples.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able:

- To infer the quality of water from quality parameter data and propose suitable treatment methodologies to treat water.
- To identify and apply basic concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology in designing the synthesis of nanomaterials for engineering and technology applications.
- To apply the knowledge of phase rule and composites for material selection requirements.
- To recommend suitable fuels for engineering processes and applications.
- To recognize different forms of energy resources and apply them for suitable applications in energy sectors.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, “Engineering Chemistry”, 17th Edition, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2018.
2. Sivasankar B., “Engineering Chemistry”, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
3. S.S. Dara, “A Text book of Engineering Chemistry”, S. Chand Publishing, 12th Edition, 2018

REFERENCES:

1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath and James Murday, “Text book of nanoscience and nanotechnology”, Universities Press-IIM Series in Metallurgy and Materials Science, 2018.
2. O.G. Palanna, “Engineering Chemistry” McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2017.
3. Friedrich Emich, “Engineering Chemistry”, Scientific International PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2014.

4. ShikhaAgarwal, “Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications”, Cambridge University Press, Delhi, Second Edition, 2019.
5. O.V. Roussak and H.D. Gesser, Applied Chemistry-A Text Book for Engineers and Technologists, Springer Science Business Media, New York, 2nd Edition, 2013.

GE3151 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of algorithmic problem solving.
- To learn to solve problems using Python conditionals and loops.
- To define Python functions and use function calls to solve problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries to represent complex data.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

UNIT I COMPUTATIONAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Fundamentals of Computing – Identification of Computational Problems -Algorithms, building blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion). Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.

UNIT II DATA TYPES, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS 9

Python interpreter and interactive mode,debugging; values and types: int, float, boolean, string , and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; Illustrative programs: exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points.

UNIT III CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS, STRINGS 9

Conditionals:Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else),chained conditional (if-elif-else);Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values,parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices,immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search.

UNIT IV LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES 9

Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing - list comprehension; Illustrative programs: simple sorting, histogram, Students marks statement, Retail bill preparation.

UNIT V FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES 9

Files and exceptions: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file, Voter’s age validation, Marks range validation (0-100).

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems.
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Write simple Python programs using conditionals and loops for solving problems.
CO4: Decompose a Python program into functions.
CO5: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries etc.
CO6: Read and write data from/to files in Python programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, “Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist”, 2nd Edition, O’Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, “Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming”, 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, “Python for Programmers”, Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, “Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists”, 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data‘‘, Third Edition, MIT Press , 2021
4. Eric Matthes, “Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming”, 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, “Python: The Complete Reference”, 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

GE3171 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the problem solving approaches.
- To learn the basic programming constructs in Python.
- To practice various computing strategies for Python-based solutions to real world problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The examples suggested in each experiment are only indicative. The lab instructor is expected to design other problems on similar lines. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments listed here.

1. Identification and solving of simple real life or scientific or technical problems, and developing flow charts for the same. (Electricity Billing, Retail shop billing, Sin series, weight of a motorbike, Weight of a steel bar, compute Electrical Current in Three Phase AC Circuit, etc.)

2. Python programming using simple statements and expressions (exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points).
3. Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops. (Number series, Number Patterns, pyramid pattern)
4. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Lists, Tuples. (Items present in a library/Components of a car/ Materials required for construction of a building –operations of list & tuples)
5. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Sets, Dictionaries. (Language, components of an automobile, Elements of a civil structure, etc.- operations of Sets & Dictionaries)
6. Implementing programs using Functions. (Factorial, largest number in a list, area of shape)
7. Implementing programs using Strings. (reverse, palindrome, character count, replacing characters)
8. Implementing programs using written modules and Python Standard Libraries (pandas, numpy. Matplotlib, scipy)
9. Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling. (copy from one file to another, word count, longest word)
10. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling. (divide by zero error, voter's age validity, student mark range validation)
11. Exploring Pygame tool.
12. Developing a game activity using Pygame like bouncing ball, car race etc.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Implement programs in Python using conditionals and loops for solving problems..
CO4: Deploy functions to decompose a Python program.
CO5: Process compound data using Python data structures.
CO6: Utilize Python packages in developing software applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python : How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data", Third Edition, MIT Press , 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

BS3171 **PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY** **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

PHYSICS LABORATORY : (Any Seven Experiments)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the proper use of various kinds of physics laboratory equipment.
- To learn how data can be collected, presented and interpreted in a clear and concise manner.
- To learn problem solving skills related to physics principles and interpretation of experimental data.
- To determine error in experimental measurements and techniques used to minimize such error.
- To make the student an active participant in each part of all lab exercises.

1. Torsional pendulum - Determination of rigidity modulus of wire and moment of inertia of regular and irregular objects.
2. Simple harmonic oscillations of cantilever.
3. Non-uniform bending - Determination of Young's modulus
4. Uniform bending – Determination of Young's modulus
5. Laser- Determination of the wavelength of the laser using grating
6. Air wedge - Determination of thickness of a thin sheet/wire
7. a) Optical fibre -Determination of Numerical Aperture and acceptance angle
   b) Compact disc- Determination of width of the groove using laser.
8. Acoustic grating- Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids.
9. Ultrasonic interferometer – determination of the velocity of sound and compressibility of liquids
10. Post office box -Determination of Band gap of a semiconductor.
11. Photoelectric effect
12. Michelson Interferometer.
13. Melde's string experiment
14. Experiment with lattice dynamics kit.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to

- Understand the functioning of various physics laboratory equipment.
- Use graphical models to analyze laboratory data.
- Use mathematical models as a medium for quantitative reasoning and describing physical reality.
- Access, process and analyze scientific information.
- Solve problems individually and collaboratively.

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY: (Any seven experiments to be conducted)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate experimental skills to test basic understanding of water quality parameters, such as, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, DO, chloride and copper.

- To induce the students to familiarize with electroanalytical techniques such as, pH metry, potentiometry and conductometry in the determination of impurities in aqueous solutions.
- To demonstrate the analysis of metals and alloys.
- To demonstrate the synthesis of nanoparticles

1. Preparation of Na_2CO_3 as a primary standard and estimation of acidity of a water sample using the primary standard
2. Determination of types and amount of alkalinity in a water sample.
- Split the first experiment into two
3. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method.
4. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
5. Determination of chloride content of water sample by Argentometric method.
6. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by Iodometry.
7. Estimation of TDS of a water sample by gravimetry.
8. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
9. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter.
10. Conductometric titration of barium chloride against sodium sulphate (precipitation titration)
11. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
12. Estimation of sodium /potassium present in water using a flame photometer.
13. Preparation of nanoparticles (TiO_2/ZnO/CuO) by Sol-Gel method.
14. Estimation of Nickel in steel
15. Proximate analysis of Coal

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES :

- To analyse the quality of water samples with respect to their acidity, alkalinity, hardness and DO.
- To determine the amount of metal ions through volumetric and spectroscopic techniques
- To analyse and determine the composition of alloys.
- To learn simple method of synthesis of nanoparticles
- To quantitatively analyse the impurities in solution by electroanalytical techniques

TEXT BOOKS :

1. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas and B. Sivasankar, Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (2009).

HS3251 PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - II L T P C

3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To engage learners in meaningful language activities to improve their LSRW skills
- To enhance learners' awareness of general rules of writing for specific audiences
- To help learners understand the purpose, audience, contexts of different types of writing
- To develop analytical thinking skills for problem solving in communicative contexts
- To demonstrate an understanding of job applications and interviews for internship and placements

UNIT I MAKING COMPARISONS 12

Listening – Evaluative Listening: Advertisements, Product Descriptions, -Audio / video; Listening and filling a Graphic Organiser (Choosing a product or service by comparison)
Speaking – Marketing a product, Persuasive Speech Techniques.
Reading - Reading advertisements, user manuals, brochures;
Writing – Professional emails, Email etiquette - Compare and Contrast Essay; Grammar – Mixed Tenses, Prepositional phrases
Vocabulary – Contextual meaning of words

UNIT II EXPRESSING CAUSAL RELATIONS IN SPEAKING AND WRITING 12

Listening - Listening to longer technical talks and completing– gap filling exercises. Listening technical information from podcasts – Listening to process/event descriptions to identify cause & effects - Speaking – Describing and discussing the reasons of accidents or disasters based on news reports.
Reading - Reading longer technical texts– Cause and Effect Essays, and Letters / emails of complaint,
Writing - Writing responses to complaints.
Grammar - Active Passive Voice transformations, Infinitive and Gerunds Vocabulary – Word Formation (Noun-Verb-Adj-Adv), Adverbs.

UNIT III PROBLEM SOLVING 12

Listening – Listening to / Watching movie scenes/ documentaries depicting a technical problem and suggesting solutions.
Speaking – Group Discussion(based on case studies), - techniques and Strategies,
Reading - Case Studies, excerpts from literary texts, news reports etc.,
Writing – Letter to the Editor, Checklists, Problem solution essay / Argumentative Essay
Grammar – Error correction; If conditional sentences
Vocabulary - Compound Words, Sentence Completion.

UNIT IV REPORTING OF EVENTS AND RESEARCH 12

Listening – Listening Comprehension based on news reports – and documentaries – Precis writing, Summarising, Speaking –Interviewing, Presenting an oral report, Mini presentations on select topics;
Reading –Newspaper articles; Writing – Recommendations, Transcoding, Accident Report, Survey Report Grammar – Reported Speech, Modals Vocabulary – Conjunctions- use of prepositions

UNIT V THE ABILITY TO PUT IDEAS OR INFORMATION COGENTLY 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks, Presentations, Formal job interviews, (analysis of the interview performance);
Speaking – Participating in a Role play, (interview/telephone interview), virtual interviews, Making presentations with visual aids;
Reading – Company profiles, Statement of Purpose, (SOP), an excerpt of interview with professionals; Writing – Job / Internship application – Cover letter & Resume; Grammar – Numerical adjectives, Relative Clauses Vocabulary – Idioms.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To compare and contrast products and ideas in technical texts.

- To identify cause and effects in events, industrial processes through technical texts
- To analyze problems in order to arrive at feasible solutions and communicate them orally and in the written format.
- To report events and the processes of technical and industrial nature.
- To present their opinions in a planned and logical manner, and draft effective resumes in context of job search.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. English for Engineers & Technologists (2020 edition) Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University.
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press 2021.Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Raman. Meenakshi, Sharma. Sangeeta (2019). Professional English. Oxford university press. New Delhi.
2. Improve Your Writing ed. V.N. Arora and Laxmi Chandra, Oxford Univ. Press, 2001, New Delhi.
3. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal. Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
4. Business Correspondence and Report Writing by Prof. R.C. Sharma & Krishna Mohan, Tata McGraw Hill & Co. Ltd., 2001, New Delhi.
5. Krishna Mohan, Meera Banerji, "Developing Communication Skills", Trinity Press, 2017.

MA3251 STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- This course aims at providing the necessary basic concepts of a few statistical and numerical methods and give procedures for solving numerically different kinds of problems occurring in engineering and technology.
- To acquaint the knowledge of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of solving algebraic and transcendental equations.
- To introduce the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and numerical techniques of differentiation and integration which plays an important role in engineering and technology disciplines.
- To acquaint the knowledge of various techniques and methods of solving ordinary differential equations.

UNIT I TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS 9 + 3

Sampling distributions - Tests for single mean, proportion and difference of means (Large and small samples) – Tests for single variance and equality of variances – Chi square test for goodness of fit – Independence of attributes.

UNIT II DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS 9 + 3

One way and two way classifications - Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design - 2^2 factorial design.

UNIT III SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS 9 + 3

Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations - Fixed point iteration method – Newton Raphson method- Solution of linear system of equations - Gauss elimination method – Pivoting - Gauss Jordan method – Iterative methods of Gauss Jacobi and Gauss Seidel - Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method and Jacobi's method for symmetric matrices.

UNIT IV INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND NUMERICAL INTEGRATION 9 +3

Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolations – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivates using interpolation polynomials – Numerical single and double integrations using Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules.

UNIT V NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9 +3

Single step methods: Taylor's series method - Euler's method - Modified Euler's method - Fourth order Runge-Kutta method for solving first order differential equations - Multi step methods: Milne's and Adams - Bash forth predictor corrector methods for solving first order differential equations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Apply the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples in real life problems.
- Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments in the field of agriculture.
- Appreciate the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and apply the numerical techniques of differentiation and integration for engineering problems.
- Understandthe knowledge of various techniques and methods for solving first and second order ordinary differential equations.
- Solve the partial and ordinary differential equations with initial and boundary conditions by using certain techniques with engineering applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Grewal, B.S., and Grewal, J.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science", Khanna Publishers, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2015.
2. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund J., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 8th Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Burden, R.L and Faires, J.D, "Numerical Analysis", 9th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2016.
2. Devore. J.L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2014.
3. Gerald. C.F. and Wheatley. P.O. "Applied Numerical Analysis" Pearson Education, Asia, New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2007.
4. Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V. K., "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 12th Edition, 2020.
5. Spiegel. M.R., Schiller. J. and Srinivasan. R.A., "Schaum's Outlines on Probability and Statistics ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 4th Edition, 2012.

6. Walpole. R.E., Myers. R.H., Myers. S.L. and Ye. K., "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2010.

PH3256	PHYSICS FOR INFORMATION SCIENCE	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students understand the importance in studying electrical properties of materials.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge in semiconductor physics
- To instill knowledge on magnetic properties of materials.
- To establish a sound grasp of knowledge on different optical properties of materials, optical displays and applications
- To inculcate an idea of significance of nano structures, quantum confinement, ensuing nano device applications and quantum computing.

UNIT I ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classical free electron theory - Expression for electrical conductivity – Thermal conductivity, expression - Wiedemann-Franz law – Success and failures - electrons in metals – Particle in a three dimensional box – degenerate states – Fermi- Dirac statistics – Density of energy states – Electron in periodic potential – Energy bands in solids – tight binding approximation - Electron effective mass – concept of hole.

UNIT II SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS 9

Intrinsic Semiconductors – Energy band diagram – direct and indirect band gap semiconductors – Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors – extrinsic semiconductors - Carrier concentration in N-type & P-type semiconductors – Variation of carrier concentration with temperature – variation of Fermi level with temperature and impurity concentration – Carrier transport in Semiconductor: random motion, drift, mobility and diffusion – Hall effect and devices – Ohmic contacts – Schottky diode.

UNIT III MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Magnetic dipole moment – atomic magnetic moments- magnetic permeability and susceptibility - Magnetic material classification: diamagnetism – paramagnetism – ferromagnetism – antiferromagnetism – ferrimagnetism – Ferromagnetism: origin and exchange interaction-saturation magnetization and Curie temperature – Domain Theory- M versus H behaviour – Hard and soft magnetic materials – examples and uses-– Magnetic principle in computer data storage – Magnetic hard disc (GMR sensor).

UNIT IV OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classification of optical materials – carrier generation and recombination processes - Absorption emission and scattering of light in metals, insulators and semiconductors (concepts only) - photo current in a P-N diode – solar cell - LED – Organic LED – Laser diodes – Optical data storage techniques.

UNIT V NANODEVICES AND QUANTUM COMPUTING 9

Introduction - quantum confinement – quantum structures: quantum wells, wires and dots — band gap of nanomaterials. Tunneling – Single electron phenomena: Coulomb blockade - resonant-tunneling diode – single electron transistor – quantum cellular automata - Quantum system for

information processing - quantum states – classical bits – quantum bits or qubits –CNOT gate - multiple qubits – Bloch sphere – quantum gates – advantage of quantum computing over classical computing.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students should be able to

- gain knowledge on classical and quantum electron theories, and energy band structures
- acquire knowledge on basics of semiconductor physics and its applications in various devices
- get knowledge on magnetic properties of materials and their applications in data storage,
- have the necessary understanding on the functioning of optical materials for optoelectronics
- understand the basics of quantum structures and their applications and basics of quantum computing

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jasprit Singh, “Semiconductor Devices: Basic Principles”, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2007.
2. S.O. Kasap. Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.
3. Parag K. Lala, Quantum Computing: A Beginner's Introduction, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.

REFERENCES:

1. Charles Kittel, Introduction to Solid State Physics, Wiley India Edition, 2019.
2. Y.B.Band and Y.Avishai, Quantum Mechanics with Applications to Nanotechnology and Information Science, Academic Press, 2013.
3. V.V.Mitin, V.A. Kochelap and M.A.Stroscio, Introduction to Nanoelectronics, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2008.
4. G.W. Hanson, Fundamentals of Nanoelectronics, Pearson Education (Indian Edition) 2009.
5. B.Rogers, J.Adams and S.Pennathur, Nanotechnology: Understanding Small Systems, CRC Press, 2014.

BE3251 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basics of electric circuits and analysis
- To impart knowledge in the basics of working principles and application of electrical machines
- To introduce analog devices and their characteristics
- To educate on the fundamental concepts of digital electronics
- To introduce the functional elements and working of measuring instruments

UNIT I ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS **9**

DC Circuits: Circuit Components: Conductor, Resistor, Inductor, Capacitor – Ohm’s Law - Kirchhoff’s Laws –Independent and Dependent Sources – Simple problems- Nodal Analysis, Mesh analysis with Independent sources only (Steady state)

Introduction to AC Circuits and Parameters: Waveforms, Average value, RMS Value,

Instantaneous power, real power, reactive power and apparent power, power factor – Steady state analysis of RLC circuits (Simple problems only)

UNIT II ELECTRICAL MACHINES 9

Construction and Working principle- DC Separately and Self excited Generators, EMF equation, Types and Applications. Working Principle of DC motors, Torque Equation, Types and Applications. Construction, Working principle and Applications of Transformer, Three phase Alternator, Synchronous motor and Three Phase Induction Motor.

UNIT III ANALOG ELECTRONICS 9

Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor in Electronic Circuits- Semiconductor Materials: Silicon &Germanium – PN Junction Diodes, Zener Diode –Characteristics Applications – Bipolar Junction Transistor-Biasing, JFET, SCR, MOSFET,IGBT – Types, I-V Characteristics and Applications, Rectifier and Inverters

UNIT IV DIGITAL ELECTRONICS 9

Review of number systems, binary codes, error detection and correction codes, Combinational logic - representation of logic functions-SOP and POS forms, K-map representations - minimization using K maps (Simple Problems only)**.**

UNIT V MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION 9

Functional elements of an instrument, Standards and calibration, Operating Principle, types - Moving Coil and Moving Iron meters, Measurement of three phase power, Energy Meter, Instrument Transformers-CT and PT, DSO- Block diagram- Data acquisition**.**

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES :

After completing this course, the students will be able to

- **CO1:** Compute the electric circuit parameters for simple problems
- **CO2:** Explain the working principle and applications of electrical machines
- **CO3:** Analyze the characteristics of analog electronic devices
- **CO4:** Explain the basic concepts of digital electronics
- **CO5:** Explain the operating principles of measuring instruments

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, “Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering”, Second Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2020
2. S.K.Bhattacharya “Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering”, Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2017.
3. Sedha R.S., “A textbook book of Applied Electronics”, S. Chand & Co., 2008
4. James A .Svoboda, Richard C. Dorf, “Dorf’s Introduction to Electric Circuits”, Wiley, 2018.
5. A.K. Sawhney, Puneet Sawhney ‘A Course in Electrical & Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation’, Dhanpat Rai and Co, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, “Basic Electrical Engineering”, Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill
2. Education, 2019.
3. Thomas L. Floyd, ‘Digital Fundamentals’, 11th Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
4. Albert Malvino, David Bates, ‘Electronic Principles, McGraw Hill Education; 7th edition, 2017.

5. Mahmood Nahvi and Joseph A. Edminister, “Electric Circuits”, Schaum’ Outline Series, McGraw Hill, 2002.
6. H.S. Kalsi, ‘Electronic Instrumentation’, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010

GE3251 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS L T P C
2 0 4 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Drawing engineering curves.
- Drawing a freehand sketch of simple objects.
- Drawing orthographic projection of solids and section of solids.
- Drawing development of solids
- Drawing isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

Importance of graphics in engineering applications — Use of drafting instruments — BIS conventions and specifications — Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets — Lettering and dimensioning**.**

UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREEHAND SKETCHING 6+12

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics — Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method — Construction of cycloid — construction of involutes of square and circle — Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves.

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACE 6+12

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces. Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS 6+12

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes and parallel to the other by rotating object method. Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles —Representation of Three Dimensional objects — Layout of views- Freehand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES 6 +12

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other — obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids — Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS 6+12

Principles of isometric projection — isometric scale — isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions - Perspective projection of simple solids - Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of isometric projection of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

TOTAL: (L=30+P=60) 90 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Use BIS conventions and specifications for engineering drawing.
- Construct the conic curves, involutes and cycloid.
- Solve practical problems involving projection of lines.
- Draw the orthographic, isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.
- Draw the development of simple solids.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 53rd Edition, 2019.
2. Natarajan K.V., "A Text Book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2018.
3. Parthasarathy, N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Drawing", Oxford University Press, 2015

REFERENCES:

1. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2019.
2. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Publications, Bangalore, 27th Edition, 2017.
3. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff,John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Parthasarathy N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Graphics", Oxford University, Press, New Delhi, 2015.
5. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson Education India, 2nd Edition, 2009.
6. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

1. IS 10711 — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Size and layout of drawing sheets.
2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Lettering.
3. IS 10714 (Part 20) — 2001 & SP 46 — 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
4. IS 11669 — 1986 & SP 46 —2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) — 2001: Technical drawings — Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitt

to use appropriate scale to fit a solution within A3 size.

4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

AD3251 DATA STRUCTURES DESIGN L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts of ADTs
- To design linear data structures – lists, stacks, and queues
- To understand sorting, searching and hashing algorithms
- To apply Tree and Graph structures

UNIT I ABSTRACT DATA TYPES 9

Abstract Data Types (ADTs) – ADTs and classes – introduction to OOP – classes in Python – inheritance – namespaces – shallow and deep copying

Introduction to analysis of algorithms – asymptotic notations – recursion – analyzing recursive algorithms

UNIT II LINEAR STRUCTURES 9

List ADT – array-based implementations – linked list implementations – singly linked lists – circularly linked lists – doubly linked lists – applications of lists – Stack ADT – Queue ADT – double ended queues

UNIT III SORTING AND SEARCHING 9

Bubble sort – selection sort – insertion sort – merge sort – quick sort – linear search – binary search – hashing – hash functions – collision handling – load factors, rehashing, and efficiency

UNIT IV TREE STRUCTURES 9

Tree ADT – Binary Tree ADT – tree traversals – binary search trees – AVL trees – heaps – multi-way search trees

UNIT V GRAPH STRUCTURES 9

Graph ADT – representations of graph – graph traversals – DAG – topological ordering – shortest paths – minimum spanning trees

TOTAL: 45 HOURS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- explain abstract data types
- design, implement, and analyse linear data structures, such as lists, queues, and stacks, according to the needs of different applications
- design, implement, and analyse efficient tree structures to meet requirements such as searching, indexing, and sorting
- model problems as graph problems and implement efficient graph algorithms to solve them

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, and Michael H. Goldwasser, “Data Structures and Algorithms in Python” (An Indian Adaptation), Wiley, 2021.
2. Lee, Kent D., Hubbard, Steve, “Data Structures and Algorithms with Python” Springer Edition 2015.

3. Narasimha Karumanchi, “Data Structures and Algorithmic Thinking with Python” Careermonk, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Rance D. Necaise, “Data Structures and Algorithms Using Python”, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
2. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, and Clifford Stein, “Introduction to Algorithms", Third Edition, PHI Learning, 2010.
3. Mark Allen Weiss, “Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++”, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2014
4. Aho, Hopcroft, and Ullman, “Data Structures and Algorithms”, Pearson Education India, 2002.

NX3251 **NCC Credit Course Level 1***
(ARMY WING)

NCC Credit Course Level - I

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		6
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		4
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		7
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		5
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		8
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

NX3252 **NCC Credit Course Level 1***
(NAVAL WING)

NCC Credit Course Level - I

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		6
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		4
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		7
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		5
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		8
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

NX3253 **NCC Credit Course Level 1***
(AIR FORCE WING)

NCC Credit Course Level - I

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		6
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		4
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		7
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		5
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		8
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

GE3271 **ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY** **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to provide hands on training to the students in:

1. Drawing pipe line plan; laying and connecting various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Sawing; planing; making joints in wood materials used in commonhousehold wood work.
2. Wiring various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Welding various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machining various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assembling simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Making a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Soldering and testing simple electronic circuits; Assembling and testing simple electronic components on PCB.

GROUP – A (CIVIL & ELECTRICAL)

PART I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICES **15**

PLUMBING WORK:

a) Connecting various basic pipe fittings like valves, taps, coupling, unions, reducers,elbows and other components which are commonly used in household.

b) Preparing plumbing line sketches.

c) Laying pipe connection to the suction side of a pump

d) Laying pipe connection to the delivery side of a pump.

e) Connecting pipes of different materials: Metal, plastic and flexible pipes used inhousehold appliances.

WOOD WORK:

a) Sawing,

b) Planing and

c) Making joints like T-Joint, Mortise joint and Tenon joint and Dovetail joint.

Wood Work Study:

a) Studying joints in door panels and wooden furniture

b) Studying common industrial trusses using models.

PART II ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

a) Introduction to switches, fuses, indicators and lamps - Basic switch board wiring with lamp, fan and three pin socket
b) Staircase wiring
c) Fluorescent Lamp wiring with introduction to CFL and LED types.
d) Energy meter wiring and related calculations/ calibration
e) Study of Iron Box wiring and assembly
f) Study of Fan Regulator (Resistor type and Electronic type using Diac/Triac/quadrac)
g) Study of emergency lamp wiring/Water heater

GROUP – B (MECHANICAL AND ELECTRONICS)

PART III MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

WELDING WORK:

a) Welding of Butt Joints, Lap Joints, and Tee Joints using arc welding.
b) Practicing gas welding.

BASIC MACHINING WORK:

a) (simple)Turning.
b) (simple)Drilling.
c) (simple)Tapping.

ASSEMBLY WORK:

a) Assembling a centrifugal pump.
b) Assembling a household mixer.
c) Assembling an airconditioner.

SHEET METAL WORK:

a) Making of a square tray

FOUNDRY WORK:

a) Demonstrating basic foundry operations.

PART IV ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

SOLDERING WORK:

a) Soldering simple electronic circuits and checking continuity.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY AND TESTING WORK:

a) Assembling and testing electronic components on a small PCB.

ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT STUDY:

a) Study an elements of smart phone..

b) Assembly and dismantle of LED TV.

c) Assembly and dismantle of computer/ laptop

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Draw pipe line plan; lay and connect various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Saw; plan; make joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
- Wire various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
- Weld various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machine various simple processeslike turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assemble simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Make a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
- Solder and test simple electronic circuits; Assemble and test simple electronic components on PCB.

AD3271 DATA STRUCTURES DESIGN LABORATORY **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To implement ADTs in Python
- To design and implement linear data structures – lists, stacks, and queues
- To implement sorting, searching and hashing algorithms
- To solve problems using tree and graph structures

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The lab instructor is expected to design problems based on the topics listed. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments designed.

1. Implement simple ADTs as Python classes
2. Implement recursive algorithms in Python
3. Implement List ADT using Python arrays
4. Linked list implementations of List
5. Implementation of Stack and Queue ADTs
6. Applications of List, Stack and Queue ADTs
7. Implementation of sorting and searching algorithms
8. Implementation of Hash tables
9. Tree representation and traversal algorithms
10. Implementation of Binary Search Trees

11. Implementation of Heaps
12. Graph representation and Traversal algorithms
13. Implementation of single source shortest path algorithm
14. Implementation of minimum spanning tree algorithms

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- implement ADTs as Python classes
- design, implement, and analyse linear data structures, such as lists, queues, and stacks, according to the needs of different applications
- design, implement, and analyse efficient tree structures to meet requirements such as searching, indexing, and sorting
- model problems as graph problems and implement efficient graph algorithms to solve them

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, and Michael H. Goldwasser, “Data Structures and Algorithms in Python” (An Indian Adaptation), Wiley, 2021.

2. **Lee**, Kent D., **Hubbard**, Steve, “Data Structures and Algorithms with Python” Springer Edition 2015.

3. Narasimha Karumanchi, “Data Structures and Algorithmic Thinking with Python” Careermonk, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Rance D. Necaise, “Data Structures and Algorithms Using Python”, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
2. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, and Clifford Stein, “Introduction to Algorithms", Third Edition, PHI Learning, 2010.
3. Mark Allen Weiss, “Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++”, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2014
4. Aho, Hopcroft, and Ullman, “Data Structures and Algorithms”, Pearson Education India, 2002.

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON- AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED ANNA UNIVERSITY
M.E. AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING
REGULATIONS 2021
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I TO IV SEMESTERS CURRICULA & SYLLABI

1.PROGRAMME EDUCATIONALOBJECTIVES(PEOs): (3)

I.	Graduates of the programme will acquire adequate knowledge both in practical and theoretical domains in the field of Aeronautical Engineering through rigorous post graduate education.
II.	Graduates of the programme will have successful technical and managerial career in Aeronautical Engineering industries and the allied management.
III.	Graduates of the programme will have innovative ideas and potential to contribute for the development and current needs of the Aviation industries.

2.PROGRAMMEOUTCOMES(POs):

PO#	PROGRAMME OUTCOMES
1	An ability to independently carry out research/investigation and development work to solve practical problems
2	An ability to write and present a substantial technical report/document
3	Students should be able to demonstrate a degree of mastery over the area as per the specialization of the program. The mastery should be at a level higher than the requirements in the appropriate bachelor program
4	Post Graduate will be trained towards developing and understanding the importance of design and development of Airplanes from system integration point of view.
5	Post Graduate will exhibit the awareness of contemporary issues focusing on the necessity to develop new materials, design and testing methods for the solution of problems related to aircraft industry..
6	An understanding of professional and ethical responsibility and also capable of doing doctoral studies in multidisciplinary areas.

Note: Program may add up to three additional Pos.

4. PEO/POMapping:

PEO	PO					
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**
I.	**2**		**3**		**2**	**2**
II.		**2**		**3**	**2**	**3**
III.	**2**	**3**	**2**	**2**	**3**	**3**
IV.						
V.						

Every programme objectives must be mapped with 1,2,3,-, scale against the correlation PO's

MAPPING–PG-M.E. AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

		COURSE NAME	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
YEAR I	SEMESTER I	Advanced Mathematical Methods						
		Aerospace Propulsion	2.8	2	1.8	2	1.4	1.8
		Aircraft Structural Mechanics	0	0	3	2	2.4	1
		Flight Vehicle Aerodynamics	0	0	3	1	2	1
		Research Methodology and IPR						
		Professional Elective - I						
		Audit Course – I*						
		Low Speed and High Speed Aerodynamics Laboratory	3	1	2	0	3	1
		Jet Propulsion Laboratory	3	2	2	0	2	1
	SEMESTER II	Advanced Flight Dynamics	0	0	2	2.2	1.2	1
		CFD for Aerospace Applications	0.8	0	2.6	0	1.4	1
		Finite Element Analysis	1.4	0	2.8	0	2.6	1
		Analysis of Composite Structures	0.8	0	2	0	2.2	1
		Professional Elective-II						
		Professional Elective-III						
		Audit Course – II*						
		Structures Laboratory	3	0.8	2.4	0	0	1
		Computation Laboratory	3	0.8	2.4	0	0	1
		Mini Project with Seminar						
YEAR II	SEMESTER III							
		Professional Elective-IV						
		Professional Elective-V						
		Open Elective						
		Project Work I	3	3	3	3	3	3
	SEMESTER IV	Project Work II	3	3	3	3	3	3

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
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M.E. AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING
REGULATIONS 2021
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I TO IV SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABUS

I SEMESTER

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	MA4153	Advanced Mathematical Methods	FC	4	0	0	4	4
2.	AO4101	Aerospace Propulsion	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	AO4102	Aircraft Structural Mechanics	PCC	3	1	0	4	4
4.	AO4103	Flight Vehicle Aerodynamics	PCC	4	0	0	4	4
5.	RM4151	Research Methodology and IPR	RMC	2	0	0	2	2
6.		Professional Elective - I	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Audit Course – I*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRACTICAL								
8.	AO4111	Low Speed and High Speed Aerodynamics Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	AO4112	Jet Propulsion Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**21**	**1**	**8**	**30**	**24**

* Audit Course is optional.

II SEMESTER

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	AO4201	Advanced Flight Dynamics	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	AO4202	CFD for Aerospace Applications	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	AO4251	Analysis of Composite Structures	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	AO4252	Finite Element Analysis	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
5.		Professional Elective-II	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.		Professional Elective-III	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Audit Course – II*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRACTICAL								
8.	AO4211	Structures Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	AO4212	Mini Project with Seminar	EEC	0	0	4	4	2
10.	AO4213	Computational Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**20**	**0**	**12**	**32**	**24**

* Audit Course is optional.

III SEMESTER

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.		Professional Elective-IV	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.		Professional Elective-V	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.		Open Elective	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICAL								
4.	AO4311	Project Work I	EEC	0	0	12	12	6
			TOTAL	**9**	**0**	**12**	**21**	**15**

IV SEMESTER

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
PRACTICAL								
1.	AO4411	Project Work II	EEC	0	0	24	24	12
			TOTAL	**0**	**0**	**24**	**24**	**12**

TOTAL CREDITS TO BE EARNED FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE: 75

FOUNDATION COURSES (FC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	MA4153	Advanced Mathematical Methods	4	0	0	4	1

PROGRAM CORE COURSES (PCC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			ecture	utorial	Practical		
1.	AO4101	Aerospace Propulsion	3	0	0	3	1
2.	AO4102	Aircraft Structural Mechanics	3	1	0	4	1
3.	AO4103	Flight Vehicle Aerodynamics	4	0	0	4	1
4.	AO4111	Low Speed and High Speed Aerodynamics Laboratory	0	0	4	2	1
5.	AO4112	Jet Propulsion Laboratory	0	0	4	2	1
6.	AO4201	Advanced Flight Dynamics	3	0	0	3	2
7.	AO4202	CFD for Aerospace Applications	3	0	0	3	2
8.	AO4251	Analysis of Composite Structures	3	0	0	3	2
9.	AO4252	Finite Element Analysis	3	0	0	3	2
10.	AO4211	Structures Laboratory	0	0	4	2	2
11.	AO4261	Computation Laboratory	0	0	4	2	2

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR COURSE (RMC)

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	RM4151	Research Methodology and IPR	2	0	0	2	1

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES (PEC)

SEMESTER I , ELECTIVE – I

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	AO4077	Theory of Vibrations	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	AO4001	Rocketry and Space Mechanics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	AS4072	Computational Heat Transfer	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	AO4002	Theory of Elasticity	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	AO4003	Experimental Aerodynamics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	AO4004	Control Engineering	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SEMESTER II, ELECTIVE – II

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODSPE RWEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	AO4005	Structural Dynamics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	AS4251	Hypersonic Aerodynamics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	AO4006	Advanced Propulsion Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	AS4071	Aerospace Materials	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	AO4007	Airworthiness and Air Regulations	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	AO4008	Experimental Methods of Stress Analysis	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SEMESTER II, ELECTIVE – III

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSETITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODSPE RWEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	AO4009	Aeroelasticity	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	AO4076	Theory of Boundary Layers	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	AO4010	Combustion in Jet and Rocket Engines	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	AO4011	Gas Dynamics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	AO4072	Fatigue and Fracture Mechanics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SEMESTER III , ELECTIVE – IV

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSETITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODSPE RWEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	AO4078	Vibration Isolation and Control	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	AO4074	Non-Destructive Evaluation	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	AO4012	Component Design of Aircraft Engines	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	AO4013	Aircraft Systems Engineering	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	AO4014	Aircraft Design	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	AO4015	Composite Product Processing Methods	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SEMESTER III, ELECTIVE – V

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSETITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODSPE RWEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	AO4016	Helicopter Aerodynamics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	AO4073	High Speed Jet Flows	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	AO4075	Smart Materials and Structural Health Monitoring	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	AO4071	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	AO4017	Aircraft Guidance and Control	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

AUDIT COURSES (AC)
Registration for any of these courses is optional to students

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
			L	T	P	
1.	AX4091	English for Research Paper Writing	2	0	0	0
2.	AX4092	Disaster Management	2	0	0	0
3.	AX4093	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0
4.	AX4094	நற்றமிழ் இலக்கியம்	2	0	0	0

EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES (EEC)

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSETITLE	PERIODSPERWEEK			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			L	T	P		
1	AO4212	Mini Project with Seminar	0	0	4	2	2
2	AO4311	Project Work I	0	0	12	6	3
3	AO4411	Project Work II	0	0	24	12	4

Summary

	Name of the Programme					
	Subject Area	Credits per Semester				Total Credits
		I	II	III	IV	
1.	FC	4				4
2.	PCC	15	16			31
3.	PEC	3	6	6		15
4.	RMC	2				2
5.	OEC			3		3
6.	EEC		2	6	12	20
7.	Non Credit/Audit Courses					
	Total Credit	**24**	**24**	**15**	**12**	**75**

MA4153 ADVANCED MATHEMATICAL METHODS L T P C
4 0 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To attain the knowledge of solving Partial Differential Equations using Laplace transform.
- To apply Fourier Transform to solve boundary value problems.
- To achieve maxima and minima of a functional.
- To acquire knowledge on using conformal mapping to fluid flow and heat flow problems.
- To understand the tensor analysis as a tool to solve problems arising in engineering disciplines.

UNIT I LAPLACE TRANSFORM TECHNIQUES FOR PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 12

Laplace transform : Definitions – Properties – Transform error function – Bessel's function - Dirac delta function – Unit step functions – Convolution theorem – Inverse Laplace transform : Complex inversion formula – Solutions to partial differential equations : Heat equation – Wave equation.

UNIT II FOURIER TRANSFORM TECHNIQUES FOR PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 12

Fourier transform: Definitions – Properties – Transform of elementary functions – Dirac delta function – Convolution theorem – Parseval's identity – Solutions to partial differential equations : Heat equation – Wave equation – Laplace and Poisson's equations.

UNIT III CALCULUS OF VARIATIONS 12

Concept of variation and its properties – Euler's equation – Functional dependant on first and higher order derivatives – Functionals dependant on functions of several independent variables – Variational problems with moving boundaries – Isoperimetric problems – Direct methods – Ritz and Kantorovich methods.

UNIT IV CONFORMAL MAPPING AND APPLICATIONS 12

Introduction to conformal mappings and bilinear transformations – Schwarz Christoffel transformation – Transformation of boundaries in parametric form – Physical applications : Fluid flow and heat flow problems.

UNIT V TENSOR ANALYSIS 12

Summation convention – Contravariant and covariant vectors – Contraction of tensors – Inner product – Quotient law – Metric tensor – Christoffel symbols – Covariant differentiation – Gradient - Divergence and curl.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, students should demonstrate competency in the following skills:

- Application of Laplace and Fourier transforms to initial value, initial–boundary value and boundary value problems in Partial Differential Equations.
- Maximizing and minimizing the functional that occur in various branches of Engineering Disciplines.
- Construct conformal mappings between various domains and use of conformal mapping in studying problems in physics and engineering particularly to fluid flow and heat flow problems.
- Understand tensor algebra and its applications in applied sciences and engineering and develops ability to solve mathematical problems involving tensors.
- Competently use tensor analysis as a tool in the field of applied sciences and related fields.

REFERENCES :
1. Andrews L.C. and Shivamoggi, B., "Integral Transforms for Engineers", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2003.
2. Elsgolc, L.D., "Calculus of Variations", Dover Publications Inc., New York, 2007.
3. Mathews, J. H., and Howell, R.W., "Complex Analysis for Mathematics and Engineering", 6th Edition, Jones and Bartlett Publishers, 2012.
4. Kay, D. C., "Tensor Calculus", Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 2014.
5. Naveen Kumar, "An Elementary Course on Variational Problems in Calculus ", Narosa Publishing House, 2005.
6. Saff, E.B and Snider, A.D, "Fundamentals of Complex Analysis with Applications in Engineering, Science and Mathematics", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2014.
7. Sankara Rao, K., "Introduction to Partial Differential Equations", 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2010.
8. Spiegel, M.R., "Theory and Problems of Complex Variables and its Applications", Schaum's Outline Series, McGraw Hill Book Co., 2009.
9. Ramaniah. G. "Tensor Analysis", S. Viswanathan Pvt. Ltd., 1990.

AO4101 **AEROSPACE PROPULSION** **L T P C**

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enable the students
1. To gain knowledge on fundamental principles of aircraft and rocket propulsion.
2. To describe various types of propulsion system with their merits and challenges.
3. To gain adequate knowledge on propellers and its characteristics.
4. To be familiar with the working concept of inlets, nozzles and combustion chamber with their applications in a propulsion system.
5. To gain sufficient information about compressors and turbines. Students also will get an exposure on electric propulsion methods

UNIT I ELEMENTS OF AIRCRAFT PROPULSION 9

Classification of power plants – Methods of aircraft propulsion – Propulsive efficiency – Specific fuel consumption – Thrust and power- Factors affecting thrust and power- Illustration of working of piston engines and Gas turbine engines – Characteristics of piston engine, turboprop, turbofan and turbojet engines, Ram jet, Scram jet – Methods of Thrust augmentation.

UNIT II PROPELLER THEORY 9

Momentum theory, Blade element theory, combined blade element and momentum theory, propeller power losses, propeller performance parameters, prediction of static thrust- and in flight, negative thrust, prop fans, ducted propellers, propeller noise, propeller selection, propeller charts.

UNIT III INLETS, NOZZLES AND COMBUSTION CHAMBERS 9

Subsonic and supersonic inlets – Relation between minimum area ratio and external deceleration ratio – Starting problem in supersonic inlets –Modes of inlet operation, jet nozzle – Efficiencies – Over expanded, under and optimum expansion in nozzles – Thrust reversal. Classification of Combustion chambers – Combustion chamber performance – Flame tube cooling – Flame stabilization.

UNIT IV AXIAL FLOW COMPRESSORS, FANS AND TURBINES 9

Introduction to centrifugal compressors- Axial flow compressor- geometry- twin spools- three spools- stage analysis- velocity polygons- degree of reaction – radial equilibrium theory- performance maps- axial flow turbines- geometry- velocity polygons- stage analysis- performance maps- thermal limit of blades and vanes.

UNIT V ROCKET AND ELECTRIC PROPULSION 9

Introduction to rocket propulsion – Reaction principle – Thrust equation – Classification of rockets based on propellants used – solid, liquid and hybrid – Comparison of these engines with special reference to rocket performance – electric propulsion – classification- electro thermal – electro static – electromagnetic thrusters- geometries of Ion thrusters- beam/plume characteristics – hall thrusters.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will

CO1: Get exposure with the different types of propulsive devices used for jet and rocket propulsion.

CO2: Have knowledge on propeller theory and its performance parameters.

CO3: Be able to distinguish different types of inlets and their performance trends in subsonic and supersonic flows.

CO4: Be able to describe the process of combustion and the parameters that affect combustion in jet engines.

CO5: Be able to acquire knowledge on the basic concepts of various types of electric propulsion systems.

REFERENCES:

1. Cohen, H, Saravanamuttoo, HIH., Rogers, GFC, Paul Straznicky and Andrew Nix , “Gas Turbine Theory”, Pearson Education Canada; 7th edition, 2017.
2. Gill,WP, Smith,HJ & Ziurys,JE, “Fundamentals of Internal Combustion Engines as applied to Reciprocating, Gas turbine & Jet Propulsion Power Plants”, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co., 1980.
3. Hill, PG. & Peterson, CR. “Mechanics & Thermodynamics of Propulsion” Pearson education, 2nd edition, 2014.
4. Oates, GC,“Aerothermodynamics of Aircraft Engine Components”, AIAA Education Series, 2007.
5. Sutton,GP, “Rocket Propulsion Elements”, John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York, 9th Edition, 2017.
6. J Seddon & E L Goldsmith. “ Intake Aerodynamics”, AIAA education series. 1999.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	3	2	2	2	1	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	1	2
CO3	3	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	2	1	2	1	1
	2.8	2	1.8	2	1.4	1.8

AO4102 **AIRCRAFT STRUCTURAL MECHANICS**

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enable the students

1. To gain important technical aspects on the theory of bending of structures.
2. To learn the key aspects of shear flow in open and closed sections.
3. To study the stability problems in structures with various modes of loading.
4. To analyse aircraft structural components under various forms of loading.
5. To have basic idea about the importance of flight envelope.

UNIT I BENDING OF BEAMS **9+3**

Elementary theory of pure bending – Stresses in beams of symmetrical and unsymmetrical sections – Box beams – Generalized theory of bending – Methods of bending stress determination – Principal axes method – Neutral axis method – 'k' method – Deflection of unsymmetrical beams – Stresses in Composite Beams – Idealization of cross-section – Wing spar sizing

UNIT II SHEAR FLOW IN THIN-WALLED SECTION **9+3**

General stress, strain and displacement relationships for open section thin-walled beams – Concept of shear flow – Shear flow in thin walled open sections – Determinations of the shear centre – Symmetrical and unsymmetrical cross-sections – Shear flow due to bending in open sections – Torsion of thin-walled open section members & determination of stresses – Design of thin-walled members

UNIT III SHEAR FLOW IN CLOSED SECTIONS **9+3**

Shear flow in thin-walled closed sections – Symmetrical and unsymmetrical sections – Flexural shear flow in two flange, three flange and multi-flange box beams – Determinations of the shear centre – Bredt-Batho theory – Torsional shear flow in multi-cell tubes – Shear flow due to combined bending and torsion – Stress analysis of aircraft components – Tapered wing spar – Introduction to shear lag

UNIT IV STABILITY PROBLEMS **9+3**

Stability problems of thin walled structures – Buckling of sheets under compression, shear, and combined loads – Plate buckling coefficient – Inelastic buckling of plates – Sheet-stiffener panels – Effective width – Failure stress in plates and stiffened panels – Crippling stress estimation – Local Buckling – Wagner beam theory – Experimental determination of critical load for a flat plate – Principles of stiffener/web construction

UNIT V ANALYSIS OF AIRCRAFT STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS **9+3**

Aircraft Loads – Symmetric manoeuvre loads – Load factor determination – Inertia loads – Aerodynamic loads & Schrenk's curve – The flight envelope – Shear force, bending moment and torque distribution along the span of the wing and fuselage – Structural parts of wing and fuselage and their functions – Analysis of rings and frames –– Introduction to aeroelasticity and shells.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

CO1: Apply the concept of normal stress variation in unsymmetrical sections subject to bending moments.

CO2: Find the shear flow variation in thin walled open sections with skin effective and ineffective in bending.

CO3: Evaluate the shear flow variation in single cell and multi-cell tubes subjected to shear and torque loads.

CO4: Analyse the behaviour of buckling of simply supported plates and also to know the effective width of sheet stringers combination.

CO5: Analyse and design structural members subject to compression.

REFERENCES:

1. Bruce. K. Donaldson, "Analysis of Aircraft Structures: An Introduction", Cambridge University Press, 2nd edition, 2012.
2. Bruhn. EF, " Analysis and Design of Flight Vehicle Structures", Tristate Offset Co., 1980.
3. Megson, TMG, "Aircraft Structures for Engineering Students", Elsevier, Aerospace Engineering, Series, 7th Edition, 2021.
4. Peery, DJ. And Azar, JJ, "Aircraft Structures", 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1993.
5. Rivello, R.M, "Theory and Analysis of Flight structures", McGraw-Hill, N.Y., 1993.
6. Sun. CT, "Mechanics of Aircraft Structures", Wiley publishers, 2nd edition, 2006.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1			3	2	2	1
CO2			3	2	3	1
CO3			3	2	3	1
CO4			3	2	2	1
CO5			3	2	2	1
	0	0	3	2	2.4	1

AO4103 FLIGHT VEHICLE AERODYNAMICS

L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enable the students

1. To gain insights into the basics of fluid flow, its model and tool to solve the fluid flow problems.
2. To be familiar with the conservation laws of fluid dynamics, and how to apply them to practical fluid flows.
3. To gain knowledge on elementary flows to combine and form realistic flows with suitable assumptions.
4. To analyse incompressible flow over three-dimensional bodies like wing and so on.
5. To gain knowledge on the basic concepts of viscous flows, boundary layers to practical flows.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO AERODYNAMICS 12

Aerodynamic force and moments, lift and Drag coefficients, Centre of pressure and aerodynamic centre, Coefficient of pressure, moment coefficient, Continuity and Momentum equations, Point source and sink, doublet, Free and Forced Vortex, Uniform parallel flow, combination of basic flows, Pressure and Velocity distributions on bodies with and without circulation in ideal and real fluid flows, Magnus effect

UNIT II INCOMPRESSIBLE FLOW THEORY 12

Conformal Transformation, Karman ,Trefftz profiles, Kutta condition, Kelvin's Circulation Theorem and the Starting Vortex, Thin aerofoil Theory and its applications. Vortex line, Horse shoe vortex, Biot– Savart law, lifting line theory, effect of aspect ratio.

UNIT III COMPRESSIBLE FLOW THEORY 13

Compressibility, Isentropic flow through nozzles, Normal shocks, Oblique and Expansion waves, Moving shock waves, Rayleigh and Fanno Flow, Potential equation for compressible flow, Small perturbation theory, Prandtl- Glauert Rule, Linearized supersonic flow, Method of characteristics.

UNIT IV AIRFOILS, WINGS AND AIRPLANE CONFIGURATION IN HIGH SPEED FLOWS 11

Critical Mach number, Drag divergence Mach number, Shock stall, super critical airfoils, transonic area rule, Swept wings (ASW and FSW), Supersonic airfoils, Shock-Expansion Theory, Wave drag, Delta wings.

UNIT V VISCOUS FLOW THEORY 12

Basics of viscous flow theory, Boundary Layer,Flow separation, Displacement, momentum and Energy Thickness, Laminar and Turbulent boundary layers ,Boundary layer over flat plate, Blasius Solution, Estimation of skin friction drag in laminar and turbulent flow, The Reference Temperature Method.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will

- **CO1:** Comprehend the behaviour of airflow over bodies with particular emphasis on airfoil sections in the incompressible flow regime.
- **CO2:** Be able to solve inviscid, incompressible and irrotational flows.
- **CO3:** Be able to apply the conservation equations for fluid flows.
- **CO4:** Be provided with the knowledge on thermodynamic state of the gas behind normal shock waves, oblique shock waves and expansion waves.
- **CO5:** Be provided with adequate knowledge on the basic concepts of laminar and turbulent boundary layers.

REFERENCES:

1. J.D. Anderson, Fundamentals of Aerodynamics, McGraw-Hill Education, 6th edition, 2017.
2. Rathakrishnan.E., Gas Dynamics, Prentice Hall of India, 7th edition, 2020.
3. Shapiro, AH, "Dynamics & Thermodynamics of Compressible Fluid Flow", Ronald Press, 1982.
4. Houghton, EL and Caruthers, NB,"Aerodynamics for Engineering Students", Butterworth-Heinemann series, 7th edition 2017.
5. Zucrow, M.J, and Anderson, J.D, "Elements of gas dynamics" McGraw-Hill Book Co., New York, 1989.
6. Rae, WH and Pope, A, "Low speed Wind Tunnel Testing", John Wiley Publications, 3rd edition, 1999.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1			3	1	3	1
CO2			3	1	2	1
CO3			3	1	2	1
CO4			3	1	1	1
CO5			3	1	2	1
	0	0	3	1	2	1

RM4151 RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR L T P C
2 0 0 2

UNIT I RESEARCH DESIGN 6

Overview of research process and design, Use of Secondary and exploratory data to answer the research question, Qualitative research, Observation studies, Experiments and Surveys.

UNIT II DATA COLLECTION AND SOURCES 6

Measurements, Measurement Scales, Questionnaires and Instruments, Sampling and methods. Data - Preparing, Exploring, examining and displaying.

UNIT III DATA ANALYSIS AND REPORTING 6

Overview of Multivariate analysis, Hypotheses testing and Measures of Association. Presenting Insights and findings using written reports and oral presentation.

UNIT IV INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS 6

Intellectual Property – The concept of IPR, Evolution and development of concept of IPR, IPR development process, Trade secrets, utility Models, IPR & Bio diversity, Role of WIPO and WTO in IPR establishments, Right of Property, Common rules of IPR practices, Types and Features of IPR Agreement, Trademark, Functions of UNESCO in IPR maintenance.

UNIT V PATENTS 6

Patents – objectives and benefits of patent, Concept, features of patent, Inventive step, Specification, Types of patent application, process E-filling, Examination of patent, Grant of patent, Revocation, Equitable Assignments, Licences, Licensing of related patents, patent agents, Registration of patent agents.

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Cooper Donald R, Schindler Pamela S and Sharma JK, “Business Research Methods”, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 11e (2012).
2. Catherine J. Holland, “Intellectual property: Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, Trade Secrets”, Entrepreneur Press, 2007.
3. David Hunt, Long Nguyen, Matthew Rodgers, “Patent searching: tools & techniques”, Wiley, 2007.
4. The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Statutory body under an Act of parliament, “Professional Programme Intellectual Property Rights, Law and practice”, September 2013.

AO4111	LOW SPEED AND HIGH SPEED AERODYNAMICS LABORATORY	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This laboratory course will enable the students

1. To gain knowledge on the principles of subsonic and supersonic wind tunnel and their operation.
2. To acquire practical knowledge on various aerodynamic principles related to inviscid incompressible fluids.
3. To calculate various aerodynamic characteristics of various objects.
4. To characterize laminar and turbulent flows.
5. To get practical exposure on flow visualization techniques pertaining to subsonic flows.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Calibration of subsonic wind tunnel.
2. Pressure distribution over a smooth cylinder.
3. Pressure distribution over a rough cylinder.
4. Pressure distribution over a symmetric aerofoil section.
5. Pressure distribution over a cambered aerofoil section.
6. Pressure distribution over a wing of cambered aerofoil section.
7. Study on Force and moment measurements by using strain gauge.
8. Wake measurements behind a bluff body.
9. Velocity boundary layer measurements over a flat plate.
10. Force and moment measurements on aircraft model by using strain gauge.
11. Force and Moment measurements using wind tunnel balance.
12. Calibration of supersonic wind tunnel.
13. Subsonic flow visualization studies.

Any 10 experiments may be conducted.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will be

CO1: Able to operate and calibrate subsonic and supersonic wind tunnel.
CO2: Able to analyse the pressure distribution over the streamlined and bluff bodies.
CO3: Able to carry out measurement of force and moments on aircraft models.
CO4: Capable of measuring boundary layer thickness over various models.
CO5: Able to carry out flow visualization at subsonic speeds.

LABORATORY EQUIPMENTS REQUIRED

1. Subsonic wind tunnel
2. Rough and smooth cylinder
3. Symmetrical and Cambered aerofoil
4. Wind tunnel balance
5. Schlieren system
6. Pressure Transducers
7. Supersonic wind tunnel
8. Blower
9. Testing models like flat plate, bluff body

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	3	1	2		3	1
CO2	3	1	2		3	1
CO3	3	1	2		3	1
CO4	3	1	2		3	1
CO5	3	1	2		3	1
	3	1	2	0	3	1

AO4112 **JET PROPULSION LABORATORY** **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enable the students

1. To gain knowledge on wall pressure distribution on subsonic and supersonic inlets and nozzles.
2. To perform testing on compressor blades.
3. To interpret the experimental data using software.
4. To get practical exposure on flow visualization techniques pertaining to supersonic jets.
5. To gain basic knowledge on cold flow studies.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Wall pressure measurements of a subsonic diffuser.
2. Cascade testing of compressor blades.
3. Pressure distribution on a cavity model.
4. Wall pressure measurements on non-circular combustor.
5. Wall pressure measurements on converging nozzle.
6. Wall pressure measurements on convergent-divergent nozzle.
7. Total pressure measurements along the jet axis of a circular subsonic jet.
8. Total pressure measurements along the jet axis of a circular supersonic jet.
9. Total pressure measurements in the radial direction of the subsonic jet.
10. Total pressure measurements in the radial direction of the supersonic jet.
11. Cold flow studies of a wake region behind flame holders.
12. Wall pressure measurements on supersonic inlets.
13. Flow visualization on supersonic jets.
14. Prediction of flow angles using angle probe.

Any 10 experiments may be conducted.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be

CO1: Able to perform wall pressure distribution on subsonic and supersonic nozzles.

CO2: Able to acquire knowledge on fundamental concepts of low speed and high speed jets and experimental techniques pertains to measurements.

CO3: Provided with adequate knowledge on pressure distribution on cavity models.

CO4: Able to perform wake survey methods.

CO5: Able to carry out flow visualization on supersonic jets.

LABORATORY EQUIPMENTS REQUIRED

1. Subsonic wind tunnel
2. High speed jet facility
3. Blower
4. Pressure scanner
5. Schlieren system
6. Nozzle and cavity models

CO	**PO1**	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**
CO1	3	2	2		2	1
CO2	3	2	2		2	1
CO3	3	2	2		2	1
CO4	3	2	2		2	1
CO5	3	2	2		2	1
	3	2	2	0	2	1

AO4201 ADVANCED FLIGHT DYNAMICS

L	**T**	**P**	**C**
3	**0**	**0**	**3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enable students

1. To gainin depth knowledge on aircraft performance in level, climbing, gliding flight modes.
2. To get familiarize the equations of motion in accelerated flight modes.
3. To impart knowledge on the basic aspects of stability and control of an airplane about three axis.
4. To provide adequate knowledge on various parameters that decide the stability level of an airplane.
5. To be familiar with the aspects of control in longitudinal, lateral and directional modes.

UNIT I STEADY FLIGHT PERFORMANCE **9**

Overview of Aerodynamics and ISA – Straight and level flight: thrust and power required/available, differences of propeller-driven and jet-powered airplanes, maximum speed, effects of altitude – Climb and Descent performance: climb angle and rate of climb, descent angle and rate of descent – Range, endurance of propeller driven and jet powered airplanes.

UNIT II MANEUVER PERFORMANCE 9

Level turn – maximum producible load factor – fastest and tightest turn – Vertical maneuver: pull-up and pull-out, pull-down – gust V-n diagram –Take off and landing performance.

UNIT III STATIC LONGITUDINAL STABILITY AND CONTROL 9

Static equilibrium and stability – Pitch stability of conventional and canard aircraft – control fixed neutral point and static margin – effect of fuselage and running propellers on pitch stability – control surface hinge moment – control free neutral point – limit on forward CG travel –maneuver stability: Pull – up & level turn – control force and trim tabs – control force for maneuver– measurement of neutral point and maneuver point by flight tests.

UNIT IV STATIC LATERAL, DIRECTIONAL STABILITY AND CONTROL 9

Yaw and side slip, effect of wing sweep, wing dihedral and vertical tail on directional stability – rudder fixed and rudder free – yaw control – rudder sizing – pedal force - dihedral effect: contribution of various components- roll control.

UNIT V AIRCRAFT DYNAMICS 9

Rigid body equations of motion - Axes systems and their significance – Euler angles – linearization of longitudinal equations – force and moment derivatives – short period and phugoid approximations – pure pitching motion – linearization of equations for lateral – directional motion – roll, spiral and dutch roll approximations- Pure rolling- Pure yawing – Inertia coupling.

L : 45, TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will

CO1: Be able to assess the performance of aircraft in steady and maneuver flights.

CO2: Have thorough knowledge in order to perform preliminary design computations to meet static stability and trim requirements of aircrafts.

CO3: Be able to determine the fixed neutral point and the stick fixed static margin.

CO4: Be able to describe the effect of change in CG on the aircraft stability.

CO5: Apply the small disturbance equations of motion, and identify longitudinal and lateral sets of equations, construct state space models for longitudinal and lateral aircraft dynamics.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1			2	2		1
CO2			2	2	2	1
CO3			2	2	3	1
CO4			2	2	1	1
CO5			2	3		1
	0	0	2	2.2	1.2	1

REFERENCES:

1. Anderson,JD, “Aircraft Performance & Design”**,** First edition, Mc Graw Hill India, 2010.
2. McCormick, BW, “Aerodynamics, Aeronautics, & Flight Mechanics”, 2nd edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1995.
3. Michael V. Cook, “Flight Dynamics Principles”, Second edition, Elsevier, 2007.
4. Nelson, RC,“Flight Stability & Automatic Control”, Second edition, McGraw-Hill, 2017.
5. Perkins CD &Hage, RE,“Airplane performance, stability and control”, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2011.
6. Brain else stephsnos, Frank loie aircraft simulation and control, AIAA

AO4202 CFD FOR AEROSPACEAPPLICATIONS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will make the students

1. To get familiarize with the procedure to obtain numerical solution to fluid dynamic problems.
2. To gain knowledge on the important aspects of grid generation for practical problems.
3. To get exposure on time dependant and panel methods.
4. To learn the techniques pertaining to transonic small perturbation force.
5. To make use of commercial CFD software for aerospace applications.

UNIT I NUMERICAL SOLUTIONS OF SOME FLUID DYNAMICAL PROBLEMS 9

Basic fluid dynamics equations, Equations in general orthogonal coordinate system, Body fitted coordinate systems, mathematical properties of fluid dynamic equations and classification of partial differential equations - Finding solution of a simple gas dynamic problem, Local similar solutions of boundary layer equations, Numerical integration and shooting technique. Numerical solution for CD nozzle isentropic flows and local similar solutions of boundary layer equations- Panel methods.

UNIT II GRID GENERATION 9

Need for grid generation – Various grid generation techniques – Algebraic, conformal and numerical grid generation – importance of grid control functions – boundary point control – orthogonality of grid lines at boundaries. Elliptic grid generation using Laplace's equations for geometries like aerofoil and CD nozzle. Unstructured grids, Cartesian grids, hybrid grids, grid around typical 2D and 3D geometries – Overlapping grids – Grids around multi bodies.

UNIT III TIME DEPENDENT METHODS 9

Stability of solution, Explicit methods, Time split methods, Approximate factorization scheme, Unsteady transonic flow around airfoils. Some time dependent solutions of gas dynamic problems. Numerical solution of unsteady 2-D heat conduction problems using SLOR methods.

UNIT IV FINITE VOLUME METHOD 9

Introduction to Finite volume Method - Different Flux evaluation schemes, central, upwind and hybrid schemes - Staggered grid approach - Pressure-Velocity coupling - SIMPLE, SIMPLER algorithms- pressure correction equation (both incompressible and compressible forms) - Application of Finite Volume Method -artificial diffusion.

UNIT V CFD FOR INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS 9

Various levels of approximation of flow equations, turbulence modelling for viscous flows, verification and validation of CFD code, application of CFD tools to 2D and 3D configurations. CFD for kinetic heating analysis – Coupling of CFD code with heat conduction code, Unsteady flows – Grid movement method, Oscillating geometries, Computational aeroelasticity – Coupling of CFD with structural model – Aeroelasticity of airfoil geometry, Introduction to commercial CFD software for aerospace applications, High performance computing for CFD applications – Parallelization of codes –domain decomposition.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will be able

CO1: To arrive at the numerical solutions to boundary layer equations.
CO2: To perform numerical grid generation and have knowledge about the mapping techniques.
CO3: To familiarise himself/herself with high performance computing for CFD applications.
CO4: To implement the explicit time dependent methods and their factorization schemes.
CO5: To do the stability analysis and linearization of the implicit methods.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1			2		1	1
CO2			3		2	1
CO3	2		3		1	1
CO4			3		2	1
CO5	2		2		1	1
	0.8	0	2.6	0	1.4	1

REFERENCES:

1. Bose. TK, "Numerical Fluid Dynamics",Narosa Publishing House, 2001.
2. Chung. TJ, "Computational Fluid Dynamics", Cambridge University Press, 2010.
3. Hirsch,AA, "Introduction to Computational Fluid Dynamics", McGraw-Hill, 1989.
4. John D. Anderson, "Computational Fluid Dynamics", McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
5. SedatBiringen&Chuen-Yen Chow, "Introduction to Computational Fluid Dynamics by Example", Wiley publishers, 2nd edition, 2011.
6. Wirz, HJ &Smeldern, JJ, "Numerical Methods in Fluid Dynamics", McGraw-Hill & Co., 1978.

AO4251 **ANALYSIS OF COMPOSITE STRUCTURES**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will make students

1. To impart knowledge on the macro mechanics of composite materials.
2. To determine stresses and strains in composites and also imparts an idea about the manufacturing methods of composite materials.
3. To get an idea on failure theories of composites.
4. To provide the basic knowledge on the properties of fibre and matrix materials used in commercial composites as well as some common manufacturing techniques.
5. To gain knowledge on the basic concepts of acoustic emission technique.

UNIT I FIBERS, MATRICES, AND FABRICATION METHODS 9

Production & Properties of Glass, Carbon and Aramid Fibers – Thermosetting and Thermoplastic Polymers – Polymer Properties of Importance to the Composite, Summary of Fabrication Processes – Scope of Composite Materials for Various Aerospace Application.

UNIT II MICROMECHANICS OF A UNIDIRECTIONAL COMPOSITE 9

Volume and Weight Fractions in a Composite Specimen – Longitudinal Behaviour of Unidirectional Composites – Load Sharing – Failure Mechanism and Strength – Factors Influencing Longitudinal Strength and Stiffness – Transverse Stiffness· and Strength – Prediction of Elastic Properties Using Micromechanics –Typical Unidirectional Fiber Composite Properties – Minimum and Critical Fiber Volume Fractions.

UNIT III MACROMECHANICS APPROACH 9

Stress Analysis of an Orthotropic Lamina-Hooke's Law-Stiffness and Compliance Matrices - Specially Orthotropic Material-Transversely Isotropic Material & Specially Orthotropic Material under Plane Stress-Determination of E_x, E_y, G_{xy}-Stress & Strain Transformations- Transformation of Stiffness and Compliance Matrices-Strengths of an Orthotropic Lamina Using Different Failure Theories.

UNIT IV ANALYSIS OF LAMINATED COMPOSITES 10

Laminate Strains - Variation of Stresses in a Laminate - Resultant Forces and Moments - Synthesis of Stiffness Matrix - Laminate Description System - Construction and Properties of Special Laminates - Symmetric Laminates – Balanced Laminate - Cross-Ply, and Angle-Ply Laminates - Quasi-isotropic Laminates - Determination of Laminae Stresses and Strains – Determination of Hygrothermal Stresses - Analysis of Laminates after Initial Failure.

UNIT V ANALYSIS OF LAMINATED PLATES AND BEAMS 8

Governing Equations For Laminated Composite Plates -- Governing Equations for Laminated Beams -Application of Theory – Bending, Buckling and Vibration of Laminated Beams and Plates repair-Analysis of sandwich construction-AE technique.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able

CO1: To calculate the elastic and strength properties of unidirectional laminates using micromechanics theory.

CO2: To analyze a composite laminate using the different failure theories.

CO3: To select the most appropriate manufacturing process for fabricating composite components.

CO4: To demonstrate understanding of the different materials (fibres, resins, cores) used in composites.

CO5: To gain knowledge on non-destructive inspection (NDI) and structural health monitoring of composites.

CO	**PO1**	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**
CO1	2		2		3	1
CO2	2		2		3	1
CO3			2		2	1
CO4			2		2	1
CO5			2		1	1
	0.8	0	2	0	2.2	1

REFERENCES:

1. Agarwal, BD and Broutman, LJ, “Analysis and Performance of Fibre Composites”, John Wiley & Sons, 3rd edition, 2006.
2. Allen Baker, “Composite Materials for Aircraft Structures”, AIAA Series, 2nd Edition, 2004.
3. Autar K Kaw, “Mechanics of Composite Materials”, CRC Press, 2nd edition, 2005.
4. Calcote, LR, “The Analysis of laminated Composite Structures”, Von – Nostrand Reinhold Company, New York, 1998.
5. Isaac M. Daniel &OriIshai ,“Mechanics of Composite Materials”, OUP USA publishers, 2nd edition, 2005.
6. Lubing, “Handbook on Advanced Plastics and Fibre Glass”, Von Nostran Reinhold Co., New York, 1989.

AO4252 FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enable the students

1. To learn the concepts of finite element methods and the various solution schemes available.
2. To impart knowledge to solve plane stress and plane strain problems.
3. To solve heat transfer and fluid mechanics problems using Finite element methods.
4. To formulate mass and stiffness element matrices for vibration problems.
5. To be familiar in obtaining solutions to fluid flow problems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Review of various approximate methods – Rayleigh-Ritz, Galerkin and Finite Difference Methods – Problem Formulation – Application to Structural Elements & Practical Problems – Derivation ofStiffness and Flexibility Matrices – Spring Systems – Role of Energy Principles – Basic Concepts of Finite Element Method – Interpolation, Nodes, Degrees of Freedom – Solution Schemes.

UNIT II DISCRETE ELEMENTS 9

Finite Element Structural Analysis Involving 1-D Bar and Beam Elements – Tapered Bar – Temperature Effects – Static Loading – Formulation of the Load Vector for 1-D Elements – Methods of Stiffness Matrix Formulation – Interpolation & Shape Functions – Boundary Conditions – Determination of Displacements & Reactions – Constitutive Relations – Determination of Nodal Loads & Stresses.

UNIT III CONTINUUM ELEMENTS 9

Plane Stress & Plane strain Loading – CST Element – LST Element – Element Characteristics – Problem Formulation & Solution Using Finite Elements – Axisymmetric Bodies & Axisymmetric Loading – Consistent and Lumped Load Vectors – Use of Local, Area and Volume Co-ordinates – Isoparametric Formulation – Shape Functions – Role of Numerical Integration – Load Consideration – Complete FE Solution.

UNIT IV VIBRATION & BUCKLING 9

Formulation of the Mass and Stiffness Element Matrices for Vibration Problems – Bar and Beam Elements – Derivation of the Governing Equation – Natural Frequencies and Modes – Damping Considerations –Harmonic Response – Response Calculation Using Numerical Integration – Buckling of Columns – Problem Formulation – Solution – Determination of Buckling Loads and Modes.

UNIT V HEAT TRANSFER & FLUID MECHANICS PROBLEMS 9

One Dimensional Heat Transfer Analysis – Formulation of the Governing Equations in Finite Element Form – Equivalent Load Vector – Solution & Temperature Distribution – Finite Element Formulation & Solution for Sample Problems Involving Fluid Mechanics .

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will have

CO1: An ability to frame governing equations involving different type of finite elements.
CO2: Knowledge onthe general finite element methodology for a variety of practical problems.
CO3: An ability to solve simple 1-D and 2-D problems using the finite element method.
CO4: Knowledge on how to apply numerical integration techniques effectively in finite elements solutions.
CO5: An ability to frame and solve heat transfer and fluid mechanics problems using the FE method.

REFERENCES:

1. Bathe, KJ &Wilson,EL, Numerical Methods in Finite Elements Analysis, Prentice Hall of India Ltd., 1983.
2. Dhanaraj, R &K.PrabhakaranNair,K, Finite Element Method, Oxford university press, India, 2015.
3. Krishnamurthy,CS, Finite Elements Analysis, Tata McGraw – Hill, 1987.
4. Rao,SS Finite Element Method in Engineering, Butterworth, Heinemann Publishing, 3rd Edition, 1998.
5. Robert D. Cook, David S. Malkus, Michael E. Plesha and Robert J. Witt, Concepts and Applications of Finite Element Analysis, John Wiley & Sons, 4th Edition, 2002.
6. Segerlind,LJ, Applied Finite Element Analysis, , John Wiley and Sons Inc., New York, 2nd Edition,1984.
7. Tirupathi R. Chandrupatla& Ashok D. Belegundu, Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering, Prentice Hall, 2002.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	1		3		2	1
CO2	1		2		2	1
CO3	2		3		3	1
CO4	1		3		3	1
CO5	2		3		3	1
	1.4	0	2.8	0	2.6	1

AO4211 **STRUCTURES LABORATORY** **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This laboratory course enables the students

1. To get practical knowledge on calibration of photoelastic materials.
2. To gain practical exposures on calculating shear centre locations for closed and open sections.
3. To provide with the basic knowledge of fabricating a composite laminate.
4. To have basic knowledge on unsymmetrical bending of beams.
5. To design and conduct different types of practical tests involving various aircraft structural components.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. .Calibration of photo elastic materials
2. Experimental modal analysis
3. Forced vibration testing
4. Fabrication and static testing of composite laminates
5. Non-destructive evaluation of defects in composite laminates using acoustic emission
6. Non-destructive evaluation of defects in composite laminates using ultrasonics.
7. Whirling of composite shafts
8. Design, Fabrication and testing of a 3-D printed specimen.
9. Unsymmetrical bending of beams
10. Determination of influence coefficients and flexibility matrix
11. Shear centre location for open & closed thin-walled sections
12. Buckling of columns with different end conditions
13. Experimental verification of the Wagner beam theory

NOTE: Any 10experiments will be conducted out of 15.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, studentswill be able

CO1: To conduct tests and interpret data involving strain gauges.
CO2: To get exposure on experimental methods in photoelasticity.
CO3: To design an experimental evaluation technique for a given application.
CO4: To comprehend non-destructive testing methods.
CO5: To fabricate of composite laminates and characterizes it.

CO	**PO1**	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**
CO1	3	2	3			1
CO2	3		2			1
CO3	3	2	2			1
CO4	3		2			1
CO5	3		3			1
	3	0.8	2.4	0	0	1

LABORATORY EQUIPMENTS REQUIRED

1. Electrical resistance strain gauges installation kit.
2. Circuit board with resistors, wires, clips, etc, and strain gauges.
3. Column testing set-up (with provision for different end conditions)
4. Unsymmetrical beam bending set-up.
5. Dial gauges & travelling microscope.
6. Experimental setup for location of shear centre (open & closed sections)
7. Whirling of shafts demonstration unit.
8. Photo-elastic models.
9. Equipment for the fabrication of composite laminates.
10. Testing instruments and equipment for acoustic emission testing.
11. Testing instruments and equipment for ultrasonics testing.
12. Diffuser transmission type polariscope with accessories
13. Experimental setup for vibration of beams& vibration measuring instruments.
14. Universal Testing Machine.
15. 3-D printing machine.
16. Wagner beam & accessories.

AO4213	COMPUTATIONAL LABORATORY (Consists of FEM & CFD experiments)	L T P C 0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. This course is intended to make students familiar with different types of structural analysis using finite element software
2. This course helps students to correctly interpret the results of simulation.
3. To equip with the knowledge base essential for application of computational fluid dynamics to engineering flow problems.
4. To provide the essential numerical background for solving the partial differential equationsgoverning the fluid flow.
5. To develop students' skills of using a commercial software package

EXPERIMENTS IN FEM

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Grid generation methods and geometry clean up techniques.
2. Static analysis of a uniform bar subject to different loads -1-D element
3. Thermal stresses in a uniform and tapered member – 1-D element
4. Static analysis of trusses / frames under different loads
5. Stress analysis & deformation of a beam using 1-D element & 2-D – incorporation of
7. discrete, distributed, and user-defined loads
6. Static analysis of a beam with additional spring support
7. Stress concentration in an infinite plate with a small hole
8. Bending of a plate with different support conditions
9. Stability analysis of a plate under in-plane loads
10. Buckling of solid and thin-walled columns under different end conditions

11. Free vibration analysis of a bar / beam
12. Forced response of a bar / beam under harmonic excitation
13. Heat transfer analysis using 1-D & 2-D elements – conduction and convection
14. Modelling and analysis of a laminated plate
15. Impact analysis of a laminated plate.

Minimum of 6 Experiments to be performed by using FEM Software tools

EXPERIMENTS IN CFD

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Numerical simulation of 1-D diffusion and conduction in fluid flows
2. Numerical simulation of 1-D convection-diffusion problems
3. Numerical simulation of 2-D unsteady state heat conduction problem
4. Numerical simulation of 2-D diffusion and 1-D convection combined problems
5. Structured grid generation over airfoil section3-D numerical simulation of flow through CD nozzles
6. 3-D numerical simulation of flow development of a subsonic and supersonic jets
7. Numerical simulation of boundary layer development
8. Numerical simulation of subsonic combustion in a ramjet combustor
9. Numerical simulation of transonic flow over airfoils

Minimum of 6 Experiments to be performed by using CFD Software tools

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will be able

CO1: To get solution of aerodynamic flows.
CO2: To perform stability analysis of structural components.
CO3: To define and setup flow problem properly within CFD context, performing solid modelling using CAD package and producing grids via meshing tool.
CO4: To comprehend both flow physics and mathematical properties of governing Navier-Stokes equations and define proper boundary conditions for solution.
CO5: To use CFD software to model relevant engineering flow problems.

CO	**PO1**	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**
CO1	3		2			1
CO2	3		2			1
CO3	3	2	3			1
CO4	3	2	3			1
CO5	3		2			1
	3	0.8	2.4	0	0	1

LABORATORY EQUIPMENTS REQUIREMENTS

1. Desktop computers
2. MS visual C++
3. CFD software

AO4212	MINI PROJECT WITH SEMINAR	L T P C 0 0 4 2

Seminar is to be given by the student after the completion of a mini project chosen by the student. Topics for the mini projects can be from the aeronautical engineering and allied fields. The mini project can be based on either numerical or analytical solution or design or fully experimental; or a combination of these tasks.

AO4311	PROJECT WORK I	L T P C 0 0 12 6

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. A research project work must be carried out completed with reference to the published literatures or from the creative ideas of the students themselves in consultation with their project supervisor.
2. To improve the student research and development activities.

EVALUATION:
Project work evaluation is based on Regulations of Credit system of Affiliated Institutions - Post graduate programmes of Anna University.

TOTAL : 90 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:
The students' would apply the knowledge gained from theoretical and practical courses in solving problems, so as to give confidence to the students to be creative, well planned, organized, coordinated project outcome of the aimed work.

AO4411	PROJECT WORK II	L T P C 0 0 24 12

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. The objective of the research project work is to produce factual results of their applied research idea in the field of Aeronautical Engineering, developed from Project Work- I or may be a new concept with innovation.
2. The progress of the project is evaluated based on a minimum of three reviews.
3. The review committee may be constituted by the Head of the Department.
4. A project report is required at the end of the semester. The project work is evaluated jointly by external and internal examiners constituted by the Head of the Department based on oral presentation and the project report.
5. To improve the student research and development activities.

EVALUATION:

Project work evaluation is based on Regulations of Credit system of Affiliated Institutions - Post graduate programmes of Anna University.

TOTAL : 180 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

The students' would apply the knowledge gained from theoretical and practical courses in solving problems, so as to give confidence to the students to be creative, well planned, organized, coordinated project outcome of the aimed work.

AO4077 **THEORY OF VIBRATIONS** **L T P C**

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enables students

1. To get insight into the basic aspects of vibration theory.
2. This course presents the principles of dynamics and energy methods pertaining to structures.
3. This course provides a platform for better understanding of the approximate methods for aerospace structures.
4. To get insight into the dynamic responses of the large systems.
5. To get insight into the basic aspects of aero-elasticity.

UNIT I SINGLE DEGREE OF FREEDOM SYSTEMS 9

Simple harmonic motion, definition of terminologies, Newton's Laws, D'Alembert's principle, Energy methods. Free and forced vibrations with and without damping, base excitation, and vibration measuring instruments.

UNIT II MULTI-DEGREES OF FREEDOM SYSTEMS 9

Two degrees of freedom systems, Static and dynamic couplings, eigen values, eigen vectors and orthogonality conditions of eigen vectors, Vibration absorber, Principal coordinates, Principal modes. Hamilton's Principle, Lagrange's equation and its applications.

UNIT III VIBRATION OF ELASTIC BODIES 9

Transverse vibrations of strings, Longitudinal, Lateral and Torsional vibrations. Approximate methods for calculating natural frequencies.

UNIT IV EIGEN VALUE PROBLEMS & DYNAMIC RESPONSE OF LARGE SYSTEMS 9

Eigen value extraction methods – Subspace hydration method, Lanczos method – Eigen value reduction method – Dynamic response of large systems – Implicit and explicit methods.

UNIT V ELEMENTS OF AEROELASTICITY 9

Aeroelastic problems – Collar's triangle of forces – Wing divergence – Aileron control reversal – Flutter.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Timoshenko, S. “Vibration Problems in Engineering”, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2018.
2. Meirovitch, L. “Elements of Vibration Analysis”, New Delhi, McGraw-Hill Education, 2014.
3. Thomson W.T, Marie Dillon Dahleh, “Theory of Vibrations with Applications”, Harlow, Essex Pearson 2014
4. F.S. Tse., I.F. Morse and R.T. Hinkle, “Mechanical Vibrations”, Prentice-Hall of India, 1985.
5. Rao.J.S. and Gupta.K. “Theory and Practice of Mechanical Vibrations”, New Delhi, New Age International, 1999.
6. Fung, Y.C., “An Introduction to the Theory of Aeroelasticity”, Dover Publications., Mineola, N.Y., 2008.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	3	-	2	3	3	-
CO2	3	-	2	3	3	-
CO3	3	-	2	3	3	-
CO4	3	-	2	3	3	-
CO5	3	-	2	3	3	-

AO4001 ROCKETRY AND SPACE MECHANICS L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. This course presents the fundamental aspects of rocket motion along with detailed estimation of rocket trajectories.
2. This course also imparts knowledge on optimization of multistage rockets.
3. This course provides the basics of space mechanics required for an aeronautical student
4. This course helps students to provide with the basics of orbit transfer of satellites.
5. This course will help students to gain knowledge on various control methods of rockets.

UNIT I ORBITAL MECHANICS 9

Description of solar system – Kepler’s Laws of planetary motion – Newton’s Law of Universal gravitation – Two body and Three-body problems – Jacobi’s Integral, Librations points – Estimation of orbital and escape velocities.

UNIT II SATELLITE DYNAMICS 9

Geosynchronous and geostationary satellites- factors determining life time of satellites – satellite perturbations – orbit transfer and examples –Hohmann orbits – calculation of orbit parameters– Determination of satellite rectangular coordinates from orbital elements- satellite epiphermis.

UNIT III ROCKET MOTION 9

Principle of operation of rocket motor – thrust equation – one dimensional and two dimensional rocket motions in free space and homogeneous gravitational fields – Description of vertical, inclined and gravity turn trajectories– determinations of range and altitude – simple approximations to burnout velocity.

UNIT IV ROCKET AERODYNAMICS 9

Description of various loads experienced by a rocket passing through atmosphere – drag estimation – wave drag, skin friction drag, form drag and base pressure drag – Boat-tailing in missiles – performance at various altitudes – rocket stability – rocket dispersion – launching problems.

UNIT V STAGING AND CONTROL OF ROCKET VEHICLES 9

Need for multi staging of rocket vehicles – multistage vehicle optimization – stage separation dynamics and separation techniques- aerodynamic and jet control methods of rocket vehicles – SITVC.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able

CO1: To knowledge on the fundamental laws of orbital mechanics with particular emphasis on interplanetary trajectories.

CO2: To calculate orbital parameters and perform conceptual trajectory designs for geocentric or interplanetary missions.

CO3: To familiarize themselves with trajectory calculations for planar motion of rockets.

CO4: To determine forces and moments acting on airframe of a missile.

CO5: To acquire knowledge on the need for staging and stage separation dynamics of rocket vehicles.

REFERENCES:

1. Cornelisse,JW, “Rocket Propulsion and Space Dynamics”, J.W. Freeman & Co., Ltd., London, 1982.
2. Parker,ER,“Materials for Missiles and Spacecraft”, McGraw-Hill Book Co., Inc., 1982.
3. Suresh. B N & Sivan. K, “Integrated Design for Space Transportation System”, Springer India, 2016.
4. Sutton,GP, Biblarz,O, “Rocket Propulsion Elements”, John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York, 9th Edition, 2017.
5. Van de Kamp, “Elements of Astromechanics”, Pitman Publishing Co., Ltd., London, 1980.

CO	**PO1**	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**
CO1	3		2			1
CO2	3		2	2	3	1
CO3	3		3	2	3	1
CO4	3		2			1
CO5	3		3	2	2	1
	3	0	2.4	1.2	1.6	1

AS4072 COMPUTATIONAL HEAT TRANSFER L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enable students

1. To get insights into the basic aspects of various discretization methods.
2. To provide basic ideas on the types of PDE's and its boundary conditions to arrive at its solution.
3. To impart knowledge on solving conductive, transient conductive and convective problems using computational methods.
4. To solve radiative heat transfer problems using computational methods.
5. To provide a platform for students in developing numerical codes for solving heat transfer problems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Finite Difference Method-Introduction-Taylor's series expansion-Discretization Methods Forward, backward and central differencing scheme for first order and second order Derivatives – Types of partial differential equations-Types of errors-Solution to algebraic equation-Direct Method and Indirect Method-Types of boundary condition-FDM – FEM – FVM.

UNIT II CONDUCTIVE HEAT TRANSFER 9

General 3D-heat conduction equation in Cartesian, cylindrical and spherical coordinates. Computation (FDM) of One –dimensional steady state heat conduction –with Heat generation-without Heat generation- 2D-heat conduction problem with different boundary conditions-Numerical treatment for extended surfaces- Numerical treatment for 3D- Heat conduction-Numerical treatment to 1D-steady heat conduction using FEM.

UNIT III TRANSIENT HEAT CONDUCTION 9

Introduction to Implicit, explicit Schemes and crank-Nicolson Schemes Computation(FDM) of One– dimensional un-steady heat conduction –with heat Generation-without Heat generation – 2D-transient heat conduction problem with different boundary conditions using Implicit, explicit Schemes-Importance of Courant number- Analysis for I-D,2-D transient heat Conduction problems.

UNIT IV CONVECTIVE HEAT TRANSFER 9

Convection- Numerical treatment (FDM) of steady and unsteady 1-D and 2-d heat convection-diffusion steady-unsteady problems- Computation of thermal and Velocity boundary layer flows. Upwind scheme-Stream function-vorticity approach-Creeping flow.

UNIT V RADIATIVE HEAT TRANSFER 9

Radiation fundamentals-Shape factor calculation-Radiosity method- Absorption Method – Montacalro method-Introduction to Finite Volume Method- Numerical treatment of radiation enclosures using finite Volume method. Developing a numerical code for 1D, 2D heat transfer problems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, Students will

CO1: Have an Idea about discretization methodologies for solving heat transfer problems.
CO2: Be able to solve 2-D conduction and convection problems.
CO3: Have an ability to develop solutions for transient heat conduction in simple geometries.
CO4: Be capable of arriving at numerical solutions for conduction and radiation heat transfer problems.
CO5: Have knowledge on developing numerical codes for practical engineering heat transfer problems.

REFERENCES:

1. Chung,TJ, "Computational Fluid Dynamics", Cambridge University Press, 2002.
2. Holman,JP, "Heat Transfer", McGraw-Hill Book Co, Inc., McGraw-Hill College; 10th edition, 2017.
3. John D. Anderson, "Computational Fluid Dynamics", McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
4. John H. Lienhard, "A Heat Transfer", Text Book, Dover Publications, 5th edition, 2020.
5. Richard H. Pletcher, John C. Tannehill & Dale Anderson**, "**Computational Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer", 4th edition, CRC Press**,** 2021
6. Sachdeva,SC, "Fundamentals of Engineering Heat & Mass Transfer", New age publisher, 4th edition Internationals, 2017.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	3	-	2	3	3	-
CO2	3	-	2	3	3	-
CO3	3	-	2	3	3	-
CO4	3	-	2	3	3	-
CO5	3	-	2	3	3	-

AO4002 THEORY OF ELASTICITY

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enable students

1. To learn the basic concepts and equations of elasticity.
2. To provide with the concepts of plain stress and strain related problems.
3. To gain knowledge on equilibrium and stress-strain equations of polar coordinates.
4. Will be exposed to axisymmetric problems.
5. To get insight into the basic concepts of plates and shells.

UNIT I BASIC EQUATIONS OF ELASTICITY 9

Definition & sign convention for stress and strain – Hooke's law – Relation between elastic constants – Equilibrium and compatibility equations – Analysis of stress, strain and deformation – Stress and strain transformations equations – Cauchy's formula – Principal stress and principal strains in 2D & 3D – Octahedral stresses and its significance – Boundary conditions.

UNIT II APPLIED CONCEPTS 9

Plane stress and plane strain problems – Airy stress function – Biharmonic equation – Compatibility equation in terms of stress – Solution of bar and beam problems using the elasticity approach – Torsion of bars – Determination of stresses, strain and displacements – Warping of cross-sections – Prandtl's stress function approach – St. Venant's method.

UNIT III POLAR COORDINATES 9

Strain-displacement relations in polar coordinates – Equilibrium and stress-strain equations in polar coordinates – Infinite plate with a small central hole – Stress concentration – Bending of a curved beam (Winkler-Bach theory) – Deflection of a thick curved bar – Stresses in straight and curved beams due to thermal loading – Thermal stresses in cylinders and spheres – Stress concentration in bending.

UNIT IV AXISYMMETRIC PROBLEMS 9

Equilibrium and stress-strain equations in cylindrical coordinates – Lame's problem – Thick-walled cylinders subject to internal and external pressure – Application of failure theories – Stresses in composite tubes – Shrink fitting – Stresses due to gravitation – Analysis of a rotating disc of uniform thickness – Discs of variable thickness – Rotating shafts and cylinders.

UNIT V PLATES AND SHELLS 9

Classical plate theory – Assumptions, governing equations and boundary conditions – Navier's method of solution – Levy's method of solution – Rectangular and circular plates – Solution techniques – Analysis of a shell – Membrane Theory – Deformation and stresses due to applied loads.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will

CO1: Have knowledge of basic elasticity relationships and equations.

CO2: Know how to carry out stress analysis in 2-D and 3-D.

CO3: Get exposure on the formulation of constitutive and governing equations for basic problems in cartesian and cylindrical coordinates.

CO4: Be able to analyse and solve practical problems in cartesian and cylindrical coordinates.

CO5: Be able to determine the stress, strain and displacement field for common axisymmetrical members.

REFERENCES:

1. Harry Kraus, "Thin Elastic Shells", John Wiley and Sons, 1987.
2. Flugge, W, "Stresses in Shells", Springer – Verlag, 1990.
3. Timoshenko, S.P. and Gere, J.M, "Theory of Elastic Stability", McGraw Hill Book Co. 2010.
4. Timoshenko, S.P. Winowsky. S., and Kreger, "Theory of Plates and Shells", McGraw Hill Book Co., 2nd edition, 2015.
5. Varadan, TK andBhaskar,K, "Analysis of plates-Theory and problems", Narosha Publishing Co., 2001.

CO	**PO1**	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**
CO1	1		2			1
CO2	3		2		2	1
CO3	1		2			1
CO4	3		2		3	1
CO5	2		2		2	1
	2	0	2	0	1.4	1

AO4003 EXPERIMENTAL AERODYNAMICS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. This course will enable the students to learn basics of wind tunnel operation and its associated measurements.
2. To present the concepts of different flow visualization methods.
3. This course also imparts knowledge on flow measurement variables
4. This course enables students to be familiar with data acquisition methods pertaining to experiments in aerodynamics.
5. This course will help students to do uncertainty analysis for their experiments.

UNIT I LOW SPEED TUNNEL 9

Objective of experimental studies, Types of wind tunnels, Low speed tunnel, Energy ratio, Power losses in a wind tunnel – Calibration of subsonic wind tunnels – Speed Setting – Flow Direction – Three-Hole and Five-Hole Yaw Probes – Turbulence – Wind tunnel balance – Water tunnel.

UNIT II HIGH SPEED TUNNEL 9

Transonic wind tunnel – Transonic Test Section – Supersonic wind tunnels – Losses in Supersonic Tunnels – Supersonic Wind Tunnel Diffusers– Effects of Second Throat – Runtime calculation –Calculating Air Flow Rates –Calibration of Supersonic Wind Tunnels – Hypersonic wind tunnel and Calibration –Ludwieg Tube – Shock tube and shock tunnels – Gun tunnel – Plasma arc tunnels – Measurement of shock speed.

UNIT III FLOW VISUALIZATION TECHNIQUES 9

Visualization techniques – Smoke tunnel –-Dye Injection –Bubble Techniques –Surface Flow Visualization techniques – oil – Tufts –China Clay – Ultraviolet Fluorescence Photography – Interferometer – Fringe-Displacement method – Shadowgraph –Schlieren system – Background Oriented Schlieren (BOS) system – Laser sheet flow visualization.

UNIT IV MEASUREMENTS OF PROPERTIES 9

Pressure measurement techniques-Pitot, Static, and Pitot-Static Tubes-Pitot-Static tube characteristics – Pressure Sensitive Paints - Pressure transducers – Velocity measurements – Hot-wire anemometry-Constant current and Constant temperature Hot-Wire anemometer – Hot-film anemometry - Laser Doppler Velocimetry (LDV) – Particle Image Velocimetry (PIV)- Temperature measurements – Measurement of heat flux – Foil type heat flux gauge –Transient analysis of foil gauge– Thin film sensors – Slug type heat flux sensor.

UNIT V DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEMS AND UNCERTAINTY ANALYSIS 9

Data acquisition and processing – Signal conditioning – Statistical analysis of experimental data – Regression analysis – Estimation of measurement errors – Uncertainty calculation – Uses of uncertainty analysis.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will

CO1: Have knowledge on measurement of flow properties in wind tunnels and their associated instrumentation.

CO2: Be able to demonstrate and conduct experiments related to subsonic and supersonic flows.

CO3: Gain idea on flow visualization of subsonic and supersonic flows.

CO4: Be familiar with calibration of transducers and other devices used for flow measurement.

CO5: Be able to estimate errors and to perform uncertainty analysis of the experimental data.

REFERENCES:

1. Allan Pope and Kenneth L Goin, "High Speed Wind Tunnel Testing", Krieger Publishing Company, 1978.
2. Jewel B. Barlow, Willian. H.Rae and Allan Pope,"Low-Speed Wind Tunnel Testing", Wiley-Interscience, 3rd edition, 1999.
3. Rathakrishnan, E, "Instrumentation, Measurements, and Experiments in Fluids", CRC Press –Taylor & Francis, 2020.
4. Robert B Northrop, "Introduction to Instrumentation and Measurements", Second Edition, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis, 2017.

CO	**PO1**	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**
CO1	1	2	2		1	1
CO2	3	3	2		3	1
CO3	2	2	2		2	1
CO4	3	3	2		3	1
CO5	3	2	2		3	1
	2.4	2.4	2	0	2.4	1

AO4004 **CONTROL ENGINEERING** **L T P C**

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To introduce the mathematical modeling of systems, open loop and closed loop systems and analyses in time domain and frequency domain.
2. To impart the knowledge on the concept of stability and various methods to analyze stability in both time and frequency domain.
3. To introduce sampled data control system.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **9**

Historical review, Simple pneumatic, hydraulic and thermal systems, Series and parallel system, Analogies, mechanical and electrical components, Development of flight control systems.

UNIT II OPEN AND CLOSED LOOP SYSTEMS **9**

Feedback control systems – Control system components - Block diagram representation of control systems, Reduction of block diagrams, Signal flow graphs, Output to input ratios.

UNIT III CHARACTERISTIC EQUATION AND FUNCTIONS 9

Laplace transformation, Response of systems to different inputs viz., Step impulse, pulse, parabolic and sinusoidal inputs, Time response of first and second order systems, steady state errors and error constants of unity feedback circuit.

UNIT IV CONCEPT OF STABILITY 9

Necessary and sufficient conditions, Routh-Hurwitz criteria of stability, Root locus and Bode techniques, Concept and construction, frequency response.

UNIT V SAMPLED DATA SYSTEMS 9

Z-Transforms Introduction to digital control system, Digital Controllers and Digital PID controllers

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Ability to apply mathematical knowledge to model the systems and analyse the frequency domain
2. Ability to check the stability of the both time and frequency domain
3. Ability to solve simple pneumatic, hydraulic and thermal systems, Mechanical and electrical component analogies based problems.
4. Ability to solve the Block diagram representation of control systems, Reduction of block diagrams, Signal flow graph and problems based on it.
5. Ability to understand the digital control system, Digital Controllers and Digital PID Controllers.

REFERENCES:

1. Azzo, J.J.D. and C.H. Houpis, “Feed back control system analysis and synthesis”, McGraw-Hill international 3rs Edition, 1998.
2. OGATO, Modern Control Engineering, Pearson, New Delhi, 2016.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	1		2	1	1	1
CO2	1		2	1	1	1
CO3	1		2	1	1	1
CO4	1		2	1	1	1
CO5	1		2	1	1	1
	1	0	2	1	1	1

AO4005 **STRUCTURAL DYNAMICS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. This course imparts knowledge on the force deflection properties of structures and natural modes of vibration.
2. This course also presents the principles of dynamics and energy methods pertaining to structures.
3. This course will make students to realise the importance of natural modes of vibration.
4. This course will provide in-depth knowledge on natural vibrations of beams and plates.
5. This course also provides a platform for better understanding of the approximate methods for aerospace structures.

UNIT I FORCE DEFLECTION PROPERTIES OF SYSTEMS 9

Constraints and Generalized coordinates – Virtual work and generalized forces – Force – Deflection influence functions – stiffness and flexibility methods.

UNIT II PRINCIPLES OF DYNAMICS 9

Free and forced vibrations of systems with finite degrees of freedom – Response to periodic excitation – Impulse Response Function – Convolution Integral

UNIT III NATURAL MODES OF VIBRATION 9

Equations of motion for Multi degree of freedom Systems – Solution of Eigen value problems – Normal coordinates and orthogonality Conditions. Modal Analysis

UNIT IV ENERGY METHODS 9

Rayleigh's principle – Rayleigh – Ritz method – Coupled natural modes – Effect of rotary inertia and shear on lateral vibrations of beams – Natural vibrations of beams and plates.

UNIT V APPROXIMATE METHODS 9

Approximate methods of evaluating the Eigen frequencies and eigen vectors by reduced, subspace, Lanczos, Power, Matrix condensation and QR methods.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will

CO1: Be able to solve the equation of motion of a linear system and use this solution to analyse the vibrational behaviour of the system.

CO2: Be capable to relate the results of a modal analysis relate to the vibration of a structure.

CO3: Acquire knowledge on equation of motion of a lumped MDOF mass-spring-damper system.

CO4: Have knowledge on vibration characteristics ofcontinuous system such as strings, bar, shafts andbeams.

CO5: Be able to assess the fundamental frequency of MDOF systems using approximate methods.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	2		2	2	2	1
CO2			2	2		1
CO3			3	2	2	1
CO4			3	2		1
CO5			2	2		1

REFERENCES:

1. Hurty,WC and Rubinstein,MF,"Dynamics of Structures", Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd.,New Delhi 1987.
2. Ramamurthi,V, "Mechanical Vibration Practice and Noise Control", Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, 2008.
3. Timoshenko,SP and Young,DH,"Vibration Problems in Engineering", John Willey & Sons Inc., 1984.
4. Tse.FS, Morse, IE and Hinkle,HT,"Mechanical Vibrations: Theory and Applications", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2004.
5. Vierck,RK,"Vibration Analysis", 2nd Edition, Thomas Y. Crowell/ Harper & Row Publishers, New York, U.S.A. 1989.

AS4251 HYPERSONIC AERODYNAMICS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enables students

1. To realise the importance of studying the peculiar hypersonic speed flow characteristics pertaining to flight vehicles.
2. To provide knowledge on various surface inclination methods for hypersonic inviscid flows.
3. To arrive at the approximate solution methods for hypersonic flows.
4. To impart knowledge on hypersonic viscous interactions.
5. To impart knowledge on the effect on aerodynamic heating on hypersonic vehicles.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO HYPERSONIC AERODYNAMICS9

Peculiarities of Hypersonic flows - Thin shock layers – entropy layers – low density and high density flows – hypersonic flight similarity parameters – shock wave and expansion wave relations of inviscid hypersonic flows – velocity vs altitude map for hypersonic vehicles.

UNIT II SURFACE INCLINATION METHODS FOR HYPERSONIC INVISCID FLOWS 8

Local surface inclination methods – modified Newtonian Law – Newtonian theory – tangent wedge tangent cone and shock expansion methods – Calculation of surface flow properties – practical application of surface inclination methods – hypersonic independence principle.

UNIT III APPROXIMATE METHODS FOR INVISCID HYPERSONIC FLOWS 10

Assumptions in approximate methods hypersonic small disturbance equation and theory – Maslen''s theory– blast wave theory – hypersonic equivalence principle- entropy effects - rotational method of characteristics - hypersonic shock wave shapes and correlations.

UNIT IV VISCOUS HYPERSONIC FLOW THEORY 10

Peculiarities of hypersonic boundary layers - boundary layer equations r – hypersonic boundary layer theory and non similar hypersonic boundary layers – hypersonic aerodynamic heating and entropy layers effects on aerodynamic heating – heat flux and skin friction estimation.

UNIT V VISCOUS INTERACTIONS AND TRANSITION 8

Strong and weak viscous interactions – hypersonic shockwaves and boundary layer interactions – Parameters affecting hypersonic boundary layer transition - Estimation of hypersonic boundary layer transition- Role of similarity parameter for laminar viscous interactions in hypersonic viscous flow.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will

CO1: Be able to arrive at the solution for problems involving inviscid and viscous hypersonic flows.

CO2: Have thorough knowledge on high temperature effects in hypersonic aerodynamics.

CO3: Be able to arrive at various solution methods to overcome aerodynamic heating problem on hypersonic vehicles.

CO4: To gain ideas on the design issues associated with hypersonic vehicles.

CO5: Able to realize the importance and use of the relevant equations for viscous hypersonic flows.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
CO2	✓	✓	✓	✓		
CO3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
CO4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
CO5	✓	✓	✓	✓		

REFERENCES:

1. Anderson, JD, “Hypersonic and High Temperature Gas Dynamics”, AIAA Education Series, 2nd edition, 2006.

2. Anderson, JD, “Modern compressible flow: with Historical Perspective”, McGraw Hill Education, 3rd edition, 2017.

3. William H. Heiser and David T. Pratt, Hypersonic Air Breathing propulsion, AIAA Education Series, 1994.

4. John T. Bertin, Hypersonic Aerothermodynamics, AIAA Education Series, 1993.

AO4006 ADVANCED PROPULSION SYSTEMS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. This course will cover the basic aspects of thermodynamic cycle analysis of air-breating propulsion systems.
2. This course is intended to impart knowledge on advanced air breathing propulsion systems like air augmented rockets.
3. This course will give the knowledge on the basic aspects of scramjet propulsion system.
4. This course will provide in-depth knowledge about the nozzle performance.
5. This course also presents vast knowledge onthe operating principles of nuclear, electric and ion propulsion.

UNIT I THERMODYNAMIC CYCLE ANALYSIS OF AIR-BREATHING PROPULSION SYSTEMS 9

Air breathing propulsion systems like Turbojet, turboprop, ducted fan, Ramjet and Air augmented rockets – Thermodynamic cycles – Pulse propulsion – Combustion process in pulse jet engines – inlet charging process – Subcritical, Critical and Supercritical charging.

UNIT II RAMJETS AND AIR AUGMENTED ROCKETS 8

Preliminary performance calculations – Diffuser design with and without spike, Supersonic inlets – combustor and nozzle design – integral Ram rocket.

UNIT III SCRAMJET PROPULSION SYSTEM 10

Fundamental considerations of hypersonic air breathing vehicles – Preliminary concepts in engine airframe integration – calculation of propulsion flow path – flow path integration – Various types of supersonic combustors – fundamental requirements of supersonic combustors – Mixing of fuel jets in supersonic cross flow – performance estimation of supersonic combustors.

UNIT IV NUCLEAR PROPULSION 9

Nuclear rocket engine design and performance – nuclear rocket reactors – nuclear rocket nozzles – nuclear rocket engine control – radioisotope propulsion – basic thruster configurations – thruster technology – heat source development – nozzle development – nozzle performance of radioisotope propulsion systems.

UNIT V ELECTRIC AND ION PROPULSION 9

Basic concepts in electric propulsion – power requirements and rocket efficiency – classification of thrusters – electrostatic thrusters – plasma thruster– Fundamentals of ion propulsion – performance analysis – ion rocket engine.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will be

CO1: Able to Analyse in detail the thermodynamics cycles of air breathing propulsion systems.
CO2: Able to gain idea on the concepts of supersonic combustion for hypersonic vehicles and its performance.
CO3: Able to demonstrate the fundamental requirements of supersonic combustors.
CO4: Capable of estimating performance parameters of nuclear and electrical rockets.
CO5: Able to acquire knowledge on the concepts of engine-body installation on hypersonic vehicles.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	3		2	2	3	1
CO2	3		2		2	1
CO3	3		3		2	1
CO4			3		3	1
CO5	2		2		2	1

REFERENCES:

1. Cumpsty, "Jet propulsion", Cambridge University Press, 2003.
2. Fortescue and Stark, "Spacecraft Systems Engineering", Wiley, 4th edition, 2011.
3. Sutton, GP, "Rocket Propulsion Elements", John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York, 1998.
4. William H. Heiser and David T. Pratt, "Hypersonic Air breathing propulsion", AIAA Education Series, 2001.

AS4071 AEROSPACE MATERIALS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enable students

1. To get insights into the basic aspects of material science.
2. To provide basic idea on the mechanical behaviour of materials.
3. To impart knowledge on the macro mechanics of composite materials,
4. To gain knowledge on the analysis andmanufacturing methods of composite materials.
5. To learn about the sandwich construction.

UNIT I MATERIAL SCIENCE 9

Crystallography of metals & metallic alloys – Imperfections – Dislocations in Different Crystal Systems – Effect on plasticity – Strengthening Mechanisms Due to Interaction of Dislocations with Interfaces – Other Strengthening Methods – Dislocation Generation Mechanisms

UNIT II MECHANICAL BEHAVIOUR 9

Stress-strain curve and mechanical behaviour of materials – linear elasticity and plasticity – failure of ductile and brittle materials – use of failure theories – maximum normal stress and maximum shear stress failure theories – importance of the octahedral stress failure theory – failure theories based on strain energy – cyclic loading and fatigue of materials – the S-N curve

UNIT III METALLIC ALLOYS 9

Metals and alloys used for different aerospace applications – Properties of conventional and advanced aerospace alloys – Effect of alloying elements – Summary of conventional and state-of-the-art manufacturing processes – Types of heat treatment and their effect – other processing parameters – Materials for aerospace application – Design requirements & standards

UNIT IV HIGH TEMPERATURE MATERIALS 9

Carbon-Carbon Composites and Ceramic Materials For High Temperature Aerospace Application – Manufacturing Technologies & Controlling Parameters – Mechanical and Thermal Properties of These Material Systems – Thermal Protection Material System for a Re-Entry Vehicle – Use of Superalloys – Metal Matrix Composites &Cermets – Properties and Applications – Mechanical and Thermal Fatigue

UNIT V SMART MATERIALS 9

Introduction to smart materials-shape memory effects-shape memory alloys-shape memory polymers-electro-rheological fluids-energy harvesting materials-self healing polymers.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will

CO1: Be able to investigate the physical and mechanical behaviour of different materials.
CO2: Have exposure on dislocation theories and their importance.
CO3: Have general knowledge of the properties of different aerospace materials
CO4: Be able to apply failure theories appropriately.
CO5: Be able to select good materials for a specific aerospace application.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	✓		✓			
CO2	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO3	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO4	✓	✓	✓		✓	
CO5	✓		✓			✓

REFERENCES

1. Adrian Mouritz, "Introduction to Aerospace Materials", Woodhead Publishing, 1st edition, 2012.
2. Jones. R M, "Mechanics of Composite Materials", 2nd Edition, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 1998.
3. Prasad, N. Eswara, Wanhill, RJH, "Aerospace Materials and Material TechnologiesVolume 1: Aerospace Materials", Springer Singapore, 2017.
4. Sam Zhang &Dongliang Zhao, "Aerospace Materials Handbook", CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2012.
5. Brain culshaw, smart structures and materials, Artech house, 2000.

AO4007 AIRWORTHINESS AND AIR REGULATIONS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will make students

1. To get insight into the basic aspects of aircraft rules.
2. To gain knowledge on the basic concepts of airworthiness.
3. To learn the basic aspects on certification and publication procedures.
4. To impart knowledge on licensing and material selections.
5. To provide with the concepts of case studies and civil aviation requirements.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO AIRCRAFT RULES 8

Airworthiness requirements for civil and military aircraft – CAA, FAA, JAR and ICAO regulations – Defence standards – Military standards and specifications.

UNIT II BASIC CONCEPTS OF AIRWORTHINESS 9

Privileges and responsibilities of various categories of AME license and approved persons – Knowledge of mandatory documents like certificate of Registration – Certificate of Airworthiness – Conditions of issue and validity – Export certificate of Airworthiness – Knowledge of Log Book, Journey Log Book, Technical Log Book etc.

UNIT III CERTIFICATION AND PUBLICATION PROCEDURES 10

Procedure for development and test flight and Certification – Certificate of Flight release – Certificate of Maintenance – Approved Certificates – Technical Publications – Aircraft Manual – Flight Manual – Aircraft Schedules – Registration Procedure, Certification, Identification and Marking of Aircraft**.**

UNIT IV LICENSING AND MATERIAL SELECTIONS 9

Modifications – Concessions – Airworthiness directives – Service bulletins – Crew training and their licenses – approved inspection – Approved materials – Identification of approved materials – Bonded and quarantine stores**.**

UNIT V CASE STUDIES AND CIVIL AVIATION REQUIREMENTS 9

Storage of various aeronautical products like rubber goods and various fluids – Accident investigation procedures – Circumstances under which C of A is suspended – ICAO and IATA regulations – Chicago and Warsaw conventions – Familiarization of recent issues of Advisory Circulars – Civil Aviation Requirements Section 2 – Airworthiness.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able

CO1: To realise the importance of aircraft rules.
CO2: To get exposure on the basic concepts of airworthiness.
CO3: To develop test flight and Certification.
CO4: To carry out inspections and can identify the approved materials.
CO5: To analyse the case studies and realise the importance of civil aviation requirements.

CO	**PO1**	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**
CO1			2	3	3	1
CO2			2	3	3	1
CO3			2	3	3	1
CO4			2	3	3	1
CO5			2	3	3	1

REFERENCES:

1. Civil Airworthiness Requirements (www.dgca.nic.in), 2016.
2. Civil Aircraft Airworthiness Information and Procedures (CAP 562).
3. Civil Aviation Requirements Section 2 - Airworthiness.
4. Gran E L and Richard Levenworth, Statistical Quality Control, 7th Edition McGraw Hill,1997
5. Manual of Civil Aviation/ Organisation Manual DGCA, 2017.
6. The Indian Aircraft Act and the Rules(www.dgca.nic.in),2008.

AO4008 EXPERIMENTAL METHODS OF STRESS ANALYSIS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. This course introduces the basic principles and methods of experimental stress analysis.
2. This course helps to learn the principles and techniques of photoelastic measurements.
3. This course presents the principles and techniques of moire analysis.
4. This course helps to gain knowledge of the principles and a technique of strain gage measurements is presented.
5. This course also enables the students to learn basic principles of operation of electrical resistance strain gauges, interferometric techniques, and non destructive methods.

UNIT I BASIC CONCEPTS 9

Stresses, Strains and Displacements – Determination of Principal Values of Stresses and Strains in 2-D & 3-D – Maximum Shear Stress – Strain Measurement Using Mechanical Extensometers – Principles of Measurements – Basic Characteristics and Requirements of a Measuring System – Sources of error – Statistical Analysis of Experimental Data – Non-Contact Measurement.

UNIT II ELECTRICAL-RESISTANCE STRAIN GAGES 9

Strain Sensitivity in Metallic Alloys –Gage Construction –Gage Sensitivities and Gage Factor – Performance Characteristics of Foil Strain Gages – Environmental Effects –The Three-Element Rectangular Rosette –Corrections for Transverse Strain Effects – Other Types of Strain Gages – Semiconductor Strain Gages – Grid & Brittle Coating Methods of Strain Analysis.

UNIT III STRAIN-GAGE CIRCUITS & INSTRUMENTATION 9

The Potentiometer Circuit and Its Application to Strain Measurement – Variants From The Basic Potentiometer Circuit – Circuit Output – The Wheatstone Bridge Constant Current and Constant Voltage Circuits – Circuit Sensitivity – Calibrating Strain-Gage Circuits –Effects of Lead Wires and Switches – Electrical Noise Reduction – Strain Measurement in Bars, Beams and Shafts.

UNIT IV PHOTOELASTIC METHODS OF STRESS ANALYSIS 9

Introduction – Stress-Optic Law – Effects of a Stressed Model in a Plane Polariscope– Effects of a Stressed Model in a Circular Polariscope– Tardy Compensation – Two-Dimensional Photoelastic Stress Analysis – Fringe Multiplication and Fringe Sharpening – Properties of Commonly Employed Photoelastic Materials – Material Calibration – Introduction to Three-Dimensional Photoelasticity and digital photo elasticity.

UNIT V NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING 8

Different types of NDT Techniques – Acoustic Emission Technique – Ultrasonic – Pulse-Echo – Through Transmission – Eddy Current Testing – X-Ray Radiography – Challenges in Non-Destructive Evaluation – Non-Destructive Evaluation in Composites – Concepts of Image Processing Theory.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, Students will have

CO1: Knowledge of different methods of strain measurement.
CO2: Knowledge on electrical resistance strain gauge.
CO3: An ability to design experiments for strain measurements.
CO4: Acquired knowledge on photo elastic methods of stress analysis.
CO5: Exposure to non-destructive testing methods.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1			2	2		1
CO2			2	2		1
CO3	2		3			1
CO4			3	2		1
CO5			2	3		1

REFERENCES:

1. Albert S. Kobayashi,"Handbook on Experimental Mechanics", Prentice Hall Publishers, 1987.
2. James W. Dally & William F. Riley, "Experimental Stress Analysis", McGraw-Hill College, 1991.
3. James F. Doyle & James W. Phillips, "Manual on Experimental Stress Analysis", 5th Edition, Society for Experimental Mechanics, 1989.
4. Sharpe Jr& William N, Springer, "Handbook of Experimental Solid Mechanics", Springer, 2008.
5. Udpa. S.S & Patrick O. Moore, "Non-destructive Testing Handbook", Electromagnetic Testing, Third Edition: Volume 5, 2004.
6. Ramesh, IIT Madras

AO4009 AEROELASTICITY L T PC

30 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. This course provides the basic knowledge on aero elastic phenomena and its impact on aircraft design.
2. This course will make students to illustrate the aeroelastic phenomena using simplified aerodynamic and structural models
3. This course provides insight into both static and dynamic aeroelastic phenomena and possible prevention methods.
4. This course imparts knowledge on the flutter phenomena in detail.
5. This course provides the basic knowledge on prevention and control of aeroelastic instabilities.

UNIT I AEROELASTIC PHENOMENA 8

Stability versus response problems – introduction to aeroelasticity and aeroelastic phenomena – Examples of aeroelastic phenomena – Galloping of transmission lines – Flow induced vibrations of tall slender structures – Instability of suspension bridges – Fluid structure interaction – The aero-elastic triangle of forces – Prevention of aeroelastic instabilities

UNIT II MODELLING OF AEROELASTIC PHENOMENA 9

Influence and stiffness co-efficients – illustration of aeroelastic phenomena using simplified aerodynamic and structural models – different subsonic and supersonic aerodynamic models for aeroelastic analysis – modelling techniques – aeroelastic models in state-space format Flexure – torsional oscillations of beams – Governing differential equation of motion and its solution

UNIT III STATIC AEROELASTIC PHENOMENA 10

Simple two dimensional idealisation – Strip theory – Exact solutions for simple rectangular wings – 'Semirigid' assumption and approximate solutions – Successive approximation method – Numerical approximations using matrix equations – Divergence of 2-D airfoil and Straight Wing – Aileron efficiency & reversal – Control Effectiveness – Wing deformations of swept wings

UNIT IV FLUTTER CALCULATIONS 10

Flutter analysis – Two dimensional thin airfoils in steady incompressible flow –Quasi-steady aerodynamic derivatives – Galerkin method for critical flutter speed – Stability of disturbed motion – Solution of the flutter determinant – Methods of determining the critical flutter speeds – Flutter Calculation – U-g Method – P-k Method – Exact Treatment of Bending –Torsion Flutter of a Uniform Wing – Flutter Analysis by Assumed Mode Method

UNIT V PREVENTION AND CONTROL 8

Stiffness criteria – dynamic mass balancing – dimensional similarity – effect of elastic deformation on static longitudinal stability – introduction to aeroelastic control – aeroelastic aspects in the design of aircraft – Panel flutter and its control – Prevention of tail buffeting – Aeroelastic instabilities in helicopter and engine blades and prevention methods

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will

CO1: Have knowledge of the role of aeroelasticity in aircraft design.
CO2: Interpret the use of semi-rigid body assumptions and numerical methods in airplane design.
CO3: Arrive at the solutions for steady state aeroelastic problem.
CO4: Be knowledge with the concept of flutter analysis of aircraft wings.
CO5: Have knowledge on practical examples of aeroelastic problems.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1			2			1
CO2	3		2	3	2	1
CO3	3		2		2	1
CO4			2			1
CO5			2	3		1

REFERENCES:

1. Bisplinghoff.RL, Ashley,H and Halfmann,RL, "Aeroelasticity", 2nd Edition, Addison Wesley Publishing Co., Inc., 1996.
2. Blevins, RD,"Flow Induced Vibrations", Krieger Pub Co., 2001.
3. Broadbent,EG,"Elementary Theory of Aeroelasticity", Bun Hill Publications Ltd., 1986.
4. Fung,YC, "An Introduction to the Theory of Aeroelasticity", John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York, 2008.
5. Scanlan, RH and R.Rosenbaum, "Introduction to the study of Aircraft Vibration and Flutter", Macmillan Co., New York, 1981.

AO4076 THEORY OF BOUNDARY LAYERS L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. This course imparts knowledge to students on growth of boundary layer and its effect on the aerodynamic design of airframe of flight vehicles.
2. This course will introduce them the solution methods for boundary layer problems.
3. This course enables the students to understand the importance of viscosity and boundary layer in fluidflow.
4. This course also introduces the theory behind laminar and turbulent boundary layers.
5. This course will make students to learn the concepts of boundary layer transition and separation.

UNIT I THEORY OF VISCOUS FLOW 8

Fundamental equations of viscous flow, Conservation of mass, Conservation of Momentum-Navier-Stokes equations, Energy equation, Mathematical character of basic equations, Dimensional parameters in viscous flow, Non-dimensionalising the basic equations and boundary conditions, vorticity considerations, creeping flow, boundary layer flow.

UNIT II INCOMPRESSIBLE VISCOUS FLOWS AND BOUNDARY LAYER 10

Solutions of viscous flow equations, Couette flows, Hagen-Poisuelle flow, Flow between rotating concentric cylinders, Combined Couette-Poiseuille Flow between parallel plates, Creeping motion, Stokes solution for an immersed sphere, Development of boundary layer, Displacement thickness, momentum and energy thickness.

UNIT III LAMINAR BOUNDARY LAYER THEORY 10

Laminar boundary layer equations, Flat plate Integral analysis of Karman – Integral analysis of energy equation – Laminar boundary layer equations – boundary layer over a curved body-Flow separation- similarity solutions, Blasius solution for flat-plate flow, Falkner–Skan wedge flows, Boundary layer temperature profiles for constant plate temperature –Reynold's analogy, Integral equation of Boundary layer – Pohlhausen method – Thermal boundary layer calculations.

UNIT IV THEORY OF TURBULENT BOUNDARY LAYER 9

Turbulence-physical and mathematical description, Two-dimensional turbulent boundary layer equations — Velocity profiles – The law of the wall – The law of the wake – Turbulent flow in pipes and channels – Turbulent boundary layer on a flat plate – Boundary layers with pressure gradient, Eddy Viscosity, mixing length , Turbulence modelling.

UNIT V BOUNDARY LAYER TRANSITION AND SEPARATION 8

Boundary layer control in laminar flow-Methods of Boundary layer control: Motion of the solid wall-Acceleration of the boundary layer-Suction- Injection of different gas-Prevention of transition-Cooling of the wall-Boundary layer suction-Injection of a different gas.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able

CO1: To apply proper governing equations for various types of viscous flows in engineering applications.
CO2: To obtain solutions for various viscous flow problems in engineering.
CO3: To estimate skin friction over solid surfaces, over which laminar boundary layer persists.
CO4: To arrive at the solutions for turbulent boundary layer and the resulting drag.
CO5: To gain insights on the techniques for boundary layer control.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1			2	2	3	1
CO2			2	3	3	1
CO3			2	3	3	1
CO4			2	2	3	1
CO5			2	1	3	1

REFERENCES:

1. White, F. M., Viscous Fluid Flow, McGraw-Hill & Co., Inc., New York, 2008.
2. Schlicting, H., Boundary Layer Theory, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1979.
3. Reynolds, A, J., Turbulent Flows Engineering, John Wiley and Sons, 1980.

AO4010 COMBUSTION IN JET AND ROCKET ENGINES L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. This course provides the basic principles of combustion, types of flames and also familiarizes the combustion process in gas turbine, ramjet, scram jet and rocket engines.
2. This course explains the concept of thermochemistry, enthalpy, adiabatic flame temperature, combustion products and their application to combustion related problems.
3. This course presents the concept of chemical rates of reaction, collision theory and Arrhenius equation for analysing the different types of reactions.
4. This course gives an idea to compare the properties and characteristics of different type of flames and apply the same to combustion phenomenon in rocket motors and its exhaust.
5. This course also imparts knowledge to interpret the various combustion processes that take place inchemical rockets.

UNIT I THERMODYNAMICS OF COMBUSTION 8

Stoichiometry – absolute enthalpy- enthalpy of formation- enthalpy of combustion- laws of thermochemistry- pressure and temperature effect on enthalpy of formation, adiabatic flame temperature, chemical and equilibrium products of combustion.

UNIT II PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY OF COMBUSTION 9

Fundamental laws of transport phenomena, Conservations Equations, Transport in Turbulent Flow. Basic Reaction Kinetics, Elementary reactions, Chain reactions, Multistep reactions, simplification of reaction mechanism, Global kinetics.

UNIT III PREMIXED AND DIFFUSED FLAMES 10

One dimensional combustion wave, Laminar premixed flame, Burning velocity measurement methods, Effects of chemical and physical variables on Burning velocity, Flame extinction, Ignition, Flame stabilizations, Turbulent Premixed flame. Gaseous and diffusion flame - Examples -. Differences between premixed flame and diffusion.

UNIT IV COMBUSTION IN GAS TURBINE, RAMJET AND SCRAMJET 9

Combustion in gas turbine chambers, recirculation, combustion efficiency, flame holders, subsonic combustion in ramjet, supersonic combustion in scramjet. Subsonic and supersonic combustion controlled by diffusion mixing and heat convection – peculiarities of supersonic combustion.

UNIT V COMBUSTION IN CHEMICAL ROCKET 9

Combustion in liquid propellant rockets. Combustion of solid propellants- application of laminar flame theory to the burning of homogeneous propellants, Combustion in hybrid rockets.combustion instability in rockets.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

CO1: Apply the basic concept of thermochemistry to combustion related problems
CO2: Demonstrate the concept of chemical kinetics in combustion reactions.
CO3: Differentiate between deflagration and detonation process and interpret the concept for computation and analysis of the transition phenomenon.
CO4: Demonstrate the peculiarities of supersonic combustion.
CO5: Evaluate the combustion processes taking place in different types of chemical rockets.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1			2	3	2	1
CO2			2	2	3	1
CO3	2		3	2	3	1
CO4			3	3	2	1
CO5	2		2	3	3	1

REFERENCES:

1. Kuo, KK, “Principles of Combustion”, John Wiley and Sons, 2005.
2. Mishra, DP, “Fundamentals of Combustion”, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2008.
3. Mukunda, HS, “Understanding Combustion”, 2nd edition, Orient Blackswan,2009.
4. Warren C. Strahle, “An Introduction to Combustion”, Taylor & Francis, 1993.

AO4011 GAS DYNAMICS L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enable the students

1. To gain insights into the steady one-dimensional fluid flow, its model and tool to solve the fluid flow problems.
2. To acquire knowledge about the normal shock waves.
3. To acquire knowledge about the oblique shock and expansion waves.
4. To gain knowledge about the basic measurements involved in compressible flows.
5. To acquire basic knowledge about the rarefied and high temperature gas dynamics.

UNIT I STEADY ONE-DIMENSIONAL FLOW 10

Thermodynamics of Fluid Flow – First Law of Thermodynamics - The Second Law of Thermodynamics - Thermal and Calorical Properties – Perfect Gas - Wave Propagation – Velocity of Sound - Subsonic and Supersonic Flows – Fundamental Equations - Discharge from a Reservoir – Stream tube Area-Velocity Relation - De Laval Nozzle – Supersonic Flow Generation – Diffusers - Dynamic Head Measurement in Compressible Flow - Pressure Coefficient.

UNIT II NORMAL SHOCK WAVES 10

Introduction – Equations of Motion for a Normal Shock Wave - The Normal Shock Relations for a Perfect Gas - Change of Stagnation or Total Pressure across the Shock- Hugoniot Equation - The Propagating Shock Wave - Reflected Shock Wave - Centered Expansion Wave - Shock Tube.

UNIT III OBLIQUE SHOCK AND EXPANSION WAVES 10

Introduction – Oblique Shock Relations - Relation between θ and β- Shock Polar – Supersonic Flow over a Wedge - Weak Oblique Shocks – Supersonic Compression - Supersonic Expansion by Turning - The Prandtl-Meyer Expansion - Simple and Non-simple Regions.

UNIT IV MEASUREMENTS IN COMPRESSIBLE FLOW 10

Introduction - Pressure Measurements – Temperature Measurements - Velocity and Direction - Density Problems - Compressible Flow Visualization - High-Speed Wind Tunnels - Instrumentation and Calibration of Wind Tunnels.

UNIT V INTRODUCTION TO RAREFIED AND HIGH TEMPERATURE GAS DYNAMICS 5

Knudsen Number - Slip Flow Transition and Free Molecule Flow - Importance of High-Temperature Flows - Nature of High-Temperature Flows.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will

CO1: Be able to solve the steady one dimensional compressible fluid flow problems.

CO2: Be provided with the knowledge on thermodynamic state of the gas behind normal shock waves.

CO3: Be provided with the knowledge on thermodynamic state of the gas behind oblique shock waves and expansion waves.

CO4: Be provided with the adequate knowledge on compressible flow measurements.

CO5: Be provided with the basic knowledge on rarefied and high temperature gas dynamics.

REFERENCES:

1. J.D. Anderson, Fundamentals of Aerodynamics, McGraw-Hill Education, 6th edition, 2017.
2. Rathakrishnan. E., Gas Dynamics, Prentice Hall of India, 7th edition, 2020.
3. Shapiro, AH, “Dynamics & Thermodynamics of Compressible Fluid Flow”, Ronald Press, 1982.
4. Houghton, EL and Caruthers, NB,“ Aerodynamics for Engineering Students”, Butterworth-Heinemann Series, 7th Edition 2017.
5. Zucrow, M.J, and Anderson, J.D, “Elements of gas dynamics” McGraw-Hill Book Co., New York, 1989.
6. Rae, WH and Pope, A, “Low speed Wind Tunnel Testing”, John Wiley Publications, 3rd edition, 1999.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	2		3	2	2	2
CO2	2		3	2	2	2
CO3	2		3	2	2	2
CO4	2		3	2	2	2
CO5			3	2	2	2
	1.6	0	3	2	2	2

AO4072 FATIGUE AND FRACTURE MECHANICS L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will make students

1. To learn the fundamentals aspects of fatigue & fracture mechanics.
2. To gain knowledge on the statistical aspects of fatigue behaviour of materials.
3. To get insights into the physical aspects of fatigue.
4. To evaluate the strength of the cracked bodies.
5. To provide knowledge on fatigue design and testing of aerospace structures.

UNIT I BASIC CONCEPTS & OVERVIEW 9

Historical Perspective – Case Studies – Review of Material Behaviour – Linear & Non-Linear Response – Temperature and Strain Rate Effect – Strain Hardening – Different Mechanisms of Failure – Typical Defects & Elements of Dislocation Theories – Atomic View of Fracture – Fractographic Examination of Failure Surfaces of Different Materials – Overview of Design Approach – Safe Life Design.

UNIT II FATIGUE OF STRUCTURES 9

S.N. curves – Endurance limit – Effect of mean stress – Goodman, Gerber and Soderberg relations and diagrams – Notches and stress concentrations – Stress concentration factors – Notched S-N curves – Low cycle and high cycle fatigue – Coffin-Manson's relation – Transition life – Cyclic Strain hardening and softening – Load History Analysis – Cycle counting techniques – Cumulative damage theory

UNIT III PHYSICAL ASPECTS OF FATIGUE 9

Fracture mechanism in metals - Phase in fatigue life – Crack source – Cleavage initiation – Crack growth – Ductile-brittle transition – Final fracture – Dislocations – Fatigue fracture surface of inter and intra-granular fracture – Environmental effects – Terminology and classification – Corrosion principles – Stress corrosion cracking – Hydrogen embrittlement – Influencing parameters on crack behaviour

UNIT IV LINEAR ELASTIC FRACTURE MECHANICS 9

Stress analysis and strength of a cracked body – Stress concentration – potential energy and surface energy – Energy release rate – Griffith's theory – Irwin extension of Griffith's theory to ductile materials – Plastic zone shape – Effect of thickness on fracture toughness – Stress intensity factors for typical geometries – Instability of the R-curve – K-controlled fracture – Plane strain fracture toughness – Mixed mode – Interaction of cracks – Limitations of the linear elastic fracture theory

UNIT V FRACTURE TOUGHNESS TESTING 9

General considerations for metallic specimens – Specimen configuration – Stress intensity factors – Pre-cracking – Grooving – ASTM E-399 and similar standards – K-R curve – J-testing on metals – Determination of crack parameters – CTOD testing – Testing of metals in the ductile-brittle transition region – Quantitative toughness tests – Charpy&Izod tests –- Mathematical modelling concepts

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able

CO1: To identify and describe the basic fracture and fatigue mechanisms and apply that knowledge to failure analysis.
CO2: To correctly apply linear elastic fracture to predict material failure.
CO3: To predict lifetimes for fatigue and environmentally assisted cracking.
CO4: To demonstrate fatigue design and testing of structures.
CO5: To realise the importance of composite materials in Aerospace structures.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	2	1	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	3	3	1
CO4	2	2	1	2	2	1
CO5	2	2	1	2	2	1
	2	1.8	1	2	2	1

REFERENCES:

1. Barrois, W &Ripley,L, "Fatigue of Aircraft Structures", Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1983.
2. Brock,D, "Elementary Engineering Fracture Mechanics", Noordhoff International Publishing Co., London, 1994.
3. Knott,JF, "Fundamentals of Fracture Mechanics", Butterworth & Co. Ltd., London, 1983.
4. Sih,CG, "Mechanics of Fracture, Vol.1", Sijthoff and Noordhoff International Publishing Co., Netherland, 1989.

AO4078 VIBRATION ISOLATION AND CONTROL L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enables students

1. To get insight into the basic aspects of vibration theory.
2. To get in-depth knowledge on different types of isolators and its effectiveness.
3. To provide the basic knowledge on dynamic vibration absorber.
4. To realize the importance of materials selection for appropriate applications.
5. To get knowledge on the principles of active vibration control.

UNIT I BASIC VIBRATION THEORY 9

Free Vibration Theory – Determination of Natural Frequency of a Single Degree Of Freedom – System– Response of a Damped Single Degree of Freedom System – Role of Damping – Forced Vibrations of Discrete Systems – Continuous Systems – Vibrations of Beams and Shafts – Idealization of a Real System Into a Discrete Model – Resonance – An Overview of the Different Methods of Vibration Control

UNIT II VIBRATION ISOLATION 9

Transmissibility – Numerical Examples – Necessity of Vibration Isolation – Vibration Reduction at Source – System Redesign – Different Types of Isolators & Their Effectiveness – Pneumatic Suspension – Excitation Reduction at Source and Factors Affecting Vibration Level – Source Classification – Control of Flow Induced & Self-Excited Systems

UNIT III DYNAMIC VIBRATION ABSORBER 9

Dynamic Vibration Neutralizers – Self-tuned Pendulum Neutralizer - Optimum Design of Damped Absorbers – Absorber with ideal spring and viscous dashpot – Gyroscopic vibration absorbers – Impact Absorbers – Absorbers attached to continuous systems – Field Balancing of Rotors – Resonance: Detuning and Decoupling – Remedial Measures

UNIT IV SELECTION OF MATERIALS 9

Dynamic Properties of Viscoelastic Material – Selection of Materials – Damping-Stress Relationship – Selection Criteria for Linear Hysteretic Material – Design for enhanced material damping – Linear Viscoelastic Model – Constrained Layer Damping – Relaxation – Frequency and Temperature Dependence of the Complex Modulus – Overview and Role of Smart Materials

UNIT V PRINCIPLES OF ACTIVE VIBRATION CONTROL 9

Conceptual Understanding – Shape Memory Actuators for Vibration Control – Shape Memory Materials – Tuned Vibration Absorbers using SMA – Basics of Electro-and Magneto-Rheological Fluids – Active Vibration Isolation using ERF and MRF – Methods of Active Vibration Control Using Piezoelectric Materials – Derivation of Governing Equations – Response of the Structure.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will be able

CO1: To realise the importance of vibration theory & its practical applications
CO2: To work out response calculations
CO3: To analyse and compare the different methods of vibration control
CO4: To exposure on vibration control using smart materials
CO5: To design a vibration control unit.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	2	2	2	2	2	1
CO2	2	2	2	2	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3
	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	1.4

REFERENCES:

1. Malcolm J. Crocker, "Handbook of Noise and Vibration Control", Wiley; 1st edition, 2007.
2. Mallik, AK, "Principles of Vibration Control",Affiliated East-West Press, India, 1990.
3. Mead,DJ, "Passive Vibration Control", Wiley, 1st edition, 1999.
4. Preumont,A"Vibration Control of Active Structures", Springer Netherlands, 3rd edition, 2011.

AO4074 NON-DESTRUCTIVE EVALUATION L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will make students

1. To impart knowledge on the fundamentals of nondestructive testing methods and techniques, aircraft inspection methodology using NDT methods
2. To get insights into the basic aspects of electron microscopy.
3. To learn modern NDT techniques like acoustic emission, ultrasonic and thermographic testing methods.
4. To inspect the aircraft structures using NDT techniques.
5. To get basic knowledge on the structural health monitoring of aerospace structures.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Need for non-destructive evaluation (NDT) – Applications – Structural inspection – Structural deterioration due to corrosion and fatigue – Crack growth – Fabrication defects – Overloading – Detailed visual inspection – Aircraft wing and fuselage inspection using various NDT techniques – Overview and relative comparison of NDT methods – Jet engine inspection – Critical locations –

UNIT II ELECTRON MICROSCOPY 9

Fundamentals of optics – Optical microscope and its instrumental details – Variants in the optical microscopes and image formation – Polarization light effect – Sample preparation and applications of optical microscopes – Introduction to Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) – Instrumental details and image formation of SEM – Introduction to transmission electron microscopy (TEM) – Imaging techniques and spectroscopy – Sample preparation for SEM and TEM

UNIT III ACOUSTIC EMISSION AND ULTRASONICS 9

Sources of acoustic emission – Physical principals involving acoustic emission and ultrasonics – Configuration of ultrasonic sensors – Phased array ultrasonics – Instrument parts and features for acoustic emission and ultrasonics – Defect characterization – Inspection of cracks and other flaws in metals and composites – Interpretation of data – Image processing – Concepts and application

UNIT IV AIRCRAFT INSPECTION 9

Inspection Levels – General Visual Inspection – During pre, or post flight – Detailed Visual Inspection (DET) – Periodic inspection – Special Detailed Inspection (SDET) – Uses of NDT Methods – Jet Engine Inspection – Engine overhaul – Fluorescent penetrate inspection – Airframe Loading – Fuselage Inspection – Critical Locations – Comparison of different methods of NDT – Visual – Radiography – Eddy Current Testing – Liquid Penetrant Testing – Remote Testing - Landing Gear Inspection

UNIT V STRUCTURAL HEALTH MONITORING 9

An Overview of Structural Health Monitoring – Structural Health Monitoring and Role of Smart Materials – Structural Health Monitoring versus Non-Destructive Evaluation – A Broad Overview of Smart Materials Applications – Notable Applications of SHM in Aerospace Engineering – Structural health monitoring of composites – Repair investigation using SHM – Current limits and future trends.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will be able

CO1: To realize the importance of various NDT techniques.
CO2: To identify suitable NDT technique for a particular application.
CO3: To demonstrate the physical principles involved in acoustic emission and ultrasonics.
CO4: Tohave knowledge on the physical principles involved in the various other techniques of NDT.
CO5: To realise the state-of-the-art in NDT testing and structural health monitoring.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO2	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO3	2	1	2	2	2	1
CO4	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	2	1	1
	1.2	1	1.2	2	1.2	1

REFERENCES:

1. Cullity, BD & Stock, SR, “Elements of X-ray diffraction”, Prentice Hall, Inc. USA, 2001.
2. Daniel Balageas, Claus-Peter Fritzen, Alfredo Güemes, “Structural Health Monitoring”, Wiley-ISTE, 2006.
3. Douglas E Adams, “Health Monitoring of Structural Materials and Components-Methods with Applications”, John Wiley and Sons, 2007.
4. Douglas B. Murphy, “Fundamentals of light microscopy and electronic imaging”, Wiley-Liss, Inc. USA, 2001.
5. Richard Brundle. C, Charles A. Evans, Jr., Shaun Wilson, “Encyclopedia of Materials Characterization, Surfaces, Interfaces, Thin Films”, Butterworth-Heinemann, Boston, USA, 1992.

6. Williams, DB & Barry Carter,C, “Transmission electron microscopy, vol. 4”, Springer, USA, 1996.
7. Non-destructive Testing Handbook – ASNT Series – Volume 1 – 6.

AO4012 COMPONENT DESIGN OF AIRCRAFT ENGINES L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. This course provides the fundamental principles of fluid mechanics and thermodynamics on jet engine design.
2. This course brings out the differences in the design of various types of gas turbine engines.
3. This course imparts knowledge on the effect of inlet design on aerodynamic and propulsive aspects of aircrafts.
4. This course also addresses the problems associated with the design of combustion chambers.
5. This course deals with the practical difficulties in the matching of compressor and turbine.

UNIT I DESIGN FUNDAMENTALS OF GAS TURBINE ENGINE 8

Design Process - Constraint Analysis - Preliminary estimates - Aircraft weight and fuel consumption data- Mission analysis – Performance cycle analysis – Engine installation drag and sizing – Current challenges in gas turbine technology.

UNIT II INLET DESIGN 9

Elements of an Inlet - Engine Integration – Subsonic inlet - Engine Operational Requirements - Supersonic Inlet - Engine Operational Requirements - Engine Impact on Inlet Design - Inlet Impact on Engine Design- Validation of Inlet-Engine System.

UNIT III DESIGN OF ROTATING COMPONENTS 10

Fan and Compressor Aerodynamics - Diffusion factor - Aerofoil geometry - Flow path dimensions - Radial variation - Turbine Aerodynamics - Constant axial velocity – adiabatic - selected Mach number - Mean line stage Design - tage pressure ratio - Airfoil geometry - Radial variation - Turbine cooling - Engine life - Design Examples.

UNIT IV COMBUSTION CHAMBER DESIGN 10

Combustion system components- Chemical reactor theory - Combustor Stability map-Stirring and mixing-Total pressure loss-Fuels-Ignition-Combustion Systems of Main Burner Design: Air partitioning- Main burner component Design: Diffuser-types of burner-inner and outer casing Design-Fuel- nozzle-Dome and liner-Primary zone- swirler-Secondary holes-Dilution holes-Transition duct-Example Design calculation: Design of Afterburners-Design parameters-Components-Diffuser-Fuel injection-Ignition-Flame stabilization-Flame spread and after burner length-Example design calculations.

UNIT V EXHAUST NOZZLE DESIGN 8

Different types of Nozzles – design of nozzles - Jet control methods for reduction of infrared signature on military aircrafts - Simple design problem - One dimensional nozzle flow.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will be able

CO1: To successfully design a gas turbine engine for given requirements.

CO2: To have thorough knowledge with the operational behavior of the major components of gas turbine engines.

CO3: To identify the factors those limit the performance of the components of gas turbine engines.

CO4: To find solutions for the compressor and turbine matching in gas turbine engines.

CO5: To overcome the problems associated with inlet on aircrafts.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	3	1	3	3	3	1
CO2	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	1			1	1	
	1.6	0.8	1.2	1.4	1.4	0.8

REFERENCES:

1. Cumpsty,N, "Jet Propulsion: A Simple Guide to the Aerodynamics and Thermodynamics Design and Performance of Jet Engines", Cambridge University Press, 2nd edition, 2003.
2. Mattingly.JD,Heiser,WH and Pratt,DT,"Aircraft Engine Design", 2nd Edition, AIAA Education Series, 2002.
3. Oates. GC,"Aircraft Propulsion Systems Technology and Design", AIAA Education Series, 1989.
4. Saravanamuttoo, HIH andRogers,GFC,"Gas Turbine Technology", Pearson Education Canada, 6th edition, 2008.
5. Treager,IE,"Aircraft Gas Turbine Engine Technology", 3rd edition, Glencoe McGraw-Hill, Inc.1995.

AO4013 AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS ENGINEERING L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will make students

1. To provide exposure to basic concepts of Aircraft product system engineering and design
2. To provide exposure to different fault and failure analysis methods in aircraft systems.
3. To provide exposure on systems engineering process, System Architecture and integration
4. To provide exposure on the importance of Maintainability, reliability and availability of the product.
5. To provide exposure importance of formal planning and documentation in systems engineering.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SYSTEMS ENGINEERING 9

Overview of Systems Engineering- Systems Engineering Concept Map-Systems Definition-The seven steps Systems Engineering**-**Conceptual System Design- System Engineering Process-Requirements and Management-Trade Studies-Integrated Product And Process Development.

UNITII THE AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS AND DESIGN 9

Introduction- Everyday Examples of Systems- Aircraft Systems –Generic Systems-Product Life Cycle- Different Phases-Whole Life Cycle Tasks- Systems Analysis-Design Drivers in the Project, Product, Operating Environment- Interfaces with the Subsystems-Mission analysis

UNIT III SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE SAND INTEGRATION 9

Introduction- Systems Architectures –Modeling and Trade-Offs Evolution of Avionics Architectures- Systems Integration Definition-Examples of Systems Integration-Integration Skills-Management of Systems Integration.

UNITIV PRACTICAL CONSIDERATIONS AND CONFIGURATION CONTROL 9

Stakeholders- Communications- Criticism- Configuration Control Process-Portrayal of a System-Varying Systems Configurations- Compatibility-Factors Affecting Compatibility–Systems Evolution. Considerations and Integration of Aircraft Systems- Risk Management.

UNITV SYSTEMS RELIABILITYAND MAINTAINABILITY 9

Systems and Components-Analysis- Influence, Economics, Design for Reliability-Fault and Failure Analysis-System Life Cycle cost-Case Study-Maintenance Types-Program-Planning and Design.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, Students will be able to

CO1: Describe the importance of systems engineering process in product development

CO2: Categorize different aircraft systems and will be able to differentiate the avionics architectures

CO3: Outline the different stages of product development and factors influencing in each stage

CO4: Analyze the different alternatives during design process

CO5: Plan, organize and document the task related to product design, development and testing.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1		1	1	1	1	1
CO2				1	1	
CO3				1	1	
CO4	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	2	2	2
	0.8	1	1	1.4	1.4	1

REFERENCES:

1. Andrew P.Sage& James E.Armstrong, "Introduction to Systems Engineering", 1st edition, 2000.
2. Erik Aslaksen& Rod Belcher, "Systems Engineering", Prentice Hall, 1992.
3. Ian Moir&Allan Seabridge, "Design and Development of Aircraft Systems", Wiley, 2nd edition, 2012.
4. Ian Moir& Allan Seabridge, "Aircraft Systems Mechanical, electrical, and avionics subsystems integration", John Wiley &Sons Ltd, 2011.
5. Peter. Sydenham, "Systems Approach to Engineering Design",Artechhouse,Inc,London, 2003.

A04014 AIRCRAFT DESIGN L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enable students

1. To get in-depth knowledge about the preliminary concepts of aircraft design.
2. To provide with the basic knowledge on various aircraft loads.
3. To learn the design of aircraft wing.
4. To get exposed to different kinds of landing gear and its design.
5. To provide with the basic knowledge on integration of wing, fuselage, empennage and power plant.

UNIT I PRELIMINARY CONCEPTS 8

Aircraft Design Requirements - Specifications - Role of user - Aerodynamic and Structural considerations - Importance of weight fractions - Airworthiness requirements and standards - Classification of airplanes - Special features of an airplane- Airplane performance aspects - Range and endurance - Take-off and landing - Climbing performance - Engine Performance

UNIT II AIRCRAFT LOADS 10

Ground loads - Flight Loads - Symmetrical loads in flight - Basic flight loading conditions - Load factor calculation during a manouever - Velocity - Load factor diagram - Gust load and its estimation - Structural limits - Airplane weight estimation based on type of airplane - Trends in wing loading - Weight-estimation based on mission requirements - iterative approach - Span wise load distribution - Wing Loading

UNIT III WING DESIGN 10

Selection of airfoil selection - Influencing factors - Planform shapes of an airplane wing - Stalling, takeoff and landing considerations - Wing drag estimation - High lift devices - Supercritical Airfoils - Cockpit and aircraft passenger cabin layout for different aircraft - types of associated structure - structural layout - features of light airplanes using advanced composite materials - Structural design aspects - Bending moment and shear force diagram for wing and fuselage - Design principles of all metal stressed skin construction for civil and military applications

UNIT IV LANDING GEAR 8

Different kinds of landing gears and associated arrangement for civil and military airplanes - Preliminary calculations for locating main and nose landing gears - Integration of Structure and Power Plant - Estimation of Horizontal and Vertical tail volume ratios - Choice of power plant and various options of locations - Considerations of appropriate air-intakes- Power Plant Loading

UNIT V INTEGRATION OF WING, FUSELAGE, EMPENNAGE AND POWER PLANT 9

Estimation of center of gravity - Introduction to advanced concepts - Aircraft Stability - Relaxed static stability - Controlled configured vehicles - V/STOL aircraft & rotary wing vehicles - Design and layout of flying controls and engine controls - Design of a wing-fuselage joint

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will

CO1: Haveoverall knowledge of preliminary aircraft design.
CO2: Havebasic knowledge of aircraft rules and airworthiness requirements imposed by governing bodies.
CO3: Be able to calculate and estimate aircraft loads under different loading conditions.
CO4: Be able to configure an aircraft wing based on aerodynamic considerations.
CO5: Be exposed the role of aircraft stability in the aircraft design process.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	
CO2		1	1			
CO3	2	1	2	2	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1	
CO5		1	1	1		
	0.8	1	1.2	1	0.6	0.2

REFERENCES:

1. Conway, HG, “Landing Gear Design”, Chapman & Hall; 1st edition, 1958.
2. Daniel P Raymer, “Aircraft Design: A conceptual approach”, AIAA Educational Series, 5th edition 2012.
3. DarrolStinton ,“The Design of Airplane”, Wiley publishers,, 2nd edition, 2001.
4. John D Anderson,“Airplane Performance and Design”, McGraw Hill, 1st edition,1999.
5. Nicholai,LM, “Fundamentals of airplane Design”, Univ. of Dayton DHIO, 1975.
6. Torenbeek, Egbert, “Synthesis of Subsonic Airplane Design”, Springer publishers, 1982.

AO4015 COMPOSITE PRODUCT PROCESSING METHODS L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will make students

1. To impart knowledge on the material selection for fabricating composite products.
2. To impart an idea about the product development and manufacturing of composites.
3. To acquire adequate knowledge about the manufacturing of thermoset composites.
4. To acquire adequate knowledge about the manufacturing of thermoplastic composites.
5. To gain knowledge on joining, machining and cutting of composites.

UNIT I MATERIAL SELECTION 9

Reinforcements - Glass Fiber Manufacturing - Carbon Fiber Manufacturing - Aramid Fiber Manufacturing - Matrix Materials - Thermoset Resins - Thermoplastic Resins - Fabrics - Prepregs - Preforms - Molding Compound - Honeycomb and Other Core Materials - The Need for Material Selection - Reasons for Material Selection - Material Property Information - Steps in the Material Selection Process - Material Selection Methods.

UNIT II PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT AND DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURING 9

Product Development Process - Reasons for Product Development - Importance of Product Development - Concurrent Engineering - Product Life Cycle - Phases of Product Development - Design Review - Failure Modes and Effects Analysis (FMEA) - Design Problems - DFM - DFM Implementation Guidelines - Design Evaluation Method - Design for Assembly (DFA).

UNIT III MANUFACTURING PROCESSES FOR THERMOSET COMPOSITES 9

Prepreg Lay-Up Process - Wet Lay-Up Process - Spray-Up Process - Filament Winding Process - Pultrusion Process - Resin Transfer Molding Process - Structural Reaction Injection Molding (SRIM) Process - Compression Molding Process - Roll Wrapping Process - Injection Molding of Thermoset Composites.

UNIT IV MANUFACTURING PROCESSES FOR THERMOPLASTIC COMPOSITES 9

Thermoplastic Tape Winding - Thermoplastic Pultrusion Process - Compression Molding of GMT - Hot Press Technique - Autoclave Processing - Diaphragm Forming Process - Injection Molding.

UNIT V JOINING, MACHINING AND CUTTING OF COMPOSITES 9

Adhesive Bonding - Failure Modes in Adhesive Bonding - Basic Science of Adhesive Bonding - Types of Adhesives - Advantages of Adhesive Bonding over Mechanical Joints - Disadvantages of Adhesive Bonding - Adhesive Selection Guidelines - Surface Preparation Guidelines - Design Guidelines for Adhesive Bonding- Theoretical Stress Analysis for Bonded Joints - Mechanical Joints - Preparation for the Bolted Joint-Purposes of Machining - Challenges during Machining of Composites - Failure Mode during Machining of Composites - Cutting Tools - Types of Machining Operations - Cutting Operation - Drilling Operation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able

CO6: To select the suitable material for making composite products.

CO7: To gain knowledge on product development and manufacturing of composites.

CO8: To select the most appropriate manufacturing process for fabricating thermoset composite components.

CO9: To select the most appropriate manufacturing process for fabricating thermoplastic composite components.

CO10: To gain knowledge about the joining, machining and cutting of composites.

REFERENCES:

1. Allen Baker, “Composite Materials for Aircraft Structures”, AIAA Series, 2nd Edition, 2004.
2. Autar K Kaw, “Mechanics of Composite Materials”, CRC Press, 2nd edition, 2005.
3. Lubing, “Handbook on Advanced Plastics and Fibre Glass”, Von Nostran Reinhold Co., New York, 1989.
4. Sanjay K. Mazumdar, “Composites Manufacturing : Materials, Product, and Process Engineering”, CRC Press, Washington, D.C, 2002.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1			2		1	1
CO2			2		1	1
CO3			2		1	1
CO4			2		1	1
CO5			2		1	1
	0	0	2	0	1	1

AO4016 HELICOPTER AERODYNAMICS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. This course will make students to provide with introductory concepts of types of rotorcraft.
2. This course imparts knowledge on the fundamental aspects of helicopter aerodynamics and performance of helicopters.
3. This course will provide basic knowledge on the performance of helicopters.
4. This course presents stability and control aspects of helicopters.
5. This course will explorethe basic aerodynamic design aspects of helicopters.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Types of rotorcraft – autogyro, gyrodyne, helicopter, Main rotor system – articulated, semi rigid, rigid rotors, Collective pitch control, cyclic pitch control, anti torque pedals.

UNIT II HELICOPTER AERODYNAMICS 10

Momentum / actuator disc theory, Blade element theory, combined blade element and momentum theory, vortex theory, rotor in hover, rotor model with cylindrical wake and constant circulation along blade, free wake model, Constant chord and ideal twist rotors, Lateral flapping, Coriolis forces, reaction torque, compressibility effects, Ground effect.

UNIT III PERFORMANCE 9

Hover and vertical flight, forward level flight, Climb in forward flight, optimum speeds, Maximum level speed, rotor limits envelope – performance curves with effects of altitude

UNIT IV STABILITY AND CONTROL 9

Helicopter Trim, Static stability – Incidence disturbance, forward speed disturbance, angular velocity disturbance, yawing disturbance, Dynamic Stability.

UNIT V AERODYNAMIC DESIGN 9

Blade section design, Blade tip shapes, Drag estimation – Rear fuselage upsweep, vibration problem of Helicopter blades.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to

CO1: Describe and compare possible helicopter structures and configurations.
CO2: Identify features of aerodynamic components of rotary wing aircraft and its performance.
CO3: Describe the aerodynamic characteristics that affect rotary wing flight.
CO4: Idea about the factors that influence helicopter stability.
CO5: Gain knowledge of helicopter controls and vibration analysis of helicopter blades.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	2	1	1	1	1	
CO2					2	1
CO3		1		1	1	
CO4	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	1	1
	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.8	1.2	0.6

REFERENCES:

1. Gessow.A and Meyers,GC,"Aerodynamics of the Helicopter", Macmillan and Co., New York,1982.
2. John Fay, "The Helicopter", Himalayan Books, New Delhi, 1995.
3. Lalit Gupta, "Helicopter Engineering", Himalayan Books, New Delhi, 1996.
4. Lecture Notes on Helicopter Technology, Department of Aerospace Engineering, IIT – Kanpur and Rotary Wing aircraft R&D center, HAL, Bangalore, 1998.
5. Seddon,J,"Basic Helicopter Aerodynamics", AIAA Education series, Blackwell scientific publications, U.K, 1990.

AO4073 HIGH SPEED JET FLOWS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will make students

1. To get insight into the basic aspects of jets and types of jets.
2. To learn the basic properties of jets and its characteristics.
3. To get knowledge on various active and passive jet control methods.
4. To gain knowledge into the basic aspects of jet acoustics
5. To acquire in-depth knowledge on how and what type of control methods can be implemented practically.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Properties of Turbulent Jets-Fundamental Concepts, Submerged Jets- Velocity Profiles in a Submerged Jet- Spread of a turbulent submerged jet- Lines of Constant Velocity in a Submerged Jet. Velocity Variation along the Axis of a Submerged jet, Velocity, Temperature, and Concentration Profiles in a Turbulent Jet Spreading into an External Stream of Fluid- Spread of a Turbulent Jet into a Co-flowing or Counter-flowing External Stream- Turbulence Characteristics in a Free Jet.

UNIT II JETS 9

Types of Jets-Plane free-jets. Round jets. Plane jets in a co-flowing stream. Round jet in Co flowing stream- Swirling jets-Radial jets- Wall jets- Jet Characteristics & Entrainment, Mathematical treatment of jet profiles- Semi-empirical Theories. Mixing Layers- Computational and Experimental Techniques for Studying the Jets.

UNIT III ACTIVE JETCONTROL METHODS 9

Active control methods- Actuators-Fluidic, Thermal, Acoustic, Piezoelectric, Electromagnetic, MEMS,Synthetic Jets, Controls and Sensors, Applications.

UNIT IV PASSIVE JET CONTROL METHODS 9

Passive control techniques- Tabs, Grooves, Chevrons, non-circular nozzles, Notches & wires, vortex generators.Optical Flow Visualization, Applications.

UNIT V JET ACOUSTICS 9

Introduction to Jet Acoustics – Types of jet noise – Source of generation- Travelling wave solution,standing wave solution – multi-dimensional acoustics-Theoretical Concepts of Jet Noise Generation and Suppression–Jet Noise suppression techniques – applications

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able

CO1: To acquire knowledge on the unique features of jet flows.
CO2: To analyse the characteristics of jets.
CO3: To havethrough knowledge on active and passive control methods of jets.
CO4: To acquire knowledge on jet acoustics and methods for suppression of jet noise.
CO5: To demonstrate various experimental techniques to determine jet characteristics.

CO	**PO1**	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**
CO1			2		3	1
CO2	3		2	2	3	1
CO3			2	1	3	1
CO4			2		3	1
CO5	2		2	3	3	1
	1	0	2	1.2	3	1

REFERENCES:

1. EthirajanRathakrishnan, “Applied Gas Dynamics”, John Wiley, New York, 2010.
2. Liepmann and Roshko, “Elements of Gas Dynamics”, Dover Publishers, 2017.
3. Rathakrishnan E., “Gas Dynamics”, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 5th edition, 2014.
4. Shapiro, AH, “Dynamics and Thermodynamics of Compressible Fluid Flow, Vols. I & II”, Ronald Press, New York, 1953.

AO4075 SMART MATERIALS AND STRUCTURAL HEALTH MONITORING L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will enables students

1. To get basic idea on the fundamentals of structural health monitoring.
2. To impart knowledge in the areas of vibration based techniques in structural health monitoring, fibre optics and piezo electric sensors.
3. To gain knowledge on the fundamentals of fabrication, modelling, analysis, and design of smart materials and structures.
4. To get exposed to the state of the art of smart materials and systems,
5. To impart knowledge on spanning piezoelectrics, shape memory alloys, electro active polymers, mechanochromic materials and fibre optics.

UNIT I STRUCTURAL HEALTH MONITORING 8

An Overview of Structural HealthMonitoring, Structural Health Monitoring and Smart Materials, Structural Health Monitoring versus Non Destructive Evaluation A broad Overview of Smart Materials Overview of Application Potential of SHM Notable Applications of SHM – Aerospace Engineering. Structural health monitoring of composites – Repair investigation using SHM.

UNIT II OVERVIEW OF SMART MATERIALS 10

Introduction to Smart Materials, Principles of Piezoelectricity, Perovskyte Piezoceramic Materials, Single Crystals vs Polycrystalline Systems, Piezoelectric Polymers, Principles of Magnetostriction, Rare earth Magnetostrictive materials, Giant Magnetostriction and Magneto-resistance Effect, Introduction to Electro-active Materials, Electronic Materials, Electro-active Polymers, Ionic Polymer Matrix Composite (IPMC), Shape Memory Effect, Shape Memory Alloys, Shape Memory Polymers, Electro-rheological Fluids, Magneto Rheological Fluids.

UNIT III SMART COMPOSITES 10

Review of Composite Materials, Micro and Macro-mechanics, Modelling Laminated Composites based on Classical Laminated Plate Theory, Effect of Shear Deformation, Dynamics of Smart Composite Beam, Governing Equation of Motion, Finite Element Modelling of Smart Composite Beams , Vibration Control using SHM –introduction to FE formulation Constitutive Relationship - Element Stiffness Matrix for High Precision Finite Element -Element Mass Matrix for High Precision Finite Element - Developing Actuator and Sensor Influence Matrix .Delamination Sensing using Piezo Sensory Layer.

UNIT IV INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS AND NEURAL NETWORKS 9

Operational evaluation -.Data acquisition- Feature extraction-Statistical model development for feature discrimination -Data Cleansing – Normalization-Data Fusion – Compression – Statistical model building - Supervised pattern recognition - Unsupervised pattern recognition – Signal processing – Fuzzy C means- K means – Kohenon's Self organization mapping- Fundamentals of Wavelet analysis –Life Prediction.

UNIT V ADVANCES IN SMART STRUCTURES &MATERIALS 8

Self-Sensing Piezoelectric Transducers,Energy Harvesting Materials, Autophagous Materials, Self-Healing Polymers, Intelligent System Design, Emergent System Design of Chemical and Bio-Chemical sensing in structural Assessment – Absorptive chemical sensors – Spectroscopes – Fibre Optic Chemical Sensing Systems and Distributed measurement.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able

CO1: To familiarize with the fundamentals of history of SHM.
CO2: To provide a systematic approach to SHM process.
CO3: To have knowledge of the various smart materials used for aerospace applications.
CO4: To familiarize with the non-destructive test techniques relevant to SHM.
CO5: To provide hands-on experience with experimental modal analysis.

CO	**PO1**	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**
CO1	3		3		1	1
CO2			2		1	1
CO3			2		1	1
CO4	3		3		1	1
CO5			2		2	1

REFERENCES:

1. Brian Culshaw, “Smart Structures,and Materials”, Artech House, 2000.
2. DanielBalageas, Claus-Peter Fritzen, Alfredo Güemes, “Structural Health Monitoring”, Wiley - ISTE, 2006.
3. Douglas E Adams, “Health Monitoring of Structural Materials and Components-Methods with Applications”, John Wiley and Sons, 2007.
4. Gandhi and Thompson,“Smart Materials and Structures”, Springer Netherlands, 1992.
5. LaureneFausett**, “**Fundamentals Of Neural Networks”,Pearson publishers, 1994
6. Victor Giurglutiu, “Structural Health Monitoring with Wafer Active Sensors”, Academic Press Inc, 2007.

AO4071 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

1. To gain knowledge on artificial intelligence.
2. To understand the concepts of Machine Learning.
3. To appreciate supervised learning and their applications.
4. To appreciate the concepts and algorithms of unsupervised learning.
5. To understand the theoretical and practical aspects of Probabilistic Graphical Models.

UNIT I ARTIFICIALINTELLIGENCE 9

Artificial intelligence – Basics – Goals of artificial intelligence– AItechniques–problem representation in AI – Problem reduction and solution techniques - Application of AI and KBES in Robots.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO MACHINELEARNING 9

Machine Learning–Types of Machine Learning –Machine Learning process- preliminaries, testing Machine Learning algorithms, turning data into Probabilities, and Statistics for Machine Learning-Probability theory – Probability Distributions – Decision Theory.

UNIT III SUPERVISED LEARNING 9

Linear Models for Regression – Linear Models for Classification- Discriminant Functions, Probabilistic Generative Models, Probabilistic Discriminative Models – Decision Tree Learning – Bayesian Learning, Naïve Bayes – Ensemble Methods, Bagging, Boosting, Neural Networks, Multi-layer Perceptron, Feed- forward Network, Error Back propagation - Support Vector Machines.

UNIT IV UNSUPERVISEDLEARNING 9

Clustering- K-means – EM Algorithm- Mixtures of Gaussians –Dimensionality Reduction, Linear Discriminant Analysis, Factor Analysis, Principal Components Analysis, Independent Components Analysis.

UNIT V PROBABILISTIC GRAPHICAL MODELS 9

Graphical Models – Undirected Graphical Models – Markov Random Fields – Directed Graphical Models –Bayesian Networks – Conditional Independence properties – Markov Random Fields-Hidden Markov Models – Conditional Random Fields (CRFs).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- Optimize the robots using Artificial Intelligence.
- Design a learning model appropriate to the application.
- ImplementProbabilisticDiscriminativeandGenerativealgorithmsforanapplicationofyourchoiceandanalyzet he results.
- Use a tool to implement typical Clustering algorithms for different types of applications.
- IdentifyapplicationssuitablefordifferenttypesofMachineLearningwithsuitablejustification.

CO	PO					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	1	1	2	1	1
2	2	1	1	2	1	1
3	2	1	1	2	1	1
4	2	1	1	2	1	1
5	2	1	1	2	1	1
AVG	2	1	1	2	1	1

1-low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-"- no correlation

REFERENCES:

1. ChristopherBishop,"PatternRecognitionandMachineLearning"Springer,2007.
2. Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning – An Algorithmic Perspective", Chapman andHall,CRCPress,SecondEdition,2014.
3. KevinP.Murphy,"MachineLearning:AProbabilisticPerspective",MITPress,2012.
4. EthemAlpaydin,"Introduction to Machine Learning",MIT Press,ThirdEdition,2014.
5. TomMitchell,"MachineLearning",McGraw-Hill,1997.

AO4017 AIRCRAFT GUIDANCE AND CONTROL L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will make students

1. To learn about the aircraft equations of motion and method of linearization.
2. Toimpart knowledge on the operating principle of guidance law.
3. To gain knowledge onvarious augmentation systems.
4. To get familiarize with the concepts of longitudinal stability and to design the longitudinal autopilot.
5. To study lateral stability and to design the lateral autopilot.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 8

Introduction to Guidance and control-Definition, Historical background – Coordinate Frame - Equations of motion – Linearization

UNIT II AUGMENTATION SYSTEMS 8

Need for automatic flight control systems, Stability augmentation systems, control augmentation systems, Design of Limited authority and Full Authority Augmentation systems - Gain scheduling concepts.

UNITIII LONGITUDINALAUTOPILOT 9

Displacement Autopilot-Pitch Orientation Control system, Acceleration Control System, Glide Slope Coupler and Automatic Flare Control and Flight path stabilization, Longitudinal control law design using back stepping algorithm.

UNITIV LATERAL AUTOPILOT 10

Damping of the Dutch Roll, Methods of Obtaining Coordination, Yaw Orientation Control system, turn compensation, AutomaticlateralBeamGuidance.IntroductiontoFly-by-wireflightcontrol systems, Lateral control law design using back stepping algorithm.

UNITV MISSILEAND LAUNCHVEHICLEGUIDANCE 10

Operating principles and design of guidance laws, homing guidance laws-short range, Medium range and BVR missiles, Launch Vehicle-Introduction, Mission requirements, Implicitguidance schemes, Explicit guidance, Q guidance schemes

TOTAL: 45PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course students will be able to

CO1: Explain the equations governing the aircraft dynamics and the process of linearizing them.

CO2: Define the various guidance schemes & requirements for aircrafts and missiles.

CO3: Explain the principle of stability and control augmentation systems.

CO4: Explain the oscillatory modes and methods of suppressing them

CO5: Design the controller for lateral, longitudinal and directional control of aircrafts.

CO	**PO1**	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**
CO1	2	2	1	2	2	1
CO2	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	2	2	2	2	2	1
CO4	2	2	2	2	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3
	2	2	1.8	2	2	1.4

REFERENCES:

1. BlakeLock,JH, “AutomaticcontrolofAircraftandmissiles”,JohnWileySons,NewYork, 1990.
2. CollinsonRPG,“IntroductiontoAvionics”,ChapmanandHall,India,1996.
3. Garnel.P&EastDJ, “GuidedWeaponcontrolsystems”,PergamonPress,Oxford, 1977.
4. Michael V Cook, “Flight Dynamics Principles: A Linear Systems Approach to Aircraft Stability and Control”, Elsevier, 2013.
5. NelsonRC, “Flightstability&AutomaticControl”,McGrawHill,1989.
6. Pierre T. Kabamba, Anouck R. Girard, “Fundamentals of Aerospace Navigation and Guidance”, Cambridge university press, 2014.
7. Stevens BL and Lewis FL, “Aircraft control &simulation”,JohnWileySons, NewYork,1992.
8. Thomas R Yechout, Steven L Morris, David E Bossert, Wayne F Hallgren, James K Hall, “Introduction to Aircraft Flight Mechanics”, AIAA Education series, 2014.

AUDIT COURSES

AX4091 ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING L T P C
2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

- Teach how to improve writing skills and level of readability
- Tell about what to write in each section
- Summarize the skills needed when writing a Title
- Infer the skills needed when writing the Conclusion
- Ensure the quality of paper at very first-time submission

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH PAPER WRITING 6

Planning and Preparation, Word Order, Breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness

UNIT II PRESENTATION SKILLS 6

Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts, Introduction

UNIT III TITLE WRITING SKILLS 6

Key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check

UNIT IV RESULT WRITING SKILLS 6

Skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion, skills are needed when writing the Conclusions

UNIT V VERIFICATION SKILLS 6

Useful phrases, checking Plagiarism, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly be the first- time submission

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

CO1 –Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability
CO2 – Learn about what to write in each section
CO3 – Understand the skills needed when writing a Title
CO4 – Understand the skills needed when writing the Conclusion
CO5 – Ensure the good quality of paper at very first-time submission

REFERENCES

1. Adrian Wallwork , English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011
2. Day R How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press 2006
3. Goldbort R Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books) 2006
4. Highman N, Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman's book 1998.

AX4092	DISASTER MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	0

OBJECTIVES

- Summarize basics of disaster
- Explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- Illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- Describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- Develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 6

Disaster: Definition, Factors and Significance; Difference between Hazard And Disaster; Natural and Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.

UNIT II REPERCUSSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZARDS 6

Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction Of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, Landslides And Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spills, Outbreaks Of Disease And Epidemics, War And Conflicts.

UNIT III DISASTER PRONE AREAS IN INDIA 6

Study of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone To Floods and Droughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas Prone To Cyclonic and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference To Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases and Epidemics

UNIT IV DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT 6

Preparedness: Monitoring Of Phenomena Triggering a Disaster or Hazard; Evaluation of Risk: Application of Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological And Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental and Community Preparedness.

UNIT V RISK ASSESSMENT 6

Disaster Risk: Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning, People's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

CO1: Ability to summarize basics of disaster
CO2: Ability to explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
CO3: Ability to illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
CO4: Ability to describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
CO5: Ability to develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

REFERENCES

1. Goel S. L., Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies",Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,2009.
2. NishithaRai, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies "'NewRoyal book Company,2007.
3. Sahni, PardeepEt.Al. ," Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi,2001.

AX4093	CONSTITUTION OF INDIA	L T P C 2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

Students will be able to:

- Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
- To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional Role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence nation hood in the early years of Indian nationalism.
- To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolutionin1917and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

UNIT I HISTORY OF MAKING OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

History, Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)

UNIT II PHILOSOPHY OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

Preamble, Salient Features

UNIT III CONTOURS OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AND DUTIES

Fundamental Rights, Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

UNIT IV ORGANS OF GOVERNANCE

Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications, Powers and Functions.

UNIT V LOCAL ADMINISTRATION

District's Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO, Municipal Corporation. Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Pachayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Pachayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy(Different departments), Village level:Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.

UNIT VI ELECTION COMMISSION

Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners - Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Students will be able to:

- Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization
- of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
- Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party[CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.
- Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

SUGGESTED READING

- The Constitution of India,1950(Bare Act),Government Publication.
- Dr.S.N.Busi, Dr.B. R.Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution,1st Edition, 2015.
- M.P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis,2014.
- D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

AX4094 **நற்றமிழ் இலக்கியம்** **L T P C**
2 0 0 0

UNIT I **சங்க இலக்கியம்** **6**

1. தமிழின் துவக்க நூல் தொல்காப்பியம்
– எழுத்து, சொல், பொருள்
2. அகநானூறு (82)
- இயற்கை இன்னிசை அரங்கம்
3. குறிஞ்சிப் பாட்டின் மலர் க்காட்சி
4. புறநானூறு (95,195)
- போரை நிறுத்திய ஔவையார்

UNIT II **அறநெறித் தமிழ்** **6**

1. அறநெறி வகுத்த திருவள்ளுவர்
- அறம் வலியுறுத்தல், அன்புடைமை, ஒப்புரவறிதல், ஈகை, புகழ்
2. பிற அறநூல்கள் - இலக்கிய மருந்து
– ஏலாதி, சிறுபஞ்சமூலம், திரிகடுகம், ஆசாரக்கோவை (தூய்மையை வலியுறுத்தும் நூல்)

UNIT III **இரட்டைக் காப்பியங்கள்** **6**

1. கண்ணகியின் புரட்சி
   - சிலப்பதிகார வழக்குரை காதை
2. சமூகசேவை இலக்கியம் மணிமேகலை
   - சிறைக்கோட்டம் அறக்கோட்டமாகிய காதை

UNIT IV **அருள்நெறித் தமிழ்** **6**

1. சிறுபாணாற்றுப்படை
   - பாரி முல்லைக்குத் தேர் கொடுத்தது,
   பேகன் மயிலுக்குப் போர் வைகொடுத்தது, அதியமான் ஔவைக்கு நெல்லிக்கனி கொடுத்தது, அரசர் பண்புகள்
2. நற்றிணை
   - அன்னைக்குரிய புன்னை சிறப்பு
3. திருமந்திரம் (617, 618)
   - இயமம் நியமம் விதிகள்
4. தர் மச் சாலையை நிறுவிய வள்ளலார்
5. புறநானூறு
   - சிறுவனே வள்ளலானான்
6. அகநானூறு (4) - வண்டு
   நற்றிணை (11) - நண்டு
   கலித்தொகை (11) - யானை, புறா
   ஐந்திணை 50 (27) - மான்
   ஆகியவை பற்றிய செய்திகள்

UNIT V **நவீன தமிழ் இலக்கியம்** **6**

1. உரைநடைத் தமிழ்,
   - தமிழின் முதல் புதினம்,
   - தமிழின் முதல் சிறுகதை,
   - கட்டுரை இலக்கியம்,
   - பயண இலக்கியம்,
   - நாடகம்,
2. நாட்டு விடுதலை போராட்டமும் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,
3. சமுதாய விடுதலையும் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,
4. பெண் விடுதலையும் விளிம்பு நிலையினரின் மேம்பாட்டில் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,
5. அறிவியல் தமிழ்,
6. இணையத்தில் தமிழ்,
7. சுற்றுச் சூழல் மேம்பாட்டில் தமிழ் இலக்கியம்.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

<u>தமிழ் இலக்கிய வெளியீடுகள் / புத்தகங்கள்</u>

1. தமிழ் இணைய கல்விக்கழகம் (Tamil Virtual University)

   - www.tamilvu.org

2. தமிழ் விக்கிப்பீடியா (Tamil Wikipedia)

-https://ta.wikipedia.org

3. தர் மபுர ஆதீன வெளியீடு

4. வாழ்வியல் களஞ்சியம்

   - தமிழ்ப் பல்கலைக்கழகம், தஞ்சாவூர்

5. தமிழ்கலைக் களஞ்சியம்

   - தமிழ் வளர் ச் சித்துறை (thamilvalarchithurai.com)

6. அறிவியல் களஞ்சியம்

   - தமிழ்ப் பல்கலைக்கழகம், தஞ்சாவூர்

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON- AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED ANNA UNIVERSITY
M.E. COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

REGULATIONS – 2021
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

1. PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs):

I.	Apply technical knowledge and skills to have successful career in industry, government and academia as communication engineers
II.	Pursue multidisciplinary scientific research in communication and related areas
III.	Make use of various state-of art systems and cutting edge technologies to solve various complex engineering problems
IV.	Inculcate leadership skills, team work, effective communication and lifelong learning to the success of their organization and nation
V.	Practice ethics and exhibit commitment in profession to empower / enable rural communication infrastructure

2. PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs):

1. Design and analyze RF, Signal processing, Networking, Adaptive and modern communication systems
2. Develop the knowledge in 5G communication techniques, mm wave communication, smart antennas , Massive MIMO and Wireless sensor networks
3. Apply various software tools and cutting edge engineering hardware to provide solutions for complex communication engineering problems
4. Solve societal and environmental issues with the sense of ethical attitude, effective communication and leadership skills

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
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M.E. COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS
REGULATIONS – 2021
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I TO IV SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABI
SEMESTER I

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	MA4156	Linear Algebra, Probability and Queueing Theory	FC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	RM4151	Research Methodology and IPR	RMC	2	0	0	2	2
3.	DS4152	Statistical Signal Processing	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	EL4151	Modern Digital Communication Systems	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CU4151	Advanced Wireless Communication	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	CU4152	Radiating Systems	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Audit Course – I*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRACTICALS								
8.	EL4161	Digital Communication Systems Laboratory	PCC	0	0	3	3	1.5
9.	CU4161	Advanced Digital Signal Processing Laboratory	PCC	0	0	3	3	1.5
			TOTAL	**19**	**1**	**6**	**26**	**21**

*Audit course is optional

SEMESTER II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	CU4251	RF System Design	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CU4201	Microwave Integrated Circuits	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
3.	CU4202	Advanced Wireless Networks	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CP4252	Machine Learning	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
5.		Professional Elective I	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.		Professional Elective II	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Audit Course – II*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRACTICALS								
8.	CU4211	Wireless Communication Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	CU4212	Term Paper and seminar	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
			TOTAL	**20**	**0**	**10**	**30**	**23**

*Audit course is optional

SEMESTER III

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	CU4301	Optical Communication and Networking	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.		Professional Elective III	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.		Professional Elective IV	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
4.		Open Elective	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
5.	CU4311	Project Work I	EEC	0	0	12	12	6
			TOTAL	**12**	**0**	**14**	**26**	**19**

SEMESTER IV

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
PRACTICALS								
1.	CU4411	Project Work II	EEC	0	0	24	24	12
			TOTAL	**0**	**0**	**24**	**24**	**12**

TOTAL NO. OF CREDITS: 75

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

SEMESTER II, ELECTIVE I

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	EL4071	Electromagnetic Interference and Compatibility	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CU4071	Advanced Satellite Communication and Navigation Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	CU4072	High Speed Switching and Networking	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	AP4078	Signal Integrity in High Speed Design	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CU4001	Wavelets and Subband Coding	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SEMESTER II, ELECTIVE II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	DS4251	Multimedia Compression Techniques	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	NC4251	Cognitive Radio Networks	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	CU4076	Speech Processing	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CU4002	mm Wave Communication	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CU4003	Analog and Mixed Signal VLSI Design	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SEMESTER III, ELECTIVE III

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	CU4074	Ultra Wide Band Communications	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CU4075	VLSI for Wireless Communication	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	VL4073	MEMS and NEMS	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CU4004	Advanced Antenna Design	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CU4005	Software Defined Radios	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SEMESTER III, ELECTIVE IV

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	CU4073	Image Processing and Video Analytics	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
2.	DS4071	Radar Signal Processing	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
3.	EL4251	Telecommunication System Modeling and Simulation	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
4.	EL4072	Signal Detection and Estimation	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
5.	VE4072	Real Time Embedded Systems	PEC	3	0	2	5	4

AUDIT COURSES (AC)

Registration for any of these courses is optional to students

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
			L	T	P	
1.	AX4091	English for Research Paper Writing	2	0	0	0
2.	AX4092	Disaster Management	2	0	0	0
3.	AX4093	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0
4.	AX4094	நற்றமிழ் இலக்கியம்	2	0	0	0

FOUNDATION COURSES (FC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	MA4156	Linear Algebra, Probability and Queueing Theory	3	1	0	4	I

PROFESSIONAL CORE COURSES (PCC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	DS4152	Statistical Signal Processing	3	0	0	3	I
2.	EL4151	Modern Digital Communication Systems	3	0	0	3	I
3.	CU4151	Advanced Wireless	3	0	0	3	I
4.	CU4152	Radiating Systems	3	0	0	3	I
5.	EL4161	Digital Communication Systems Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	I
6.	CU4161	Advanced Digital Signal Processing Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	I
7.	CU4251	RF System Design	3	0	0	3	I
8.	CU4201	Microwave Integrated Circuits	3	0	2	4	I
9.	CU4202	Advanced Wireless Networks	3	0	0	3	I
10.	CP4252	Machine Learning	3	0	2	4	I
11.	CU4211	Wireless Communication Laboratory	0	0	4	2	I
12.	CU4301	Optical Communication and Networking	3	0	0	3	I

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR COURSES (RMC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	RM4151	Research Methodology and IPR	2	0	0	2	1

EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES (EEC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	CU4212	Term Paper and seminar	0	0	2	1	III
2.	CU4311	Project Work I	0	0	12	6	III
3.	CU4411	Project Work II	0	0	24	12	IV

SUMMARY

Sl. No.	Name of the Programme: M.E. COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS					
	SUBJECT AREA	CREDITS PER SEMESTER				CREDITS TOTAL
		I	II	III	IV	
1.	FC	04	00	00	00	04
2.	PCC	15	16	03	00	34
3.	PEC	00	06	07	00	13
4.	RMC	02	00	00	00	02
5.	OEC	00	00	03	00	03
6.	EEC	00	01	06	12	19
7.	Non Credit/Audit Course	✓	✓	00	00	
8.	**TOTAL CREDIT**	**21**	**23**	**19**	**12**	**75**

MA4156 LINEAR ALGEBRA, PROBABILITY AND QUEUEING THEORY L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is to enable the student to

- grasp the basic concepts of Probability, Random variables, correlation and regression.
- characterize the phenomena which evolve with respect to time in a probabilistic manner.
- encourage students to develop a working knowledge of the ventral ideas of linear algebra.
- acquire skills in analyzing Queueing Models.
- develop a fundamental understanding of linear programming models and apply the simplex method for solving linear programming problems.

UNIT – I LINEAR ALGEBRA 12

Vector spaces – Norms – Inner products – Eigenvalues using QR transformations – QR factorization – Generalized eigenvectors – Jordan Canonical forms – Singular value decomposition and applications – Pseudo inverse – Least square approximations.

UNIT – II PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES 12

Probability Concepts – Axioms of probability – Conditional probability – Bayes theorem – Random variables – Probability functions – Two-dimensional random variables – Joint distributions – Marginal and conditional distributions – Correlation – Linear Regression.

UNIT – III RANDOM PROCESSES 12

Classification – Stationary random process – Markov process – Markov chain – Poisson process – Gaussian process – Auto correlation – Cross correlation.

UNIT – IV QUEUEING THEORY 12

Markovian queues – Single and multi-server models – Little's formula – Steady state analysis – Self-service queue.

UNIT – V LINEAR PROGRAMMING 12

Formulation – Graphical solution – Simplex method – Big M method – Variants of Simplex method – Transportation problems – Assignment models.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to

- apply various methods in Linear Algebra to solve the system of linear equations.
- use two-dimensional random variables, correlations and regression in solving application problem.
- apply the ideas of Random Processes.
- understand the basic characteristic features of a queueing system and acquire skills in analyzing queueing models.
- apply the Simplex method for solving linear programming problems.

REFERENCES:

1. Miller,S.L. and Childers D.G., “Probability and Random Processes with Applications to Signal Processing and Communications”, Academic Press,2004.
2. Friedberg A.H, Insel A.J. and Spence L, “Linear Algebra”, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.
3. Gross, D., Shortie, J.F., Thompson, J.M and Harris, C.M., “Fundamentals of Queueing Theory”, 4th Edition, Wiley,2014.
4. T. Veerarajan, “Probability, Statistics and Random Process with Queueing Theory and Queueing Network, Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition,2017.
5. Taha H.A., “Operations Research: An Introduction”, 9th Edition, Pearson Education Asia, New Delhi,2016.
6. Richard Bronson, ”Matrix Operations” Schaum’s outline series, McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, New York,2011.
7. Oliver C. Ibe, “ Fundamentals of Applied Probability and Random Processes”, Academic Press, (An Imprint of Elsevier), Boston,2014.

RM4151	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

UNIT I RESEARCH DESIGN **6**

Overview of research process and design, Use of Secondary and exploratory data to answer the research question, Qualitative research, Observation studies, Experiments and Surveys.

UNIT II DATA COLLECTION AND SOURCES **6**

Measurements, Measurement Scales, Questionnaires and Instruments, Sampling and methods. Data - Preparing, Exploring, examining and displaying.

UNIT III DATA ANALYSIS AND REPORTING **6**

Overview of Multivariate analysis, Hypotheses testing and Measures of Association.
Presenting Insights and findings using written reports and oral presentation.

UNIT IV INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS **6**

Intellectual Property – The concept of IPR, Evolution and development of concept of IPR, IPR development process, Trade secrets, utility Models, IPR & Bio diversity, Role of WIPO and WTO in IPR establishments, Right of Property, Common rules of IPR practices, Types and Features of IPR Agreement, Trademark, Functions of UNESCO in IPR maintenance.

UNIT V PATENTS **6**

Patents – objectives and benefits of patent, Concept, features of patent, Inventive step, Specification, Types of patent application, process E-filling, Examination of patent, Grant of patent, Revocation, Equitable Assignments, Licences, Licensing of related patents, patent agents, Registration of patent agents.

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Cooper Donald R, Schindler Pamela S and Sharma JK, “Business Research Methods”, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 11e (2012).

2. Catherine J. Holland, “Intellectual property: Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, Trade Secrets”, Entrepreneur Press, 2007.
3. David Hunt, Long Nguyen, Matthew Rodgers, “Patent searching: tools & techniques”, Wiley, 2007.
4. The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Statutory body under an Act of parliament, “Professional Programme Intellectual Property Rights, Law and practice”, September 2013.

DS4152 STATISTICAL SIGNAL PROCESSING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basics of random signal processing
- To learn the concept of estimation and signal modeling
- To know about optimum filters and adaptive filtering and its applications

UNIT I DISCRETE RANDOM SIGNAL PROCESSING 9

Discrete random processes – Ensemble averages – Wide sense stationary process – Properties - Ergodic process – Sample mean & variance - Auto-correlation and Auto-correlation matrices- Auto covariance and Cross covariance- Properties – White noise process – Wiener Khintchine relation - Power spectral density – Filtering random process – Spectral Factorization Theorem – Special types of Random Processes – AR,MA, ARMA Processes – Yule-Walker equations.

UNIT II PARAMETER ESTIMATION THEORY 9

Principle of estimation and applications-Properties of estimates-unbiased and consistent estimators, Minimum Variance Unbiased Estimates (MVUE)-Cramer Rao bound- Efficient estimators; Criteria of estimation: Methods of maximum likelihood and its properties ; Bayesian estimation : Mean square error and MMSE, Mean Absolute error, Hit and Miss cost function and MAP estimation

UNIT III SPECTRUM ESTIMATION 9

Estimation of spectra from finite duration signals, Bias and Consistency of estimators - Non-Parametric methods: Periodogram, Modified Periodogram, Bartlett, Welch and Blackman-Tukey methods, Parametric Methods: AR, MA and ARMA spectrum estimation - Detection of Harmonic signals - Performance analysis of estimators. MUSIC and ESPRIT algorithms

UNIT IV SIGNAL MODELING AND OPTIMUM FILTERS 9

Introduction- Least square method – Pade approximation – Prony’s method – Levinson Recursion – Lattice filter - FIR Wiener filter – Filtering – Linear Prediction – Non Causal and Causal IIR Wiener Filter -– MSE – State-space model and the optimal state estimation problem, discrete Kalman filter, continuous-time Kalman filter, extended Kalman filter.

UNIT V ADAPTIVE FILTERS 9

FIR Adaptive filters - Newton's steepest descent method – Widrow Hoff LMS Adaptive algorithm – Convergence – Normalized LMS – Applications: Noise cancellation, channel equalization, echo canceller, Adaptive Recursive Filters: RLS adaptive algorithm, Exponentially weighted RLS-sliding window RLS. Matrix inversion Lemma, Initialization, tracking of nonstationarity.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Analyze discrete time random processes

CO2: Apply appropriate model for estimation and signal modeling for the given problem

CO3: Analyze non-parametric and parametric methods for spectral estimation

CO4: Design optimum filter for the given problem

CO5: Design adaptive filters for different applications

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Monson. H. Hayes, Statistical Digital Signal Processing and Modelling, John Willey and Sons, 1996 (Reprint 2008)
2. Simon Haykin, Adaptive Filter Theory, Pearson Prentice Hall, 5th edition, 2014
3. D.G. Manolakis, V.K. Ingle and S.M. Kogon, Statistical and Adaptive SignalProcessing, Artech House Publishers, 2005.
4. Steven. M. Kay, Modern Spectral Estimation, Theory and Application, Pearson India, 2009
5. A.Veloni, N I. Miridakis, E Boukouvala, Digital and Statistical SignalProcessing, CRC Press, 2019
6. S Nandi, D Kundu, Statistical Signal Processing- Frequency Estimation, Springer Nature Singapore, 2nd edition , 2020
7. M.D. Srinath, P.K. Rajasekaran and R. Viswanathan, Statistical Signal Processing with Applications, PHI, 1996.

EL4151 MODERN DIGITAL COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the coherent and non coherent receivers and their performance under AWGN channel conditions
- To understand the effect of signalling through bandlimited channels and Equalization techniques used to overcome ISI
- To understand different channel models, channel capacity and different block coding techniques
- To understand the principle of convolutional coding and different decoding techniques
- To understand the basics of OFDM as a multicarrier communication and CDMA as a multiuser communication technique.

UNIT I COHERENT AND NON-COHERENT COMMUNICATION 9

Coherent receivers – Optimum receivers in WGN – IQ modulation & demodulation – QAM modulation and demodulation Noncoherent receivers in random phase channels; MFSK receivers – Rayleigh and Rician channels – Partially coherent receivers – DPSK; M-PSK; M-DPSK-BER Performance Analysis. Carrier SynchronizationBit synchronization.

UNIT II EQUALIZATION TECHNIQUES 9

Band Limited Channels- ISI – Nyquist Criterion- Controlled ISI-Partial Response signals-Equalization algorithms– Linear equalizer – Decision feedback equalization – Adaptive Equalization algorithms.

UNIT III BLOCK CODED DIGITAL COMMUNICATION 9

Architecture and performance – Binary block codes; – Shannon's channel coding theorem; Channel capacity; Matched filter; Concepts of Spread spectrum communication – Coded BPSK and DPSK demodulators– Linear block codes; Hamming; Golay; Cyclic; BCH ; Reed – Solomon codes. Space time block codes.

UNIT IV CONVOLUTIONAL CODED DIGITAL COMMUNICATION 9

Representation of codes using Polynomial, State diagram, Tree diagram, and Trellis diagram – Decoding techniques using Maximum likelihood, Viterbi algorithm, Sequential and Threshold methods – Error probability performance for BPSK and Viterbi algorithm, Turbo Coding.

UNIT V MULTICARRIER AND MULTIUSER COMMUNICATIONS 9

Single Vs multicarrier modulation, orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM), Modulation and demodulation in an OFDM system, An FFT algorithmic implementation of an OFDM system, Bit and power allocation in multicarrier modulation, Peak-to-average ratio in multicarrier modulation. Introduction to CDMA systems, multiuser detection in CDMA systems – optimum multiuser receiver, suboptimum detectors, successive interference cancellation.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1: Differentiate coherent and non coherent receivers and analyse their performance under AWGN channel conditions

CO2: Illustrate the effect of signalling through bandlimited channels and Equalization techniques used to overcome ISI

CO3: Determine the channel capacity and design various block coding techniques to combat channel errors

CO4: Construct convolutional coders and analyze the performance of different decoding techniques.

CO5: Describe the basics of OFDM as a multicarrier communication and CDMA as a multiuser communication technique.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. John G. Proakis and Masoud Salehi "Digital Communication", Fifth Edition, Mc Graw Hill Publication, 2014.
2. Simon Haykin, "Digital communication Systems", John Wiley and sons, 2014.
3. Bernard Sklar and Pabitra Kumar Ray, "Digital Communications Fundamentals & Applications ", second edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
4. Lathi B P and Zhi Ding, "Modern Digital and Analog communication Systems", Oxford University Press, 2011.
5. Richard Van Nee & Ramjee Prasad, "OFDM for Multimedia Communications" Artech House Publication, 2001.
6. Theodore S.Rappaport, 'Wireless Communications", 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2002.

CU4151 ADVANCED WIRELESS COMMUNICATION L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the concepts of wireless communication.
- To know about the various propagation methods, Channel models, capacity calculations
- multiple antennas and multiple user techniques used in the mobile communication.

UNIT I WIRELESS CHANNEL PROPAGATION AND MODEL 9

Propagation of EM signals in wireless channel – Reflection, diffraction and Scattering-free space, two ray. Small scale fading- channel classification- channel models – COST -231 Hata model, NLOS Multipath Fading Models: Rayleigh, Rician, Nakagami, 5G Channel model requirements and Measurements, propagation scenarios, METIS channel models, Map-based model, stochastic model.

UNIT II CAPACITY OF WIRELESS CHANNELS 9

Capacity in AWGN, capacity of flat fading channel, capacity of frequency selective fading channels. Capacity of MISO, SIMO systems.

UNIT III DIVERSITY 9

Realization of independent fading paths, Receiver Diversity: Selection combining, Threshold Combining, Maximum-ratio Combining, Equal gain Combining. Transmitter Diversity: Channel known at transmitter, Channel unknown at the transmitter.

UNIT IV MIMO COMMUNICATIONS 9

Narrowband MIMO model, Parallel decomposition of the MIMO channel, MIMO channel capacity, MIMO Diversity Gain: Beam forming, Diversity-Multiplexing trade-offs, Space time Modulation and coding : STBC,STTC, Spatial Multiplexing and BLAST Architectures.

UNIT V MULTI USER SYSTEMS 9

Introduction to MUD, Linear decorrelator, MMSE MUD, Adaptive MUD, MIMO-MUD Application of convex optimization to wireless design.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Analyze the wireless channel characteristics and identify appropriate channel models
CO2:Understand the mathematics behind the capacity calculation under different channel conditions
CO3: Understand the implication of diversity combining methods and the knowledge of channel
CO4: Understand the concepts in MIMO Communications
CO5: Understand mulitiple access techniques and their use in different multi-user scenarios.

REFERENCES :

1. David Tse and Pramod Viswanath, *Fundamentals of wireless communications*, Cambridge University Press, First Edition, 2012
2. Andrea Goldsmith, Wireless Communications, Cambridge University Press, 2007.
3. Harry R. Anderson, “Fixed Broadband Wireless System Design”, John Wiley, India, 2003.
4. Andreas.F. Molisch, “Wireless Communications”, John Wiley, India, 2006.

5. Simon Haykin & Michael Moher, “Modern Wireless Communications”, Pearson Education, 2007.
6. Rappaport. T.S., “Wireless communications”, Pearson Education, 2003.
7. Gordon L. Stuber, “Principles of Mobile Communication”, Springer International Ltd., 2001.
8. Upena Dalal, “Wireless Communication”, Oxford Higher Education, 2009.

CU4152 RADIATING SYSTEMS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand Antenna basics
- To learn about Antenna arrays and their characteristics
- To study about operating Antennas
- To familiarize with modern Antennas and Measurement Techniques
- To learn about recent trends in Antenna Design

UNIT I ANTENNA FUNDAMENTALS & WIRE ANTENNAS 9

Introduction –Types of Antennas – Radiation Mechanism – Current distribution on wire antennas – Maxwell‘s equations – Antenna fundamental parameters – Radiation integrals – Radiation from surface and line current distributions – dipole, monopole, loop antenna

UNIT II ANTENNA ARRAYS 9

Linear array –uniform array, end fire and broad side array, gain, beam width, side lobe level; Linear array synthesis techniques – Binomial and Chebyshev distributions; Two dimensional uniform arrays; phased array antennas, smart antennas, switched beam and adaptive arrays, Mutual Coupling in Finite Arrays

UNIT III APERTURE ANTENNAS 9

Field equivalence principle, Radiation from Rectangular and Circular apertures, Babinets principle, Slot antenna; Horn antenna; Reflector antenna, aperture blockage, and design consideration. Radiation Mechanism and Excitation techniques, Microstrip dipole; Patch, Rectangular patch, Circular patch – Microstrip array and feed network; Lens Antennas

UNIT IV MODERN ANTENNAS & MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES 9

Base station antennas, PIFA – Antennas for WBAN – RFID Antennas – Automotive antennas, MIMO Antennas, Diversity techniques – Antenna impedance and radiation pattern measurements

UNIT V RECENT TRENDS IN ANTENNA DESIGN 9

UWB antenna arrays – Vivaldi antenna arrays – Artificial magnetic conductors/High impedance surfaces – Antennas in medicine – Plasma antennas – Antennas for millimeter wave communication - optimization techniques – Numerical methods

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Design and develop an antenna to receive AM and FM radio
2. Design Yagi-Uda Antenna at very high frequency band
3. Design Microstrip patch antenna for mobile applications
4. Design and develop Microstrip dipole antenna
5. Design reflector antenna for satellite - TV reception

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals behind the different techniques in antenna technology.

CO2: Understand the challenges associated in designing antennas based on different technologies

CO3: Understand the capability and assess the performance of various antennas.

CO4: Identify the antennas specific to the applications, design and characterize.

CO5: Understand the need for optimizing in antenna design and the methodologies for the same.

REFERENCES:

1. Balanis.A, "Antenna Theory Analysis and Design", John Wiley and Sons, New York, 3rd Edition,1982.
2. Frank B. Gross, "Frontiers in Antennas", Mc Graw Hill, 2011.
3. S. Drabowitch, A. Papiernik, H.D.Griffiths, J.Encinas, B.L.Smith, "Modern Antennas", Springer Publications, 2nd Edition, 2007.
4. Krauss.J.D, "Antennas", John Wiley and sons, New York, 2nd Edition, 1997.
5. I.J. Bahl and P. Bhartia, "Microstrip Antennas", Artech House,Inc.,1980
6. W.L.Stutzman and G.A.Thiele, "Antenna Theory and Design", John Wiley& Sons Inc., 2nd Edition, 1998.
7. Jim R. James,P.S.Hall ,"Handbook of Microstrip Antennas" IEE Electromagnetic wave series 28, Volume 2,1989.

EL4161	DIGITAL COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS LABORATORY	L T P C 0 0 3 1.5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To study & measure the performance of digital communication systems.
- To provide a comprehensive knowledge of Wireless Communication.
- To learn about the design of digital filter and its adaptive filtering algorithms.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS (MATLAB/SCILAB/CABVIEW)

USE APPROPRIATE SIMULATION TOOLS FOR THE FOLLOWING EXPERIMENTS:

1. Generation & detection of binary digital modulation techniques using SDR
2. Spread Spectrum communication system-Pseudo random binary sequence generation-Baseband DSSS.
3. MIMO system transceiver design using MATLAB/SCILAB/LABVIEW
4. Performance evaluation of simulated CDMA system
5. Channel Coder/decoder design (block codes / convolutional codes/ turbo codes)
6. OFDM transceiver design using MATLAB /SCILAB/LABVIEW
7. Channel equalizer design using MATLAB (LMS, RLS algorithms)
8. Design and Analysis of Spectrum Estimators (Bartlett, Welch) using MATLAB
9. BER performance Analysis of M-ary digital Modulation Techniques (coherent & non coherent) in AWGN Environment using MATLAB/SCILAB/LABVIEW

10. Design and performance analysis of Lossless Coding Techniques - Huffman Coding and Lempel Ziv Algorithm using MATLAB/SCILAB/LABVIEW
11. Noise / Echo cancellation using MATLAB (LMS / RLS algorithms).
12. Study of synchronization (frame, bit, symbol.)
13. Wireless channel characterization.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of course, students are able to

- Implement the adaptive filtering algorithms
- Generate and detect digital communication signals of various modulation techniques using MATLAB.
- Evaluate cellular mobile communication technology and propagation model.
- Apply mathematical formulation to analyze spectrum estimation of a signal and bit rate determination of a transmission link
- Analyze the performance of optimization algorithms for equalizing the channel or noise/echo cancellation
- Able to design schnronization algorithm for Digital Communication systems

CU4161	ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING LABORATORY	L	T	P	C
		0	0	3	1.5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the student to verify the basic principles of random signal processing, spectral estimation methods and additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel characterization
- To design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data to produce meaningful conclusions and match with theoretical concepts.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

USE APPROPRIATE SIMULATION TOOLS FOR THE FOLLOWING EXPERIMENTS:

1. Generation of Standard discrete time sequences (Unit Impulse, Unit Step, Unit Ramp, Sinusoidal and exponential signals) and carrying out of arithmetic operations and plot the results
2. Generation of random sequences satisfying the given probability distributions such as Uniform, Gaussian, Rayleigh and Rician.
3. Design of FIR filters for the given specification and plot the frequency response of the designed filter
4. Design of IIR filters for the given specification and plot the frequency response of the designed filter
5. Analysis of finite word length effects of FIR filter coefficients
6. Estimation of power spectrum of the given random sequence using Nonparametric methods (Bartlett, Welch and Blackman Tukey)
7. Estimation of power spectrum of the given random sequence using parametric methods

(AR, MA and ARMA)

8. Upsampling the discrete time sequence by L times and plot the spectrum of both the given sequence and upsampled sequence
9. Downsampling the discrete time sequence by M times and plot the spectrum of both the given sequence and dowsampled sequence
10. Design an adaptive filter to extract a desired signal from the given noisy signal by cancelling the noise using LMS Algorithm
11. Design an adaptive filter to extract a desired signal from the given noisy signal by cancelling the noise using RLS Algorithm
12. Implementation of Digital Filter Banks for the given specifications

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of course, students will be able to

- Generate deterministic/Random sequences using simulation tool
- Design and analyze the frequency response of FIR/IIR digital filters for the given specifications
- Estimate power spectrum of the given random sequence using parametric/nonparametric estimation methods
- Implement adaptive filters using LMS/RLS algorithm
- Analyze the discrete time systems at various sampling rates

CU4251 RF SYSTEM DESIGN **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Be familiar with RF transceiver system design for wireless communications
- Be exposed to design methods of receivers and transmitters used in communication systems
- Design RF circuits and systems using an advanced design tool.
- Exemplify different synchronization methods circuits and describe their block schematic
- and design criteria
- Measure RF circuits and systems with a spectrum analyzer.

UNIT I BASICS OF RADIO FREQUENCY SYSTEM DESIGN 9

Definitions and models of Linear systems and Non-linear system. Specification parameters: Gain, noise figure, SNR, Characteristic impedance, S-parameters, Impedance matching and Decibels. Elements of digital base band signalling: complex envelope of band pass signals, Average value, RMS value, Crest factor, Sampling, jitter, modulation techniques, filters, pulse shaping, EVM, BER, sensitivity, selectivity, dynamic range and, adjacent and alternate channel power leakages

UNIT II RADIO ARCHITECTURES AND DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS 9

Superheterodyne architecture, direct conversion architecture, Low IF architecture, band-pass sampling radio architecture, System Design Considerations for an Analog Frontend Receiver in Cognitive Radio Applications, Interference, Near, In-band & wide-band considerations.

UNIT III AMPLIFIER MODELING AND ANALYSIS 9

Noise: Noise equivalent model for Radio frequency device, amplifier noise model, cascade performance, minimum detectable signal, performance of noisy systems in cascade. Non-Linearity: Amplifier power transfer curve, gain compression, AM-AM, AM-PM, polynomial approximations,

Saleh model, Wiener model and Hammerstein model, intermodulation, Single and two tone analyses, second and third order distortions and measurements, SOI and TOI points, cascade performance of nonlinear systems.

UNIT IV MIXER AND OSCILLATOR MODELING AND ANALYSIS 9

Mixers: Frequency translation mechanisms, frequency inversion, image frequencies, spurious calculations, principles of mixer realizations. Oscillators: phase noise and its effects, effects of oscillator spurious components, frequency accuracy, oscillator realizations: Frequency synthesizers, NCO.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF SYSTEMS DESIGN 9

Multimode and multiband Superheterodyne transceiver: selection of frequency plan, receiver system and transmitter system design – Direct conversion transceiver: receiver system and transmitter system design.

45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of course, students will be able to

CO1: understand the specifications of transceiver modules

CO2: understand pros and cons of transceiver architectures and their associated design considerations

CO3: understand the impact of noise and amplifier non-linearity of amplification modules and also will learn the resultant effect during cascade connections

CO4: get exposure to learn about spurs and generation principles during signal generation and frequency translations

CO5: understand the case study of transceiver systems and aid to select specification parameters selections

REFERENCES

1. The Design of CMOS Radio-Frequency Integrated Circuits by Thomas H. Lee. Cambridge University Press, 2004.
2. Qizheng Gu, “RF System Design of Transceivers for Wireless Communications”, Springer ,2005.
3. Kevin McClaning, “Wireless Receiver Design for Digital Communications,”. 2/3, Yes Dee Publications, 2012.
4. M C Jeruchim, P Balapan and K S Shanmugam, “Simulation of Communication systems:Modeling, Methodology and Techniques”, Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers, 2 nd Edition, 2000.

CU4201 MICROWAVE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT L T P C

3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To familiarize different transmission lines used at Microwave frequencies
- To design impedance matching networks using lumped and distributed elements
- To design and analyze different microwave components
- To use SMITH chart to analyze the region of stability and instability for designing amplifiers and oscillators

- To simulate and to test the microwave components under laboratory conditions

UNIT I PLANAR TRANSMISSION LINES AND COMPONENTS 9

Review of Transmission line theory – S parameters-Transmission line equations – reflection coefficient – VSWR – Microstrip lines: Structure, waves in microstrip, Quasi-TEM approximation, Coupled lines: Even mode and odd mode analysis – Microstrip discontinuities and components – Strip line – Slot line – Coplanar waveguide – Filters – Power dividers and Couplers

UNIT II IMPEDANCE MATCHING NETWORKS 9

Circuit Representation of two port RF/Microwave Networks: Low Frequency Parameters, High Frequency Parameters, Transmission Matrix, ZY Smith Chart, Design of Matching Circuits using Lumped Elements, Matching Network Design using Distributed Elements

UNIT III MICROWAVE AMPLIFIER AND OSCILLATOR DESIGN 9

Characteristics of microwave transistors – Stability considerations in active networks – Gain Consideration in Amplifiers – Noise Consideration in active networks – Broadband Amplifier design – Oscillators: Oscillator versus Amplifier Design – Oscillation conditions – Design and stability considerations of Microwave Transistor Oscillators.

UNIT IV MIXERS AND CONTROL CIRCUITS 9

Mixer Types – Conversion Loss – SSB and DSB Mixers – Design of Mixers: Single Ended Mixers – Single Balanced Mixers – Sub Harmonic Diode Mixers, Microwave Diodes, Phase Shifters – PIN Diode Attenuators

UNIT V MICROWAVE IC DESIGN AND MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES 9

Microwave Integrated Circuits – MIC Materials- Hybrid versus Monolithic MICs – Multichip Module Technology – Fabrication Techniques, Miniaturization techniques, Introduction to SOC, SOP, Test fixture measurements, probe station measurements, thermal and cryogenic measurements, experimental field probing techniques.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: 30 PERIODS

1. Study of transmission line parameters – Impedance analysis
2. Design of impedance matching networks
3. Design of low pass and high pass filter
4. Design of band-pass and band-stop filters
5. Design of branch line couplers
6. Design of phase shifters
7. Design of Mixers
8. Design of Power dividers

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of course, students will be able to

CO1 : understand the concepts of planar transmission line

CO2: Design impedance matching circuits using LC components and stubs.

CO3: Design and analyze microwave components.

CO4: Perform stability analysis and be able to design amplifiers and oscillators at microwave frequencies.

CO5: Perform simulations, fabricate and test microwave devices.

TOTAL PERIODS:75

REFERENCES

1. Jia Sheng Hong, M. J. Lancaster, “Microstrip Filters for RF/Microwave Applications”, John Wiley & Sons, 2001
2. David M. Pozar, “Microwave Engineering”, II Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 4th edition 2012
3. Reinhold Ludwig and Powel Bretchko,‖ RF Circuit Design – Theory and Applications‖, Pearson Education Asia, First Edition,2001.
4. Thomas H.Lee, “Planar Microwave Engineering”, Cambridge University Press, 2004
5. Matthew M. Radmanesh, “Radio Frequency and Microwave Electronics”, Pearson Education, II Edition 2002

CU4202 **ADVANCED WIRELESS NETWORKS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students should be made to:

- study about advanced wireless network, LTE, 4G and Evolutions from LTE to LTE.
- study about wireless IP architecture, Packet Data Protocol and LTE network architecture
- study about adaptive link layer, hybrid ARQ and graphs routing protocol.
- study about mobility management, cellular network, and micro cellular networks

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction to 1G/2G/3G/4G Terminology. Evolution of Public Mobile Services -Motivation for IP Based Wireless Networks -Requirements and Targets for Long Term Evolution (LTE) - Technologies for LTE- 4G Advanced Features and Roadmap Evolutions from LTE to LTE-A - Wireless Standards. Network Model-Network Connectivity-Wireless Network Design with Small World Properties

UNIT II WIRELESS IP NETWORK ARCHITECTURES 9

3GPP Packet Data Networks - Network Architecture - Packet Data Protocol (PDP) Context - Configuring PDP Addresses on Mobile Stations - Accessing IP Networks through PS Domain – LTE network Architecture - Roaming Architecture- Protocol Architecture- Bearer Establishment Procedure -Inter-Working with other RATs.

UNIT III ADAPTIVE LINK AND NETWORK LAYER 9

Link Layer Capacity of Adaptive Air Interfaces-Adaptive Transmission in *Ad Hoc* Networks-Adaptive Hybrid ARQ Schemes for Wireless Links-Stochastic Learning Link Layer Protocol-Infrared Link Access Protocol-Graphs and Routing Protocols-Graph Theory-Routing with Topology Aggregation-Network and Aggregation Models

UNIT IV MOBILITY MANAGEMENT 9

Cellular Networks-Cellular Systems with Prioritized Handoff-Cell Residing Time Distribution-Mobility Prediction in Pico- and Micro-Cellular Networks

UNIT V QUALITY OF SERVICE 9

QoS Challenges in Wireless IP Networks - QoS in 3GPP - QoS Architecture, Management and Classes -QoS Attributes - Management of End-to-End IP QoS - EPS BearersandQoSin LTE networks

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of course, students will be able to 33333

CO1:know the latest 4G networks and LTE

CO2: Understand about the wireless IP architecture and LTE network architecture.

CO3: know the adaptive link layer and network layer graphs and protocol.

CO4: Understand the mobility management and cellular network.

CO5: Understand the wireless sensor network architecture and its concept.

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. Ayman ElNashar, Mohamed El-saidny, Mahmoud Sherif, “Design, Deployment and Performance of 4G-LTE Networks: A Practical Approach”, John Wiley & Sons, 2014.
2. Crosspoint Boulevard, “Wireless and Mobile All-IP Networks”, Wiley Publication, 2005.
3. Jyh-Cheng Chen and Tao Zhang, “IP-Based Next-Generation Wireless Networks Systems, Architectures, and Protocols”, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. Publication,2006.
4. Minoru Etoh, “Next Generation Mobile Systems3G and Beyond,” Wiley Publications,2005.
5. Savo Glisic,” Advanced Wireless Networks-Technology and Business Models”, Third Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd, 2016
6. Savo Glisic,”Advanced Wireless Networks-4G Technologies”, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd,2006.
7. Stefania Sesia, IssamToufik and Matthew Baker, “LTE – The UMTS Long Term Evolution From Theory to Practice”, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. Publication, Second Edition, 2011.

CP4252 **MACHINE LEARNING** **L T P C 3 0 2 4**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts and mathematical foundations of machine learning and types of problems tackled by machine learning
- To explore the different supervised learning techniques including ensemble methods
- To learn different aspects of unsupervised learning and reinforcement learning
- To learn the role of probabilistic methods for machine learning
- To understand the basic concepts of neural networks and deep learning

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS 9

What is Machine Learning? Need –History – Definitions – Applications - Advantages, Disadvantages & Challenges -Types of Machine Learning Problems – Mathematical Foundations - Linear Algebra & Analytical Geometry -Probability and Statistics- Bayesian Conditional Probability -Vector Calculus & Optimization - Decision Theory - Information theory

UNIT II SUPERVISED LEARNING 9

Introduction-Discriminative and Generative Models -Linear Regression - Least Squares -Under-fitting / Overfitting -Cross-Validation – Lasso Regression- Classification - Logistic Regression- Gradient Linear Models -Support Vector Machines –Kernel Methods -Instance based Methods - K-Nearest Neighbours - Tree based Methods –Decision Trees –ID3 – CART - Ensemble Methods –Random Forest - Evaluation of Classification Algorithms

UNIT III UNSUPERVISED LEARNING AND REINFORCEMENT LEARNING 9

Introduction - Clustering Algorithms -K – Means – Hierarchical Clustering - Cluster Validity - Dimensionality Reduction –Principal Component Analysis – Recommendation Systems - EM algorithm. Reinforcement Learning – Elements -Model based Learning – Temporal Difference Learning

UNIT IV PROBABILISTIC METHODS FOR LEARNING- 9

Introduction -Naïve Bayes Algorithm -Maximum Likelihood -Maximum Apriori -Bayesian Belief Networks -Probabilistic Modelling of Problems -Inference in Bayesian Belief Networks – Probability Density Estimation - Sequence Models – Markov Models – Hidden Markov Models

UNIT V NEURAL NETWORKS AND DEEP LEARNING 9

Neural Networks – Biological Motivation- Perceptron – Multi-layer Perceptron – Feed Forward Network – Back Propagation-Activation and Loss Functions- Limitations of Machine Learning – Deep Learning– Convolution Neural Networks – Recurrent Neural Networks – Use cases

45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Give an example from our daily life for each type of machine learning problem
2. Study at least 3 Tools available for Machine Learning and discuss pros & cons of each
3. Take an example of a classification problem. Draw different decision trees for the example and explain the pros and cons of each decision variable at each level of the tree
4. Outline 10 machine learning applications in healthcare
5. Give 5 examples where sequential models are suitable.
6. Give at least 5 recent applications of CNN

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: 30 PERIODS

1. Implement a Linear Regression with a Real Dataset (https://www.kaggle.com/harrywang/housing). Experiment with different features in building a model. Tune the model's hyperparameters.
2. Implement a binary classification model. That is, answers a binary question such as "Are houses in this neighborhood above a certain price?"(use data from exercise 1). Modify the classification threshold and determine how that modification influences the model. Experiment with different classification metrics to determine your model's effectiveness.
3. Classification with Nearest Neighbours. In this question, you will use the scikit-learn's KNN classifer to classify real vs. fake news headlines. The aim of this question is for you to read the scikit-learn API and get comfortable with training/validation splits. Use California Housing Dataset
4. In this exercise, you'll experiment with validation sets and test sets using the dataset. Split a training set into a smaller training set and a validation set. Analyze deltas between training set and validation set results. Test the trained model with a test set to determine whether your trained model is overfitting. Detect and fix a common training problem.
5. Implement the k-means algorithm using https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Codon+usage dataset
6. Implement the Naïve Bayes Classifier using https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Gait+Classification dataset
7. Project - (in Pairs) Your project must implement one or more machine learning algorithms and apply them to some data.

a. Your project may be a comparison of several existing algorithms, or it may propose a new algorithm in which case you still must compare it to at least one other approach.

b. You can either pick a project of your own design, or you can choose from the set of pre-defined

projects.

c. You are free to use any third-party ideas or code that you wish as long as it is publicly available.

d. You must properly provide references to any work that is not your own in the write-up.

e. Project proposal You must turn in a brief project proposal. Your project proposal should describe the idea behind your project. You should also briefly describe software you will need to write, and papers (2-3) you plan to read.

List of Projects (datasets available)

1. Sentiment Analysis of Product Reviews
2. Stock Prediction
3. Sales Forecasting
4. Music Recommendation
5. Handwriting Digit Classification
6. Fake News Detection
7. Sports Prediction
8. Object Detection
9. Disease Prediction

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand and outline problems for each type of machine learning

CO2: Design a Decision tree and Random forest for an application

CO3: Implement Probabilistic Discriminative and Generative algorithms for an application and analyze the results.

CO4: Use a tool to implement typical Clustering algorithms for different types of applications.

CO5: Design and implement an HMM for a Sequence Model type of application.

C06: Identify applications suitable for different types of Machine Learning with suitable justification.

TOTAL PERIODS:75

REFERENCES

1. Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective", Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2nd Edition, 2014.
2. Kevin Murphy, "Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective", MIT Press, 2012
3. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", Third Edition, Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning Series, MIT Press, 2014
4. Tom M Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
5. Peter Flach, "Machine Learning: The Art and Science of Algorithms that Make Sense of Data", First Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
6. Shai Shalev-Shwartz and Shai Ben-David, "Understanding Machine Learning: From Theory to Algorithms", Cambridge University Press, 2015
7. Christopher Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer, 2007.
8. Hal Daumé III, "A Course in Machine Learning", 2017 (freely available online)
9. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, "The Elements of Statistical Learning", Springer, 2009 (freely available online)
10. Aurélien Géron , Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems 2nd Edition, o'reilly, (2017)

	PO					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
C01	1	2	1	3	1	1

C02	2	3	1	2	1	2
C03	1	1	2	1		2
C04	2	2				3
C05	3	3	1	1	1	3
AVG	1.80	2.20	1.25	1.75	1.00	2.20

CU4211 WIRELESS COMMUNICATION LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the student to verify the basic principles of random signal processing, spectral estimation methods, wireless and AWGN channel characterization, application of adaptive filter algorithms for communication system design, coding and modulation design, synchronization aspects and the overall baseband system design.
- To design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data to produce meaningful conclusions and match with theoretical concepts.
- To enable the student to appreciate the practical aspects of baseband system design and understand the associated challenges.

LIST OF EXPERIMENT:

1. Spectral Characterisation of communication signals (using Spectrum Analyzer)
2. Design and Analysis of Spectrum Estimators (Bartlett , Welch)
3. Design and analysis of digital modulation techniques on an SDR platform
4. Carrier and Symbol timing Synchronization using SDR platform
5. CDMA signal generation and RAKE receiver design using DSP/MATLAB/ SIMULINK
6. Design and performance analysis of error control encoder and decoder (Block and Convolutional Codes)
7. Wireless Channel equalizer design using DSP (ZF / LMS / RLS)
8. Wireless Channel Estimation and Diversity Combining
9. Design and simulation of Microstrip patch antenna
10. Analysis of Antenna Radiation Pattern and measurement

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: The student would be able to design and conduct experiments to demonstrate the trade-offs involved in the design of basic and advanced coding and modulation techniques and the advanced baseband signal conditioning methods.

CO2: The student would be capable of applying communication engineering principles and design tools and will be well practiced in design skills.

CO3: The student would be able to comprehensively record and report the measured data, write reports, communicate research ideas and do oral presentations effectively.

CO4: The student would be capable of analyzing and interpreting the experimental measurement data and produce meaningful conclusions

CU4212 **TERM PAPER WRITING AND SEMINAR** **L T P C**
0 0 2 1

In this course, students will develop their scientific and technical reading and writing skills that they need to understand and construct research articles. A term paper requires a student to obtain information from a variety of sources (i.e., Journals, dictionaries, reference books) and then place it in logically developed ideas. The work involves the following steps:

1. Selecting a subject, narrowing the subject into a topic
2. Stating an objective.
3. Collecting the relevant bibliography (atleast 15 journal papers)
4. Preparing a working outline.
5. Studying the papers and understanding the authors contributions and critically analysing each paper.
6. Preparing a working outline
7. Linking the papers and preparing a draft of the paper.
8. Preparing conclusions based on the reading of all the papers.
9. Writing the Final Paper and giving final Presentation

Please keep a file where the work carried out by you is maintained.
Activities to be carried out

Activity	Instructions	Submission week	Evaluation
Selection of area of interest and Topic Stating an Objective	You are requested to select an area of interest, topic and state an objective	2nd week	**3 %** Based on clarity of thought, current relevance and clarity in writing
Collecting Information about your area & topic	1. List 1 Special Interest Groups or professional society 2. List 2 journals 3. List 2 conferences, symposia or workshops 4. List 1 thesis title 5. List 3 web presences (mailing lists, forums, news sites) 6. List 3 authors who publish regularly in your area 7. Attach a call for papers (CFP) from your area.	3rd week	**3%** (the selected information must be area specific and of international and national standard)

Collection of Journal papers in the topic in the context of the objective – collect 20 & then filter	• You have to provide a complete list of references you will be using- Based on your objective -Search various digital libraries and Google Scholar • When picking papers to read - try to: • Pick papers that are related to each other in some ways and/or that are in the same field so that you can write a meaningful survey out of them, • Favour papers from well-known journals and conferences, • Favour "first" or "foundational" papers in the field (as indicated in other people's survey paper), • Favour more recent papers, • Pick a recent survey of the field so you can quickly gain an overview, • Find relationships with respect to each other and to your topic area (classification scheme/categorization) • Mark in the hard copy of papers whether complete work or section/sections of the paper are being considered	4th week	**6%** (the list of standard papers and reason for selection)
Reading and notes for first 5 papers	Reading Paper Process • For each paper form a Table answering the following questions: • What is the main topic of the article? • What was/were the main issue(s) the author said they want to discuss? • Why did the author claim it was important? • How does the work build on other's work, in the author's opinion? • What simplifying assumptions does the author claim to be making? • What did the author do? • How did the author claim they were going to evaluate their work and compare it to others? • What did the author say were the limitations of their research? • What did the author say were the important directions for future research? Conclude with limitations/issues not addressed by the paper (from the	5th week	**8%** (the table given should indicate your understanding of the paper and the evaluation is based on your conclusions about each paper)

	perspective of your survey)		
Reading and notes for next5 papers	Repeat Reading Paper Process	6th week	**8%** (the table given should indicate your understanding of the paper and the evaluation is based on your conclusions about each paper)
Reading and notes for final 5 papers	Repeat Reading Paper Process	7th week	**8%** (the table given should indicate your understanding of the paper and the evaluation is based on your conclusions about each paper)
Draft outline 1 and Linking papers	Prepare a draft Outline, your survey goals, along with a classification / categorization diagram	8th week	**8%** (this component will be evaluated based on the linking and classification among the papers)
Abstract	Prepare a draft abstract and give a presentation	9th week	**6%** (Clarity, purpose and conclusion) **6%** Presentation & Viva Voce
Introduction Background	Write an introduction and background sections	10th week	**5%** (clarity)
Sections of the paper	Write the sections of your paper based on the classification / categorization diagram in keeping with the goals of your survey	11thweek	**10%** (this component will be evaluated based on the linking and classification among the papers)
Your conclusions	Write your conclusions and future work	12th week	**5%** (conclusions – clarity and your ideas)
Final Draft	Complete the final draft of your paper	13th week	**10%** (formatting, English, Clarity and linking) **4%** Plagiarism Check Report
Seminar	A brief 15 slides on your paper	14th & 15th week	**10%** (based on presentation and Viva-voce)

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

CU4301 OPTICAL COMMUNICATION AND NETWORKING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the student to understand the basic principles of operation of optical system components, the different network architectures and issues associated with network design.
- To enable the student to understand the differences in the design of data plane and the control plane and the routing, switching and the resource allocation methods and the network management and protection methods in vogue.

UNIT I OPTICAL SYSTEM COMPONENTS AND NETWORK DESIGN 9

Optical System Components – MZIM, Multiplexers; filters; switches; wavelength converters; optical amplifiers – EDFA, Raman Amplifiers and hybrid; Transmission system Engineering – System Model, Aimer penalty – transmitter, receiver, cross talk, dispersion compensation, wavelength stabilization, FWM.

UNIT II COHERENT SYSTEMS 9

Basic principles of Coherent detections – Practical constraints – Injection laser line width state of polarization, local oscillator power, fiber limitations; Modulation formats – ASK, FSK, PSK, DPSK and polatization shift keying (POL SK); Demodulation schemes – Homodyne, Heterodyne – Synchronous and Non synchronous detection; Comparison; Carrier recovery in Coherent detection.

UNIT III OPTICAL NETWORK ARCHITECTURES 9

Introduction to Optical Networks; First Generation optical networks –SONET / SDH Network, Second Generation (WDM) Optical Networks, Need for Multilayered Architecture-, Layers and Sub-layers, Spectrum partitioning, Optical Network Nodes, Network Access Stations, Overlay Processor, Logical network overlays.

UNIT IV NETWORK CONNECTIONS 9

Connection Management and Control; Static Networks, Wavelength Routed Networks; Linear Light wave networks; Logically Routed Networks; Routing and Wavelength Assignment , Traffic Grooming in Optical Networks

UNIT V OPTICAL NETWORK SURVIVABILITY 9

Protection and Restoration Objectives, Fault Protection and Restoration Techniques in the Logical Layer – Point-to-Point Systems, SONET Self-Healing Rings, Interconnection Techniques, Architectures with Arbitrary Mesh Topologies ,Optical-Layer Protection: Point-to-Point and Ring Architectures, Mesh Architectures

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of course, students will be able to

CO1: Able to demonstrate an understanding of the differences and challenges involved in the design of optical systems and networks.

CO2: In a position to apply his knowledge for designing a fiber optic system addressing the channel impairments.

CO3: Familiar with the architectures and the protocol stack in use.in optical networks and would be able to identify a suitable backbone infrastructure for our present and future communication needs.

CO4: Able to understand how connections are managed in the network and the pros and cons of the different approaches

CO5: Able to appreciate the need for network survivability and the methodologies used.

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. Max Ming-Kang Liu, —Principles and Applications of Optical Communication‖, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt., Ltd., New Delhi. 2010
2. Thomas E. Stern, Georgios Ellinas, Krishna Bala, —Multiwavelength Optical Networks – Architecture, Design and control —, Cambridge University Press, 2nd Edition, 2009.
3. Rajiv Ramaswami and Kumar N. Sivarajan, —Optical Networks : A Practical Perspective‖, Harcourt Asia Pte Ltd., Second Edition 2006.

EL4071 ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE AND COMPATIBILITY L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To gain broad conceptual understanding of the various aspects of electromagnetic (EM) interference and compatibility
- To develop a theoretical understanding of electromagnetic shielding effectiveness
- To understand ways of mitigating EMI by using shielding, grounding and filtering
- To understand the need for standards and to appreciate measurement methods
- To understand how EMI impacts wireless and broadband technologies

UNIT I INTRODUCTION & SOURCES OF EM INTERFERENCE 9

Introduction - Classification of sources - Natural sources - Man-made sources - Survey of the electromagnetic environment.

UNIT II EM SHIELDING 9

Introduction - Shielding effectiveness - Far-field sources - Near-field sources - Low-frequency, magnetic field shielding - Effects of apertures

UNIT III INTERFERENCE CONTROL TECHNIQUES 9

Equipment screening - Cable screening - grounding - Power-line filters - Isolation - Balancing - Signal-line filters - Nonlinear protective devices.

UNIT IV EMC STANDARDS, MEASUREMENTS AND TESTING 9

Need for standards - The international framework - Human exposure limits to EM fields -EMC measurement techniques - Measurement tools - Test environments. Need for standards - The international framework - Human exposure limits to EM fields –EMC measurement techniques - Measurement tools - Test environments

UNIT V EMC CONSIDERATIONS IN WIRELESS AND BROADBAND TECHNOLOGIES 9

Efficient use of frequency spectrum - EMC, interoperability and coexistence - Specifications and alliances - Transmission of high-frequency signals over telephone and power networks – EMC and digital subscriber lines - EMC and power line telecommunications.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Investigate various case studies related to EMIC.Example: Chernobyl Disaster in 1986.
2. Develop some understanding about the design of EM shields in electronic system design and packaging.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1:Demonstrate knowledge of the various sources of electromagnetic interference
CO2:Display an understanding of the effect of how electromagnetic fields couple through apertures, and solve simple problems based on that understanding
CO3:Explain the EMI mitigation techniques of shielding and grounding
CO4:Explain the need for standards and EMC measurement methods
CO5:Discuss the impact of EMC on wireless and broadband technologies

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. Christopoulos C, Principles and Techniques of Electromagnetic Compatibility, CRC Press, Second Edition, Indian Edition, 2013.
2. Paul C R, Introduction to Electromagnetic Compatibility, Wiley India, Second Edition,2008.
3. Kodali V P, Engineering Electromagnetic Compatibility, Wiley India, Second Edition,2010.
4. Henry W Ott, Electromagnetic Compatibility Engineering, John Wiley & Sons Inc, Newyork,2009.
5. Scott Bennett W, Control and Measurement of Unintentional Electromagnetic Radiation, John Wiley& Sons Inc., Wiley Interscience Series, 1997.

CU4071 ADVANCED SATELLITE COMMUNICATION AND NAVIGATION SYSTEMS **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- Learn M2M developments and satellite applications
- Understand Satellite Communication In Ipv6 Environment

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF SATELLITE COMMUNICATION 9

Overview of satellite communication and orbital mechanics Link budget Parameters, Link budget calculations, Auxiliary Equations, Performance Calculations.

UNIT II M2M DEVELOPMENTS AND SATELLITE APPLICATIONS 9

Overview of the Internet of Things and M2M- M2M Applications Examples and Satellite Support-Satellite Roles Context and Applications- Antennas for Satellite M2M Applications- M2M Market Opportunities for Satellite Operators-Ultra HD Video/TV and Satellite Implications-High Throughput Satellites (HTS) and Ka/Ku Spot Beam Technologies-Aeronautical, Maritime and other Mobility Services.

UNIT III SATELLITE COMMUNICATION IN IPV6 ENVIRONMENT 9

Overview of IPv6 and its benefits for Satellite Networks - Migration and Coexistence--

Implementation scenarios and support- Preparations for IPv6 in Satellite communication- Satellite specific Protocol issues in IPv6 – Impact of IPv6 on Satellite Network architecture and services- Detailed transitional plan- IPv6 demonstration over satellites - Key results and recommendations.

UNIT IV SATELLITE NAVIGATION AND GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM 9

Over view of Radio and Satellite Navigation, GPS Principles, Signal model and Codes, Satellite Signal Acquisition, Mathematical model of GPS observables, Methods of processing GPS data , GPS Receiver Operation and Differential GPS. IRNSS, GAGAN, GLONASS and Galileo.

UNIT V DEEP SPACE NETWORKS AND INTER PLANETARY MISSIONS 9

Introduction – Functional description - Design procedure and performance criterion-Mars exploration Rover- Mission and space craft summary-Telecommunication subsystem overview-Ground Subsystem-Telecom subsystem and Link performance Telecom subsystem Hardware and software Chandrayaan-1 Mission - Mission and space craft summary-Telecommunication subsystem overview-Ground Subsystem-Telecom subsystem and Link performance.Mangalyaan Mission - Mission and space craft summary-Telecommunication subsystem overview- Ground Subsystem-Telecom subsystem and Link performance

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Discuss Satellite navigation and global positioning system

CO2: Outline deep space networks and inter planetary missions

CO3: Able to demonstrate an understanding of the different interferences and attenuation mechanisms affecting the satellite link design.

CO4: The student would be able to demonstrate an understanding of the different communication, sensing and navigational applications of satellite.

CO5: Familiar with the implementation aspects of existing satellite based systems.

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. Adimurthy.V,"Concept design and planning of India's first interplanetary mission" Current Science, VOL. 109, NO. 6, 1054 25 SEPTEMBER 2015.
2. Anil K. Maini, Varsha Agrawal, 'Satellite Technology: Principles and Applications', Third Edition, Wiley, 2014.
3. Daniel Minoli' "Innovations in Satellite Communication and Satellite Technology" Wiley, 2015
4. Daniel Minoli, "Satellite Systems Engineering in an IPv6 Environment", CRC Press, First Edition, 2009.
5. Hofmann-Wellenhof B., Lichtenegger H., and Elmar Wasle, "Global Navigational Satellite Systems" Springer-Verlag, 2008.
6. Jim Taylor, " Deep Space Communications" John Wiley & Sons, 2016.
7. Louis J. Ippolito, Jr. "Satellite Communications Systems Engineering: Atmospheric Effects, Satellite Link Design and System Performance", Second Edition, 2017
8. http://www.isro.gov.in/pslv-c25-mars-orbiter-mission

CU4072 HIGH SPEED SWITCHING AND NETWORKING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To explore the various space division switches
- To enable the various network performance analysis
- To get the clear idea about the various multimedia application
- To get a clear idea about the traffic and Queuing systems.
- Interpret the basics of security management and the various attacks & its countermeasures

UNIT I SWITCHING ARCHITECTURES 9

Shared medium switches – Shared memory switches – Space division switches – Cross bar based switching architecture – Input queued, Output queued and Combined input-output queued switches – Non blocking and blocking cross bar switches – Banyan networks – Batcher Banyan networks – Optical switches – Unbuffered and buffered switches – Buffering strategies – Optical packet switches and Optical burst switches – MEMS optical switches

UNIT II NETWORK PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS 9

Objectives and requirements for Quality of Service (QoS) in high performance networks. Architecture of high performance networks (HPN), design issues, protocols for HPN, VHF backbone networks, virtual interface architectures, virtual interface for networking, High-speed switching and routing - internet and PSTN IP switching techniques, SRP protocols, SRP authentication, and key exchange, comparison of TCP/IP, FTP, TELNET, queuing systems, network modeling as a graph

UNIT III MULTIMEDIA NETWORKING APPLICATIONS 9

Streaming stored Audio and Video, Best effort service, protocols for real time interactive applications, Beyond best effort, scheduling and policing mechanism, integrated services, RSVP-differentiated services.

UNIT IV PACKET QUEUES AND DELAY ANALYSIS 9

Littles theorem, Birth and Death process, queueing discipline- Control & stability -, Markovian FIFO queueing system, Non-markovian - PollaczekKhinchin formula and M/G/1, M/D/1, self-similar models and Batch-arrival model, Networks of Queues – Burkes theorem and Jackson Theorem.

UNIT V NETWORK SECURITY AND MANAGEMENT 9

Principles of cryptography – Elliptic-AES Authentication – integrity – key distribution and certification– Access control and: fire walls – DoS-attacks and counter measures – security in many layers.Infrastructure for network management – The internet standard management framework – SMI, MIB,SNMP, Security and administration – ASN.1.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion the students will be able to

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of the switching architecture involved in various switching types

CO2: Interpret the basics of various protocols and QOS in the network performance

CO3: Understand the various types of multimedia networking application

CO4: Recognize the concepts of various analysis method involved in the processing

CO5: Understand fundamental issues involved in providing the security as well as the management.

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. Achille Pattavina, “Switching Theory Architectures and performance in Broadband ATM networks”, John wiley & sons Ltd. New York, 2007.
2. Elhanany, Itamar, Hamdi and Mounir, —High Performance Packet Switching Architectures‖, Springer 2007
3. Walrand .J. Varatya, “High Performance Communication Network”, Morgan Kaufmann – Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Edition, 2000.
4. Fred Halsall and Lingana Gouda Kulkarni, “Computer Networking and the Internet”, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
5. Nader F.Mir, “Computer and Communication Networks”, Pearson Education, 2009.

AP4078 SIGNAL INTEGRITY FOR HIGH SPEED DESIGN L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To identify sources affecting the speed of digital circuits.
- To introduce methods to improve the signal transmission characteristics

UNIT I SIGNAL PROPAGATION ON TRANSMISSION LINES 9

Transmission line equations, wave solution, wave *vs*. circuits, initial wave, delay time, Characteristic impedance , wave propagation, reflection, and bounce diagrams Reactive terminations – L, C , static field maps of micro strip and strip line cross-sections, per unit length parameters, PCB layer stackups and layer/Cu thicknesses, cross-sectional analysis tools, Zo and Td equations for microstrip and stripline Reflection and terminations for logic gates, fan-out, logic switching , input impedance into a transmission-line section, reflection coefficient, skin-effect, dispersion.

UNIT II MULTI-CONDUCTOR TRANSMISSION LINES AND CROSS-TALK 9

Multi-conductor transmission-lines, coupling physics, per unit length parameters ,Near and far-end cross-talk, minimizing cross-talk (stripline and microstrip) Differential signalling, termination, balanced circuits ,S-parameters, Lossy and Lossless models.

UNIT III NON-IDEAL EFFECTS 9

Non-ideal signal return paths – gaps, BGA fields, via transitions , Parasitic inductance and capacitance , Transmission line losses – Rs, tanδ , routing parasitic, Common-mode current, differential-mode current , Connectors.

UNIT IV POWER CONSIDERATIONS AND SYSTEM DESIGN 9

SSN/SSO , DC power bus design , layer stack up, SMT decoupling ,, Logic families, power consumption, and system power delivery , Logic families and speed Package types and parasitic ,SPICE, IBIS models ,Bit streams, PRBS and filtering functions of link-path components , Eye diagrams , jitter , inter-symbol interference Bit-error rate ,Timing analysis.

UNIT V CLOCK DISTRIBUTION AND CLOCK OSCILLATORS 9

Timing margin, Clock slew, low impedance drivers, terminations, Delay Adjustments, canceling parasitic capacitance, Clock jitter.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to
CO1: identify sources affecting the speed of digital circuits.
CO2:identify methods to improve the signal transmission characteristics

REFERENCES

1. H. W. Johnson and M. Graham, High-Speed Digital Design: A Handbook of Black Magic, Prentice Hall, 1993.
2. Douglas Brooks, Signal Integrity Issues and Printed Circuit Board Design, Prentice Hall PTR , 2003.
3. S. Hall, G. Hall, and J. McCall, High-Speed Digital System Design: A Handboo of Interconnect Theory and Design Practices, Wiley-Interscience, 2000.
4. Eric Bogatin , Signal Integrity – Simplified , Prentice Hall PTR, 2003.

TOOLS REQUIRED

1. SPICE, source - http://www-cad.eecs.berkeley.edu/Software/software.html

2. HSPICE from synopsis, www.synopsys.com/products/ mixedsignal/hspice/hspice.html

3. SPECCTRAQUEST from Cadence, http://www.specctraquest.com

CU4001 WAVELETS AND SUBBAND CODING L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the fundamentals concepts of wavelet transforms.
- To study system design using Wavelets
- To learn the different wavelet families & their applications.
- To study signal compression and sub-band coding

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO WAVELETS 9

Introduction to Multirate signal processing- Decimation and Interpolation, Quadrature Mirror Filters, Subband coding, Limitations of Fourier transform, Short time Fourier transform and its drawbacks, Continuous Wavelet transform, Time frequency representation, Wavelet System and its characteristics, Orthogonal and Orthonormal functions and function space

UNIT II MULTIRESOLUTION CONCEPT AND DISCRETE WAVELET TRANSFORM 9

Multiresolution formulation of wavelet systems- signal spaces, scaling function, wavelet function and its properties, Multiresolution analysis, Haar scaling and wavelet function, Filter banks-Analysis and Synthesis, 1D and 2D Discrete wavelet transform, Wavelet Packets, Tree structured

filter bank, Multichannel filter bank, Undecimated wavelet transform.

UNIT III WAVELET SYSTEM DESIGN 9

Refinement relation for orthogonal wavelet systems, Restrictions on filter coefficients, Design of Daubechies orthogonal wavelet system coefficients, Design of Coiflet and Symlet wavelets.

UNIT IV WAVELET FAMILIES 9

Continuous Wavelets- Properties of Mexican hat wavelet, Morlet, Gaussian and Meyer wavelets. Orthogonal wavelets- Properties of Haar wavelets, Daubechies wavelets, Symlets, Coiflets and Discrete Meyer wavelets. Properties of Biorthogonal wavelets, Applications of wavelet families.

UNIT V SIGNAL COMPRESSION AND SUBBAND CODING 9

Compression Systems Based on Linear Transforms - Speech and Audio Compression - Image Compression - Video Compression - Joint Source-Channel Coding

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of wavelet transforms
CO2: Apprehend detailed knowledge about wavelet transform
CO3: Understand system design using wavelets
CO4: Compare different wavelet families
CO5: Analyze signal compression and sub-band coding

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. C.Sidney Burrus, Ramesh Gopinath & Haito Guo, “Introduction to wavelets and wavelet transform”, Prentice Hall, 1998.
2. G.Strang and T.Nguyen, “Wavelet and filter banks”, Wesley and Cambridge Press.
3. Metin Akay, “Time frequency and wavelets in biomedical signal processing”, Wiley-IEEE Press, October 1997.
4. M.Vetterli and J. Kovacevic, “Wavelets and sub band coding”, Prentice Hall, 1995.
5. .P.Vaidyanathan, “Multi rate systems and filter banks”, Prentice Hall 1993
6. Raguveer m Rao & Ajith S. Bopardikar, “Wavelet transforms – Introduction to theory and applications”, Addison Wesley, 1998
7. S.Mallet, “A Wavelet tour of Signal Processing”, Academic Press 1998

DS4251 MULTIMEDIA COMPRESSION TECHNIQUES L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics about compression algorithms related to multimedia components such as text, speech, audio, image and video.
- To understand the principles, standards, and their applications with an emphasis on underlying technologies, algorithms, and performance.
- To understand the importance of compression in multimedia processing applications.
- To understand and implement compression standards

UNIT I ESSENTIALS OF COMPRESSION 9

Introduction to multimedia system- Elements, Categories, Features, Applications, and Stages of multimedia Application Development- Graphics, Image and Video representations – Fundamental concepts of video, digital audio–Storage Requirements Of Multimedia Applications–Need For Compression-Taxonomy of compression Algorithms

UNIT II TEXT COMPRESSION TECHNIQUES 9

Elements of Information Theory-Entropy coding: Run length coding -Huffman coding – Adaptive Huffman coding – Arithmetic coding – Shannon-Fano coding – Analysis/Synthesis Schemes - Dictionary techniques – LZW family algorithms.

UNIT III IMAGE COMPRESSION TECHNIQUES 9

Image Compression: Fundamentals –– Compression Standards – Still image coding JPEG Standard – Sub-band coding – Wavelet transform for image coding– Implementation using Filters – EZW, SPIHT coders – JPEG 2000 standards – JBIG and JBIG2 standards- Non-standardized still image coding.

UNIT IV AUDIO COMPRESSION TECHNIQUES 9

Audio compression Techniques –μ law, A-Law companding – Frequency domain and filtering – Basic sub-band coding – Application to speech coding – G.722 – MPEG audio – progressive encoding – Silence compression, Speech compression – Formant and CELP vocoders.

UNIT V VIDEO COMPRESSION TECHNIQUES 9

Video compression: Fundamentals, techniques and Standards – MPEG video coding: MPEG-1 and MPEG-2 video coding: MPEG-3 and MPEG-4 – Content-Based Video Coding. ITU-T Video Coding Standards H.261 and H.263. Video Coding Standard--H.264/AVC. A New Video Coding Standard--HEVC/H.265. Internet Video Coding Standard--IVC. MPEG Media Transport-DVI technology – DVI real time compression – Current Trends in Compression standards.

45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Implement basic compression algorithms familiar with the use of MATLAB and its equivalent open source environments

CO2: Design and analyse text compression techniques

CO3: Design and implement image and audio compression techniques

CO4: Develop basic audio compression standards

CO5: Critically analyze different approaches of compression algorithms in multimedia related mini projects.

REFERENCES

1. Khalid Sayood: Introduction to Data Compression", Morgan Kauffman Harcourt India, Fifth Edition,2017.
2. David Solomon, "Data Compression – The Complete Reference", Fourth Edition, Springer Verlag, New York, 2011.
3. Thomas m. Cover Joy a. Thomas, "Elements Of Information Theory", Wiley Second edition 2013.
4. Yun Q.Shi, Huifang Sun, "Image and Video Compression for Multimedia Engineering: Fundamentals, Algorithms, and Standards, Third Edition", CRC Press,2019.
5. Mark S. Drew, Ze-Nian Li, "Fundamentals of Multimedia", PHI, Springer Nature; 2nd ed. 2014.
6. Mohammed Ghanbari, Standard Codecs: Image compression to Advanced Video Coding, Telecommunication Series, IET, 3rd edition, 2011.
7. Peter Symes, Digital Video Compression, McGraw Hill, 2004
8. Iain E.G. Richardson, H.264 and MPEG-4, Video Compression: Video Coding for Next generation Multimedia, John Wiley, 2003.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	✔	✔	✔			✔
CO2	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔
CO3	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔
CO4	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔
CO5	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔

NC4251 **COGNITIVE RADIO NETWORKS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Understand the fundamental concepts of cognitive radio networks.
- Develop the cognitive radio, as well as techniques for spectrum holes detection that cognitive radio takes advantages in order to exploit it.
- Understand the functions of MAC layer and Network layer and its various protocols
- Understand fundamental issues regarding dynamic spectrum access, the radio-resource management and trading
- Interpret the basics of security management and the various attacks & its countermeasures

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COGNITIVE RADIO 9

Cognitive Radio : Techniques and signal processing History and background, Communication policy and Spectrum Management, Cognitive radio cycle, Cognitive radio architecture, SDR architecture for cognitive radio, Spectrum sensing Single node sensing: energy detection, cyclo stationary and wavelet based sensing- problem formulation and performance analysis based on probability of detection Vs SNR. Cooperative sensing: different fusion rules, wideband spectrum

UNIT II SPECTRUM SENSING AND TRADING 9

Introduction –Spectrum Sensing – Multiband Spectrum Sensing – Sensing Techniques – Other

algorithms – Comparison – Performance Measure & Design Trade-Offs : Receiver operating characteristics – Throughput Performance measure –Fundamental limits and trade-off. Introduction to spectrum trading, classification to spectrum trading, radio resource pricing, brief discussion on economics theories in DSA (utility, auction theory), classification of auctions (single auctions, double auctions, concurrent, sequential)

UNIT III MAC PROTOCOLS AND NETWORK LAYER DESIGN 9

Functionality of MAC protocol in spectrum access –classification –Interframe spacing and MAC challenges – QOS – Spectrum sharing in CRAHN –CRAHN models – CSMA/CA based MAC protocols for CRAHN – Routing in CRN– Centralized and Distributed protocols – Geographical Protocol

UNIT IV DYNAMIC SPECTRUM ACCESS AND MANAGEMENT 9

Spectrum broker, Dynamic spectrum access architecture- centralized dynamic spectrum access, distributed dynamic spectrum access, Inter- and intra-RAN dynamic spectrum allocation, Spectrum management, Spectrum sharing, Spectrum mobility issues

UNIT V TRUSTED COGNITIVE RADIO NETWORKS AND RESEARCH CHALLENGES 9

Trust for CRN :Fundamentals – Models – Effects of Trust Management –Security properties in CRN – Route Disruption attacks –Jamming attacks –PU Emulation attacks. Network layer and transport layer issues, cross layer design for cognitive radio networks.

OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of cognitive radio networks.
CO2: Interpret the basics of various spectrum sensing techniques and algorithms
CO3: Understand the functions of MAC layer and Network layer and its various protocols
CO4: Recognize the concepts of cooperative spectrum sensing and handoff process
CO5: Understand fundamental issues regarding dynamic spectrum access, the radio-resource management and trading, as well as a number of optimization techniques for better spectrum exploitation.

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. Cognitive Radio, Software Defined Radio and Adaptive Wireless Systems", Hüseyin Arslan, Springer, ISBN 978-1-4020-5541-6 (HB), 2007.
2. Linda Doyle, "Essentials of Cognitive Radio", Cambridge University Press, 2009.
3. Kwang-Cheng Chen, Ramjee Prasad, "Cognitive radio networks", John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2009.
4. Cognitive Radio Technology", by Bruce A. Fette, Elsevier, ISBN 10: 0-7506-7952-2, 2006.
5. Alexander M. Wyglinski, Maziar Nekovee, and Y. Thomas Hou, "Cognitive Radio Communications and Networks - Principles and Practice", Elsevier Inc., 2010.

CU4076 **SPEECH PROCESSING** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce speech production and related parameters of speech.
- To illustrate the concepts of speech signal representations and coding.
- To understand different speech modeling procedures such Markov and their implementation issues.
- To gain knowledge about text analysis and speech synthesis.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF SPEECH PROCESSING 9

Introduction – Spoken Language Structure – Phonetics and Phonology – Syllables and Words – Syntax and Semantics – Probability, Statistics and Information Theory – Probability Theory – Estimation Theory – Significance Testing – Information Theory.

UNIT II SPEECH SIGNAL REPRESENTATIONS AND CODING 9

Overview of Digital Signal Processing – Speech Signal Representations – Short time Fourier Analysis – Acoustic Model of Speech Production – Linear Predictive Coding – Cepstral Processing – Formant Frequencies – The Role of Pitch – Speech Coding – LPC Coder, CELP, Vocoders.

UNIT III SPEECH RECOGNITION 9

Hidden Markov Models – Definition – Continuous and Discontinuous HMMs – Practical Issues – Limitations. Acoustic Modeling – Variability in the Speech Signal – Extracting Features – Phonetic Modeling – Adaptive Techniques – Confidence Measures – Other Techniques.

UNIT IV TEXT ANALYSIS 9

Lexicon – Document Structure Detection – Text Normalization – Linguistic Analysis – Homograph Disambiguation – Morphological Analysis – Letter-to-sound Conversion – Prosody – Generation schematic – Speaking Style – Symbolic Prosody – Duration Assignment – Pitch Generation

UNIT V SPEECH SYNTHESIS 9

Attributes – Formant Speech Synthesis – Concatenative Speech Synthesis – Prosodic Modification of Speech – Source-filter Models for Prosody Modification – Evaluation of TTS Systems.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Model speech production system and describe the fundamentals of speech.
CO2: Extract and compare different speech parameters.
CO3: Choose an appropriate statistical speech model for a given application.
CO4: Design a speech recognition system.
CO5: Use different text analysis and speech synthesis techniques.

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. Ben Gold and Nelson Morgan, “Speech and Audio Signal Processing, Processing and Perception of Speech and Music”, Wiley- India Edition, 2006
2. Claudio Becchetti and Lucio Prina Ricotti, “Speech Recognition”, John Wiley and Sons,

1999.
3. Daniel Jurafsky and James H Martin, “Speech and Language Processing – An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics, and Speech Recognition”, Pearson Education, 2002.
4. Frederick Jelinek, “Statistical Methods of Speech Recognition”, MIT Press, 1997. 5. Lawrence Rabiner and Biing-Hwang Juang, “Fundamentals of Speech Recognition”, Pearson Education, 2003.
5. Steven W. Smith, “The Scientist and Engineer"s Guide to Digital Signal Processing”, California Technical Publishing, 1997.
6. Thomas F Quatieri, “Discrete-Time Speech Signal Processing – Principles and Practice”, Pearson Education, 2004.

CU4002 **mm WAVE COMMUNICATION** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the fundamentals of Millimeter wave devices and circuits.
- To understand the various components of Millimeter wave Communications system.
- To know the antenna design at Millimeter wave frequencies.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Millimeter wave characteristics- millimeter wave wireless, implementation challenges, Radio wave propagation for mm wave: Large scale propagation channel effects, small scale channel effects, Outdoor and Indoor channel models, Emerging applications of millimeter wave communications.

UNIT II MM WAVE DEVICES AND CIRCUITS 9

Millimeter wave generation and amplification: Peniotrons, Ubitrons, Gyrotrons and Free electron lasers. HEMT, models for mm wave Transistors, transistor configurations, Analog mm wave components: Amplifiers, Mixers, VCO, PLL. Metrics for analog mm wave devices, Consumption factor theory, Trends and architectures for mm wave wireless, ADC’s and DAC’s.

UNIT III MM WAVE COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS 9

Modulations for millimeter wave communications: OOK, PSK, FSK, QAM, OFDM, Millimeter wave link budget, Transceiver architecture, Transceiver without mixer, Receiver without Oscillator, Millimeter wave calibration, production and manufacture, Millimeter wave design considerations.

UNIT IV MM WAVE MIMO SYSTEMS 9

Massive MIMO Communications, Spatial diversity of Antenna Arrays, Multiple Antennas, Multiple Transceivers, Noise coupling in MIMO system, Potential benefits for mm wave systems, Spatial, Temporal and Frequency diversity, Dynamic spatial, frequency and modulation allocation.

UNIT V ANTENNAS FOR MM WAVE SYSTEMS 9

Antenna beamwidth, polarization, advanced beam steering and beam forming, mm wave design consideration, On-chip and In package mm wave antennas, Techniques to improve gain of on-chip antennas, Implementation for mm wave in adaptive antenna arrays, Device to Device communications over 5G systems, Design techniques of 5G mobile.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion the student will be able to

CO1: understand the Millimeter wave characteristics and implementation challenges faced.

CO2: understand Millimeter devices and circuits

CO3: apply his knowledge on the Modulation techniques for millimeter wave communications

CO4: design antenna for Millimeter wave frequencies

CO5: Familiar with Millimeter wave technology

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. K.C. Huang, Z. Wang, "Millimeter Wave Communication Systems", Wiley-IEEE Press, March 2011.
2. Robert W. Heath, Robert C. Daniel, James N. Theodore S. Rappaport, Murdock, "Millimeter Wave Wireless Communication", Prentice Hall, 2014.
3. Xiang, W; Zheng, K; Shen, X.S; "5G Mobile Communications: Springer, 2016.

CU4003 **ANALOG AND MIXED SIGNAL VLSI DESIGN** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To study the concepts of MOS large signal model and small signal model
- To understand the concepts of D/A conversion methods and their architectures.
- To learn filters for ADC.
- To study about the switched capacitor circuits.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND BASIC MOS DEVICES 9

Challenges in analog design-Mixed signal layout issues- MOS FET structures and characteristicslarge signal and small signal model of single stage Amplifier-Source follower-Common gate stage – Cascode Stage – large and small signal analysis of differential amplifier with active load, pole-zero estimation, zero value time constant method, frequency response of CS, cascade and cascade amplifiers

UNIT II SUBMICRON CIRCUIT DESIGN 9

Submicron CMOS process flow, Capacitors and resistors, Current mirrors, Digital Circuit Design, Delay Elements – Adders- OP Amp parameters and Design

UNIT III DATA CONVERTERS 9

Static and dynamic errors in DAC and ADC – Architectures & Characteristics of Sample and HoldDigital to Analog Converters- DAC- R-2R, weighted DAC, multiplying DAC, segmented DAC and sigma delta DAC. ADC – Flash ADC, pipelined ADC, successive approximation ADC, sigma delta ADC.

UNIT IV SNR IN DATA CONVERTERS 9

Overview of SNR of Data Converters- Clock Jitters- Improving Using Averaging – Decimating Filters for ADC- Band pass and High Pass Sinc Filters- Interpolating Filters for DAC

UNIT V SWITCHED CAPACITOR CIRCUITS 9

Resistors, First order low pass Circuit, Switched capacitor Amplifier, Switched Capacitor Integrator – Design of flip around sample and hold circuit – pipelined ADC.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course , the student will be able to

CO1: Able to understand the Basic MOS devices characteristics & Analyze their frequency responses

CO2: Able to Design submicron circuit.

CO3: In a position to apply his knowledge on the DAC & ADC conversions.

CO4: Able to analyze the SNR in Data converters.

CO5: Able to Design and analyze switched capacitor circuits

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. J. Jacob Wikner, Mikael Gustavsson, Nianxiong Tan "CMOS Data Converters for Communications" Springer, 2000.
2. Van de Plassche, Rudy J., "CMOS Integrated Analog-to-Digital and Digital-to-Analog Converters" Springer, 2003.

CU4074 **ULTRA WIDEBAND COMMUNICATION** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To give fundamental concepts related to Ultra wide band
- To understand the channel model and signal processing for UWB.
- To acquire knowledge about UWB antennas and regulations.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO UWB **9**

History, Definition, FCC Mask, UWB features, Benefits and challenges, UWB Interference: IEEE 802.11.a Interference, Signal to Interference ratio calculation, Interference with other wireless services.

UNIT II UWB TECHNOLOGIES AND CHANNEL MODELS **9**

Impulse Radio, Pulsed Multiband, Multiband OFDM, features : Complexity, Power Consumption, Security and achievable data rate. MIMO Multiband OFDM, Differential multiband OFDM, Performance characterization, Ultra Wide Band Wireless Channels

Channel model: Impulse Response Modeling of UWB Wireless Channels, IEEE UWB channel model, Path loss, Delay profiles, Time and frequency modeling.

UNIT III UWB SIGNAL PROCESSING **9**

Data Modulation schemes, UWB Multiple Access Modulation, BER, Rake Receiver, Transmit-Reference (T-R) Technique, UWB Range- Data Rate Performance, UWB Channel Capacity, UWB Wireless Locationing: Position Locationing Methods, Time of Arrival Estimation, NLOS Location Error , Locationing with OFDM

UNIT IV UWB ANTENNAS **9**

Antenna Requirements, Radiation Mechanism of the UWB Antennas, Types of Broad band antennas, Parameters, Analysis of UWB Antennas, Link Budget for UWB System. Design examples of broad band UWB antennas.

UNIT V UWB APPLICATIONS AND REGULATIONS 9

Ultra wideband receiver architecture, Wireless Ad hoc Networking, UWB Wireless Sensor, RFID, Consumer Electronics and Personal, Asset Location, Medical applications, UWB Regulation and standards in various countries , UWB Regulation in ITU, IEEE Standardization

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion the students will be able to

CO1: understand the basic concepts of UWB ..
CO2: understand the basic concepts of UWB technologies.
CO3: Ability to assess the performance of UWB channels.
CO4: ability to apply the UWB signal processing
CO5: to design UWB antenna for various applications.

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. Homayoun Nikookar and Ramjee Prasad, "Introduction to Ultra Wideband for Wireless Communications"1st Edition, Springer Science & Business Media B.V. 2010.
2. Thomas Kaiser, Feng Zheng "Ultra Wideband Systems with MIMO", 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, New York, 2010.
3. W. Pam Siriwongpairat and K. J. Ray Liu, "Ultra-Wideband Communications Systems: Multiband OFDM approach" John Wiley and IEEE press, New York 2008.
4. Huseyin Arslan,Zhi Ning Chen,Maria-Gabriella Di Benedetto "Ultra Wideband Wireless communication" Wiley-Interscience; 1st edition 2006.

CU4075 VLSI FOR WIRELESS COMMUNICATION L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts of basic wireless communication concepts.
- To study the parameters in receiver and low noise amplifier design.
- To study the various types of mixers designed for wireless communication.
- To study and design PLL and VCO.
- To understand the concepts of transmitters and power amplifiers in wireless communication.

UNIT I COMMUNICATION CONCEPTS 9

Introduction – Overview of Wireless systems – Standards – Access Methods – Modulation schemes – Classical channel – Wireless channel description – Path loss – Multipath fading – Standard Translation.

UNIT II RECEIVER ARCHITECTURE & LOW NOISE AMPLIFIERS 9

Receiver front end – Filter design – Non-idealities – Design parameters – Noise figure & Input intercept point. LNA Introduction – Wideband LNA design – Narrow band LNA design: Impedance matching & Core amplifier.

UNIT III MIXERS 9

Balancing Mixer - Qualitative Description of the Gilbert Mixer - Conversion Gain – Distortion – Noise - A Complete Active Mixer. Switching Mixer – Distortion, Conversion Gain & Noise in Unbalanced Switching Mixer - A Practical Unbalanced Switching Mixer. Sampling Mixer - Conversion Gain, Distortion, Intrinsic & Extrinsic Noise in Single Ended Sampling Mixer.

UNIT IV FREQUENCY SYNTHESIZERS 9

PLL – Phase detector – Dividers – Voltage Controlled Oscillators – LC oscillators – Ring Oscillators – Phase noise – Loop filters & design approaches – A complete synthesizer design example (DECT) – Frequency synthesizer with fractional divider.

UNIT V TRANSMITTER ARCHITECTURES & POWER AMPLIFIERS 9

Transmitter back end design – Quadrature LO generator – Power amplifier design.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the student should be able to

CO1: Able to recollect basic wireless communication concepts.

CO2: To understand the parameters in receiver and design a low noise amplifier

CO3: In a position to apply his knowledge on various types of mixers designed for wireless communication.

CO4: Design PLL and VCO

CO5: Understand the concepts of transmitters and utilize the power amplifiers in wireless communication.

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. Bosco H Leung “VLSI for Wireless Communication”, Pearson Education, 2002.
2. B.Razavi ,”RF Microelectronics” , Prentice-Hall ,1998.
3. Behzad Razavi, “Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits” McGraw-Hill, 1999.
4. Emad N Farag and Mohamed I Elmasry, “Mixed Signal VLSI wireless design – Circuits & Systems”, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2000.
5. J. Crols and M. Steyaert, “CMOS Wireless Transceiver Design,” Boston, Kluwer Academic Pub., 1997.
6. Thomas H.Lee, “The Design of CMOS Radio – Frequency Integrated Circuits”, Cambridge University Press ,2003.

VL4073 MEMS AND NEMS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- to introduce the concepts of Micro Electro Mechanical devices.
- to know the fabrication process of microsystems.
- to know the design concepts of micro sensors and micro actuators.
- to familiarize concepts of Quantum Mechanics and Nano systems.

UNIT I OVERVIEW 9

New trends in Engineering and Science: Micro and Nanoscale systems, introduction to design of MEMS and NEMS, MEMS and NEMS – applications, devices and structures. Materials for MEMS: Silicon, Silicon compounds, polymers, metals

UNIT II MEMS FABRICATION TECHNOLOGIES 9

Microsystem Fabrication Processes: Photolithography, Ion Implantation, Diffusion, Oxidation. Thin Film Depositions: LPCVD, Sputtering, Evaporation, Electroplating; Etching Techniques: Dry and Wet Etching, Electrochemical Etching; Micromachining: Bulk Micromachining, Surface Micromachining, High Aspect- Ratio (LIGA and LIGA-Like) Technology; Packaging: Microsystems Packaging, Essential Packaging Technologies, Selection of Packaging Materials

UNIT III MICRO SENSORS 9

MEMS Sensors: Design of Acoustic Wave Sensors, Resonant Sensor, Vibratory Gyroscope, Capacitive and Piezo Resistive Pressure Sensors- Engineering Mechanics Behind These Microsensors. Case Study: Piezo-Resistive Pressure Sensor.

UNIT IV MICRO ACTUATORS 9

Design of Actuators: Actuation Using Thermal Forces, Actuation Using Shape Memory Alloys, Actuation Using Piezoelectric Crystals, Actuation using Electrostatic Forces (Parallel Plate, Torsion Bar, Comb Drive Actuators), Micromechanical Motors and Pumps. Case Study: Comb Drive Actuators.

UNIT V NANOSYSTEMS AND QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

Atomic Structures and Quantum Mechanics, Molecular and Nanostructure Dynamics: Schrodinger Equation and Wave Function Theory, Density Functional Theory, Nanostructures and Molecular Dynamics, Electromagnetic Fields and their Quantization, Molecular Wires and Molecular Circuits

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the student should be able to:

CO1:Discuss micro sensors
CO2:Explain micro actuators
CO3:Outline nanosystems and Quantum mechanics
CO4:Design micro actuators for different applications
CO5:Analyze atomic sturctures

REFERENCES

1. Chang Liu, “Foundations of MEMS”, Pearson Education India Limited, 2006.
2. Marc Madou, “Fundamentals of Microfabrication”, CRC Press 1997.
3. Stephen D. Senturia,” Micro System Design”, Kluwer Academic Publishers,2001
4. Sergey Edward Lyshevski, “MEMS and NEMS: Systems, Devices, and Structures” CRC Press, 2002.
5. Tai Ran Hsu ,”MEMS and Microsystems Design and Manufacture” ,Tata Mcraw Hill, 2002.

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CO1	3	0	2	3	0	0
CO2	3	0	2	3	0	0

CO3	3	0	2	3	0	0
AVG	(9/3)=3	0	(6/3)=2	(9/3)=3	0	0

CU4004 **ADVANCED ANTENNA DESIGN** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the antenna radiation characteristics and arrays.
- To enhance the student knowledge in the area of various antenna design.
- To enhance the student knowledge in the area of antenna for practical applications.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS 9

Physical concept of radiation, Radiation pattern, near- and far-field regions, reciprocity, directivity and gain, effective aperture, polarization, input impedance, efficiency, Friis transmission equation, radiation integrals and auxiliary potential functions.

UNIT II THIN LINEAR ANTENNAS AND ARRAYS 9

Infinitesimal dipole, finite-length dipole, linear elements near conductors, dipoles for mobile communication, small circular loop, N-Element Linear Array, Antenna element spacing without grating lobes, Linear broadside array with non-uniform distributions, Gain of regularly spaced planar arrays with d = λ/2, Tchebyscheff Array antennas.

UNIT III SECONDARY SOURCES AND APERTURE ANTENNAS 9

Magnetic currents, Duality, Images of electric and magnetic currents, electric and magnetic currents as sheet sources, Impressed and induced current sources, Induction and equivalence theorems, Field of a secondary or Huygens source, Radiation from open end of a coaxial line, Radiation through an aperture in conducting screen, slot antenna.

UNIT IV EFFECT OF MUTUAL COUPLING ON ANTENNAS 9

Accounting for mutual effects for dipole array compensation using open-circuit voltages, compensation using the minimum norm formulation, Effect of mutual coupling- constant Jammers, Constant Signal, Compensation of mutual coupling- constant Jammers, Constant Signal, Result of different elevation angle.

UNIT V ADAPTIVE ARRAY CONCEPT 9

Motivation of using Adaptive Arrays, Adaptive Array problem statement, Signal Environment, Array Element Spacing considerations, Array Performance, Concept of optimum Array Processing, Recursive Methods for Adaptive Error Processing.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the student should be able to
CO1:Acquire the knowledge about basic antenna parameters.
CO2:Theoretically analyze wire antennas and arrays.

CO3:Identify secondary sources, aperture, broadband and frequency independent antennas.
CO4:Apply the knowledge of mutual coupling on antennas, applications and numerical techniques.
CO5:Acquire brief knowledge about adaptive array concept.

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. Balanis, C., Antennas, John Wiley and sons (2007) 3rd
2. Milligan, Thomas A., Modern Antenna Design 2nd edition, IEEE press, Wiley Interscience (2005).
3. David B. Davidson, Computational Electromagnetics for RF and Microwave Engineering, Cambridge University Press 2005.
4. Neelakanta, Perambur S., and Chatterjee, Rajeswari, Antennas for Information Super Skyways: An Exposition on Outdoor and Indoor Wireless Antennas, Research Studies Press Ltd. (2004).
5. Godara, Lal Chand, Smart Antennas, CRC Press (2004).
6. Munk, Ben A., Finite Antenna Arrays and FSS, John Wiley and Sons (2003).

CU4005 SOFTWARE DEFINED RADIOS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn various design principles of software defined radio.
- To understand challenges of receiver design.
- To design smart antennas for SDR.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE RADIO CONCEPTS 9

SDR concepts & history, Benefits of SDR, SDR Forum, Ideal SDR architecture, SDR Based End-to-End Communication, Worldwide frequency band plans, Aim and requirements of the SCA. Architecture Overview, Functional View, Networking Overview, Core Framework, Real Time Operating Systems.

UNIT II RADIO FREQUENCY IMPLEMENTATION ISSUES 9

Purpose of RF front – end, Dynamic range, RF receiver front – end topologies, Enhanced flexibility of the RF chain with software radios, Importance of the components to overall performance, Transmitter architectures and their issues, Noise and distortion in the RF chain, ADC & DAC distortion, Pre-distortion, Flexible RF systems using micro-electromechanical systems.

UNIT III MULTIRATE SIGNAL PROCESSING IN SDR 9

Sample rate conversion principles, Polyphase filters, Digital filter banks, Timing recovery in digital receivers using multirate digital filters.

UNIT IV SMART ANTENNAS 9

Smart antennas, Adaptive techniques, Phased array antennas, Applying SDR principles to antenna systems, Smart antenna architectures, Low Cost SDR Platform, Requirements and system architecture, Convergence between military and commercial systems, The Future For Software Defined Radio.

UNIT V OBJECT ORIENTED REPRESENTATION OF RADIOS AND NETWORK 9

Networks, Object –oriented programming, Object brokers, Mobile application environments, Joint

Tactical radio system. **Case Studies in Software Radio Design:** SPEAKeasy, JTRS, Wireless Information transfer system, SDR-3000 digital transceiver subsystem, Spectrum Ware, Brief introduction to Cognitive Networking. Processing, Recursive Methods for Adaptive Error Processing.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the student should be able to

CO1. Demonstrate advanced knowledge in the evolving paradigm of Software defined radio and technologies for its implementation.

CO2. Analyse complex problems critically in the domains of Radio frequency implementation issues,

CO3. Apply multirate signal processing in SDR

CO4. Implement Smart antenna techniques for better spectrum exploitation for conducting research.

CO5. Apply appropriate techniques for the development of scientific and technological knowledge in designing software defined radios.

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. Jeffrey Hugh Reed, "Software Radio: A Modern Approach to Radio Engineering," Prentice Hall Professional, 2002.
2. Paul Burns, "Software Defined Radio for 3G," Artech House, 2002.
3. Tony J Rouphael, "RF and DSP for SDR," Elsevier Newnes Press, 2008
4. P. Kenington, "RF and Baseband Techniques for Software Defined Radio," Artech House, 2005.
5. Dillinger, Madani, Alonistioti (Eds.), Software Defined Radio, Architectures, Systems and Functions, Wiley, 2003
6. Bard, Kovarik, Software Defined Radio, the Software Communications Architecture, Wiley, 2007

CU4073 **IMAGE PROCESSING AND VIDEO ANALYTICS** **L T P C**
3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To comprehend the relation between human visual system and machine perception and processing of digital images
- To provide a detailed approach towards image processing applications like enhancement, segmentation, and compression.
- To also explore the integration principles of communication system working with different sampling rates.
- To analysis the fundamentals of digital image processing, image and video analysis
- To present the mathematics and algorithms that underlie image analysis techniques.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND DIGITAL IMAGE FUNDAMENTALS 9

Introduction: Introduction & Applications, Elements of visual perception, Image sensing and acquisition, simple image formation, Image sampling and Quantization, Representing digital pixels, Image quality, Introduction to colour image – RGB and HSI Models.

Image enhancement in Spatial domain: Introduction to image enhancement, basic grey level transforms, Histogram, Histogram-processing equalization, Matching & colour histogram,

Enhancement using arithmetic/logic operations, spatial filtering, Smoothing spatial filtering, Sharpening spatial filtering.

UNIT II IMAGE PROCESSING TECHNIQUES 9

Image Enhancement: Spatial Domain methods: Histogram Processing, Fundamentals of Spatial Filtering, Smoothing Spatial filters, Sharpening Spatial filters Frequency Domain methods: Basics of filtering in frequency domain, image smoothing, image sharpening, selective filtering Image Segmentation: Segmentation concepts, point, line and Edge detection, Thresholding, region based segmentation

UNIT III VIDEO PROCESSING AND MOTION ESTIMATION 9

Analog video, Digital Video, Time varying Image Formation models : 3D motion models, Geometric Image formation , Photometric Image formation, sampling of video signals, filtering operations 2-D Motion Estimation: Optical flow, general methodologies, pixel based motion estimation, Block matching algorithm, Mesh based motion Estimation, global Motion Estimation, Region based motion estimation, multi resolution motion estimation. Waveform based coding, Block based transform coding, predictive coding, Application of motion estimation in video coding.

UNIT IV INTRODUCTION: VIDEO ANALYTICS 9

Computer Vision: Challenges- Spatial Domain Processing – Frequency Domain Processing-Background Modeling-Shadow Detection-Eigen Faces - Object Detection -Local Features-Mean Shift: Clustering, Tracking - Object Tracking using Active Contours – Tracking & Video Analysis-Kalman filters, condensation, particle, Bayesian filters, hidden Markov models, change detection and model based tracking

UNIT V MOTION UNDERSTANDING 9

Motion estimation and Compensation-Block Matching Method, Motion Segmentation -Thresholding for Change Detection, Estimation of Model parameters - Optical Flow Segmentation-Modified Hough Transform Method- Segmentation for Layered Video Representation-Bayesian Segmentation -Simultaneous Estimation and Segmentation-Motion Field Model - Action Recognition - Low Level Image Processing for Action Recognition

45 PERIODS

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: 30 PERIODS

1. Perform basic operations on images like addition, subtraction etc.
2. Plot the histogram of an image and perform histogram equalization
3. Implement segmentation algorithms
4. Perform video enhancement
5. Perform video segmentation
6. Perform image compression using lossy technique
7. Perform image compression using lossless technique
8. Perform image restoration
9. Convert a colour model into another
10. Calculate boundary features of an image
11. Calculate regional features of an image
12. Detect an object in an image/video using template matching/Bayes classifier

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion, the students will be able to

CO1: Exploration of the limitations of the computational methods on digital images.

CO2: Expected to implement the spatial and frequency domain image transforms on enhancement and restoration of images

CO3: Expected to define the need for compression and evaluate the basic compression algorithms

CO4: Studying the techniques to recover the desired signal parameters and information from the signal corrupted by noisy channel

CO5: Understand the algorithms available for performing analysis on video data and address the challenges

CO6: Understand the approaches for identifying and tracking objects and person with motion based algorithms.

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. Digital Image Processing - Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2008
2. John J. Proakis, Dimitris G. Manolakis, “Digital Signal Processing”, Pearson Education, 2002.
3. Digital Image Processing and Analysis-Human and Computer Vision Application with using CVIP Tools - Scotte Umbaugh, 2nd Ed, CRC Press, 2011
4. John C. Russ, F. Brent Neal-The Image Processing Handbook, Seventh Edition, The Kindle edition (2016), CRC Press,Taylor & Francis Group.
5. John G. Proakis, Masoud Salehi, “Communication Systems Engineering”, Prentice Hall, 1994.
6. Richard Szeliski, “Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications”, Springer, 2011.
7. Yao Wang, JornOstermann and Ya-Qin Zhang, “Video Processing and Communications”, Prentice Hall, 2001.

DS4071 **RADAR SIGNAL PROCESSING** **L T P C**
3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the Radar Signal acquisition and sampling in multiple domains
- To provide clear instruction in radar DSP basics
- To equip the skills needed in both design and analysis of common radar algorithms
- To understand the basics of synthetic aperture imaging and adaptive array processing
- To illustrate how theoretical results are derived and applied in practice

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO RADAR SYSTEMS 9

History and application of radar, basic radar function, elements of pulsed radar,review of signal processing concepts and operations, A preview of basic radar signal processing, radar system components, advanced radar signal processing

UNIT II SIGNAL MODELS 9

Components of a radar signal, amplitude models, types of clutters, noise model and signal-to noise ratio, jamming, frequency models: the doppler shift, spatial models, spectral model

UNIT III SAMPLING AND QUANTIZATION OF PULSED RADAR SIGNALS 9

Domains and criteria for sampling radar signals, Sampling in the fast time dimension,Sampling in slow time: selecting the pulse repetition interval,sampling the dopplerspectrum,Sampling in the spatial and angle dimension, Quantization, I/Q Imbalance and Digital I/Q.

UNIT IV RADAR WAVEFORMS 9

Introduction, The waveform matched filter, Matched filtering of moving targets, The ambiguity function, The pulse burst waveform, frequency-modulated pulse compression waveforms, Range sidelobe control for FM waveforms, the stepped frequency waveform, Phase-modulated pulse compression waveforms, COSTAS Frequency Codes.

UNIT V DOPPLER PROCESSING 9

Alternate forms of the Doppler spectrum, Moving target indication (MTI), Pulse Doppler processing, dwell-to-dwell stagger, Pulse pair processing, additional Doppler processing issues, clutter mapping and the moving target detector, MTI for moving platforms: adaptive displaced phase center antenna processing

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: 30 PERIODS

1.Matched filtering operation
2.Modeling the Propagation of Radar Signals
3.Modeling of radar targets
4. Density-based algorithm for clustering data.
5.MTI radar design, target detection in noise
6.Estimation of bearing angle in noise, clutter modelling
7.Frequency modulated radar signal generation
8.Doppler shift Signal strength
9.SNR loss measurement in pulse compression
10.detection performance of a radar system

75 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: perform radar signal acquisition and sampling
CO2: perform algorithm on radar processing
CO3 design basic radar algorithm
CO4: design on aperture imaging and array processing
CO5: Illustrate theoretical results are derived and applied in practice

REFERENCES

1. Michael O Kolawole, "Radar systems, Peak Detection and Tracking", Elseveir. 2003
2. Introduction To Radar Systems 3/E, Skolnik, McGraw Hill. 2017
3. Radar Principles, Peyton Z. Peebles, Wiley India 2009
4. And Marvin N. Cohen, Fred E. Nathanson, Radar Design Principles-Signal Processing and the environment PHI, 2nd edition, 2006.

EL4251 TELECOMMUNICATION SYSTEM MODELING AND SIMULATION L T P C
3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the student to understand the various aspects of simulation methodology and performance
- To appreciate the significance of selecting sampling frequency and modeling different types of signals and processing them
- To expose the student to the different simulation techniques, their pros and cons and enable him to understand and interpret results using case studies

UNIT I SIMULATION METHODOLOGY 9

Introduction, Aspects of methodology, Performance Estimation, Simulation sampling frequency, Low pass equivalent simulation models for bandpass signals, Multicarrier signals, Non-linear and time-varying systems, Post processing – Basic graphical techniques and estimations

UNIT II RANDOM SIGNAL GENERATION & PROCESSING 9

Uniform random number generation, Mapping uniform random variables to an arbitrary pdf, Correlated and Uncorrelated Gaussian random number generation, PN sequence generation, Random signal processing, Testing of random number generators.

UNIT III MONTE CARLO SIMULATION 9

Fundamental concepts, Application to communication systems, Monte Carlo integration, Semi - analytic techniques, Case study: Performance estimation of a wireless system

UNIT IV ADVANCED MODELS & SIMULATION TECHNIQUES 9

Modeling and simulation of non-linearities : Types, Memoryless non-linearities, Non-linearities with memory, Modeling and simulation of Time varying systems : Random process models, Tapped delay line model, Modeling and simulation of waveform channels, Discrete memoryless channel models, Markov model for discrete channels with memory.

UNIT V EFFICIENT SIMULATION TECHNIQUES 9

Tail extrapolation, pdf estimators, Importance Sampling methods, Case study: Simulation of a Cellular Radio System.

PRACTICALS:

1. Study the spectrum of response of linear and non-linear systems for single tone input
2. Generation of OFDM (multicarrier) signal and plot the spectrum (RF and Low pass equivalent)
3. Generation of uniform / Gaussian random numbers and verification of their probability distribution, autocorrelation and spectrum
4. Generation of uncorrelated and correlated random processes and verification of cross-correlations
5. Generation of PN sequence and verification of properties and spectrum.
6. Application of Monte Carlo simulation for estimation of BER of a wireless communication link
7. Study the impact of non-linearity of amplifier on transmitter symbol constellation with the help of

Saleh model

8. Studying the effect of time invariant (slow fading) frequency selecting channel with the help of symbol constellation
9. Studying the effect of time variant flat fading (memoryless) channel with the help of symbol constellation

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course the student will

CO1: Understand the different signal generation and processing methods

CO2: Mathematically model a physical phenomena.

CO3: Simulate a phenomena so as to depict the characteristics that may be observed in a real experiment.

CO4: Apply knowledge of the different simulation techniques for designing a communication system or channel

CO5: Ability to validate a simulated system performance so as to match a realistic scenario

TOTAL PERIODS:45

REFERENCES

1. William.H.Tranter, K. Sam Shanmugam, Theodore. S. Rappaport, Kurt L. Kosbar, Principles of Communication Systems Simulation, Pearson Education (Singapore) Pvt. Ltd, 2004.
2. M.C. Jeruchim, P.Balaban and K. Sam Shanmugam, Simulation of Communication Systems: Modeling, Methodology and Techniques, Plenum Press, New York, 2001.
3. Averill.M.Law and W. David Kelton, Simulation Modeling and Analysis, McGraw Hill Inc., 2000.
4. Geoffrey Gorden, System Simulation, Prentice Hall of India, 2nd Edition, 1992.
5. Jerry Banks and John S. Carson, Discrete Event System Simulation, Prentice Hall of India, 1984.

EL4072 **SIGNAL DETECTION AND ESTIMATION** **L T P C**
3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts of detection and estimation.
- To learn the basics of multi-user detection theory
- To understand the theory behind various estimation techniques.
- 4. To understand Wiener filter and Kalman filter in detail.

UNIT I REVEIW OF PROBABILITY AND STOCHASTIC PROCESS 9

Conditional Probability, Bayes' Theorem , Random Variables, Conditional Distributions and Densities, moments and distribution of random variables., Stationary Processes Cyclostationary Processes Averages and Ergodicity Autocorrelation Function Power Spectral Density Discrete Time Stochastic Processes, Spatial Stochastic Processes, Random Signals, Relationship of Power Spectral Density and Autocorrelation Function.

UNIT II SINGLE AND MULTIPLE SAMPLE DETECTION 9

Hypothesis Testing and the MAP Criterion, Bayes Criterion, Minimax Criterion, Neyman-Pearson Criterion, Sequential Detection, The Optimum Digital Detector in Additive Gaussian Noise ,

Performance of Binary Receivers in AWGN.

UNIT III FUNDAMENTALS OF ESTIMATION THEORY 9

Formulation of the General Parameter Estimation Problem, Relationship between Detection and Estimation Theory, Types of Estimation Problems, Properties of Estimators, Bayes estimation, Minimax Estimation, Maximum-Likelihood Estimation, Comparison of Estimators of Parameters.

UNIT IV WIENER AND KALMAN FILTERS 9

Orthogonality Principle, Autoregressive Techniques, Discrete Wiener Filter, Continuous Wiener Filter, Generalization of Discrete and Continuous Filter Representations , Linear Least-Squares Methods, Minimum-Variance Weighted Least-Squares Methods, Minimum-Variance, Least Squares, Kalman Algorithm - Computational Considerations, Signal Estimation, Continuous Kalman Filter, Extended Kalman Filter.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS 9

Detector Structures in Non-Gaussian Noise , Examples of Noise Models, Receiver Structures, and Error-Rate Performance, Estimation of Non-Gaussian Noise Parameters Fading Multipath Channel Models, Receiver Structures with Known Channel Parameters, Receiver Structures without Knowledge of Phase, Receiver Structures without Knowledge of Amplitude or Phase, Receiver Structures and Performance with No Channel Knowledge.

PRACTICALS: PERIOD – 30

Suggested List of Experiments

Software Requirement: Matlab / Python / Equivalent

1. Power Spectrum Estimation of a Random Signal
2. Maximum Likelihood Estimation
3. Design of optimum receiver in AWGN channel
4. Wiener Filter Design
5. Adaptive Filter Design using LMS algorithm
6. Minimum Variance Estimation

OUTCOMES:

CO1: Able to understand the importance of probability and stochastic process concepts in detection and estimation.

CO2: Able to design optimum detector and estimator for AWGN channel

CO3: Able to design and analyze the various estimators.

CO4: Able to design Wiener and Kalman filters to solve linear estimation problems.

CO5: Able to design and develop novel receiver structures suitable for modern technology.

TOTAL PERIODS:75

REFERENCES

1. Harry L. Van Trees, "Detection, Estimation and Modulation Theory", Part I John Wiley and Sons, New York, 2004.
2. Ludeman, Lonnie C. Random processes: filtering, estimation, and detection. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2003
3. Sergio Verdu " Multi User Detection" Cambridge University Press, 1998
4. Steven M. Kay, "Fundamentals of Statistical Processing, Volume I: Estimation Theory", Prentice Hall Signal Processing Series, Prentice Hall, PTR, NewJersy, 1993.
5. Thomas Schonhoff, "Detection and Estimation Theory", Prentice Hall, NewJersy, 2007.

VE4072 **REAL TIME EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN** **L T P C**
3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of embedded system and ARM architecture
- To understand the RTOS concepts like scheduling and memory management related to the embedded system
- To learn about the programming aspects of RTOS
- To learn the different protocols of embedded wireless application
- To understand concepts involved in the design of hardware and software components for an embedded system

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Real Time System – Embedded Systems – Architecture of Embedded System – Simple Programming for Embedded System – Process of Embedded System Development – Pervasive Computing – Information Access Devices – Smart Cards – Microcontrollers – ARM Processor - Real Time Microcontrollers.

UNIT II EMBEDDED/REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEM 9

Operating System Concepts: Processes, Threads, Interrupts, Events - Real Time Scheduling Algorithms - Memory Management – Overview of Operating Systems for Embedded, Real Time Handheld Devices – Target Image Creation – Programming In Linux, Rtlinux, Vxworks, Microcontroller Operating System Overview.

UNIT III CONNECTIVITY 9

Wireless Connectivity - Bluetooth – Other Short Range Protocols – Wireless Application Environment – Service Discovery – Middleware.

UNIT IV REAL TIME UML 9

Requirements Analysis – Object Identification Strategies – Object Behaviour – Real Time Design Patterns.

UNIT V SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT AND APPLICATION 9

Concurrency – Exceptions – Tools – Debugging Techniques – Optimization –Interfacing Digital Camera With USB Port.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: 30 PERIODS

1. Read Input From Switch And Automatic Control/Flash LED for ARM Processor
2. Laboratory Exercises On Task Scheduling
3. Simple Program In Linux, Rtlinux And Vxworks
4. Develop a Real Time Security Monitoing System

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, students will be able to

CO1:Make a choice of suitable embedded processor for a given application

CO2:Design the hardware and software for the embedded system

CO3:Design and develop the real time kernel/operating system functions, task control block structure and analyze different task states

CO4:Implement different types of inter task communication and synchronization techniques

CO5:To be able to know about the aspects embedded connectivity in real time systems

REFERENCES:

1. R.J.a.Buhr, D.L.Bailey, “An Introduction To Real-Time Systems”, Prentice-Hall International,1999.
2. David E-Simon, “An Embedded Software Primer”, Pearson Education, 2007.
3. C.M.Krishna, Kang G.Shin, “Real Time Systems”, Mc-Graw Hill, 2010.
4. B.P.Douglass, “Real Time Uml - Advances In the UML for Real-Time Systems, 3rd Edition Addison-Wesley, 2004.
5. K.V.K. Prasad, “Embedded/Real Time Systems: Concepts, Design And Programming”, Dream Tech Press, Black Book, 2005.
6. R.Barnett, L.O.Cull, S.Cox, “Embedded C Programming and the Microchip PIC ”, Thomason Learning, 2004.
7. Wayne Wolf, “Computers As Components - Principles of Embedded Computer System Design”, Mergen Kaufmann Publisher, 2006.
8. Sriram V Iyer, Pankaj Gupta, “Embedded Real Time Systems Programming”, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, 2004.

	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	3	0	3	3	2	0
CO2	3	0	3	3	2	0
CO3	3	0	3	3	2	0
CO4	3	0	3	3	2	0
CO5	3	0	3	3	2	0
Avg	(15/5)=3	(0/0)=0	(15/5)=3	(15/5)=3	(10/5)=2	(0/0)=0

AUDIT COURSES

AX4091 ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING L T P C
2 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Teach how to improve writing skills and level of readability
- Tell about what to write in each section
- Summarize the skills needed when writing a Title
- Infer the skills needed when writing the Conclusion
- Ensure the quality of paper at very first-time submission

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH PAPER WRITING 6

Planning and Preparation, Word Order, Breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness

UNIT II PRESENTATION SKILLS 6

Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts, Introduction

UNIT III TITLE WRITING SKILLS 6

Key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check

UNIT IV RESULT WRITING SKILLS 6

Skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion, skills are needed when writing the Conclusions

UNIT V VERIFICATION SKILLS 6

Useful phrases, checking Plagiarism, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly be the first- time submission

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 –Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability
CO2 – Learn about what to write in each section
CO3 – Understand the skills needed when writing a Title
CO4 – Understand the skills needed when writing the Conclusion
CO5 – Ensure the good quality of paper at very first-time submission

REFERENCES:

1. Adrian Wallwork , English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011
2. Day R How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press 2006
3. Goldbort R Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books) 2006
4. Highman N, Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman's book 1998.

AX4092 **DISASTER MANAGEMENT** **L T P C**
2 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Summarize basics of disaster
- Explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- Illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- Describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- Develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 6

Disaster: Definition, Factors and Significance; Difference between Hazard And Disaster; Natural and Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.

UNIT II REPERCUSSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZARDS 6

Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction Of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, Landslides And Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spills, Outbreaks Of Disease And Epidemics, War And Conflicts.

UNIT III DISASTER PRONE AREAS IN INDIA 6

Study of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone To Floods and Droughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas Prone To Cyclonic and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference To Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases and Epidemics

UNIT IV DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT 6

Preparedness: Monitoring Of Phenomena Triggering a Disaster or Hazard; Evaluation of Risk: Application of Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological And Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental and Community Preparedness.

UNIT V RISK ASSESSMENT 6

Disaster Risk: Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning, People's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Ability to summarize basics of disaster

CO2: Ability to explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.

CO3: Ability to illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.

CO4: Ability to describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.

CO5: Ability to develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

REFERENCES:

1. Goel S. L., Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies",Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,2009.

2. NishithaRai, Singh AK, “Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies “’NewRoyal book Company,2007.
3. Sahni, PardeepEt.Al. ,” Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections”, Prentice Hall OfIndia, New Delhi,2001.

AX4093 CONSTITUTION OF INDIA L T P C
2 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Students will be able to:

- Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
- To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals’ constitutional
- Role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence nation hood in the early years of Indian nationalism.
- To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolutionin1917and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

UNIT I HISTORY OF MAKING OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

History, Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)

UNIT II PHILOSOPHY OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

Preamble, Salient Features

UNIT III CONTOURS OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AND DUTIES

Fundamental Rights, Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

UNIT IV ORGANS OF GOVERNANCE

Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications, Powers and Functions.

UNIT V LOCAL ADMINISTRATION

District’s Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO, Municipal Corporation. Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Pachayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Pachayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy(Different departments), Village level:Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.

UNIT VI ELECTION COMMISSION

Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners - Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to:

- Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization
- of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
- Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party[CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.
- Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

SUGGESTED READING

1. The Constitution of India,1950(Bare Act),Government Publication.
2. Dr.S.N.Busi, Dr.B. R.Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution,1st Edition, 2015.
3. M.P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis,2014.
4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

AX4094	நற்றமிழ் இலக்கியம்	L T P C 2 0 0 0

UNIT I **சங்க இலக்கியம்** **6**

1. தமிழின் துவக்க நூல் தொல்காப்பியம்
   – எழுத்து, சொல், பொருள்
2. அகநானூறு (82)
   - இயற்கை இன்னிசை அரங்கம்
3. குறிஞ்சிப் பாட்டின் மலர்க்காட்சி
4. புறநானூறு (95,195)
   - போரை நிறுத்திய ஔவையார்

UNIT II **அறநெறித் தமிழ்** **6**

1. அறநெறி வகுத்த திருவள்ளுவர்
   - அறம் வலியுறுத்தல், அன்புடைமை, ஒப்புறவு அறிதல், ஈகை, புகழ்
2. பிற அறநூல்கள் - இலக்கிய மருந்து
   – ஏலாதி, சிறுபஞ்சமூலம், திரிகடுகம், ஆசாரக்கோவை

(தூய்மையை வலியுறுத்தும் நூல்)

UNIT III **இரட்டைக் காப்பியங்கள்** **6**

1. கண்ணகியின் புரட்சி
   - சிலப்பதிகார வழக்குரை காதை
2. சமூகசேவை இலக்கியம் மணிமேகலை
   - சிறைக்கோட்டம் அறக்கோட்டமாகிய காதை

UNIT IV **அருள்நெறித் தமிழ்** **6**

1. சிறுபாணாற்றுப்படை
   - பாரி முல்லைக்குத் தேர் கொடுத்தது, பேகன் மயிலுக்குப் போர்வை கொடுத்தது, அதியமான் ஔவைக்கு நெல்லிக்கனி கொடுத்தது, அரசர் பண்புகள்
2. நற்றிணை
   - அன்னைக்குரிய புன்னை சிறப்பு
3. திருமந்திரம் (617, 618)
   - இயமம் நியமம் விதிகள்
4. தர்மச்சாலையை நிறுவிய வள்ளலார்
5. புறநானூறு
   - சிறுவனே வள்ளலானான்

6. அகநானூறு (4) - வண்டு
   நற்றிணை (11) - நண்டு
   கலித்தொகை (11) - யானை, புறா
   ஐந்திணை 50 (27) - மான்
   ஆகியவை பற்றிய செய்திகள்

UNIT V **நவீன தமிழ் இலக்கியம்** **6**

1. உரைநடைத் தமிழ்,
   - தமிழின் முதல் புதினம்,
   - தமிழின் முதல் சிறுகதை,
   - கட்டுரை இலக்கியம்,
   - பயண இலக்கியம்,
   - நாடகம்,
2. நாட்டு விடுதலை போராட்டமும் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,
3. சமுதாய விடுதலையும் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,
4. பெண் விடுதலையும் விளிம்பு நிலையினரின் மேம்பாட்டில் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,
5. அறிவியல் தமிழ்,
6. இணையத்தில் தமிழ்,
7. சுற்றுச்சூழல் மேம்பாட்டில் தமிழ் இலக்கியம்.

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

<u>தமிழ் இலக்கிய வெளியீடுகள் / புத்தகங்கள்</u>

1. தமிழ் இணைய கல்விக்கழகம் (Tamil Virtual University)
   - www.tamilvu.org
2. தமிழ் விக்கிப்பீடியா (Tamil Wikipedia)
   -https://ta.wikipedia.org
3. தர்மபுர ஆதீன வெளியீடு
4. வாழ்வியல் களஞ்சியம்

- தமிழ்ப் பல்கலைக்கழகம், தஞ்சாவூர்

5. தமிழ்கலைக் களஞ்சியம்
   - தமிழ் வளர்ச்சித் துறை (thamilvalarchithurai.com)
6. அறிவியல் களஞ்சியம்
   - தமிழ்ப் பல்கலைக்கழகம், தஞ்சாவூர்

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON-AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY

MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
REGULATIONS – 2021
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs) :

MBA programme curriculum is designed to prepare the post graduate students

I. To have a thorough understanding of the core aspects of the business.
II. To provide the learners with the management tools to identify, analyze and create business opportunities as well as solve business problems.
III. To prepare them to have a holistic approach towards management functions.
IV. To inspire and make them practice ethical standards in business.

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs):

On successful completion of the programme,

1. Ability to apply the business acumen gained in practice.
2. Ability to understand and solve managerial issues.
3. Ability to communicate and negotiate effectively, to achieve organizational and individual goals.
4. Ability to understand one's own ability to set achievable targets and complete them.
5. Ability to fulfill social outreach
6. Ability to take up challenging assignments

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON-AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY

REGULATIONS – 2021
MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (FULL – TIME)
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
CURRICULA AND SYLLABI FOR I TO IV SEMESTERS

SEMESTER - I

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	BA4101	Statistics for Management	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	BA4102	Management Concepts and Organizational Behavior	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	BA4103	Managerial Economics	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	BA4104	Accounting for Decision Making	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	BA4105	Legal Aspects of Business	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	BA4106	Information Management	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Non-Functional Elective	NEC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICAL								
8.	BA4111	Indian ethos (Seminar)	EEC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	BA4112	Business Communication (Laboratory)	EEC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**21**	**0**	**8**	**29**	**25**

NOTE: In the first semester students need to choose one elective from the Non-Functional stream

SEMESTER – II

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	BA4201	Quantitative Techniques for Decision Making	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	BA4202	Financial Management	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	BA4203	Human Resource Management	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	BA4204	Operations Management	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	BA4205	Business Research Methods	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	BA4206	Business Analytics	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	BA4207	Marketing Management	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICAL								
8.	BA4211	Business Ethics (Seminar)	EEC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	BA4212	Data analysis and Business Modelling (Laboratory)	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**21**	**0**	**8**	**29**	**25**

Summer internship – minimum of 4 weeks of internship

The report along with the company certificate should be submitted within the two weeks of the reopening date of 3rd semester. The report should be around 40 pages. The report should be sent to the Controller of Examinations by the HOD through the Principal, before the last working day of the 3rd Semester.

SEMESTER - III

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	BA4301	Strategic Management	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	BA4302	International Business	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3.		Professional Elective I	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.		Professional Elective II	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.		Professional Elective III	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.		Professional Elective IV	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Professional Elective V	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
8.		Professional Elective VI	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICAL								
9.	BA4311	Creativity and Innovation Laboratory	EEC	0	0	4	4	2
10.	BA4312	Summer Internship	EEC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	**24**	**0**	**8**	**32**	**28**

SEMESTER - IV

SI. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
PRACTICAL								
1.	BA4411	Project Work	EEC	0	0	24	24	12
			TOTAL	**0**	**0**	**24**	**24**	**12**

TOTAL :90 CREDITS

NON FUNCTIONAL ELECTIVES (2 electives)

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	BA4032	Entrepreneurship Development	NEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	BA4033	Event Management	NEC	3	0	0	3	3

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES (PEC)

FUNCTIONAL SPECIALISATIONS

1. Students can take three elective subjects from **two functional** specializations
   Or
2. Students can take six elective subjects from any **one sectoral** specialization

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
Stream/ Specialization : **Financial Management [7]**								
1.	BA4001	Security Analysis and Portfolio Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	BA4002	Financial Markets	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	BA4003	Banking and Financial Services	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	BA4004	Financial Derivatives	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	BA4005	Financial Modelling	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	BA4006	International Finance	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	BA4007	Behavioral Finance	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
Stream/ Specialization : **Marketing Management [7]**								
8.	BA4008	Retail Marketing	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
9.	BA4009	Consumer Behavior	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
10.	BA4010	Integrated Marketing Communication	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
11.	BA4011	Services Marketing	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
12.	BA4012	Sales and Distribution Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
13.	BA4013	Product and Brand Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
14.	BA4014	Digital Marketing	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

Stream/ Specialization : **Human Resource Management [6]**								
15.	BA4015	Strategic Human Resource Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
16.	BA4016	Industrial relations and labour legislations	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
17.	BA4017	Organizational, design, change and development	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
18.	BA4018	Negotiation and conflict management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
19.	BA4019	Reward and Compensation management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
20.	BA4020	International Human Resource Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
Stream/ Specialization : **Operations Management [6]**								
21.	BA4021	Supply Chain Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
22.	BA4022	Quality Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
23.	BA4023	Materials Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
24.	BA4024	Services Operations Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
25.	BA4025	Supply Chain Analytics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
26.	BA4026	Project Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
Stream/ Specialization : **Business Analytics [5]**								
27.	BA4027	Data Mining for Business Intelligence	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
28.	BA4028	Deep Learning and Artificial Intelligence	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
29.	BA4029	Social media web Analytics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
30.	BA4030	E-Business Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
31.	BA4031	Enterprise Resource Planning	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SECTORAL SPECIALIZATIONS

1. Students can take three elective subjects from two functional specializations
   or
2. Students can take six elective subjects from any one sectoral specialization

(a) Logistics and Supply Chain Management
(b) Infrastructure and Real Estate Management
(c) Tourism Management

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
Sectoral Specialization: **Logistics and Supply Chain Management**								
1.	BA4051	Supply Chain Concepts and Planning	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	BA4052	Sourcing and Supply Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	BA4053	Supply Chain Inventory Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	BA4054	Supply Chain Information System	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	BA4055	Warehouse Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	BA4056	Transportation and Distribution Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
7.	BA4057	Reverse and Contract Logistics	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
8.	BA4058	Air Cargo Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
9.	BA4059	Containerization and Allied Business	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
10.	BA4060	Exim Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
11.	BA4061	Fundamentals of Shipping	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
12.	BA4062	Port and Terminal Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
Sectoral Specialization :**Infrastructure and Real Estate Management**								
13.	BA4063	Infrastructure Planning Scheduling and Control	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
14.	BA4064	Contracts and Arbitration	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
15.	BA4065	Project Management for Infrastructure	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
16.	BA4066	Management of Human Resources, Safety and Quality	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
17.	BA4067	Disaster Mitigation and Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
18.	BA4068	Economics and Financial Management in Construction	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
19.	BA4069	Urban Environmental Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
20.	BA4070	Smart Materials, Techniques and Equipments for Infrastructure	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
21.	BA4071	Strategic Airport Infrastructure Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
22.	BA4072	Real Estate Marketing and Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
23.	BA4073	Infrastructure and Real Estate Entrepreneurship	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
24.	BA4074	Valuation of Real Estate and Infrastructure Assets	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
Sectoral Specialization : **Tourism Management**								
25.	BA4075	Tourism Principles and Practices	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
26.	BA4076	Travel Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
27.	BA4077	International Tourism	PEC	3	3	0	0	3

28.	BA4078	Tourism Geography	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
29.	BA4079	Culture and Heritage	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
30.	BA4080	Tourism Products in India	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
31.	BA4081	Accommodation and House Keeping Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
32.	BA4082	Travel Media and Public Relations	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
33.	BA4083	Destination Planning and Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
34.	BA4084	Tour Operations	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
35.	BA4085	Leisure and Recreation Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
36.	BA4086	Medical Tourism	PEC	3	3	0	0	3

BA4101 **STATISTICS FOR MANAGEMENT** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To learn the applications of statistics in business decision making.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **9**

Basic definitions and rules for probability, conditional probability independence of events, Baye's theorem, and random variables, Probability distributions: Binomial, Poisson, Uniform and Normal distributions.

UNIT II SAMPLING DISTRIBUTION AND ESTIMATION **9**

Introduction to sampling distributions, sampling distribution of mean and proportion, application of central limit theorem, sampling techniques. Estimation: Point and Interval estimates for population parameters of large sample and small samples, determining the sample size.

UNIT III TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS - PARAMETIRC TESTS **9**

Hypothesis testing: one sample and two sample tests for means and proportions of large samples (z-test), one sample and two sample tests for means of small samples (t-test), F-test for two sample standard deviations. ANOVA one and two way

UNIT IV NON-PARAMETRIC TESTS **9**

Chi-square test for single sample standard deviation. Chi-square tests for independence of attributes and goodness of fit. Sign test for paired data. Rank sum test. Kolmogorov-Smirnov – test for goodness of fit, comparing two populations. Mann – Whitney U test and Kruskal Wallis test. One sample run test.

UNIT V CORRELATION AND REGRESSION **9**

Correlation – Coefficient of Determination – Rank Correlation – Regression – Estimation of Regression line – Method of Least Squares – Standard Error of estimate.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- To facilitate objective solutions in business decision making.
- To understand and solve business problems.
- To apply statistical techniques to data sets, and correctly interpret the results.
- To develop skill-set that is in demand in both the research and business environments.
- To enable the students to apply the statistical techniques in a work setting.

REFERENCES:

1. Richard I. Levin, David S. Rubin, Masood H.Siddiqui, Sanjay Rastogi, Statistics for Management, Pearson Education, 8th Edition, 2017.
2. Prem. S. Mann, Introductory Statistics, Wiley Publications, 9th Edition, 2015.
3. T N Srivastava and Shailaja Rego, Statistics for Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition 2017.
4. Ken Black, Applied Business Statistics, 7th Edition, Wiley India Edition, 2012.
5. David R. Anderson, Dennis J. Sweeney, Thomas A.Williams, Jeffrey D.Camm, James J.Cochran, Statistics for business and economics, 13th edition, Thomson (South – Western) Asia, Singapore, 2016.
6. N. D. Vohra, Business Statistics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.

BA4102 MANAGEMENT CONCEPTS AND ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To familiarize the students to the basic concepts of management in order to aid in understanding how an organization functions, and in understanding the complexity and wide variety of issues managers face in today's business firms.
- To acquaint the students with the fundamentals of managing business and to understand individual and group behaviour at work place so as to improve the effectiveness of an organization. The course will use and focus on Indian experiences, approaches and cases.

UNIT I NATURE AND THEORIES OF MANAGEMENT 9

Evolution of management Thought-Classical, Behavioral and Management Science Approaches Management- meaning, levels, management as an art or science, Managerial functions and Roles, Evolution of Management Theory- Classical era- Contribution of F.W.Taylor, Henri Fayol, Neo-Classical-Mayo & Hawthorne Experiments. • Modern era – system & contingency approach Managerial Skills.

UNIT II PLANNING AND ORGANISING 9

Planning - Steps in Planning Process - Scope and Limitations - Forecasting and types of Planning - Characteristics of a sound Plan - Management by Objectives (MBO) - Policies and Strategies - Scope and Formulation - Decision Making - Types, Techniques and Processes.

Organisation Structure and Design - Authority and Responsibility Relationships - Delegation of Authority and Decentralisation - Interdepartmental Coordination - - Impact of Technology on Organisational design - Mechanistic vs Adoptive Structures - Formal and Informal Organisation.Control: meaning, function, Process and types of Control.

UNIT III INDIVIDUAL BEHAVIOUR 9

Meaning of Organizational behavior, contributing disciplines, importance of organizational behavior, Perception and Learning - Personality and Individual Differences - Motivation theories and Job Performance - Values, Attitudes and Beliefs - Communication Types-Process - Barriers - Making Communication Effective.

UNIT IV GROUP BEHAVIOUR 9

Groups and Teams: Definition, Difference between groups and teams, Stages of Group Development, Group Cohesiveness, Types of teams, Group Dynamics - Leadership - Styles - Approaches - Power and Politics - Organisational Structure - Organisational Climate and Culture, Conflict: concept, sources, Types, Stages of conflict, Management of conflict Organisational Change and Development.

UNIT V EMERGING ASPECTS OF ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR 9

Comparative Management Styles and approaches - Japanese Management Practices Organizational Creativity and Innovation - Organizational behavior across cultures - Conditions affecting cross cultural organizational operations, Managing International Workforce, Productivity and cultural contingencies, Cross cultural communication, Management of Diversity.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of course, Students will develop

CO1 Understanding of various management concepts and skills required in the business world

CO2 In-depth knowledge of various functions of management in a real time management context

CO3 Understanding of the complexities associated with management of individual behavior in the organizations

CO4 Develop the skillset to have manage group behaviour in Organizations

CO5 Insights about the current trends in managing organizational behaviour

REFERENCES:

1. Andrew J. Dubrin, Essentials of Management, Thomson Southwestern, 10th edition, 2016.
2. Samuel C. Certo and S.Trevis Certo, Modern Management: Concepts and Skills, Pearson education, 15th edition, 2018.
3. Harold Koontz and Heinz Weihrich, Essentials of Management: An International, Innovation, And Leadership Perspective, 10th edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2015.
4. Charles W.L Hill and Steven L McShane, „Principles of Management, McGraw Hill Education, Special Indian Edition, 2017.
5. Stephen P. Robbins, Timothy A.Judge, Organisational Behavior, PHI Learning / Pearson Education, 16th edition, 2014.
6. Fred Luthans, Organisational Behavior, McGraw Hill, 12th Edition, 2013.
7. Don Hellriegel, Susan E. Jackson and John W,Jr Slocum, Management: A competency-Based Approach, Thompson South Western,11th edition, 2008.
8. Heinz Weihrich, Mark V Cannice and Harold Koontz, Management- A global entrepreneurial perspective, Tata McGraw Hill, 12th edition, 2008.
9. Stephen P. Robbins, David De Cenzo and Mary Coulter, Fundamentals Of Management, Prentice Hall of India,9 th edition 2016.
10. McShane, Mary V. Glinow, Organizational Behavior, 8th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2017.
11. Nelson, Quick, Khandelwal. ORGB – An innovative approach to learning and teaching. Cengage learning. 2nd edition. 2012
12. Robert Konopaske, John M Ivancevich, Michael T Matteson, Oranizational Behavior and Management, 11th edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.
13. Udai Pareek, Understanding Organisational Behavior, 3rd Edition, Oxford Higher Education, 2011.
14. Jerald Greenberg, Behavior in Organizations, PHI Learning. 10th edition. 2011

BA4103 MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To introduce the concepts of scarcity and efficiency; to explain principles of micro economics relevant to managing an organization; to describe principles of macroeconomics to have the understanding of economic environment of business.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

The themes of economics – scarcity and efficiency – three fundamental economic problems – society's capability – Production possibility frontiers (PPF) – Productive efficiency Vs economic efficiency – economic growth & stability – Micro economies and Macro economies – the role of markets and government – Positive Vs negative externalities.

UNIT II CONSUMER AND PRODUCER BEHAVIOUR 9

Market – Demand and Supply – Determinants – Market equilibrium – elasticity of demand and supply – consumer behaviour – consumer equilibrium – Approaches to consumer behaviour – Production – Short-run and long-run Production Function – Returns to scale – economies Vs diseconomies of scale – Analysis of cost – Short-run and long-run cost function – Relation between Production and cost function.

UNIT III PRODUCT AND FACTOR MARKET 9

Product market – perfect and imperfect market – different market structures – Firm's equilibrium and supply – Market efficiency – Economic costs of imperfect competition – factor market – Land, Labour and capital – Demand and supply – determination of factor price – Interaction of product and factor market – General equilibrium and efficiency of competitive markets.

UNIT IV PERFORMANCE OF AN ECONOMY – MACRO ECONOMICS 9

Macro-economic aggregates – circular flow of macroeconomic activity – National income determination – Aggregate demand and supply – Macroeconomic equilibrium – Components of aggregate demand and national income – multiplier effect – Demand side management – Fiscal policy in theory.

UNIT V AGGREGATE SUPPLY AND THE ROLE OF MONEY 9

Short-run and Long-run supply curve – Unemployment and its impact – Okun's law – Inflation and the impact – reasons for inflation – Demand Vs Supply factors –Inflation Vs Unemployement tradeoff – Phillips curve –short- run and long-run –Supply side Policy and management- Money market- Demand and supply of money – money-market equilibrium and national income – the role of monetary policy.

TOTAL: 45PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- To introduce the concepts of scarcity and efficiency;
- To explain principles of microeconomics relevant to managing an organization
- To describe principles of macroeconomics
- To have the understanding of economic environment of business.
- To study about the policies that regulate economic variables

REFERENCES:

1. Paul A. Samuelson, William D. Nordhaus, Sudip Chaudhuri and Anindya Sen, Economics, 19th edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2011
2. William Boyes and Michael Melvin, Textbook of economics, Biztantra, 7 th edition 2008.
3. N. Gregory Mankiw, Principles of Economics, 8 th edition, Thomson learning, New Delhi,2017.
4. Richard Lipsey and Alec Chrystal, Economics, 13th edition, Oxford, University Press, New Delhi, 2015.
5. Karl E. Case and Ray C. Fair, Principles of Economics, 12th edition, Pearson, Education Asia, New Delhi, 2017.
6. Panneerselvam. R, Engineering Economics, 2 nd Edition, PHI Learning, 2014.

BA4104 ACCOUNTING FOR DECISION MAKING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Acquire a reasonable knowledge in accounts analysis and evaluate financial statements

UNIT I FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING 9

Introduction to Financial, Cost and Management Accounting – Generally accepted accounting principles– Double Entry System – Preparation of Journal, Ledger and Trial Balance Preparation of Final Accounts: Trading, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet - Reading the financial statements

UNIT II ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 9

Financial ratio analysis, Interpretation of ratio for financial decisions- Dupont Ratios – Comparative statements - common size statements. Cash flow (as per Accounting Standard 3) and Funds flow statement analysis – Trend Analysis.

UNIT III COST ACCOUNTING 9

Cost Accounts – Classification of costs – Job cost sheet – Job order costing – Process costing – (excluding Interdepartmental Transfers and equivalent production) – Joint and By Product Costing – Activity Based Costing, Target Costing.

UNIT IV MARGINAL COSTING 9

Marginal Costing and profit planning – Cost, Volume, Profit Analysis – Break Even Analysis – Decision making problems -Make or Buy decisions -Determination of sales mix - Exploring new markets - Add or drop products -Expand or contract.

UNIT V BUDGETING AND VARIANCE ANALYSIS 9

Budgetary Control – Sales, Production, Cash flow, fixed and flexible budget – Standard costing and Variance Analysis – (excluding overhead costing) -Accounting standards and accounting disclosure practices in India.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. A thorough grounding of financial accounting concepts
2. Preparation of financial statement analysis
3. Understand the management and cost accounting techniques
4. Apply the management and cost accounting techniques for decision making
5. Assess the accountancy standards of practices in India

REFERENCES:

1. R. Narayanaswamy, Financial Accounting, PHI, sixth edition, 2017.
2. M.Y. Khan & P.K. Jain, Management Accounting, Tata McGraw Hill, 8 th edtion, 2018.
3. T.S. Reddy & A. Murthy, Financial Accounting, Margham Publications, 2014
4. Jan Williams, Susan Haka, Mark S bettner, Joseph V Carcello, Financial and Managerial Accounting - The basis for business Decisions, 18th edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers, 2017
5. Charles T. Horngren, Gary L.Sundem, David Burgstahler, Jeff Schatzberg, Introduction to Management Accounting, PHI Learning, 2014 , 16th edition.
6. Earl K. Stice& James D.Stice, Financial Accounting, Reporting and Analysis, 8th edition, Cengage Learining, 2015.
7. N.M. Singhvi, Ruzbeh J.Bodhanwala, Management Accounting – Text and cases,3 rd edition PHI Learning, 2018
8. Ashish K. Battacharya, Introduction to Financial Statement Analysis, Elsiever, 2012.

BA4105 LEGAL ASPECTS OF BUSINESS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- The objective of this course is to familiarize the students with various laws that will help them to refine their understanding of how law affects the different aspects of business.

UNIT I COMMERCIAL LAW 9

THE INDIAN CONTRACT ACT 1872

Definition of contract, essentials elements and types of a contract, Formation of a contract, performance of contracts, breach of contract and its remedies, Quasi contracts - Contract Of Agency: Nature of agency, Creation and types of agents, Authority and liability of Agent and principal: Rights and duties of principal and agents, termination of agency.

THE SALE OF GOODS ACT 1930 Nature of Sales contract, Documents of title, risk of loss, Guarantees and Warranties, performance of sales contracts, conditional sales and rights of an unpaid seller -

NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS ACT 1881: Nature and requisites of negotiable instruments. Types of negotiable instruments, liability of parties, holder in due course, special rules for Cheque and drafts, discharge of negotiable instruments.

UNIT II COMPANY LAW AND COMPETITION ACT 9

COMPANY ACT 1956&2013 Major principles – Nature and types of companies, Formation, Memorandum and Articles of Association, Prospectus, Power, duties and liabilities of Directors, winding up of companies, Corporate Governance.

Competition Act 2002 - Introduction, Definitions, Enquiry into Certain Agreements and Dominant Position of Enterprise and Combinations.

UNIT III INDUSTRIAL LAW 9

An Overview of Factories Act - Payment of Wages Act - Payment of Bonus Act - Industrial Disputes Act.

UNIT IV CORPORATE TAX & GST 9

Corporate Tax Planning, Corporate Taxes and Overview of Latest Developments in Indirect tax Laws relating to GST:An introduction including constitutional aspects, Levy and collection of CGST & IGST, Basic concept of time and value of supply, Input tax credit, Computation of GST Liability, Registration, Tax Invoice, Credit & Debit Notes, Electronic Way bill, Returns, Payment of taxes including Reverse Charge

UNIT V CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT AND INTRODUCTION OF CYBER LAWS 9

Consumer Protection Act – Consumer rights, Procedures for Consumer grievances redressal, Types of consumer Redressal Machineries and Forums-- Cyber crimes, IT Act 2000 and 2002, Cyber Laws, Introduction of IPR Intellectual Property Laws- Introduction, Legal Aspects of Patents, Filing of Patent Applications, Rights from Patents, Infringement of Patents, Copyright and its Ownership, Infringement of Copyright, Civil Remedies for Infringement.– Copy rights, Trade marks, Patent Act. Introduction, Right to Information Act, 2005.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Understand the fundamental legal principles in developing various contracts and commercial laws in the business world
2. Identify the common forms of business associations and elements of Corporate Governance
3. Develop insights regarding the laws related to industrial environment
4. Ability to understand the fundamentals of corporate tax and GST
5. Understand the role of consumer rights and cyber laws in the modern business environment

REFERENCES :
1. N. D. Kapoor, Elements of Mercantile Law, Sultan Chand and Company, India, 2017.
2. P. K. Goel, Business Law for Managers, Biztantatara Publishers, India, 2017.
3. Akhileshwar Pathak, Legal Aspects of Business, Tata McGraw Hill,, 6th Edition 2018.
4. Ravinder Kumar, Legal Aspects of Business, New Delhi: Cengage Learning, 4 th edition, 2016.
5 Sinha P.K, Dr. Vinod Singhania, Text Book of Indirect Tax, Taxman Publication, New Delhi
6. Taxmann, GST Manual with GST Law Guide & Digest of Landmark Rulings, 11th Edition, 2019
7. P. P. S. Gogna, Mercantile Law, S. Chand & Co. Ltd., India, Fourth Edition, 2015.
8. Dr. Vinod K. Singhania, Direct Taxes Planning and Management, 11 th, 2007.
9. Richard Stim, Intellectual Property- Copy Rights, Trade Marks, and Patents, Cengage Learning, 15 th edition 2017.
10. Daniel Albuquerque, Legal Aspect of Business, Oxford,2 nd edition, 2017
11. Ravinder Kumar– Legal Aspect of Business.– Cengage Learning, 4 th Edition-2016.
12.V.S. Datey, GST Ready Reckoner, 9 th edition, 2019

BA4106 INFORMATION MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:
- To understand the importance of information in business
- To know about the recent information systems and technologies.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9
Data, Information, Information System, evolution, types based on functions and hierarchy, Enterprise and functional information systems.

UNIT II SYSTEM ANALYSIS AND DESIGN 10
System development methodologies, Systems Analysis and Design, Data flow Diagram (DFD), Decision table, Entity Relationship (ER), Object Oriented Analysis and Design(OOAD), UML diagram.

UNIT III DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS 8
DBMS – types and evolution, RDBMS, OODBMS, RODBMS, Data warehousing, Data Mart, Data mining.

UNIT IV INTEGRATED SYSTEMS, SECURITY AND CONTROL 9
Knowledge based decision support systems, Integrating social media and mobile technologies in Information system, Security, IS Vulnerability, Disaster Management, Computer Crimes, Securing the Web.

UNIT V NEW IT INITIATIVES 9
Introduction to Deep learning, Big data, Pervasive Computing, Cloud computing, Advancements in AI, IoT, Block chain, Crypto currency, Quantum computing

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
1. Learn the basics of data and information system.
2. Understand the system development methodologies.
3. Understand database management system and its types.
4. Learn the various technologies in information system and its security.
5. Gains knowledge on effective applications of information systems in business.

REFERENCES:

1. Robert Schultheis and Mary Sumner, Management Information Systems – The Manager' s View, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
2. Kenneth C. Laudon and Jane P Laudon, Management Information Systems – Managing the Digital Firm, 15 th edition, 2018.
3. Panneerselvam. R, Database Management Systems, 3rd Edition, PHI Learning, 2018.

BA4111 INDIAN ETHOS (SEMINAR) **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the learners in understanding of the basic concepts of Indian Ethos and familiarise about ethical behaviour and value systems at work.

NOTE:

- The following is the list of topics suggested for preparation and presentation by students twice during the semester.
- This will be evaluated by the faculty member(s) handling the course and the final marks are consolidated at the end of the semester. No end semester examination is required for this course**.**
    1) Indian Ethos and Personality Development
    2) Work ethos and ethics for Professional Managers
    3) Indian Values, Value Systems and Wisdom for modern managers
    4) Ethos in leadership development
    5) Indian system of learning – Gurukul system of learning, Law of humility, Law of growth, Law of responsibility

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. The learners are able to apply the basic concepts of Indian ethos and value systems at work.
2. The learners can handle issues of business ethics and offer solutions in ethical perspectives
3. The learners are professionally efficient and skilful in value systems and culture
4. The learners are capable in ethically manage business towards well being of the society.
5. The learners can be socially effective in undertaking business responsibilities.

BA4112 BUSINESS COMMUNICATION (LABORATORY)
L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To help the students to acquire some of the necessary skills to handle day-to-day managerial responsibilities, such as - making speeches, controlling one-to-one communication, enriching group activities and processes, giving effective presentations, writing letters, memos, minutes, reports and advertising, and maintaining one's poise in private and in public,

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND TYPES OF BUSINESS COMMUNICATION 12

Introduction to Business Communication: Principles of effective communication, Target group profile, Barriers of Communication, Reading Skills, Listening, Feedback. - Principles of Nonverbal Communication: Professional dressing and body language. Role Playing, Debates and Quiz. Types of managerial speeches - Presentations and Extempore - speech of introduction, speech of thanks, occasional speech, theme speech. - Group communication: Meetings, group discussions. - Other Aspects of Communication: Cross Cultural Dimensions of Business Communication Technology and Communication, Ethical & Legal Issues in Business Communication.

UNIT II BUSINESS COMMUNICATION WRITING MODELS AND TOOLS 12

Business letters, Routine letters, Bad news and persuasion letters, sales letters, collection letters, Maintaining a Diary, Resume/CV , job application letters, proposals. Internal communication through - notices, circulars, memos, agenda and minutes, reports. Case Studies. Exercises on Corporate Writing, Executive Summary of Documents, Creative Writing, Poster Making, Framing Advertisements, Slogans, Captions, Preparing Press Release and Press Notes

UNIT III EFFECTIVE PRESENTATIONS 12

Principles of Effective Presentations, Principles governing the use of audiovisual media.

UNIT IV INTERVIEW SKILLS 12

Mastering the art of giving interviews in - selection or placement interviews, discipline interviews, appraisal interviews, exit interviews, web /video conferencing, tele-meeting.

UNIT V REPORT WRITING 12

Objectives of report, types of report, Report Planning, Types of Reports, Developing an outline, Nature of Headings, Ordering of Points, Logical Sequencing, Graphs, Charts, Executive Summary, List of Illustration, Report Writing.

Note: The emphasis of the entire subject should be on practical aspects.

Practical: Module 1-This module introduces both written and spoken communication skills to students to build their confidence in delivering clear and logical messages to their audience. They will develop written communication skills through crafting business messages such as business letters, emails, and meeting minutes. In addition, students will work through presentations and simulated meetings to refine their spoken communication skills, discussion techniques and people skills.

Practical - Module 2-This module builds on the foundation of Business Communication 1 and creates opportunities for students to strengthen their oral and written communication. Students will be required to enhance their presentation skills through impromptu speeches. Students will also learn how to prepare a formal business report. Job hunting and employment skills will be introduced to prepare students for a positive start to their careers. Students will be taught to write application letters and resumes. Additionally, students will learn job interview techniques through role-plays and simulations

Practical - Module 3-This practical module aims to help students be persuasive in the business world. Students will learn listening and data gathering skills to better understand their target audience's needs and requirements and persuasive skills to convince the audience to accept a new policy/suggestion/product through role-playing a boardroom presentation. Students will also be taught business networking skills including conversation techniques, dining etiquette and personal branding through role-plays and simulations.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Develop good managerial communication skills
2. Ability to excel in different forms of written communication required in a business context
3. Develop good presentation skills
4. In-depth understanding of interview skills
5. Ability to prepare Business reports

REFERENCES :

1. Rajendra Pal, J.S. Korlahalli ,Essentials of Business Communication by, Sultan Chand & Sons, 13th Edition
2. Meenakshi Raman, Prakash Singh ,Business Communication by, Oxford, 2 nd edition, 2012
3. Raymond V. Lesikar, Flatley, Basic Business Communication Skills for Empowering the Internet Generation by, M.E., TMGH , New Delhi , 10 th edition, 2004

4. Ludlow R , Panton ,The Essence of Effective Communications , Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. 2, 1995
5. C. S. Rayadu , Communication by, HPH, 2015
6. R. C. Sharma , Krishna Mohan ,Business Correspondence & Report Writing , Tata McGraw Hill, 5th Edition, 2017
7. Malcolm Goodale , Developing Communication Skills, 2nd Edition Professional Presentations, Cambridge University Press
8. Supplementary Reading Material Business Communication - Harvard Business Essentials Series, HBS Press
9. Adair, J , Effective Communication. , Pan Macmillan Excellence in Business Communication by Thill, J. V. &Bovee, G. L, McGraw Hill, New York. Business Communications: From Process to Product by Bowman, J.P. &Branchaw, P.P., Dryden Press, Chicago.

WEBSITES :
www.businesscommunicationskills.com
www.kcitraining.com
www.mindtools.com
www.businesscmmunication.org

BA4201 QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES FOR DECISION MAKING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:
- To apply quantitative techniques in modeling and solving business related problems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO LINEAR PROGRAMMING (LP) 9
Relevance of quantitative techniques in management decision making. Linear Programming-formulation, solution by graphical and simplex methods (Primal - Penalty, Two Phase), Special cases. Sensitivity Analysis.

UNIT II LINEAR PROGRAMMING EXTENSIONS 9
Transportation Models (Minimising and Maximising Problems) – Balanced and unbalanced Problems – Initial Basic feasible solution by N-W Corner Rule, Least cost and Vogel's approximation methods. Check for optimality. Solution by MODI / Stepping Stone method. Case of Degeneracy. Transhipment Models.

Assignment Models (Minimising and Maximising Problems) – Balanced and Unbalanced Problems. Solution by Hungarian and Branch and Bound Algorithms. Travelling Salesman problem. Crew Assignment Models.

UNIT III DECISION AND GAME THEORIES 9
Decision making under risk – Decision trees – Decision making under uncertainty.

Game Theory-Two-person Zero sum games-Saddle point, Dominance Rule, Convex Linear Combination (Averages), methods of matrices, graphical and LP solutions.

UNIT IV INVENTORY AND REPLACEMENT MODELS 9
Inventory Models – EOQ and EBQ Models (With and without shortages), Quantity Discount Models.

Replacement Models-Individual replacement Models (With and without time value of money) – Group Replacement Models.

UNIT V QUEUING THEORY AND SIMULATION 9
Queuing Theory - single and multi-channel models – infinite number of customers and infinite calling source.

Monte Carlo simulation – use of random numbers, application of simulation techniques

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

To understand the applications of

1. Linear programming in product mix decisions
2. Transportation and assignment in logistics and job allocation scenarios
3. Game theory and heuristics of decision making in real time decisions
4. Inventory management and replacement models in manufacturing context
5. Queuing and simulation in real time scenario optimisation

REFERENCES:

1. N. D Vohra, Quantitative Techniques in Management, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2010.
2. G. Srinivasan, Operations Research – Principles and Applications, 2nd edition, PHI, 2011.
3. Paneerselvam R., Operations Research, Prentice Hall of India, Fourth Print, 2008.
4. Hamdy A Taha, Introduction to Operations Research, Prentice Hall India, Tenth Edition, Third Indian Reprint 2019.
5. Bernard W.Taylor III, Introduction to Management Science, 9th Edition, Pearson Ed.
6. Frederick & Mark Hillier, Introduction to Management Science – A Modeling and case studies approach with spreadsheets, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2010.
7. Nagraj B, Barry R and Ralph M. S Jr., Managerial Decision Modelling with Spreadsheets, Second Edition, 2007, Pearson Education.

BA4202 FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Facilitate student

- Understand the operational nuances of a Finance Manager.
- Comprehend the technique of making decisions related to finance functions.

UNIT I FOUNDATIONS OF FINANCE 9

Introduction to finance- Financial Management – Nature, scope and functions of Finance, organization of financial functions, objectives of Financial management, Major financial decisions – Time value of money – features and valuation of shares and bonds – Concept of risk and return – single asset and of a portfolio.

UNIT II INVESTMENT DECISIONS 9

Capital Budgeting: Principles and techniques - Nature of capital budgeting- Identifying relevant cash flows - Evaluation Techniques: Payback, Accounting rate of return, Net Present Value, Internal Rate of Return, Profitability Index - Comparison of DCF techniques - Concept and measurement of cost of capital - Specific cost and overall cost of capital.

UNIT III FINANCING AND DIVIDEND DECISION 9

Leverages - Operating and Financial leverage – measurement of leverages – degree of Operating & Financial leverage – Combined leverage, EBIT – EPS Analysis- Indifference point.

Capital structure – Theories – Net Income Approach, Net Operating Income Approach, MM Approach – Determinants of Capital structure.

Dividend decision- Issues in dividend decisions, Importance, Relevance & Irrelevance theories- Walter"s – Model, Gordon"s model and MM model. – Factors determining dividend policy – Types of dividend policies – forms of dividend.

UNIT IV WORKING CAPITAL MANAGEMENT 9

Principles of working capital: Concepts, Needs, Determinants, issues and estimation of working capital - Receivables Management - Inventory management – Cash management - Working capital finance : Commercial paper, Company deposit, Trade credit, Bank finance.

UNIT V LONG TERM SOURCES OF FINANCE 9

Indian capital market- New issues market- Secondary market - Long term finance: Shares, debentures and term loans, lease, hire purchase, venture capital financing, Private Equity.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Identify the concepts of financial decision of an organisation
2. Recognize the time value of money
3. Learn the capital budgeting and cost of capital techniques
4. Understand how to decide the decision of capital structure and distribution of dividend
5. Assess the short-term and long-term sources of finance

REFERENCES :

1. I M. Pandey Financial Management, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 11th edition, 2018
2. M.Y. Khan and P.K.Jain Financial management, Text, Problems and cases Tata McGraw Hill, 8th edition, 2017.
3. AswathDamodaran, Corporate Finance Theory and practice, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
4. James C. Vanhorne –Fundamentals of Financial Management– PHI Learning,13th Edition, 2014.
5. Brigham, Ehrhardt, Financial Management Theory and Practice, 14th edition, Cengage Learning 2015.
6. Prasanna Chandra, Financial Management, 9th edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.
7. Srivatsava, Mishra, Financial Management, Oxford University Press, 2012.

BA4203 HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To provide knowledge about management issues related to staffing, training, performance, compensation, human factors consideration and compliance with human resource requirements.

UNIT I PERSPECTIVES IN HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT 9

Evolution of human resource management – The importance of the human capital – Role of human resource manager –Challenges for human resource managers - trends in Human resource policies – Computer applications in human resource management – Human resource accounting and audit.

UNIT II HUMAN RESOURCE PLANNING AND RECRUITMENT 9

Importance of Human Resource Planning – Forecasting human resource requirement –matching supply and demand - Internal and External sources- Organizational Attraction-. Recruitment, Selection, Induction and Socialization- Theories, Methods and Process.

UNIT III TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT 9

Types of training methods –purpose- benefits- resistance. Executive development programme – Common practices - Benefits – Self development – Knowledge management.

UNIT IV EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT 9

Compensation plan – Reward – Motivation – Application of theories of motivation – Career management – Mentoring - Development of mentor – Protégé relationships- Job Satisfaction, Employee Engagement, Organizational Citizenship Behavior: Theories, Models.

UNIT V PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND CONTROL 9

Method of performance evaluation – Feedback – Industry practices. Promotion, Demotion, Transfer and Separation – Implication of job change. The control process – Importance – Methods – Requirement of effective control systems grievances – Causes – Implications – Redressal methods.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Students would have gained knowledge on the various aspects of HRM
2. Students will gain knowledge needed for success as a human resources professional.
3. Students will develop the skills needed for a successful HR manager
4. Students would be prepared to implement the concepts learned in the workplace.
5. Students would be aware of the emerging concepts in the field of HRM

REFERENCES :

1. Gary Dessler and Biju Varkkey, Human Resource Management, 14th Edition, Pearson Education Limited, 2015.
2. David A. Decenzo, Stephen.P.Robbins, and Susan L. Verhulst, Human Resource Management, Wiley, International Student Edition, 11th Edition, 2014.
3. Luis R.Gomez-Mejia, David B.Balkin, Robert L Cardy. Managing Human Resource. PHI Learning. 2012
4. Bernadin , Human Resource Management ,Tata Mcgraw Hill ,8th edition 2012.
5. Wayne Cascio, Managing Human Resource, McGraw Hill, 2015.
6. Ivancevich, Human Resource Management, McGraw Hill 2012.
7. Uday Kumar Haldar, Juthika Sarkar. Human Resource management. Oxford. 2012

BA4204 OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To provide a broad introduction to the field of operations management and explain the concepts, strategies, tools and techniques for managing the transformation process that can lead to competitive advantage.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT 9

Operations Management – Nature, Importance, historical development, transformation processes, differences between services and goods, a system perspective, functions, challenges, current priorities, recent trends. Operations Strategy – Strategic fit , framework. Productivity; World-class manufacturing practices

UNIT II OPERATIONS AND THE VALUE CHAIN 9

Capacity Planning – Long range, Types, Developing capacity alternatives, tools for capacity planning. Facility Location – Theories, Steps in Selection, Location Models. Sourcing and procurement - Strategic sourcing, make or buy decision, procurement process, managing vendors.

UNIT III DESIGNING OPERATIONS 9

Product Design - Criteria, Approaches. Product development process - stage-gate approach - tools for efficient development. Process - design, strategy, types, analysis. Facility Layout – Principles, Types, Planning tools and techniques.

UNIT IV PLANNING AND CONTROL OF OPERATIONS 9

Demand Forecasting – Need, Types, Objectives and Steps - Overview of Qualitative and Quantitative methods. Operations planning - Resource planning - Inventory Planning and Control. Operations Scheduling - Theory of constraints - bottlenecks, capacity constrained resources, synchronous manufacturing

UNIT V QUALITY MANAGEMENT 9

Definitions of quality, The Quality revolution, quality gurus; TQM philosophies; Quality management tools, certification and awards. Lean Management - philosophy, elements of JIT manufacturing, continuous improvement. Six sigma.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Understanding of the evolution of operations management practices and world class manufacturing processes
2. Knowledge about capacity planning, strategic sourcing and procurement in organizations
3. Enhances the understanding of product development and design process
4. Ability to forecast demand and overcome bottlenecks
5. Provides insight to Quality management tools and practices.

REFERENCES :

1. Richard B. Chase, Ravi Shankar, F. Robert Jacobs, Operations and Supply Chain Management, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd, 14th Edition, 2014.
2. Mahadevan B, Operations management: Theory and practice. Pearson Education India; 2015.
3. William J Stevenson, Operations Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 9th Edition, 2009.
4. Russel and Taylor, Operations Management, Wiley, 5th Edition, 2006.
5. Norman Gaither and Gregory Frazier, Operations Management, South Western Cengage Learning,9 th edition, 2015.
6. Cecil C. Bozarth, Robert B. Handfield, Introduction to Operations and Supply Chain Management, Pearson, 4th Edition, 2016.
7. Panneerselvam. R, Production and Operations Management, 3rd Edition,. PHI Learning, 2012.

BA4205 BUSINESS RESEARCH METHODS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To make the students of tourism understand the principles of scientific methodology in business enquiry, develop analytical skills of business research and to prepare scientific business reports.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Business Research – Definition and Significance – the research process – Types of Research – Exploratory and causal Research – Theoretical and empirical Research – Cross –Sectional and time – series Research – Research questions / Problems – Research objectives – Research hypotheses – characteristics – Research in an evolutionary perspective – the role of theory in research.

UNIT II RESEARCH DESIGN AND MEASUREMENT 9

Research design – Definition – types of research design – exploratory and causal research design – Descriptive and experimental design – different types of experimental design – Validity of findings – internal and external validity – Variables in Research – Measurement and scaling – Different scales – Construction of instrument – Validity and Reliability of instrument.

UNIT III DATA COLLECTION 9

Types of data – Primary Vs Secondary data – Methods of primary data collection – Survey Vs Observation – Experiments – Construction of questionnaire and instrument – Types of Validity – Sampling plan – Sample size – determinants optimal sample size – sampling techniques – Sampling methods.

UNIT IV DATA PREPARATION AND ANALYSIS 9

Data Preparation – editing – Coding –Data entry – Validity of data – Qualitative Vs Quantitative data analyses – Applications of Bivariate and Multivariate statistical techniques, Factor analysis, Discriminant analysis, Cluster analysis, Multiple regression and Correlation, Multidimensional scaling – Conjoint Analysis – Application of statistical software for data analysis.

UNIT V REPORT DESIGN, WRITING AND ETHICS IN BUSINESS RESEARCH 9

Research report –Types – Contents of report – need for executive summary – chapterization – contents of chapter – report writing – the role of audience – readability – comprehension – tone – final proof – report format – title of the report – ethics in research – Ethics in research – Subjectivity and Objectivity in research.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES :

1. Students will understand and appreciate scientific inquiry
2. Students would know to write research proposals
3. The students would be able to undertake a systematic outlook towards business situations for the purpose of objective decision making, and the method of conducting scientific inquiry to solve organizational problems
4. Students would be able to analyze data and find solutions to the problems.
5. Students could prepare research reports

REFERENCES :
1. Donald R. Cooper, Pamela S. Schindler and J K Sharma, Business Research methods, 11th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi, 2012.
2. Alan Bryman and Emma Bell, Business Research methods, 3rd Edition, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2011.
3. Uma Sekaran and Roger Bougie, Research methods for Business, 5th Edition, Wiley India, New Delhi, 2012.
4. William G Zikmund, Barry J Babin, Jon C.Carr, AtanuAdhikari,Mitch Griffin, Business Research methods, A South Asian Perspective, 8th Edition, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2012.
5. Panneerselvam. R, Research Methodology, 2nd Edition, PHI Learning, 2014.

BA4206 BUSINESS ANALYTICS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Learn to
1. Use business analytics for decision making
2. To apply the appropriate analytics and generate solutions
3. Model and analyse the business situation using analytics.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BUSINESS ANALYTICS (BA) 9

Business Analytics - Terminologies, Process, Importance, Relationship with Organisational Decision Making, BA for Competitive Advantage.

UNIT II MANAGING RESOURCES FOR BUSINESS ANALYTICS 9

Managing BA Personnel, Data and Technology. Organisational Structures aligning BA. Managing Information policy, data quality and change in BA.

UNIT III DESCRIPTIVE ANALYTICS 9

Introduction to Descriptive analytics - Visualising and Exploring Data - Descriptive Statistics - Sampling and Estimation - Probability Distribution for Descriptive Analytics - Analysis of Descriptive analytics

UNIT IV PREDICTIVE ANALYTICS 9

Introduction to Predictive analytics - Logic and Data Driven Models - Predictive Analysis Modeling and procedure - Data Mining for Predictive analytics. Analysis of Predictive analytics

UNIT V PRESCRITIVE ANALYTICS 9

Introduction to Prescriptive analytics - Prescriptive Modeling - Non Linear Optimisation - Demonstrating Business Performance Improvement.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
1. Ability to understand the role of Business Analytics in decision making
2. Ability to identify the appropriate tool for the analytics scenario
3. Ability to apply the descriptive analytics tools and generate solutions
4. Understanding of Predictive Analytics and applications
5. Knowledge of Prescriptive Analytics and demonstrating business process improvement

REFERENCES

1. Marc J. Schniederjans, Dara G. Schniederjans and Christopher M. Starkey, " Business Analytics Principles, Concepts, and Applications - What, Why, and How" , Pearson Ed, 2014
2. Christian Albright S and Wayne L. Winston, "Business Analytics - Data Analysis and Decision Making" , Fifth edition, Cengage Learning, 2015.
3. James R. Evans, "Business Analytics - Methods, Models and Decisions", Pearson Ed, 2012.

BA4207 MARKETING MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the changing business environment and the fundamental premise underlying market driven strategies.
- To identify the indicators of management thoughts and practices.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Defining Marketing − Core concepts in Marketing – Evolution of Marketing − Marketing Planning Process − Scanning Business environment: Internal and External − Value chain − Core Competencies – PESTEL − SWOT Analysis − Marketing interface with other functional areas – Production, Finance, Human Relations Management, Information System − Marketing in global environment – International Marketing − Rural Marketing − Prospects and Challenges.

UNIT II MARKETING STRATEGY 9

Marketing strategy formulations – Key Drivers of Marketing Strategies - Strategies for Industrial Marketing – Consumer Marketing − Services marketing – Competition Analysis − Analysis of consumer and industrial markets − Influence of Economic and Behavioral Factors − Strategic Marketing Mix components.

UNIT III MARKETING MIX DECISIONS 9

Product planning and development – Product life cycle – New product Development and Management – Defining Market Segmentation – Targeting and Positioning − Brand Positioning and Differentiation – Channel Management – Managing Integrated Marketing Channels − Managing Retailing, Wholesaling and Logistics − Advertising and Sales Promotions – Pricing Objectives, Policies and Methods

UNIT IV BUYER BEHAVIOUR 9

Understanding Industrial and Consumer Buyer Behavior − Influencing factors – Buyer Behaviour Models – Online buyer behaviour − Building and measuring customer satisfaction – Customer relationships management – Customer acquisition, Retaining, Defection − Creating Long Term Loyalty Relationships.

UNIT V MARKETING RESEARCH & TRENDS IN MARKETING 9

Marketing Information System – Marketing Research Process – Concepts and applications: Product – Advertising – Promotion – Consumer Behaviour – Retail research – Customer driven organizations - Cause related marketing − Ethics in marketing – Online marketing trends - social media and digital marketing

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Applied knowledge of contemporary marketing theories to the demands of business and management practice.
2. Enhanced knowledge of marketing strategies for consumer and industrial marketing
3. Deep understanding of choice of marketing mix elements and managing integrated marketing channels
4. Ability to analyze the nature of consumer buying behaviour
5. Understanding of the marketing research and new trends in the arena of marketing

REFERENCES:

1. Philip T. Kotler and Kevin Lane Keller, Marketing Management, Prentice Hall India, 15th Edition, 2017.
2. KS Chandrasekar, “Marketing management-Text and Cases”, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2012
3. Lamb, Hair, Sharma, Mc Daniel– Marketing – An Innovative approach to learning and teaching- A south Asian perspective, Cengage Learning, 2012.
4. Paul Baines, Chris Fill, Kelly Page, Marketing, Asian edition, Oxford University Press,5 th edition, 2019.
5. Ramasamy, V.S, Namakumari, S, Marketing Management: Global Perspective Indian Context, Macmillan Education, New Delhi, 6 th edition, 2018.
6. A. NAG, Marketing successfully- A Professional Perspective, Macmillan 2008.
7. Micheal R.Czinkota, Masaaki Kotabe, Marketing Management, Vikas Thomson Learning, 2nd edition 2006.
8. Philip Kotler , Gay Armstrong, Prafulla Agnihotri, Principles of marketing, 7 th edition, 2018.

BA4211 **BUSINESS ETHICS (SEMINAR)** **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To enable the learners to have exposure on business ethics and ethical business perspectives.

NOTE :

- The following is the list of topics suggested for preparation and presentation bystudents twice during the semester.
- This will be evaluated by the faculty member(s) handling the course and the final marks are consolidated at the end of the semester. No end semester examination is required for this course**.**
    1) Individual Culture and Ethics
    2) Ethical codes of conduct and value Systems
    3) Loyalty and Ethical Behaviour, Ethical decision making
    4) Ethical business issues and solutions
    5) Corporate Social Responsibilities of Business

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. The learners can handle issues of business ethics and offer solutions ethical perspectives
2. The learners are able to apply the basic concepts of Indian ethos and value systems at work.
3. The learners can handle issues of business ethics and offer solutions in ethical perspectives
4. The learners are professionally efficient and skilful in value systems and culture
5. The learners are capable in ethically manage business towards well being of the society.
6. The learners can be socially effective in undertaking business responsibilities.

BA4212 **DATA ANALYSIS AND BUSINESS MODELING (LABORATORY)** **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVE :

- to have hands-on experience on data analysis for business modeling.

S.No.	Exp. No.	Details of experiments Name	Duration
1	1	Descriptive Statistics	4
2	2	Parametric Tests	4
3	3	Non-parametric Tests	4
4	4	Correlation & Regression	4
5	5	Forecasting	4
6	-	Extended experiment – 1	4
7	6	Portfolio Selection	4
8	7	Risk Analysis & Sensitivity Analysis	4

9	8	Revenue Management	4
10	-	Extended experiment – 2	4
11	9	Transportation & Assignment	4
12	10	Networking Models	4
13	11	Queuing Theory	4
14	12	Inventory Models	4
15	-	Extended experiments – 3	4

- Spreadsheet Software and Data Analysis Tools

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Deep knowledge about the nature of data and conducting hypothesis testing using various data analysis techniques
2. Facilitates to identify the relationship between variables using data analytical tools
3. Provides understanding about forecasting in real time business world using analytical tools
4. Ability to conduct Risk and sensitivity analysis and portfolio selection based on business data
5. Enhances knowledge about networking, inventory models and queuing theory using data analytical tools

REFERENCES:

1. David R. Anderson, et al, "An Introduction to Management Sciences: Quantitative approaches to Decision Making", (13th edition) South-Western College Pub, 2011.
2. William J. Stevenson, CeyhunOzgur, "Introduction to Management Science with Spreadsheet", Tata McGraw Hill, 2009.
3. Hansa Lysander Manohar, "Data Analysis and Business Modelling using Microsoft Excel" PHI, 2017.
4. David M. Levine et al, “Statistics for Managers using MS Excel" (6th Edition) Pearson,2010.
5. Minnick, C. WebKit for Dummies. John Wiley & Sons, (2012).

BA4301 STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To learn the major initiatives taken by a company's top management on behalf of corporate, involving resources and performance in external environments. It entails specifying the organization's mission, vision and objectives, and to equip with skills required to manage business and non-business organizations at senior levels. The course adopts a functional approach to management developing policies and plan to understand the analysis and implementation of strategic management in strategic business units.

UNIT I STRATEGY AND PROCESS **9**

Conceptual framework for strategic management, the Concept of Strategy and the Strategy Formation Process – Stakeholders in business – Vision, Mission and Purpose – Business definition, Objectives and Goals - Corporate Governance and Social responsibility-case study.

UNIT II COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE **9**

External Environment - Porter‘s Five Forces Model-Strategic Groups Competitive Changes during Industry Evolution-Globalisation and Industry Structure - National Context and Competitive advantage Resources- Capabilities and competencies–core competencies-Low cost and differentiation Generic Building Blocks of Competitive Advantage- Distinctive Competencies- Resources and Capabilities durability of competitive Advantage- Avoiding failures and sustaining competitive advantage-Case study.

UNIT III STRATEGIES 9

The generic strategic alternatives – Stability, Expansion, Retrenchment and Combination strategies - Business level strategy- Strategy in the Global Environment-Corporate Strategy- Vertical Integration-Diversification and Strategic Alliances- Building and Restructuring the corporation- Strategic analysis and choice – Managing Growth - Environmental Threat and Opportunity Profile (ETOP) - Organizational Capability Profile - Strategic Advantage Profile - Corporate Portfolio Analysis - SWOT Analysis - GAP Analysis - Mc Kinsey's 7s Framework - GE 9 Cell Model – Distinctive competitiveness - Selection of matrix - Balance Score Card-case study.

UNIT IV STRATEGY IMPLEMENTATION & EVALUATION 9

The implementation process, Resource allocation, Designing organisational structure-Designing Strategic Control Systems- Matching structure and control to strategy-Implementing Strategic change-Politics-Power and Conflict-Techniques of strategic evaluation & control-case study.

UNIT V OTHER STRATEGIC ISSUES 9

Managing Technology and Innovation - Strategic issues for Non Profit organisations. New Business Models and strategies for Internet Economy-case study Challenges in Strategic Management: Introduction, Strategic Management as an Organisational Force, Dealing with Strategic Management in Various Situations, Strategic Management Implications and Challenges

Recent Trends in Strategic Management: Introduction, Strategic Thinking, Organisational Culture and its Significance, Organisational Development and Change, Change Management, Strategic management in a new globalised economy

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Ability to understand the Strategic management process and social responsibility of business organizations
2. In-depth understanding about the need for developing competitive advantage for organizations
3. Provides insights into various corporate and business level strategies
4. Facilitates to identify the various control systems required for organizational strategy implementation process
5. Enhances the cognitive knowledge about various strategic issues and development of new business models

REFERENCES:

1. Hill. Strategic Management: An Integrated approach, 2009 Edition Wiley (2012).
2. John A.Parnell. Strategic Management, Theory and practice Biztantra (2012).
3. Azhar Kazmi, Strategic Management and Business Policy, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008
4. AdriauH Aberberg and Alison Rieple, Strategic Management Theory & Application, Oxford University Press, 2008.
5. Lawerence G. Hrebiniak, Making strategy work, Pearson, 2 nd edition, 2013.
6. Gupta, Gollakota and Srinivasan, Business Policy and Strategic Management – Concepts and Application, Prentice Hall of India, 2005.
7. Dr.Dharma Bir Singh, Strategic Management & Business Policy, KoGent Learning Solutions Inc., Wiley, 2012.
8. John Pearce, Richard Robinson and Amitha Mittal, Strategic Management, McGraw Hill, 12th Edition, 2012
9. Lafley AG and Roger L Martin, Playing to Win : Strategy really works, Harvard Business Review Press

BA4302 **INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the multinational dimensions in management of a MNC company and the business operations in more than one country.

UNIT I AN OVERVIEW OF INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS 9

Definition and drivers of International Business- Changing Environment of International Business- Country attractiveness- Trends in Globalization- Effect and Benefit of Globalization-International Institution: UNCTAD Basic Principles and Major Achievements, Role of IMF, Features of IBRD, Role and Advantage of WTO.

UNIT II THEORIES OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND INVESTMENT 9

Theories of International Trade: Mercantilism, Absolute Advantage Theory, Comparative Cost Theory, Heckscher-Ohlin Theory-Theories of Foreign Direct Investment : Product Life Cycle, Eclectic, Market Power, Internationalisation-Instruments of Trade Policy : Voluntary Export Restraints, Administrative Policy, Anti-dumping Policy, Balance of Payment.

UNIT III GLOBAL ENTRY 9

Strategic compulsions-– Strategic options – Global portfolio management- Global entry strategy, different forms of international business, advantages - Organizational issues of international business – Organizational structures – Controlling of international business, approaches to control – Performance of global business, performance evaluation system.

UNIT IV PRODUCTION, MARKETING, FINANCIALS OF GLOBAL BUSINESS 9

Global production: Location, scale of operations- cost of production- Standardization Vs Differentiation- Make or Buy decisions- global supply chain issues- Quality considerations. Globalization of markets: Marketing strategy- Challenges in product development- pricing- production and channel management. Foreign Exchange Determination Systems: Basic Concepts-types of Exchange Rate Regimes- Factors Affecting Exchange Rates.

UNIT V HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT IN INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS 9

Selection of expatriate managers- Managing across cultures -Training and development- Compensation- Disadvantages of international business – Conflict in international business- Sources and types of conflict – Conflict resolutions – Negotiation –Ethical issues in international business – Ethical decision-making.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. In Depth knowledge of driving factors of international Business
2. Understanding of theories of trade and investment practiced in the global world
3. Deep Insights in to various market entry strategies followed by Global Organizations
4. Ability to identify the various global production and supply chain issues and have an understanding of foreign exchange determination system
5. Enhance the cognitive knowledge of managing business across the cultures

REFERENCES:

1. Charles W.I. Hill and Arun Kumar Jain, International Business, 6th edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2010.
2. Michael R. Czinkota, Ilkka A. Ronkainen and Michael H. Moffet, International Business, 7th Edition, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2010.
3. K. Aswathappa, International Business, 5th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi, 2012.
4. John D. Daniels and Lee H. Radebaugh, International Business, Pearson Education Asia, New Delhi,12 th edition.
5. Vyuptakesh Sharan, International Business, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education in South Asia, New Delhi, 2011.
6. Rakesh Mohan Joshi, International Business, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2009.

BA4311 CREATIVITY AND INNOVATION LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the nuances involved in Creativity & Innovation.
- To get hands on experience in applying creativity in problem solving.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 12

Need for Creative and innovative thinking for quality – Essential theory about directed creativity, Components of Creativity, Methodologies and approaches, individual and group creativity, Organizational role in creativity, types of innovation, barriers to innovation, innovation process, establishing criterion for assessment of creativity & innovation.

UNIT II MECHANISM OF THINKING AND VISUALIZATION 12

Definitions and theory of mechanisms of mind heuristics and models: attitudes, Approaches and Actions that support creative thinking - Advanced study of visual elements and principles- line, plane, shape, form, pattern, texture gradation, colour symmetry. Spatial relationships and compositions in 2- and 3-dimensional space - procedure for genuine graphical computer animation – Animation aerodynamics – virtual environments in scientific Visualization – Unifying principle of data management for scientific visualization – Visualization benchmarking

UNIT III CREATIVITY 12

Nature of Creativity: Person, Process, Product and Environment, Methods and tools for Directed Creativity – Basic Principles – Tools that prepare the mind for creative thought – stimulation – Development and Actions: - Processes in creativity ICEDIP – Inspiration, Clarification, Distillation, Perspiration, Evaluation and Incubation – Creativity and Motivation The Bridge between man creativity and the rewards of innovativeness – Applying
Directed Creativity.

UNIT IV CREATIVITY IN PROBLEM SOLVING 12

Generating and acquiring new ideas, product design, service design – case studies and hands-on exercises, stimulation tools and approaches, six thinking hats, lateral thinking – Individual activity, group activity, contextual influences. Assessing Your Personal Creativity and Ability to Innovate, Enhancing Your Creative and Innovative Abilities

UNIT V INNOVATION 12

Innovation- radical vs evolutionary, – Introduction to TRIZ methodology of Inventive Problem Solving – the essential factors – Innovator's solution – creating and sustaining successful growth – Disruptive Innovation model – Segmentive Models – New market disruption -—Managing the Strategy Development Process – The Role of Senior Executive in Leading New Growth – Passing the Baton, Entrepreneurial Tools for Creativity and Innovation

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Provides insights about approaches to creativity and innovation
2. Understanding of heuristic models and its applications
3. Enhances the knowledge of nature of creativity
4. Ability to apply creativity in problem solving
5. Knowledge about radical and disruptive models of innovation

Note: Students will undergo the entire programme similar to a Seminar. It is an activity-based course. Students will undergo the programme with both theoretical and practical content. Each student will be required to come out with innovative products or services. This will be evaluated by the faculty member(s) handling the course and the consolidated marks can be taken as the final mark. No end semester examination is required for this course

REFERENCES:

1. Rousing Creativity: Think New Now Floyd Hurt, ISBN 1560525479, Crisp Publications Inc.1999
2. Geoffrey Petty," How to be better at Creativity", The Industrial Society 2012
3. Clayton M. Christensen Michael E. Raynor," The Innovator's Solution", Harvard Business School Press Boston, USA, 2007
4. Semyon D. Savransky," Engineering of Creativity – TRIZ", CRC Press New York USA," 1st edition 2000
5. CSG Krishnamacharyalu, Lalitha R Innovation management , Himalaya Publishing House 2013

BA4032 ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To equip and develop the learners entrepreneurial skills and qualities essential to undertake business.
- To impart the learners entrepreneurial competencies needed for managing business efficiently and effectively.

UNIT I ENTREPRENEURAL COMPETENCE 9

Entrepreneurship concept – Entrepreneurship as a Career – Entrepreneurial Personality - Characteristics of Successful Entrepreneurs – Knowledge and Skills of an Entrepreneur.

UNIT II ENTREPRENEURAL ENVIRONMENT 9

Business Environment - Role of Family and Society - Entrepreneurship Development Training and Other Support Organisational Services - Central and State Government Industrial Policies and Regulations.

UNIT III BUSINESS PLAN PREPARATION 9

Sources of Product for Business - Prefeasibility Study - Criteria for Selection of Product - Ownership - Capital Budgeting- Project Profile Preparation - Matching Entrepreneur with the Project - Feasibility Report Preparation and Evaluation Criteria.

UNIT IV LAUNCHING OF SMALL BUSINESS 9

Finance and Human Resource Mobilisation - Operations Planning - Market and Channel Selection - Growth Strategies - Product Launching – Incubation, Venture capital, Start-ups.

UNIT V MANAGEMENT OF SMALL BUSINESS 9

Monitoring and Evaluation of Business - Business Sickness - Prevention and Rehabilitation of Business Units - Effective Management of small Business - Case Studies.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. The learners will gain entrepreneurial competence to run the business efficiently.
2. The learners are able to undertake businesses in the entrepreneurial environment
3. The learners are capable of preparing business plans and undertake feasible projects.
4. The learners are efficient in launching and develop their business ventures successfully
5. The learners shall monitor the business effectively towards growth and development..

REFERENCES:

1. S.S.Khanka, Entrepreneurial Development, S.Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi, 2016.
2. R.D.Hisrich, Entrepreneurship, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2018.
3. Rajeev Roy ,Entrepreneurship, Oxford University Press, 2nd Edition, 2011.
4. Donald F Kuratko,T.V Rao. Entrepreneurship: A South Asian perspective. Cengage Learning, 2012.
5. Dr. Vasant Desai, "Small Scale Industries and Entrepreneurship", HPH,2006.
6. Arya Kumar. Entrepreneurship, Pearson,2012.
7. Prasanna Chandra, Projects – Planning, Analysis, Selection, Implementation and Reviews, Tata McGraw-Hill, 8 th edition ,2017.

BA4033 **EVENT MANAGEMENT** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- This course is designed to provide an introduction to the principles of event management. The course aims to impart knowledge on the various events and how these events can be organized successfully.

UNIT I EVENT CONTEXT **9**

History & Evolution – Types of events – MICE – Types of Meeting, Trade Shows, Conventions, Exhibitions- Structure of event industry – Event Management as a profession – Perspectives on event : Government, Corporate & Community – Code of Ethics.

UNIT II EVENT PLANNING & LEGAL ISSUES **9**

Conceptualizing the event – Host, sponsor, Media, Guest, Participants , Spectators – Crew – Design of concept – Theme and content development – Visualization – Event objectives – Initial planning – Budgeting – Event design and budget checklist – Preparation of functional sheets – Timing – Contracts and Agreements – Insurance, Regulation, Licence and Permits – Negotiation.

UNIT III EVENT MARKETING **9**

Role of Strategic Marketing Planning - Pricing – Marketing Communication Methods & budget – Elements of marketing communication – Managing Marketing Communication – Role of Internet – Sponsorship – Event sponsorship – Strategy – Managing Sponsorships – Measuring & Evaluating sponsorship.

UNIT IV EVENT OPERATION **9**

Site Selection – Types of location – Venue Requirements – Room, Stage, Audi-Visual, Lighting, Performers, Decors, Caterer, Photography & Videography – Protocols – Guest list – Guest demographics – Children at event – Invitation – Media – Freelance Event Operation – Road show - Food & Beverage – Entertainment – Event Logistics – Supply of facilities – Onsite logistics – Control of event logistics – Evaluation & Logistics.

UNIT V SAFETY & EVENT EVALUATION **9**

Risk assessment – Safety officer, Medical Manager – Venue, Structural safety – Food safety – Occupational safety – Fire Prevention – Sanitary facilities – Vehicle traffic – Waste Management. Event Impact – Event Evaluation Process – Service Quality - Customer Satisfaction.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Learning about structure and code of ethics of events
2. Exploring and getting to know about event planning and regulations
3. Understand about event marketing, planning and strategies
4. Enhance professional skills in event management
5. Analyse the safety measure of event management

REFERENCES:

1. Lynn Van Der Wagen, Event Management for Tourism, Cultural Business & Sporting Events, 4 th Edition, Pearson Publications, 2014.
2. Lynn Van Der Wagen, & Brenda R. Carlos ,Sucessful Event Management.
3. Judy Allen, Event Planning 2nd Edition, Wiley & Sons, Canada, 2014.
4. G.A.J. Bowdin, Events Management ,Elseiver Butterworth
5. John Beech, Sebastian Kaiser & Robert Kaspar, The Business of Events Management, Pearson Publication, 2014.
6. Judy, Event Planning Ethics and Etiquette: A Principled Approach to the Business of Special Event Management, 2014.
7. Shannon Kilkenny, The complete guide to successful event planning.
8. Julia Rutherford Silvers, Professional Event Coordination, The Wiley Event Management Series.
9. Allison ,The Event Marketing Handbook: Beyond Logistics & Planning.

BA4001 SECURITY ANALYSIS AND PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:
Enables student to
- Understand the nuances of stock market operations.
- Understand the techniques involved in deciding upon purchase or sale of securities.

UNIT I INVESTMENT SETTING 9
Financial and economic meaning of Investment – Characteristics and objectives of Investment – Investment process -Types of Investment – Investment alternatives – Choice and Evaluation – Risk and return concepts - Valuation of bonds and stock.

UNIT II FUNDAMENTAL ANALYSIS 9
Economic Analysis – Economic forecasting and stock Investment Decisions – Forecasting techniques. Industry Analysis : Industry classification, Industry life cycle – Company Analysis Measuring Earnings – Forecasting Earnings – Applied Valuation Techniques – Graham and Dodds investor ratios.

UNIT III TECHNICAL ANALYSIS 9
Fundamental Analysis Vs Technical Analysis -- Dow theory – Charting methods - Chart Patterns Trend – Trend reversals – Market Indicators -Moving Average – Exponential moving Average Oscillators -RSI -ROC - MACD.
Efficient Market theory - Forms of market efficiency -weak, semi-strong, strong form - Empirical tests of market efficiency -its application.

UNIT IV PORTFOLIO CONSTRUCTION AND SELECTION 9
Portfolio analysis - Reduction of portfolio risk through diversification – Portfolio risk - Portfolio Selection - Feasible set of portfolios - Efficient set - Markowitz model - Single index model - Construction of optimum portfolio - Multi-index model.

UNIT V 9
Capital Asset Pricing model - Lending and borrowing - CML - SML - Pricing with CAPM - Arbitrage pricing theory– Portfolio Evaluation - Sharpe's index Treynor's index, Jensen's index – Mutual Funds – Portfolio Revision.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES :

1. Understand the concept of investment and identify the investment alternatives to investors
2. Learn the nuances of fundamental analyses and technical analyses
3. Analyse and evaluate the value of securities
4. Explain how to construct an efficient portfolio
5. Explore the various methods through which portfolio evaluation could be done

REFERENCES :

1. Donald E.Fischer& Ronald J.Jordan, Security Analysis & Portfolio Management, PHI Learning., New Delhi, 8th edition, 2011.
2. Prasannachandra, Investment analysis and Portfolio Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.
3. Reilly & Brown, Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management, Cengage Learning, 9th edition, 2011.
   S. Kevin , Securities Analysis and Portfolio Management , PHI Learning , 2012.
4. Punithavathy Pandian, Analysis & Portfolio Management, Vikas publishing house PVT LTD, second edition, 2013.
5. Bodi, Kane, Markus, Mohanty, Investments, 8th edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.
6. V.A.Avadhan, Securities Analysis and Portfolio Management, Himalaya Publishing House, 2013.
7. V.K.Bhalla, Investment Management, S.Chand & Company Ltd., 2012

BA4002 **FINANCIAL MARKETS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the types and functions of the various financial markets in India, its instruments and Regulations.

UNIT I FINANCIAL MARKETS IN INDIA 9

Indian financial system and markets – structure of financial markets in India –Types-Participants in financial Market – Regulatory Environment, - RBI, CCIL, Common securities market, Money market, - Capital market - Governments philosophy and financial market – financial instruments

UNIT II INDIAN CAPITAL MARKET- PRIMARY MARKET 9

Primary Market - Primary market system - Types of scripts - Issue of capital: process, regulation pricing of issue, – Methods of floating new issues, Book building- Primary markets intermediaries: commercial banks, development banks, Merchant banker, issue managers, rating agencies etc – Role of primary market – Regulation of primary market.

UNIT III SECONDARY MARKET 9

Stock exchanges in India - History and development -listing - Depositaries - Stock exchange mechanism: Trading, Settlement, risk management, Basics of pricing mechanism - Player and stock exchange - Regulations of stock exchanges –Role of SEBI – BSE, OTCEI, NSE, ISE, - Role of FIIs, MFs and investment bankers –Stock market indices – calculation.

UNIT IV DEBT MARKET AND FOREX MARKET 9

Bond markets in India: Government bond market and its interface with capital market - Components of bond market - G-Sec, T-Bills, Corporate Bonds, Yield conventions, Role of primary dealers, Auction Markets - Pricing of Bonds

Introduction to Forex markets, basics in exchange rates theory - Forex risk exposures and basics of corporate forex risk management.

UNIT V MUTUAL FUNDS, DERIVATIVES MARKETS AND VENTURE CAPITAL AND PRIVATE EQUITY 9

Mutual funds institutions in India. Types of mutual funds, Basics in portfolio management, Metrics of performance for fund manager

Introduction to Derivatives and the size of derivatives markets -Brief introduction to forwards, Options, Futures And Swaps. Role of VCs and PEs in financial markets - Venture capital and Private equity

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Understanding the basic concepts of the finance markets in India
2. Identify the underlying structure and functions of Indian financial markets
3. Familiarise the methods of issuing shares and the role of intermediaries in the primary market
4. Learn about the trading mechanism in stock market
5. Describe the instruments, participants and trading in debt market

REFERENCES:

1. Christopher Viney and Peter Phillips, Financial Institutions, Instruments and Markets (2015), 8th Edition published by McGraw Hill.
2. Pathak, Bharati V., Indian Financial System: Markets, Institutions and Services, Pearson education (Singapore), New Delhi, Fourth edition, 2014.
3. Saunders, Anthonu and Cornett, Marcia Millon, Financial markets and Institutions: An Introduction to the risk management approach, McGrawHill, Irwin, New York,3rd Edition,2017.
4. Bhole, L.M, Financial institutions and Markets: Structure, Growth and Innovations, McGrawHill, New Delhi, Sixth edition, 2017.
5. 5.Fabozzi, Frank J. and Modigliani, Franco, Capital Markets: Institutions and Markets, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, Fourth edition, 2009.

BA4003 BANKING AND FINANCIAL SERVICES

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES :

- Grasp how banks raise their sources and how they deploy it and manage the associated risks
- Understand e-banking and the threats that go with it.
- Understand about other asset based and fund based financial services in India

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO INDIAN BANKING SYSTEM AND PERFORMANCE EVALUATION 9

Overview of Indian Banking system – Structure – Functions – Key Regulations in Indian Banking sector –RBI Act, 1934/ 2006 –Banking Regulation Act, 1949– Negotiable Instruments Act 1881/ 2002 – Provisions Relating to CRR – Provision for NPA's - Overview of Financial Statements of banks – Balance Sheet – Income Statement - CAMEL

UNIT II MANAGING BANK FUNDS/ PRODUCTS & RISK MANAGEMENT 9

Capital Adequacy – Deposit and Non-deposit sources – Designing deposit schemes and pricing of deposit sources – loan management – Investment Management – Asset and Liability Management – Financial Distress –Signal to borrowers – Prediction Models – Risk Management – Interest rate – Forex – Credit market –operational and solvency risks – NPA's – Current issues on NPA's – M&A's of banks into securities market

UNIT III DEVELOPMENT IN BANKING TECHNOLOGY 9

Payment system in India – paper based – e payment –electronic banking –plastic money – e-money –forecasting of cash demand at ATM's –The Information Technology Act, 2000 in India – RBI's Financial Sector Technology vision document – security threats in e-banking & RBI's Initiative.

UNIT IV ASSET BASED FINANCIAL SERVICES 9

Introduction – Need for Financial Services – Financial Services Market in India –NBFC – RBI framework and act for NBFC – Leasing and Hire Purchase – Financial evaluation – underwriting – mutual funds

UNIT V INSURANCE AND OTHER FEE BASED FINANCIAL SERVICES 9

Insurance Act, 1938 –IRDA – Regulations – Products and services –Venture Capital Financing –Bill discounting –factoring – Merchant Banking – Role of SEBI

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Understand the overall structure and functions of Indian Financial System
2. Gain knowledge about regulations governing the Indian Banking system
3. Price various types of loans proposed by banks to various prospective borrowers with different risk profiles and evaluate the performance of banks
4. Familiarise the students with the concept of e-banking
5. In-depth understanding of fee-based and fund-based financial services in India

REFERENCES:

1. Padmalatha Suresh and Justin Paul, "Management of Banking and Financial Services, Pearson, Delhi, 2017.
2. Meera Sharma, "Management of Financial Institutions – with emphasis on Bank and Risk Management", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2010
3. Peter S. Rose and Sylvia C. and Hudgins, "Bank Management and Financial Services", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2017

BA4004 **FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To enable students

- Understand the nuances involved in derivatives
- Understand the basic operational mechanisms in derivatives

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **10**

Derivatives – Definition – Types – Forward Contracts – Futures Contracts – Options – Swaps – Differences between Cash and Future Markets – Types of Traders – OTC and Exchange Traded Securities – Types of Settlement – Uses and Advantages of Derivatives – Risks in Derivatives.

UNIT II FUTURES CONTRACT **10**

Specifications of Futures Contract - Margin Requirements – Marking to Market – Hedging using Futures – Types of Futures Contracts – Securities, Stock Index Futures, Currencies and Commodities – Delivery Options – Relationship between Future Prices, Forward Prices and Spot Prices.

UNIT III OPTIONS **10**

Definition – Exchange Traded Options, OTC Options – Specifications of Options – Call and Put Options – American and European Options – Intrinsic Value and Time Value of Options –Option payoff, options on Securities, Stock Indices, Currencies and Futures – Options pricing models – Differences between future and Option contracts.

UNIT IV SWAPS **7**

Definition of SWAP – Interest Rate SWAP – Currency SWAP – Role of Financial Intermediary– Warehousing – Valuation of Interest rate SWAPs and Currency SWAPs Bonds and FRNs –Credit Risk.

UNIT V DERIVATIVES IN INDIA **8**

Evolution of Derivatives Market in India – Regulations - framework – Exchange Trading in Derivatives – Commodity Futures – Contract Terminology and Specifications for Stock Options and Index Options in NSE – Contract Terminology and specifications for stock futures and Index futures in NSE – Contract Terminology and Specifications for Interest Rate Derivatives.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Possess good skills in hedging risks using derivatives
2. Understand about future contract and options
3. Learning in depth about options and swaps
4. Knowing about the evolution of derivative markets
5. Develop in depth knowledge about stock options and index futures in NSE

REFERENCES:

1. John.C.Hull, Options, Futures and other Derivative Securities", PHI Learning, 9th Edition, 2012
2. Keith Redhead, „Financial Derivatives – An Introduction to Futures, Forwards, Options and SWAPs",– PHI Learning, 2011.
3. Stulz, Risk Management and Derivaties, Cengage Learning, 2nd Edition, 2011.
4. Varma, Derivaties and Risk Management, 2nd[t] Edition, 2011.
5. David Dubofsky – „Option and Financial Futures – Valuation and Uses, McGraw Hill International Edition.
6. S.L.Gupta, Financial Derivaties- Theory, Concepts and Practice, Prentice Hall Of India, 2011. Website of NSE, BSE.

BA4005 **FINANCIAL MODELLING** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Making students to build financial models by including various fields of study viz Financial Management and Derivatives.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL MODELLING & BUILT IN FUNCTIONS USING SPREAD SHEETS 9

Introduction to Financial Modelling- Need for Financial Modelling- Steps for effective financial modelling-Introduction to Time value of money & Lookup array functions :FV,PV,PMT,RATE,NPER, Vlookup, Hlookup ,if, countifetc - Time value of Money Models: EMI with Single & Two Interest rates –Loan amortisation modelling-Debenture redemption modelling

UNIT II BOND & EQUITY SHARE VALUATION MODELLING 9

Bond valuation – Yield to Maturity(YTM): Rate method Vs IRR method-Flexi Bond and Strip Bond YTM Modelling-Bond redemption modelling -Equity share valuation : Multiple growth rate valuation modelling with and without growth rates

UNIT III CORPORATE FINANCIAL MODELLING 9

Alt Man Z score Bankruptcy Modelling-Indifference point modelling – Financial Break even modelling -Corporate valuation modelling (Two stage growth)- Business Modelling for capital budgeting evaluation: Payback period ,NPV ,IRR and MIRR

UNIT IV PORTFOLIO MODELLING 9

Risk ,Beta and Annualised Return –Security Market Line Modelling –Portfolio risk calculation (Equal Proportions)-Portfolio risk optimisation (varying proportions)-Portfolio construction modelling

UNIT V DERIVATIVE MODELLING 9

Option pay off modelling: Long and Short Call & Put options -Option pricing modeling (B-S Model)-Optimal Hedge Contract modelling

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Develop fast, efficient and accurate excel skills
2. Design and construct useful and robust financial modelling applications
3. Recognize efficient financial budgeting and forecasting techniques
4. Familiarise the students with the valuation modelling of securities
5. The course establishes the platform for students to develop various portfolio models

REFERENCES:

1. Wayne L Winston," Microsoft Excel 2016-Data Analysis and Business Modelling ",PHI publications, (Microsoft Press),New Delhi,2017.
2. Chandan Sen Gupta, "Financial analysis and Modelling –Using Excel and VBA" , Wiley Publishing House ,2014'
3. Craig W Holden,"Excel Modelling in Investments" Pearson Prentice Hall, Pearson Inc,New Jersey,5th Edition 2015
4. Ruzhbeh J Bodanwala , "Financial management using excel spread sheet",Taxman Allied services Pvt Ltd, New Delhi,3rd Edition 2015.

BA4006	INTERNATIONAL FINANCE	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the International Financial Environment, Management and Risks involved.

UNIT I INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS 9

Overview and Evolution of International Finance –Institutions for International Finance – Internationalization process –International Monetary and Financial System – Balance of Payments – Exchange rate and money supply – International parity relations – Purchasing power parity – interest rate parity – Forward rate parity.

UNIT II MULTINATIONAL FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT 9

Process of overseas expansion – Reasons for cross-border investing – The theory of investment – techniques of project evaluation - Approaches for investment under uncertainty - FDI – Measuring and Managing Risk – International M&A – Financial Techniques in M&A – Regulations of M&A in major countries.

UNIT III INTERNATIONAL MONETARY SYSTEM 9

Introduction to Institutions of the Foreign Exchange Interbank Market - Foreign Exchange Spot Transactions – forward market — Hedging and Speculation - Hedging FX Transaction Exposure - The Eurocurrency market – international banking – structure and instruments

UNIT IV BORROWING AND LENDING : INTERNATIONAL SOURCES OF FINANCE 9

Bond Markets of various countries – Fixed and floating rate notes - Syndicate loans – Syndicated Eurocredits – ADR – GDR – Managing interest rate risk – Bond prices and yeils – Bond Management – tools and techniques

UNIT V INTERNATIONAL RISK ASSESSMENT AND OTHER INTERNATIONAL MARKETS 9

Country and political risk analysis – benefits and risks of international portfolio investment – assessing country creditworthiness – futures markets and instruments – option markets and instruments – option pricing – option pricing theory in financial risk assessment

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Learn about evolution, process and system of International Finance
2. Identify the concepts of international merger and acquisitions, financial techniques and regulations
3. Understand about international monetary system
4. Knowing about ADR, GDR and bond management
5. Explore the learning in international risk assessment

REFERENCES :

1. Apte P.G., International Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.
2. Jeff Madura, International Corporate Finance, Cengage Learning, 9th Edition, 2011.
3. Alan C. Shapiro, Multinational Financial Management, PHI Learning, 5th Edition, 2010.
4. Eunand Resnik, International Financial Management, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 5th Edition, 2011.
5. Website of Indian Government on EXIM policy

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BA4007	**BEHAVIORAL FINANCE**	**3**	**0**	**0**	**3**

COURSE OBJECTIVE :

- To identify and understand systematic behavioral factors that influences the investment behavior.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION: WHY BEHAVIORAL FINANCE 9

The role of security prices in the economy – EMH – Failing EMH – EMH in supply and demand framework – Equilibrium expected return models – Investment decision under uncertainty – Introduction to neoclassical economics and expected utility theory – Return predictability in stock market - Limitations to arbitrage

UNIT II DECISION AND BEHAVIORAL THEORIES 9

Nash Equilibrium: Keynesian Beauty Context and The Prisoner's Dilemma - The Monthy Hall Paradox - The St. Petersburg Paradox - The Allais Paradox - The Ellsberg Paradox - Prospects theory – CAPM - behavioral portfolio theory – SP/A theory – brief history on rational thought – pasacl – Fermat to Friedman - savage

UNIT III DECISION MAKING BIASES 9

Information screening bias - Heuristics and behavioral biases of investors – Bayesian decision making – cognitive biases – forecasting biases – emotion and neuroscience – group behaviour – investing styles and behavioral finance

UNIT IV ARBITRAGEURS 9

Definition of arbitrageur - Long-short trades - Risk vs. Horizon - Transaction costs and short-selling costs - Fundamental risk - Noise-trader risk - Professional arbitrage - Destabilizing informed trading

UNIT V MANAGERIAL DECISIONS 9

Supply of securities and firm investment characteristics (market timing, catering) by rational firms - Associated institutions - Relative horizons and incentives - Biased managers

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES :

1. Understanding the need of behavioural finance
2. Knowing about various decision and behavioural theories
3. Learn about heuristic and behavioural biases of investors
4. Analyse and understand about arbitragers and managerial decision
5. Thorough understanding about the price discovery in markets\

REFERENCES :

1. Shleifer, Andrei (2000). Inefficient Markets: An Introduction to Behavioral Finance. Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press.
2. Daniel Kahneman, Paul Slovic, and Amos Tversky (eds.). (1982) Judgment under Uncertainty: Heuristics and biases, Oxford; New York: Oxford University Press.

BA4008 **RETAIL MARKETING**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the concepts of effective retailing

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **9**

An overview of Global Retailing – Challenges and opportunities – Retail trends in India – Socio economic and technological Influences on retail management – Government of India policy implications on retails.

UNIT II RETAIL FORMATS **9**

Organized and unorganized formats – Different organized retail formats – Characteristics of each format – Emerging trends in retail formats – MNC's role in organized retail formats.

UNIT III RETAILING DECISIONS **9**

Choice of retail locations - internal and external atmospherics – Positioning of retail shops – Building retail store Image - Retail service quality management – Retail Supply Chain Management – Retail Pricing Decisions. Merchandizing and category management – buying.

UNIT IV RETAIL SHOP MANAGEMENT **9**

Visual Merchandise Management – Space Management – Retail Inventory Management – Retail accounting and audits - Retail store brands – Retail advertising and promotions – Retail Management Information Systems - Online retail – Emerging trends .

UNIT V RETAIL SHOPPER BEHAVIOUR **9**

Understanding of Retail shopper behavior – Shopper Profile Analysis – Shopping Decision Process - Factors influencing retail shopper behavior – Complaints Management - Retail sales force Management – Challenges in Retailing in India.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. To provide insights on retail operation
2. To understand effective methods and strategies required for retail management.
3. To understand how to utilize resources and techniques used in retail management.
4. To understand analysis of store location, merchandising, products and pricing.
5. To gain knowledge about shopping behaviour

REFERENCES:

1. Michael Havy ,Baston, Aweitz and Ajay Pandit, Retail Management, Tata Mcgraw Hill, Sixth Edition, 2007
2. Ogden, Integrated Retail Management, Biztantra, India, 2008.
3. Patrick M. Dunne and Robert F Lusch, Retailing, Thomson Learning, 4th Edition 2008.
4. Chetan Bajaj, Rajnish Tow and Nidhi V. Srivatsava, Retail Management, Oxford University Press, 2007.
5. Swapna Pradhan, Retail Management -Text and Cases, Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 2009.
6. Dunne, Retailing, Cengage Learning, 2nd Edition, 2008
7. Ramkrishnan and Y.R.Srinivasan, Indian Retailing Text and Cases, Oxford University Press, 2008
8. Dr.JaspreetKaur , Customer Relationship Management, Kogent solution.

BA4009 **CONSUMER BEHAVIOR** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To study and understand the consumer' behavior in-order to effectively utilise the market' potential

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **9**

Understanding Consumer behaviour - Consumption, Consumer orientation, Interpretive and Quantitative approaches - Effects of Technology, Demographics and Economy on Consumer behaviour.

UNIT II INTERNAL INFLUENCES **9**

Influences on consumer behavior – motivation – perception – Attitudes and Beliefs - Learning and Experience - Personality & Self Image.

UNIT III EXTERNAL INFLUENCES **9**

Socio-Cultural, Cross Culture - Family group – Reference group – Communication - Influences on Consumer behavior

UNIT IV CONSUMER BEHAVIOR MODELS **9**

Traditional and Contemporary Consumer behaviour model for Individual and industrial buying behaviour and decision making.

UNIT V PURCHASE DECISION PROCESS **9**

Consumer decision making process – Steps, Levels and decision rules - Evolving Indian consumers – Opinion Leadership - Diffusion and Adoption.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The student understands

1. Consumer orientation and consumption
2. Intrinsic influences
3. Effects of external influences
4. Models of consumer and industrial buying
5. The decision making process

REFERENCES:

1. RamanujMajumdar, Consumer Behaviour - Insights from Indian Market, PHI, 2010.
2. Leon G.Schiffman and Leslie LasarKanuk, Consumer Behavior, Pearson Education, India, ninth edition, 2010.
3. Barry J.B., Eric G.H., Ashutosh M., Consumer Behaviour - A South Asian Perspective, Cengage Learning, 2016.
4. Paul Peter et al., Consumer Behavior and Marketing Stratergy, Tata McGraw Hill, Indian Edition, 7th Edition 2005.

BA4010 **INTEGRATED MARKETING COMMUNICATION** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- This course introduces students to the essential concepts and techniques for the development and designing an effective Integrated Marketing Communication programme.

UNIT I AN INTRODUCTION TO INTEGRATED MARKETING COMMUNICATION (IMC) **9**

An Introduction to Integrated Marketing Communication (IMC): Meaning and role of IMC in Marketing process, one voice communication V/s IMC. Introduction to IMC tools – Advertising, sales promotion, publicity, public relations, and event sponsorship; The role of advertising agencies and other marketing organizations providing marketing services and perspective on consumer behaviour

UNIT II UNDERSTANDING COMMUNICATION PROCESS 9

Understanding communication process: Source, Message and channel factors, Communication response hierarchy- AIDA model, Hierarchy of effect model, Innovation adoption model, information processing model, The standard learning Hierarchy, Attribution Hierarchy, and low 20% involvement hierarchy Consumer involvement- The Elaboration Likelihood (ELM) model, The Foote, Cone and Belding (FCB) Model

UNIT III PLANNING FOR MARKETING COMMUNICATION (MARCOM) 9

Establishing marcom Objectives and Budgeting for Promotional Programmes-Setting communication objectives, Sales as marcom objective, DAGMAR approach for setting ad objectives. Budgeting for marcom-Factors influencing budget, Theoretical approach to budgeting viz. Marginal analysis and Sales response curve, Method to determine marcom budget

UNIT IV DEVELOPING THE INTEGRATED MARKETING COMMUNICATION PROGRAMME 9

Planning and development of creative marcom, Creative strategies in advertising, sales promotion, publicity, event sponsorships etc. Creative strategy in implementation and evaluation of marcom- Types of appeals and execution styles. Media planning and selection decisions- steps involved and information needed for media planning. Measuring the effectiveness of all Promotional tools and IMC.

UNIT V DIGITAL MEDIA & ADVERTISING 9

Digital Media, Evolution of Technology, Convergence of Digital Media, E- Commerce and Digital Media, Advertising on Digital Media, Social Media, Mobile Adverting, E-PR Advertising Laws & Ethics: Adverting & Law, Advertising & Ethics

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. To review and give a general understanding of the basics of traditional communication forms, such as advertising, personal selling, sales promotion and indirect promotion within various delivery vehicles from broadcast to targeted social media.
2. This course introduces students to the essential concepts and techniques for the development and designing an effective Integrated Marketing Communication programme.
3. To Know how IMC fits into the marketing mix.
4. To develop an awareness about marketing communications tools, and how each can be used effectively- individually or in an integrated mix.
5. To examine the process by which integrated marketing communications programs are planned, developed, executed and measured.

REFERENCES:

1. Advertising & Promotion- An Integrated Marketing Communications Perspective, George Belch, Michael Belch &KeyoorPurani, TATA McGraw Hill 8th edition
2. Wells, Moriarty & Burnett, Advertising, Principles & Practice, Pearson Education, 7th Edition, 2007. Kenneth Clow. Donald Baack, Integrated Advertisements, Promotion and Marketing communication, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2006.
3. Terence A. Shimp and J.Craig Andrews, Advertising Promotion and other aspects of Integrated Marketing Communications, CENGAGE Learning, 9th edition, 2016
4. S. H. H. Kazmi and Satish K Batra, Advertising & Sales Promotion, Excel Books, New Delhi, 3rd Revised edition edition, 2008.
5. Julian Cummings, Sales Promotion: How to Create, Implement and Integrate Campaigns that Really Work, Kogan Page, London, Fifth Edition Edition ,2010.
6. JaishriJefhwaney, Advertising Management, Oxford University Press, 2nd Edition, 2013.
7. Dr Niraj Kumar, Integrated Marketing Communication,Himalaya Publishing House 2015

BA4011 SERVICES MARKETING

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To appreciate the challenges involved in managing the services and analyse the strategies to deal with these challenges.
- To give insights about the foundations of services marketing, customer expectations of services and gap existing in the service delivery processes and service Quality.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction– Definition– Service Economy – Evolution and growth of service sector – Nature and Scope of Services –Difference between services and tangible products– Unique characteristics of services– Challenges and issues in Services Marketing.

UNIT II SERVICE MARKETING OPPORTUNITIES 9

Assessing service market potential – Classification of services – Expanded marketing mix – Service marketing – Environment and trends – Service market segmentation, targeting and positioning.

UNIT III SERVICE DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT 9

Service Life Cycle – New service development – Service Blue Printing – GAP model of service quality – Measuring service quality – SERVQUAL – Service Quality function development.

UNIT IV SERVICE DELIVERY AND PROMOTION 9

Positioning of services – Designing service delivery System, Service Channel – Pricing of services, methods – Service marketing triangle – Managing demand, Managing supply, managing Demand and Supply of Service–Integrated Service marketing communication.

UNIT V SERVICE STRATEGIES 9

Service Marketing Strategies for Health – Hospitality – Tourism – Financial – Logistics– Educational – Marketing of Online Services– Entertainment & public utility Information technique Services

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course students will be able to:

1. Demonstrate an extended understanding of the similarities and differences in service-based and physical product based marketing activities
2. Develop and justify marketing planning and control systems appropriate to service-based activities
3. Demonstrate integrative knowledge of marketing issues associated with service productivity, perceived quality, customer satisfaction and loyalty
4. Develop blueprint for the services sector and develop a better appreciation of the necessary strategies to create a service excellence.
5. Recognise the challenges faced in services delivery as outlined in the services gap model

REFERENCES:

1. Chiristropher H. Lovelock and JochenWirtz, Services Marketing: People, Technology, strategy Pearson Education, New Delhi,8th edition, 2016.
2. John.E.G.Bateson, K.Douglas Hoffman, Services Marketing, South Western Cengage learning, 4th Edition, 2011.
3. Kenneth E Clow, et al, Services Marketing Operation Management and Strategy, Biztantra, 2nd Edition, New Delhi, 2004.
4. Valarie Zeithaml et al, Services Marketing, 5th International Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
5. Christian Gronroos, Services Management and Marketing a CRM in Service Competition, 3rdEdition,Wiley,2007.
6. R. Srinivasan, SERVICES MARKETING, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited,4th Edition 2014, New Delhi.
7. Vinnie Jauhari&kirti Dutta (2017), Services Marketing, Text and cases, 2nd edition.

BA4012 SALES AND DISTRIBUTION MANAGEMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To gain insights into the selling and distribution process.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Sales management - nature and scope. Sales management positions. Personal Selling - Scope, theories and strategies. Sales forecasting and budgeting decisions. Online selling - scope, potential, Merits and Demerits.

UNIT II PERSONAL SELLING PROCESS, SALES TERRITORIES & QUOTAS 9

Selling process and relationship selling. Designing Sales Territories and quotas. Sales organisation structures.

UNIT III MANAGING THE SALES FORCE 9

Sales force - recruitment, selection, training, motivating, compensation and control.

UNIT IV MANAGING DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS 9

Distribution Management - Introduction, need and scope. Channels -Strategies and levels, retailing and wholesaling. Designing channel systems and channel management.

UNIT V BASICS OF LOGISTICS AND SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT 9

Logistics - Scope, definition and components. Managing FG Inventory & warehousing. Transportation - Scope, Modes and role in Supply Chain effectiveness. Use of Information Technology in Online Selling and Goods tracking.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The student get to learn about

1. The basics of sales management, theories and strategies
2. The process of personal and relationship selling
3. Managing sales force
4. Managing distribution channels
5. Inventory and supply chain.

REFERENCES:

1. Krishna K. Havaldar, Vasant M. Cavale, Sales and Distribution Management - Text and Cases, Third Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017
2. Gupta S.L., Sales and Distribution Management - Text and Cases - An Indian Perspective, Excel Books, 2008
3. Pingali Venugopal, Sales and Distribution Management - An Indian Perspective, Response Books from Sage Publications, 2008.

BA4013 PRODUCT AND BRAND MANAGEMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To help the students appreciate the relationship between Corporate Strategy and Product and Brand Management
- To provide a framework to understand the new product development process, the organisational structures for new product development and product management functions within an organisation
- To explore the various issues related to Brand Management and to enhance the understanding and appreciation of this important intangible strategic asset, including brand associations, brand identity, brand architecture, leveraging brand assets, brand portfolio management etc.

UNIT I **9**

Management of New Product Development Process - Managing Product Life cycle -Brands and Branding- Introduction to Brand Management -Brand Management Process - Brand Choice Decisions and Models.

UNIT II **9**

Product Plans-Elements of Branding- Brand Identity -Brand Communication -Brand Positioning -Brand Image and Personality - Valuation of Brands- Brand Valuation -Brand Tracking and Monitoring.

UNIT III **9**

Marketing Mix Factors and Products-Managing Brand Over Time- Building Brands in Indian Market - Launching a New Brand -Revitalizing Brands - Branding Strategies- Brand Extension Strategies - Brand Portfolio Management- Managing Brands Across Geographical Borders.

UNIT IV **9**

Managing Brand Experience - Digital Branding-Employment Branding - Co-branding- Brand extension scorecard-Culture and branding-Brand flashbacks-Future brand priorities.

UNIT V **9**

Advertising -Brand Name Plan- Pricing Systems -Product Distribution Systems -Advertising and Sales Promotion - Product Sales Management -Product and Public Relations Service Product Marketing - Industrial Product Marketing Product Exports and International Marketing -Critical Success Factors in Brand Management.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Apply the fundamental concepts of product and brand development and management.
- Use the brand positioning framework to develop a brand, keep it relevant, expand a brand internationally, and reposition a brand.
- Use tools and metrics to analyse competitors and develop positioning strategies.
- Recognize the importance of using teams and organization to coordinate multiple interdisciplinary tasks in order to create and manage products within an organization.
- Apply an understanding of the product manager's role in product pricing, sales, and promotion.

REFERENCES:

1. Strategic Brand Management: Building, Measuring, and Managing Brand Equity, by Kevin lane Keller;Ambi M. G. Parameswaran; IssacJacob;Fourth edition; Pearson Education India; 2015; ISBN-10: 9789332542204; ASIN: 9332542201
2. Product and Brand Management Tapan K. Panda Paperback: 888 pages Publisher: Oxford University Press; First edition (January 2016);ISBN-10: 9780199460496; ISBN-13: 978-0199460496; ASIN: 0199460493
3. Product and brand management by U C Mathur;Publisher: Excel Books (December 2012)ISBN-10: 9350620146;ISBN-13: 978-9350620144

BA4014 **DIGITAL MARKETING**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- The primary objective of this module is to examine and explore the role and importance of digital marketing in today's rapidly changing business environment.
- It also focusses on how digital marketing can be utilised by organisations and how its effectiveness can measured.

UNIT I

Online Market space- Digital Marketing Strategy- Components -Opportunities for building Brand- Website - Planning and Creation- Content Marketing.

UNIT II

Search Engine optimisation - Keyword Strategy- SEO Strategy - SEO success factors -On-Page Techniques - Off-Page Techniques. Search Engine Marketing- How Search Engine works- SEM components- PPC advertising -Display Advertisement

UNIT III

E- Mail Marketing - Types of E- Mail Marketing - Email Automation - Lead Generation - Integrating Email with Social Media and Mobile- Measuring and maximising email campaign effectiveness. Mobile Marketing- Mobile Inventory/channels- Location based; Context based; Coupons and offers, Mobile Apps, Mobile Commerce, SMS Campaigns-Profiling and targeting.

UNIT IV

Social Media Marketing - Social Media Channels- Leveraging Social media for brand conversations and buzz.Successful /benchmark Social media campaigns. Engagement Marketing- Building Customer relationships - Creating Loyalty drivers - Influencer Marketing.

UNIT V

Digital Transformation & Channel Attribution- Analytics- Ad-words, Email, Mobile, Social Media, Web Analytics - Changing your strategy based on analysis- Recent trends in Digital marketing.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. To examine and explore the role and importance of digital marketing in today's rapidly changing business environment.
2. To focusses on how digital marketing can be utilised by organisations and how its effectiveness can measured.
3. To know the key elements of a digital marketing strategy
4. To study how the effectiveness of a digital marketing campaign can be measured
5. To demonstrate advanced practical skills in common digital marketing tools such as SEO, SEM, Social media and Blogs.

REFERENCES:

1. Fundamentals of Digital Marketing by Puneet Singh Bhatia;Publisher: Pearson Education; First edition (July 2017);ISBN-10: 933258737X;ISBN-13: 978-9332587373.
2. Digital Marketing by Vandana Ahuja ;Publisher: Oxford University Press (April 2015)
3. ISBN-10: 0199455449;ISBN-13: 978-0199455447
4. Marketing 4.0: Moving from Traditional to Digital by Philip Kotler;Publisher: Wiley; 1st edition (April 2017); ISBN10: 9788126566938;ISBN13: 9788126566938;ASIN: 8126566930
5. Ryan, D. (2014). Understanding Digital Marketing: Marketing Strategies for Engaging the Digital Generation, Kogan Page Limited.
6. Pulizzi,J Beginner's Guide to Digital Marketing , Mcgraw Hill Education.
7. Barker, Barker, Bormann and Neher(2017), Social Media Marketing: A Strategic Approach, 2E South-Western ,Cengage Learning.

BA4015 STRATEGIC HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To help students understand the transformation in the role of HR functions from being a support function to strategic function.

UNIT I CONTEXT OF SHRM 9

SHRM - SHRM models - strategic HRM vs Traditional HRM - Barriers to Strategic HR- Adopting an Investment Perspective - Understanding and Measuring Human capital - Human side of corporate strategies - strategic work redesign - Strategic Capability - Bench Marking.

UNIT II HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT 9

Meaning – Strategic framework for HRM and HRD – Vision, Mission and Values – Importance – Challenges to Organisations – HRD Functions - Roles of HRD Professionals - HRD Needs Assessment - HRD practices – Measures of HRD performance – Links to HR, Strategy and Business Goals – HRD Program Implementation and Evaluation – Recent trends –HRD Audit.

UNIT III E-HRM 9

e- Employee profile– e- selection and recruitment - Virtual learning and Orientation – e - training and development – e-learning strategies- e- Performance management - and Compensation design - Use of mobile applications in HR functions– Development and Implementation of HRIS – Designing HR portals – Issues in employee privacy – Employee surveys online.

UNIT IV CAREER & COMPETENCY DEVELOPMENT 9

Career Concepts – Roles – Career stages – Career planning and Process – Career development Models– Career Motivation and Enrichment –Managing Career plateaus- Designing Effective Career Development Systems – Competencies and Career Management – Competency Mapping Models – Equity and Competency based Compensation.

UNIT V EMPLOYEE COACHING & COUNSELING 9

Need for Coaching – Role of HR in coaching – Coaching and Performance – Skills for Effective Coaching – Coaching Effectiveness– Need for Counseling – Role of HR in Counseling - Components of Counseling Programs – Counseling Effectiveness – Employee Health and Welfare Programs.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Understand the relationship of HR strategy with overall corporate strategy, the strategic role of specific HR systems.
2. Appreciate SHRM in the context of changing forms of organisation and will have a better understanding of the tools and techniques used by organizations to meet current challenges.
3. To be more sensitive to cross-cultural issues and understanding of international approaches to dealing with people in organisations. Students will look at HRM in a broader, comparative and international perspective to deal with complex issues and manifold risks.
4. Providing an overview of the counselling and coaching processes and techniques, Developing alternative approach to dealing with problem situations in organisations
5. Understand the career development theories and models and gain necessary self-insight, skills and techniques to become effective HR managers

REFERENCES :

1. Randy L. Desimone, Jon M. Werner – David M. Mathis, Human Resource Development, Cengage Learning, 7th edition, 2016.
2. Jeffrey A Mello, Strategic Human Resource Management, Cengage Learning, 3rd edition, 2011.
3. Paul Boselie. Strategic Human Resource Management. Tata McGraw Hill. 2011
4. Robert L. Mathis and John H. Jackson, Human Resource Management, Cengage Learning, 2007.
5. Pulak Das. Strategic Human Resource Management- A Resource Driven Perspective- Cengage Learning 4th Indian Reprint- 2013.
6. Terresa Torres Coronas & Mario Arias Olivia. e-Human Resource Management- Managing Knowledge People- Idea Group Publishing, 2005.
7. Randall S Schuler and Susan E Jackson. Strategic Human Resource Management. Wiley Publications- 2007.

BA4016 INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS AND LABOUR LEGISLATIONS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To explore contemporary knowledge and gain a conceptual understanding of industrial relations.
- To have a broad understanding of the legal principles governing the employment relationship at individual and collective level.

UNIT I INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS 9

Concept, scope- objectives- Importance - Approaches to IR- Industrial relations system in India. Trade Unions Act,1926- trade union movement in India- objective -role - functions-procedure for registration of trade unions- Rights and responsibilities- problems- Employee relations in IT sector.

UNIT II INDUSTRIAL CONFLICTS AND LABOUR WELFARE 9

The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947-Disputes – Impact – Causes – Strikes – Prevention – Industrial Peace – Government Machinery – Conciliation – Arbitration – Adjudication. Labour welfare- statutory- Voluntary- welfare funds-welfare of unorganized labour

UNIT III LABOUR LEGISLATIONS-I 9

Origin and growth of labour legislation in India- Principles of labour legislations-Factories Act 1948- Minimum Wages Act, 1948- Payment of Wages Act, 1936- Payment of Bonus Act, 1965-

UNIT IV LABOUR LEGISLATIONS-II 9

The Industrial employment (standing orders) Act, 1946- The Apprentices act, 1961-The Equal Remuneration act, 1976**-** Payment of Gratuity act 1972- Employee compensation act in 2013

UNIT V LABOUR LEGISLATIONS-III 9

Employees' Provident fund and Miscellaneous provisions act, 1952- Employees' state insurance (ESI) Act, 1948- Maternity Benefit Act, 1961- Contract Labour Regulations and Abolition Act, 1970 -The Child Labour Prevention and Regulation Act, 1986.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The student gets to learn about

1. Industrial relations system and Trade unions
2. Industrial Disputes and labour welfare measures
3. Labour legislation introduction and legal provisions for factory workers, wages and Bonus
4. Legal provisions for equal remuneration, gratuity, compensation, industrial employment and Apprenticeship
5. Legal provisions for EPF, ESI, Maternity, contract labours, and child labour prevention.

REFERENCES :

1. Mamoria C.B. and SathishMamoria, Dynamics of Industrial Relations, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Kapoor N. D , Elements of Mercantile Law, Sultan Chand, 2014.
3. ArunMonappa, RanjeetNambudiri, PatturajaSelvaraj. Industrial relations &Labour Laws. Tata McGraw Hill. 2012
5. P.K. Padhi, Industrial Laws, PHI, 2017.
6. P.R.N Sinha, InduBala Sinha, Seema PriyardarshiniShekhar. Industrial Relations, Trade Unions and Labour Legislation. Pearson. 2017
7. Tax Mann, Labour Laws, 2018.
8. Srivastava, Industrial Relations and Labour laws, Vikas, 2015.
9. P.N.Singh, Neeraj Kumar. Employee relations Management. Pearson. 2011.
10. Ratna Sen, Industrial Relations in India, Shifting Paradigms, Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.
11. C.S.VenkataRatnam, Globalisation and Labour Management Relations, Response Books, 2007.

BA4017 ORGANIZATIONAL DESIGN, CHANGE AND DEVELOPMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To help the students to gain knowledge about the concepts of change management and to acquire the skills required to manage any change effectively
- To understand the concept and techniques of OD and to enable the skills for the application of OD in organizations.

UNIT I ORGANIZATIONAL DESIGN 9

Organizational Design – Determinants – Components – Basic Challenges of design – Differentiation, Integration, Centralization, Decentralization, Standardization, Mutual adjustment -Mechanistic and Organic Structures- Technological and Environmental Impacts on Design-Importance of Design – Success and Failures in design.

UNIT II ORGANIZATIONAL CHANGE 9

Meaning, Nature, Forces for change- change agents- Change process-Types and forms of change-Models of change- Resistance to change – individual factors – organizational factors – techniques to overcome change- Change programs –job redesign.

UNIT III ORGANIZATIONAL DEVELOPMENT 9

Introduction- evolution- basic values and assumptions- foundations of OD- Process of OD- managing the phases of OD- Organizational diagnosis-Process-stages- Techniques-Questionnaire, interview, workshop, task-force- collecting, analyzing- feedback of diagnostic information.

UNIT IV OD INTERVENTION 9

Human process interventions-Individual, group and inter-group human relations- structure and technological interventions- strategy interventions – sensitivity training – survey feedback, process consultation – team building – inter-group development.

UNIT V ORGANIZATIONAL EVOLUTION AND SUSTENANCE 9

Organizational life cycle – Models of transformation – Models of Organizational Decision making – Organizational Learning – Innovation, Intrapreneurship and Creativity-HR implications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The student gets to learn about

1. The fundamentals of organizational design and structure
2. Change process, types, and models of change in organizations
3. The fundamentals of organizational development
4. Organizational development Interventions
5. Organizational evolution and sustenance

REFERENCES:

1. French & Bell: Organisational Development, McGraw-Hill, 2005
2. Wendell L. French, Cecil H. Bell, Jr, Veena Vohra - Organization Development : Behavioral Science Interventions for Organizational Improvement, Sixth Edition 2017
3. Rajiv Shaw: Surviving Tomorrow: Turnaround Strategies In Organisational Design And Development, Vikas Publishing House.
4. Thomas G. Cummings, Christopher G. Worley: Organisation Development And Change, Thomson Learning.
5. S. Ramnarayan, T. Venkateswara Rao, Kuldeep Singh: Organization Development: Interventions And Strategies, Sage Publications
6. Organization Development, behavioral science interventions for Organization Improvement, Wendell French, Cecil H.Bell, Veena, Jr, Pearson, PHI
7. Change & Knowledge Management-R.L. Nandeshwar, Bala Krishna Jayasimha, Excel Books, 1st Ed.
8. Management of Organizational Change – K Harigopal – Response BOOKS, 2nd editon,2006
9. Organizational, Design, and Change-Gareth R. Jones, 5th Edition, Pearson Education

BA4018 NEGOTIATION AND CONFLICT MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop an understanding of the nature and strategies of negotiation.
- To understand conflict and strategies to resolve the conflict.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF NEGOTIATION 9

Nature, Characteristics of negotiation- Dimensions of Negotiation-Structure- Norms & values-Types of Negotiation- Negotiation process- Perception and Preparation-Communication and Influence-Techniques of Negotiation- Issues in negotiation.

UNIT II NEGOTIATION STRATEGIES 9

strategy and planning for negotiation- Strategy and Tactics for distributive bargaining -Integrative negotiation-Negotiation power- source of power- Cross culture Negotiation-Ethics in negotiation.

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO CONFLICT MANAGEMENT 9

Understanding conflict, components, perspective of conflict- Types of conflict- Models of conflict (Process & Structural)-Sources of conflict- Contingency approach, conflict management process, conflict domain, conflict trends, conflict distribution, conflict mapping and tracking-conflict & performance - Advantages & Disadvantages of Conflict.

UNIT IV MANAGING INTERPERSONAL, GROUP AND ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT 9

Individual difference- Personalities & abilities- Interpersonal conflict- Group conflict- Organizational conflict- Dealing with difficult subordinates & boss-Technique to resolve team conflict- organizational conflict strategies.

UNIT V CONFLICT RESOLUTION AND COST 9

Conflict resolution models-framework model-classical ideas- new developments in conflict resolution-Environmental conflict resolution-gender and conflict resolution-Assessing the cost of workplace conflict.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The student gets to learn about

1. The fundamentals of Negotiation, Types, process and techniques
2. Strategies and tactics in Negotiation
3. The basics of Conflict management, models, approaches and process
4. Managing interpersonal, group and organizational conflict
5. Conflict resolution models and cost of workplace conflict

REFERENCES:

1. Negotiation - Lewicki, Saunders, Barry, TMGH, 2014
2. Corporate Conflict Management - concepts & skills by Eirene Rout, Nelson Omika, PHI, 2007
3. Negotiation- Communication for diverse settings- Michael Spangle, Sage Publication, 2008
4. Managing conflict and negotiation, B.D. Singh, 1st edition, Excel books, 2008.
5. Conflict Management: Practical guide to develop negotiation strategies, Barbara A Budjac Corvette, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2006, ISBN: 8174466428, 9788174466426
6. Managing Conflict in Organizations, M. Afzalur Rahim, 4th Edition, Transaction Publishers, 2011, ISBN 1412844258, 9781412844253.
7. Negotiation, Harvard Business Essentials, Harvard Business School Press, 2003
8. How to negotiate effectively, David Oliver, The Sunday Times, Kogan Page, 2010
9. Conflict Resolution Techniques by Subbulakshmi, ICFAI University press, 2005

BA4019 REWARD AND COMPENSATION MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To impart skills in designing analyzing and restructuring reward management systems, policies and strategies.
- To understand the various dimensions of Compensation Management.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Compensation - Definition - objectives- principles of compensation formulation- Compensation Design and strategy- theories of wage determination- Wage Structure -types of wages- wage boards- wage policy. Compensation decisions- compensation benchmarking- compensation trends and reward system in India.

UNIT II EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION AND LABOUR MARKET 9

Macroeconomics of Labour markets- Unemployment and its impact on labour market- Neoclassical microeconomics of labour markets-models, supply and demand-economic model Implications on employee compensation- economic theories and employee compensation- trade -offs - valuation of employee compensation.

UNIT III MANAGING EMPLOYEE BENEFITS AND REWARDS 9

Nature and types of employee benefits- statutory employee benefits in India- Deferred compensation plan- Non-monetary benefits. Reward - Meaning, Elements, Types- Basic concepts of reward management - Designing reward system- Approaches to reward system- Difference between reward and compensation.

UNIT V PERFORMANCE RELATED COMPENSATION 9

Performance management system (PMS)-performance objectives - indicators- standards and metric - effective performance modeling-dimensions of performance- competency based pay. Team Compensation – Gain Sharing Incentive Plan – Enterprise Incentive Plan – Profit Sharing Plan- ESOPs

UNIT IV EXECUTIVE AND SALES COMPENSATION PLAN 9

Executive Compensation – Components, Theories, Design- Relationship between Fixed and variable pay-Executive Incentive Programmes. Sale Compensation plan- design and administration- sales incentives and motivations. Compensation Management in Multi-National organisations.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The student gets to learn about

1. The basics of Compensation Management and Reward system, Theories and strategies
2. Macro and micro economics of labour market and employee compensation
3. Managing employee benefits and rewards
4. Performance related compensation
5. Executive and sales compensation plans, theories and design

REFERENCES:

1. Richard.I. Henderson: Compensation Management In A Knowledge Based World – Prentice Hall, 2007.
2. Richard Thrope& Gill Homen: Strategic Reward Systems- Prentice-Hall, 2000
3. Reward Management: A Handbook of salary administration by Armstrong, Michael and
4. Marlis, Kogan page business books, 2005
5. Thomas.P. Plannery, David.A. Hofrichter&Paul.E.Platten: People Performance & Pay – Free Press.
6. Michael Armstrong & Helen Murlis: Hand Book Of Reward Management – Crust Publishing House.
7. Joseph.J. Martocchio: Strategic Compensation – A Human Resource Management Approach – Prentice-Hall.
8. Edwarde.E.Lawler III: Rewarding Excellence (Pay Strategies for the New Economy) – Jossey-Bass.

BA4020 INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- The course aims to provide students insights to HR practices followed in Global organizations.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO IHRM 9

Definition – Evolution of HRM- Importance of IHRM, Models of IHRM – Matching Model, Harvard Model, Contextual Model, 5p Model, European Model, IHRM policies, Standardization and Localization of HRM practices

UNIT II I HRM STRATEGIES 10

Internationalization and world business – Strategic orientation, IHRM in cross border Mergers and Acquisitions, International Alliances – IHRM & Competitive advantage- Cultural context of IHRM

UNIT III RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION 6

International Managers staffing – Approaches to staffing – Role of Expatriates – Role of inpatriate – Role of Non expatriates- recruitment and selection methods- Current practices

UNIT IV TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT, PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL 10

Expatriate training program, components, types, effectiveness measures, HCN training- Trends in international training and development – repatriation process and training.
International performance Management methods – cultural issues in Performance Management

UNIT V INTERNATIONAL COMPENSATION 10

Components of international compensation- Approaches to international compensation – Challenges and choices -International Labor Standards – emerging Issues

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The student gets to learn about

1. the basics of IHRM, models and practices
2. strategic orientation and cultural context towards IHRM
3. International practices on recruitment and selection
4. International perspectives on Training, development, performance appraisal
5. International practices on Compensation management

REFERENCES :

1. Peter J Dowling & D E. Welch: International Human Resource Management, Cengage Learning 7th Edition IE.,2017
2. Monir H. Tayeb: International Human Resource Management**,**A Multinational Company Perspective Oxford University Press, IE
3. IbraizTarique, Dennis Briscoe&randall, International Human Resource Management- Policies and practices for Multinational Enterprises, Routledge, 5th edition
4. Anne- WilHarZing, Ashly Pinnington, International human Resource Management, 3rd edition, Sage Publication
5. P L Rao, International Human resource Management- Text and Cases, Excel Books
6. Christopher Brewster, Guy Vernon, Paul Sparrow, Elizabeth Houldsworth – International Human Resource Management, Kogan Page Publishers

BA4021 SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To help understand the importance of and major decisions in supply chain management for gaining competitive advantage.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Supply Chain – Fundamentals, Evolution, Role in Economy, Importance, Decision Phases, Enablers & Drivers of Supply Chain Performance; Supply chain strategy; Supply Chain Performance Measures.

UNIT II SUPPLY CHAIN NETWORK 9

Distribution Network Design – Role in supply chain, Influencing factors, design options, online sales and distribution network, Distribution Strategies; Network Design in supply chain – Role, influencing factors, framework for network design, Impact of uncertainty on Network Design.

UNIT III PLANNING DEMAND, INVENTORY AND SUPPLY 9

Managing supply chain cycle inventory and safety inventory - Uncertainty in the supply chain , Analyzing impact of supplychain redesign on the inventory, Risk Pooling, Managing inventory for short life-cycle products, multiple item -multiple location inventory management; Pricing and Revenue Management.

UNIT IV LOGISTICS 9

Transportation – Role, Modes and their characteristics, infrastructure and policies, transport documentation, design options, trade-offs in transportation design, intermodal transportation. Logistics outsourcing – catalysts, benefits, value proposition. 3PL, 4PL, 5PL, 6PL; International Logistics -objectives, importance in global economy, Characteristics of global supply chains, Incoterms.

UNIT V SUPPLY CHAIN INNOVATIONS 9

Supply Chain Integration, SC process restructuring, IT in Supply Chain; Agile Supply Chains, Legible supply chain, Green Supply Chain, Reverse Supply chain; Supply chain technology trends – AI, Advanced analytics, Internet of Things, Intelligent things, conversational systems, robotic process automation, immersive technologies, Blockchain.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Understanding of supply chain fundamentals
2. Ability to design supply chain networks to enhance supply chain performance
3. Ability to plan demand based on inventory and supply
4. Understanding the role of logistics in supply chain performance
5. Awareness of innovations for sustainable supply chains

REFERENCES:

1. Sunil Chopra, Peter Meindl and DharamVirKalra, Supply Chain Management-Strategy Planning and Operation, Pearson Education, Sixth Edition, 2016.
2. Janat Shah, Supply Chain Management – Text and Cases, Pearson Education, 2009
3. Ballou Ronald H, Business Logistics and Supply Chain Management, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2007.
4. David Simchi-Levi, Philip Kaminsky, Edith Simchi-Levi, Designing and Managing the Supply Chain: Concepts, Strategies, and Cases, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2005.
5. Pierre David, International Logistics, Biztantra, 2011.

BA4022 **QUALITY MANAGEMENT** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To learn the various principles and practices of Quality Management

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction - Need for quality - Evolution of quality - Definition of quality. Concept of Quality –different perspectives. Concept of total Quality – Design, inputs, process and output - Attitude and involvement of top management. Customer Focus – customer perception - customer retention. Dimensions of product and service quality. Cost of quality.

UNIT II QUALITY MANAGEMENT PHILOSOPHIES AND PRICIPLES 9

Quality Gurus - Crosby, Deming, Masaaki Imai, Feigenbaum, Ishikawa, Juran, Oakland, ShigeoShingo, and Taguchi. Concepts of Quality circle, Japanese 5S principles and 8D methodology.

UNIT III STATISTICAL PROCESS CONTROL 9

Statistical Process Control (SPC) – Meaning, Significance. construction of control charts for variables and attributes. Process capability – meaning, significance and measurement. Six sigma- concepts of process capability. Reliability concepts – definitions, reliability in series and parallel, product life characteristics curve. Total productive maintenance (TMP), Terotechnology. Business process Improvement (BPI) – principles, applications, reengineering process, benefits and limitations.

UNIT IV QUALITY TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES 9

Quality Tools - The seven traditional tools of quality, New management tools.Six-sigma, Bench marking, Poka-yoke, Failure Mode Effect Analysis (FMEA) – reliability, failure rate, FMEA stages, design, process and documentation. Quality Function Deployment (QFD) – Benefits, house of quality. Taguchi - quality loss function, parameter and tolerance design, signal tonoise ratio.

UNIT V QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS 9

Introduction Quality management systems – IS/ISO 9004:2000 – Quality System –Elements, Documentation guidelines for performance improvements. Quality Audits - QS 9000 – ISO 14000 – Concepts. TQM -culture, framework, benefits, awareness and obstacles. Employee involvement – Motivation, empowerment, Team and Teamwork, Recognition and Reward, Performance appraisal. Supplier - Selection, Partnering, Supplier Rating.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Understanding the evolution of Quality management
2. Understanding of quality philosophies and practices
3. Ability to apply statistical process control to enhance quality.
4. Ability to apply quality tools to enhance organization's quality performance
5. Awareness of quality management systems

REFERENCES:

1. Dale H.Besterfield, CarolBesterfield-Michna, Glen H. Besterfield, Mary Besterfield -Sacre, Hemant Urdhwareshe, Rashmi Urdhwareshe, Total Quality Management (TQM), Fifth edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
2. Shridhara Bhat K, Total Quality Management – Text and Cases, Himalaya Publishing House, First Edition 2010
3. PoornimaM.Charantimath, Total Quality Management, Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2011.
4. Douglas C. Montgomory, Introduction to Statistical Quality Control, Wiley Student Edition4th Edition, Wiley India Pvt Limited, 2008.
5. Indian standard – quality management systems – Guidelines for performance improvement (Fifth Revision), Bureau of Indian standards, New Delhi.
6. Panneerselvam.R, Sivasankaran. P, Quality Management, PHI Learning, 2014.

BA4023 **MATERIALS MANAGEMENT**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE :

- To understand why materials management should be considered for profit in operations

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **9**

Operating environment-aggregate planning-role, need, strategies, costs techniques, approaches-master scheduling-manufacturing planning and control system-manufacturing resource planning-enterprise resource planning-making the production plan

UNIT II MATERIALS PLANNING **9**

Materials requirements planning-bill of materials-resource requirement planning-manufacturing resource planning-capacity management-scheduling orders-production activity control-codification.

UNIT III INVENTORY MANAGEMENT **9**

Policy Decisions–objectives-control -Retail Discounting Model, Newsvendor Model; Review of deterministic models, Probabilistic inventory models.

UNIT IV PURCHASING MANAGEMENT **9**

Establishing specifications-selecting suppliers-price determination-forward buying-mixed buying strategy-price forecasting-buying seasonal commodities-purchasing under uncertainty-demand management-price forecasting-purchasing under uncertainty-purchasing of capital equipment-international purchasing

UNIT V WAREHOUSE MANAGEMENT **9**

Warehousing functions – types - Stores management-stores systems and procedures-incoming materials control-stores accounting and stock verification-Obsolete, surplus and scrap-value analysis-material handling-transportation and traffic management -operational efficiency-productivity-cost effectiveness-performance measurement

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Understanding basics of materials management
2. Understanding requirement analysis for material planning
3. Ability to apply inventory management models
4. Understanding purchasing practices
5. Understanding storage in warehouse

REFERENCES :

1. J.R.Tony Arnold, Stephen N. Chapman, Lloyd M. Clive, Materials Management, Pearson, 2012.
2. P. Gopalakrishnan, Purchasing and Materials Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012
3. A.K.Chitale and R.C.Gupta, Materials Management, Text and Cases, PHI Learning, 2nd Edition, 2006
4. A.K.Datla, Materials Management, Procedure, Text and Cases, PHI Learning, 2nd Edition, 2006
5. Ajay K Garg, Production and Operations Management**,** Tata McGraw Hill , 2012
6. Ronald H. Ballou and Samir K. Srivastava, Business Logistics and Supply Chain Management, Pearson education,Fifth Edition
7. S. N. Chary, Production and Operations Management, Tata McGraw Hill , 2012

BA4024 SERVICES OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To help understand how service performance can be improved by studying services operations management

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Services – Importance, role in economy, service sector – nature, growth. Nature of services - distinctive characteristics, Service Package, Service classification, service-dominant logic, open-systems view. Service Strategy –Strategic service vision, competitive environment, generic strategies, winning customers; Role of information technology; stages in service firm competitiveness.

UNIT II SERVICE DESIGN 9

New Service Development – Design elements – Service Blue-printing - process structure – generic approaches. Service Encounter – triad, creating service orientation, service profit chain; Front-office Back-office Interface– service decoupling. Technology in services – self-service, automation, e-commerce, e-business, technology innovations.

UNIT III SERVICE QUALITY 9

Service Quality- Dimensions, Service Quality Gap Model; Measuring Service Quality –SERVQUAL, Walk-through Audit, Quality service by design , Service Recovery, Service Guarantees. Process Improvement –productivity improvement - DEA, quality tools, benchmarking, Quality improvement programs.

UNIT IV SERVICE FACILITY 9

Supporting facility -Service scapes, Facility design – nature, objectives, process analysis, Service facility layout. Service Facility Location – considerations, facility location techniques – metropolitan metric, Euclidean, centre of gravity, retail outlet location, location set covering problem. Vehicle routing and Scheduling.

UNIT V MANAGING CAPACITY AND DEMAND 9

Managing Demand – strategies; Managing capacity – basic strategies, supply management tactics,operations planning and control; Yield management; Inventory Management in Services– RetailDiscounting Model, Newsvendor Model; Managing Waiting Lines –Queuing systems, psychology ofwaiting; Managing for growth- expansion strategies, franchising , globalization.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Appreciation of nature of service operations
2. Ability to design services
3. Ability to inculcate quality in service design and delivery
4. Apply models to design service facility
5. Ability to grow and sustain service business

REFERENCES:

1. James A. Fitzsimmons, Mona J, Fitzsimmons, Sanjeev Bordoloi, Service Management – Operations, Strategy, Information Technology,McGraw-Hill Education – 8th Edition 2018.
2. Richard D. Metters, Successful Service Operations Management, Cengage Learning, 2nd Edition, 2012.
3. CengizHaksever, Barry Render, Service Management, Pearson Education, 2013.
4. Robert Johnston, Graham Clark, Service Operations Management, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2005.
5. Bill Hollins and Sadie Shinkins, Managing Service Operations, Sage, 2006.

BA4025 **SUPPLY CHAIN ANALYTICS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To treat the subject in depth by emphasizing on the advanced quantitative models and methods in logistics and supply chain management and its practical aspects and the latest developments in the field.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction to analytics – descriptive, predictive and prescriptive analytics, Data Driven Supply Chains – Basics, transforming supply chains, Barriers to implementation, Road Map.

UNIT II WAREHOUSING DECISIONS 9

Mathematical Programming Models - P-Median Methods - Guided LP Approach - Balmer – Wolfe Method, Greedy Drop Heuristics, Dynamic Location Models, Space Determination and Layout Methods

UNIT III INVENTORY MANAGEMENT 9

Inventory aggregation Models, Dynamic Lot sizing Methods, Multi-Echelon Inventory models, Aggregate Inventory system and LIMIT, Risk Analysis in Supply Chain - Measuring transit risks, supply risks, delivering risks, Risk pooling strategies.

UNIT IV TRANSPORTATION NETWORK MODELS 9

Notion of Graphs, Minimal Spanning Tree, Shortest Path Algorithms, Maximal Flow Problems, Multistage Transshipment and Transportation Problems, Set covering and Set Partitioning Problems, Traveling Salesman Algorithms, Advanced Vehicle Routing Problem Heuristics, Scheduling Algorithms-Deficit function Approach and Linking Algorithms

UNIT V MCDMMODELS 9

Analytic Hierarchy Process(AHP), Data Envelopment Analysis (DEA), Fuzzy Logic and Techniques, the analytical network process (ANP), TOPSIS-Application in SCM

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Understanding of supply chain analytics fundamentals
2. Ability to design warehouse models to enhance supply chain performance.
3. Ability to analyse models and strategies in inventory management.
4. Ability to understand network models in transportation.
5. Ability to make decision using multi-criteria in applications of SCM

REFERENCES :

1. Nada R. Sanders, Big data driven supply chain management: A framework for implementing analytics and turning information into intelligence, Pearson Education, 2014.
2. Michael Watson, Sara Lewis, Peter Cacioppi, Jay Jayaraman, Supply Chain Network Design: Applying Optimization and Analytics to the Global Supply Chain, Pearson Education, 2013.
3. Anna Nagurney, Min Yu, Amir H. Masoumi, Ladimer S. Nagurney, Networks Against Time: Supply Chain Analytics for Perishable Products, Springer, 2013.
4. Muthu Mathirajan, ChandrasekharanRajendran, SowmyanarayananSadagopan, ArunachalamRavindran, ParasuramBalasubramanian, Analytics in Operations/Supply Chain Management , I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2016.
5. Gerhard J. Plenert, Supply Chain Optimization through Segmentation and Analytics, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2014.

BA4026 **PROJECT MANAGEMENT** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To learn the fundamental principles and practices of managing projects.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PROJECT MANAGEMENT 9

Project Management – Definition –Goal - Lifecycles. Project Environments. Project Manager – Roles-Responsibilities and Selection.

UNIT II PLANNING, BUDGETING AND RISK MANAGEMENT 9

The Planning Process – Work Break down Structure. Cost Estimating and Budgeting - Process, Summaries, schedules and forecasts. Managing risks - concepts, identification, assessment and response planning.

UNIT III SCHEDULING & RESOURCE ALLOCATION 9

PERT & CPM Networks - Project durations and floats - Crashing – Resource loading and leveling. Simulation for resource allocation. Goldratt"s Critical Chain.

UNIT IV PROJECT ORGANISATION & CONFLICT MANAGEMENT 9

Formal Organisation Structure – Organisation Design – Types of project organizations. Conflict – Origin & Consequences. Project Teams. Managing conflict – Team methods for resolving conflict.

UNIT V CONTROL AND COMPLETION 9

Project Control – Process, Monitoring, Internal and External control, Performance analysis, Performance Index Monitoring. Project Evaluation, Reporting and Termination. Project success and failure - Lessons.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Ability to understand the roles and responsibilities of a project manager
2. Ability to plan and budget projects
3. Ability to schedule and allocate resources to projects
4. Ability to manage project organization
5. Ability to control and complete projects

REFERENCES :

1. John M. Nicholas, Project Management for Business and Technology - Principles and Practice, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.
2. Clifford Gray and Erik Larson, Project Management, Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 2005.
3. Gido and Clements, Successful Project Management, Seventh Edition, Thomson Learning, 2017.
4. Samuel J.M., Jack R.M., Scott M.S., Margaret M.S., and Gopalan M.R., Project Management, First Indian edition, Wiley-India, 2006.
5. Harvey Maylor, Project Management, Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.
6. Panneerselvam. R, Senthilkumar. P, Project Management, PHI Learning, 2009.

BA4027 DATAMINING FOR BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To know how to derive meaning form huge volume of data and information
- To understand how knowledge discovering process is used in business decision making.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Data mining, Text mining, Web mining, Spatial mining, Process mining, Data ware house and datamarts.

UNIT II DATA MINING PROCESS 9

Datamining process – KDD, CRISP-DM, SEMMA and Domain-Specific, Classification and Prediction performance measures -RSME, MAD, MAP, MAPE, Confusion matrix, Receiver Operating Characteristic curve & AUC;Validation Techniques - hold-out, k-fold cross-validation, LOOCV, random subsampling, and bootstrapping.

UNIT III PREDICTION TECHNIQUES 9

Data visualization, Time series – ARIMA, Winter Holts, Vector Autoregressive analysis, Multivariate regression analysis.

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND CLUSTERING TECHNIQUES 9

Classification- Decision trees, k nearest neighbour, Logistic regression, Discriminant analysis; Clustering; Market basket analysis;

UNIT V MACHINE LEARNING AND AI 9

Genetic algorithms, Neural network, Fuzzy logic, Support Vector Machine, Optimization techniques – Ant Colony, Particle Swarm, DEA

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Learn to apply various data mining techniques into various areas of different domains.
2. Be able to interact competently on the topic of data mining for business intelligence.
   Know the basics of data mining processes, algorithms, & systems well enough to interact with CTOs, expert data miners, consultants, etc.
3. Apply various prediction techniques.
4. Learn about supervised and unsupervised learning technique.
5. Develop and implement a basic trainable neural network (or) a fuzzy logic system to design and manufacturing

REFERENCES:

1. Jaiwei Ham and Micheline Kamber, Data Mining concepts and techniques, Kauffmann Publishers 2006
2. Efraim Turban, Ramesh Sharda, Jay E. Aronson and David King, Business Intelligence, Prentice Hall, 2008.
3. W.H.Inmon, Building the Data Warehouse, fourth edition Wiley India pvt. Ltd. 2005.
4. Ralph Kimball and Richard Merz, The data warehouse toolkit, John Wiley, 3rd edition, 2013.
5. Michel Berry and Gordon Linoff, Mastering Data mining, John Wiley and Sons Inc, 2nd Edition, 2011
6. Michel Berry and Gordon Linoff, Data mining techniques for Marketing, Sales and Customer support, John Wiley, 2011
7. G. K. Gupta, Ïntroduction to Data mining with Case Studies, Prentice hall of India, 2011
8. Giudici, Applied Data mining – Statistical Methods for Business and Industry, John Wiley. 2009
9. Elizabeth Vitt, Michael LuckevichStaciaMisner, Business Intelligence, Microsoft, 2011
10. Michalewicz Z., Schmidt M. Michalewicz M and Chiriac C, Adaptive Business Intelligence, Springer – Verlag, 2007
11. GalitShmueli, Nitin R. Patel and Peter C. Bruce, Data Mining for Business Intelligence – Concepts, Techniques and Applications Wiley, India, 2010.

BA4028 DEEP LEARNING AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:
- To expose various algorithms related to Deep Learning and Artificial Intelligence.
- To prepare students to apply suitable algorithm for the specified applications.

UNIT I DEEP NETWORKS 9
Deep Networks: Modern Practices: Deep Forward Networks: Example: Learning XOR - Gradient-Based Learning - Hidden Units - Architecture Design - Regularization for Deep Learning.

UNIT II MODELS 9
Optimization for Training Deep Models: How Learning Differs from Pure Optimization - Challenges in Neural Network Optimization - Basic Algorithms - Parameter Initialization Strategies - Algorithms with Adaptive Learning Rates - Approximate Second-Order Methods - Optimization Strategies and Meta-Algorithms.

UNIT III INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS 9
Introduction to Artificial Intelligence: Intelligent Systems - Foundations of AI - Applications - Tic-Tac-Toe Game Playing - Problem Solving: State-Space Search and Control Strategies: Introduction - General Problem Solving - Exhaustive Searches - Heuristic Search Techniques.

UNIT IV KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION 9
Advanced Problem-Solving Paradigm: Planning: Introduction - Types of Planning Systems - Knowledge Representation: Introduction - Approaches to Knowledge Representation - Knowledge Representation using Semantic Network - Knowledge Representation using Frames.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS 9
Expert Systems and Applications: Blackboard Systems - Truth Maintenance Systems - Applications of Expert Systems - Machine-Learning Paradigms: Machine-Learning Systems - Supervised and Unsupervised Learnings.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
1. Knowledge of Algorithms of Deep Learning & Artificial Intelligence.
2. Knowledge of applying Algorithm to specified applications.
3. Ability to understand intelligent systems and Heuristic Search Techniques
4. Understanding of Knowledge Representation, Semantic Networks and Frames
5. Knowledge Of Expert systems, applications and Machine learning

REFERENCES:

1. Ian Goodfellow, YoshuaBengio, Aaron Courville, “Deep Learning”, MIT Press, 2016.
2. Li Deng and Dong Yu, "Deep Learning Methods and Applications", Foundations and Trends in Signal Processing.
3. YoshuaBengio, "Learning Deep Architectures for AI", Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning.
4. SarojKaushik, "Artificial Intelligence", Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
5. Deepak Khemani, "A First Course in Artificial Intelligence", McGraw Hill Education(India) Private Limited, NewDelhi.
6. Elaine Rich, Kevin Night, Shivashankar B Nair, "Artificial Intelligence" Third Edition, McGraw Hill, 2008.

BA4029 SOCIAL MEDIA WEB ANALYTICS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To showcase the opportunities that exist today to leverage the power of the web and social media

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Evolution of online communities - History and Evolution of Social Media- Social Media vs. traditional media - Social Media Audience and Goals for using Social Media - Understanding Social Media: Strong and weak ties – Influencers - How ideas travel – Viralness - Social theory and social media - technological determinism in popular discourse on social media technologies.

UNIT II COMMUNITY BUILDING AND MANAGEMENT 9

Science of Social Media - Keys to Community Building - Promoting Social Media Pages- Linking Social Media Accounts-The Viral Impact of Social Media-Digital PR-Encourage Positive Chatter in Social Media - Identity in social media: formation of identities, communities, activist movements, and consumer markets - Social Media as business.

UNIT III SOCIAL MEDIA POLICIES AND MEASUREMENTS 9

Social Media Policies-Etiquette, Privacy- ethical problems posed by emerging social media technologies - The road ahead in social media- The Basics of Tracking Social Media - social media analytics- Insights Gained From Social Media- Customized Campaign Performance Reports - Observations of social media use.

UNIT IV WEB ANALYTICS 9

Web Analytics - Present and Future, Data Collection - Importance and Options, Overview of Qualitative Analysis, Business Analysis, KPI and Planning, Critical Components of a Successful Web Analytics Strategy, Web Analytics Fundamentals, Concepts, Proposals & Reports, Web Data Analysis.

UNIT V SEARCH ANALYTICS 9

Search engine optimization (SEO), non-linear media consumption, user engagement, usergenerated content, web traffic analysis, navigation, usability, eye tracking, online security, online ethics, content management system, data visualization, RSS feeds, Mobile platforms, User centered design, Understanding search behaviors.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. The students will be able to enhance the social media skills.
2. The students will be able to develop a mass communication strategy and guide campaigns.
3. To get an idea of social media policies.
4. Understand the fundamentals and concepts of web analytics.
5. How to effectively use the resulting insights to support website design decisions, campaign optimisation, search analytics, etc.

REFERENCES:

1. K. M. Shrivastava, Social Media in Business and Governance, Sterling Publishers Private Limited, 2013
2. Christian Fuchs, Social Media a critical introduction, SAGE Publications Ltd, 2014
3. Bittu Kumar, Social Networking, V & S Publishers, 2013
4. Avinash Kaushik, Web Analytics - An Hour a Day, Wiley Publishing, 2007
5. ric T. Peterson, Web Analytics Demystified, Celilo Group Media and Café Press, 2004
6. TakeshiMoriguchi, Web Analytics Consultant Official Textbook, 7th Edition, 2016

BA4030 **E – BUSINESS MANAGEMENT**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the practices and technology to start an online business.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO e-BUSINESS 8

e-business, e-business vs e-commerce, Economic forces – advantages – myths – e-business models, design, develop and manage e-business, Web 2.0 and Social Networking, Mobile Commerce, S-commerce

UNIT II TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURE 10

Internet and World Wide Web, internet protocols - FTP, intranet and extranet, information publishing technology- basics of web server hardware and software.

UNIT III BUSINESS APPLICATIONS 10

Consumer oriented e-business – e-tailing and models - Marketing on web – advertising, e-mail marketing, affiliated programs - e-CRM; online services, Business oriented e-business, e-governance, EDI on the internet, Delivery management system, Web Auctions, Virtual communities and Web portals – social media marketing

UNIT IV e-BUSINESS PAYMENTS AND SECURITY 9

E-payments - Characteristics of payment of systems, protocols, e-cash, e-cheque and Micro payment systems- internet security – cryptography – security protocols – network security.

UNIT V LEGAL AND PRIVACY ISSUES 8

Legal, Ethics and privacy issues – Protection needs and methodology – consumer protection, cyber laws, contracts and warranties, Taxation and encryption policies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Ability to build and manage an e-business.
2. Knowledge about Technology Infrastructure
3. Understanding of customer oriented business applications
4. Knowledge of e business payment protocols and security
5. Understanding of ethical, legal , privacy issues and encryption policies

REFERENCES:

1. Harvey M.Deitel, Paul J.Deitel, Kate Steinbuhler, e-business and e-commerce for managers, Pearson, 2011.
2. Efraim Turban, Jae K. Lee, David King, Ting Peng Liang, Deborrah Turban, Electronic Commerce – A managerial perspective, Pearson Education Asia, 2010.
3. Parag Kulkarni, SunitaJahirabadkao, Pradeep Chande, e business, Oxford University Press, 2012.
4. Hentry Chan &el , E-Commerce – fundamentals and Applications, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2007.
5. Gary P. Schneider, Electronic commerce, Thomson course technology, Fourth annual edition, 2007
6. Bharat Bhasker, Electronic Commerce – Frame work technologies and Applications, 3rd Edition. Tata McGrawHill Publications, 2009
7. KamleshK.Bajaj and Debjani Nag, Ecommerce- the cutting edge of Business, Tata McGraw Hill Publications, 7th reprint, 2009.
8. Kalakota et al, Frontiers of Electronic Commerce, Addison Wesley, 2004
9. MichealPapaloelon and Peter Robert, e-business, Wiley India, 2006.

BA4031 ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To exhibit the theoretical aspects of Enterprise Resource Planning.
- To provide practical implication on ERP Suite implementation.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 8

Overview of enterprise systems – Evolution - Risks and benefits - Fundamental technology - warehouse management.

UNIT II ERP SOLUTIONS AND FUNCTIONAL MODULES 10

Overview of ERP software solutions, BPR, Project management, Functional modules-Organisational data, master data and document flow.

UNIT III ERP IMPLEMENTATION 10

Planning Evaluation and selection of ERP systems - Implementation life cycle - ERP implementation, Methodology and Frame work- Training – Data Migration. People Organization in implementation-Consultants, Vendors and Employees.

UNIT IV POST IMPLEMENTATION 8

Maintenance of ERP- Organizational and Industrial impact; Success and Failure factors of ERP Implementation.

UNIT V EMERGING TRENDS ON ERP 9

Extended ERP systems and ERP add-ons -CRM, SCM, Business analytics - Future trends in ERP systems-web enabled, Wireless technologies, cloud computing and Augmented reality.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Knowledge of risk and benefits associated with Enterprise Resource Planning.
2. Knowledge or ERP solutions and functional modules
3. Exposure to the implementation environment
4. Understanding of post implementational impact and maintenance of ERP
5. Knowledge of emerging trends on ERP

REFERENCES:

1. Alexis Leon, ERP demystified, second Edition Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.
2. Simha R. Magal , Jeffrey Word, Integrated Business processes with ERP systems, John Wiley & Sons, 2012.
3. Jagan Nathan Vaman, ERP in Practice, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008
4. Alexis Leon, Enterprise Resource Planning, second edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.
5. Mahadeo Jaiswal and Ganesh Vanapalli, ERP Macmillan India, 2009
6. Vinod Kumar Grag and N.K. Venkitakrishnan, ERP- Concepts and Practice, Prentice Hall of India, 2006.
7. Summer, ERP, Pearson Education, 2008.

SECTORAL SPECIALISATION IN LOGISTICS AND SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

BA4051 SUPPLY CHAIN CONCEPTS AND PLANNING **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To describe the various streams of the supply chain
- To describe the drivers of the supply chain
- To describe the concepts employed in the supply chain
- To explain about the strategies employed in the supply chain

UNIT- I CONCEPTS OF SUPPLY CHAIN **9**

Service and manufacturing supply chain dynamics - Evolution of supply chain management -Multiple views and flows - Service supply chains -Manufacturing supply chains - Measures of supply chain performance - Differentiation-Bullwhip effect

UNIT - II SUPPLY CHAIN PROCESSES AND STRATEGIES **9**

Integrated supply chains design - Customer relationship process - Order fulfilment process - Supplier relationship process - Supply chain strategies - Strategic focus - Mass customization - Lean supply chains - Outsourcing and offshoring - Virtual supply chains.

UNIT - III SUPPLY CHAIN PERFORMANCE DRIVERS AND FORECASTING **9**

Drivers of supply chain performance - Logistics drivers (Location, inventory and transportation) -Cross functional drivers (Pricing, information and sourcing) – Forecasting introduction -Framework for a forecast system - Choosing right forecasting technique - Judgment methods (Composite Forecasts, Surveys, Delphi Method, Scenario Building, Technology Forecasting, Forecast by Analogy) - Causal methods (Regression Analysis -Linear & Non-Linear Regression, Econometrics) - Time series analysis (Autoregressive Moving Average (ARMA), Exponential Smoothing, Extrapolation, Linear Prediction, Trend Estimation, Growth Curve, Box-Jenkins Approach) – CPFR

UNIT - IV SALES AND OPERATIONS PLANNING **9**

Introduction to Sales and operations planning - Purpose of sales and operations plans -Decision context - Sales and operations planning as a process - Overview of decision support tools

UNIT- V RESOURCE PLANNING AND SCHEDULING **9**

Enterprise resource planning - Planning and control systems for manufacturers – Materials requirement planning - Drum – Buffer – Rope system – Scheduling - Scheduling service and manufacturing processes - Scheduling customer demand - Scheduling employees - Operations scheduling.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to

- Identify the concepts of supply chain.
- Analyze supply chain dynamics and various issues of supply chain performance.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Sunil Chopra, Peter Meindl, Supply Chain Management: Strategy, Planning, and Operation, Pearson, 2010.
2. Janat Shah, Supply Chain Management, Pearson Education India, 2009
3. Supply Chain management, Chandrasekaran,N., Oxford University Publications, 2010
4. Supply Chain Management for The 21st Century by B S SAHAY. Macmillan Education, 2001

BA4052 SOURCING AND SUPPLY MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To provide understanding of the framework.
- To illustrate current practices in industries.
- To provide knowledge on certain tools & techniques

UNIT - I INTRODUCTION TO PURCHASING AND SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT 9

The Purchasing Process. Purchasing Policies and Procedures. Supply Management Integration for Competitive Advantage, Purchasing and Supply Management Organization.

UNIT - II STRATEGIC SOURCING 9

Supply Management and Commodity Strategy Development, Supplier Evaluation and Selection Supplier Quality Management Supplier Management and Development, Creating a World-Class Supply Base, Worldwide Sourcing.

UNIT - III STRATEGIC SOURCING PROCESS 9

Strategic Cost Management, Purchasing and Supply Chain Analysis: Tools and Techniques, Negotiation and Conflict Management Contract Management Purchasing Law and Ethics.

UNIT - IV SUPPLIER PERFORMANCE AND QUALITY MANAGEMENT 9

Performance Measurement and Evaluation: Strategies, tools and techniques for measuring and managing supplier performance, Supplier performance evaluation, Purchasing services, Supply Chain Information Systems and Electronic Sourcing.

UNIT - V FUTURE DIRECTIONS 9

Purchasing and Supply Strategy Trends Green Buying, Sustainability, material research, Lean supply Chain Management

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- To understand basic functions and nuances.
- To understand the holistic dimensions of SCM & corporate perspectives.
- Learn to acquire skills to become a sourcing professional.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Purchasing and Supply Chain Management, Robert .M. Monczka, Handfield, GIunipero Paterson, Waters, 6th Edition, Cengage Publication
2. Purchasing and Supply Chain Management, Benton, 3 rd Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
3. World Class Supply Chain Management, Burt, Dobler, Starling, 7th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
4. Supply Chain Management for The 21st Century by B S SAHAY. Macmillan Education,2001

BA4053 SUPPLY CHAIN INVENTORY MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:
This course provides you the basic concepts and advanced models in inventory management. This course discusses issues related to inventory in a supply chain context. It also gives a multi-dimensional view to approach a problem with case studies.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO INVENTORY MANAGEMENT 9
Inventory in SCM, Cash to cash cycle time, measure of inventory in terms of days, Inventory turnover ratio and its relationship with working capital, Review of models, Q-models and P-models Aggregation of Inventory, Cycle stock concepts, Ordering multiple items in a single order to reduce cycle stock

UNIT II INVENTORY MODELS 9
Safety stock issues Safety stock with lead time and demand uncertainty (for Q-models), Short term discounting & Forward Buying, Periodic review models with safety stock, Comparison of P and Q systems

UNIT III INVENTORY MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES 9
Single period models, Inventory management for fashion supply chains, Postponement strategies to reduce inventory, Examples of Fashion supply chains: NFL Reebok, ZARA and Sport Obermeyor Risk Pooling, Applications, Risk pooling in different forms-Substitution, Specialisation, Postponement and Information pooling

UNIT IV INVENTORY OPTIMIZATION 9
Distribution resource planning techniques, Inventory and transportation integration decisions, Vendor Managed Inventory, Product availability measures, Product fill rate, order fill rate, Cycle service level.

UNIT V LATEST TRENDS IN INVENTORY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS 9
Industry initiatives, Efficient consumer Response and Quick response ,CPFR and other industry initiatives, Inventory reduction strategies, Managing inventory in Reverse Logistics and Remanufacturing situations , Best practices in Inventory Management in a Supply Chain

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
At the end of this course, the students can confidently approach their supply chain inventory issues and they can use different tools appropriately to solve the problems and enhance the performance of their supply chains.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Sunil Chopra, Peter Meindl, Supply Chain Management: Strategy, Planning, and Operation, Pearson, 2010.
2. Janat Shah, Supply Chain Management, Pearson Education India, 2009
3. Supply chain management, Chandrasekaran,N., Oxford University Publications, 2010
4. Supply Chain Management For The 21st Century by B S SAHAY. Macmillan Education,2001

BA4054 SUPPLY CHAIN INFORMATION SYSTEM L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To explain the various technological aspects that are described in the different logistical background
- To explain the real time description updated technologies in the logistics sector and supply chain industry

UNIT - I ELECTRONIC SCM, COMMUNICATION NETWORKS 9

Introduction e-SCM – e-SCM framework - Key success factors for e-SCM - Benefits of e-SCM- Positioning information in Logistics - Strategic information linkage - Supply chain communication networks - Role of communication networks in supply chains - Overview of telecommunication networks –EDI - Data security in supply chain networks - Overview of internet able models

UNIT - II ENTERPRISE INFORMATION SYSTEMS 9

Overview of enterprise information systems - Information functionality and principles -Introduction enterprise information systems -Classification of enterprise information systems- Information architecture -Framework for managing supply chain information - Describe on popular enterprise application packages -Benefits of enterprise information systems

UNIT - III SCM SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT, DEPLOYMENT AND MANAGEMENT 9

Stakeholders in supply chain information systems - Stakeholders in SCM - Stakeholders in supply chain information systems - Information systems development- Logistics information systems design- Defining enterprise architecture - Choosing appropriate system development methodologies - Adopting relevant systems development model

UNIT - IV DEPLOYMENT AND MANAGEMENT 9

Information systems deployment - IT Operations and infrastructure management - Portfolio, programme and project management - Management of risk - Management of value

UNIT - V INFORMATION INTEGRATION 9

Enterprise application integration and supply chain visibility - Enterprise application integration - Supply chain visibility - Supply chain event management -Supply chain performance -Planning and design methodology - Problem definition and planning - Data collection and analysis - Recommendations and implementation -Decision support systems

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to understand the various enterprise information system and its architecture and benefits. Students can gain knowledge about various e-commerce models, e-SCM, benefits and communication networks.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bowersox & Closs, Logistical Management, McGraw-Hill Companies, 1996.
2. R.H.Ballou, Business Logistics Management, Prentice-Hall, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Strauss,E-Marketing, 4/e, Pearson Education 2008
2. Chaffey, E- Business and E- Commerce Management, 3/e, Pearson Education 2008
3. Blanchard, Logistics Engineering & Management, 6/e, Pearson Education 2008
4. Statistics for Managers Using MS Excel, 4/e, Levine, Pearson Education 2007
5. Donald J. Bowersox and David J. Closs, Logistical Management - The Integrated Supply chain

BA4055 **WAREHOUSE MANAGEMENT** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To help the students in explaining the significance of Warehousing.
- To provide timely customer service,
- To keep track of items so they can be found readily & correctly
- To minimize the total physical effort
- To minimize the cost of moving goods in & out of stage.

UNIT - I INTRODUCTION WAREHOUSING **9**

Introduction Warehousing – Basic Warehousing Decisions – Warehouse Operations – Types of Warehouses – Functions – Centralized & Decentralized – S rage Systems – Warehousing Cost Analysis – Warehouse Layout – Characteristics if Ideal Warehouse

UNIT - II INVENTORY MANAGEMENT **9**

Inventory: Basic Concepts – Role in Supply Chain – Role in Competitive Strategy – Independent Demand Systems – Dependent Demand Systems – Functions – Types _ Cost – Need for Inventory – Just in Time

UNIT - III INVENTORY CONTROL **9**

Inventory Control – ABC Inventory Control – Multi-Echelon Inventory Systems – Distribution Requirement Planning – Bull Whip Effect – Using WMS for Managing Warehousing Operations

UNIT - IV MATERIALS HANDLING **9**

Principles and Performance Measures Of Material Handling Systems – Fundamentals of Material Handling – Various Types of Material Handling Equipments – Types of Conveyors – Refrigerated Warehouses- Cold Chain- Agri SCM

UNIT - V MODERN WAREHOUSING METHODS **9**

Modern Warehousing – Au mated S rage & Retrieval Systems & their Operations – Bar Coding Technology & Applications in Logistics Industry – RFID Technology & Applications – Advantages of RFID

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to get complete insight in to warehouse concepts, various inventory control techniques and application of inventory management in supply chain.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Vinod.V.Sople, Logistics Management, Pearson Education, 2004.
2. Arnold, Introduction Materials Management, Pearson Education, 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. Frazelle, World Class Warehousing & Material Handling, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008
2. Satish K. Kapoor and PurvaKansal, Basics of Distribution Management - A Logistical Approach, Prentice Hall, 2003
3. Satish K. Kapoor and PurvaKansal Marketing, Logistics - A Supply Chain Approach , Pearson Education, 2003

BA4056 TRANSPORTATION AND DISTRIBUTION MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To explore the fundamental concepts of transportation and distribution management
- To gain knowledge in network planning, routing and scheduling and application of IT in transportation and distribution management.

UNIT - I DISTRIBUTION 9

Role of Distribution in Supply chain, Distribution channels – Functions, resources, Operations in Distribution, Designing Distribution network models - its features - advantages and disadvantages.

UNIT - II PLANNING 9

Distribution network planning, Distribution network decisions, Distribution requirement planning (DRP)

UNIT - III TRANSPORTATION 9

Role of Transportation in Logistics and Business, Principle and Participants-Scope and relationship with other business functions, Modes of Transportation - Mode and Carrier selection, Routing and scheduling.

UNIT - IV TRANSPORTATION 9

International transportation, Carrier, Freight and Fleet management, Transportation management systems-Administration, Rate negotiation, Trends in Transportation.

UNIT - V INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (IT) 9

Usage of IT applications -E commerce – ITMS, Communication systems-Automatic vehicle location systems, Geographic information Systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES: The students will be able to:

- Gain knowledge about the distribution requirements planning.
- Predict the scope and relationship of transportation with other business functions
- Make use of the advantages and disadvantages of the various models.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Raghuram and N. Rangaraj, Logistics and Supply chain Management – Leveraging Mathematical and Analytical Models: Cases and Concepts, New Delhi: Macmillan, 2000.
2. Janat Shah, Supply Chain Management, Pearson Education India, 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. Sunil Chopra, Peter Meindl, Supply Chain Management: Strategy, Planning, and Operation, Pearson, 2010.
2. Michael B Stroh, Practical Guide to Transportation and Logistics, Logistics Network, 2006.
3. Alan Rushton, John Oxley, Handbook of Logistics & Distribution Management, Kogan Page Publishers, 2000.

BA4057 **REVERSE AND CONTRACT LOGISTICS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To prepare students successfully implement a contract logistics and closed supply chain in Retail, FMCG and Automobile sectors.
- To explain the concept and principle of contract logistics and closed supply chain

UNIT - I CONTRACT LOGISTICS **9**

Third party logistics industry overview - A framework for strategic alliances - Evolution of contract logistics - Types of third party logistics providers – Automobile, FMCG and Retail-Third party services and integration

UNIT - II CLOSED LOOP SUPPLY CHAINS AND LOGISTICS **9**

Introduction closed loop supply chains and logistics – Logistics and closed loop supply chain service - Overview of return logistics and closed loop supply chain models – Introduction product returns - Product Vs Parts returns - Strategic issues in closed loop supply chains

UNIT - III BUSINESS AND MARKET **9**

Overview - Introduction life cycle management - Trends and opportunities – Auto Warranty management, return process and benchmarks - Market overview - Reasons for using reverse logistics - General characteristics - Consumer goods Depot repair and value added services - Operating dynamics - Competitive evaluation - Secondary markets and final disposal.

UNIT - IV EMERGING TRENDS **9**

Emerging trends in Retail, E-Commerce- FMCG and Automobile sectors- Systems and technology - For consumer goods operations, High tech logistics system - Impact and value of advanced logistics

UNIT - V MANAGING PROCESSES **9**

Managing processes - Step by step process - Use of third party service providers - Additional factors – Contemporary issues – Make in India and its impact on Countries GDP and Economic Growth.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to understand the basics of contract logistics, third party logistics industry and third party logistics providers. And it helps to gain knowledge about Make in India concept and its impact on the GDP growth

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Janat Shah, Supply Chain Management: Text and Cases, Pearson Education India, 2009
2. John Manners-Bell, Logistics and Supply Chains in Emerging Markets, Kogan Page, 2014.

REFERENCES:

1. Coyle et.al, Management Of Transportation, 7th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2011
2. D. F. Blumberg, Reverse Logistics & Closed Loop Supply Chain Processes, Taylor and Francis, 2005
3. Hsin-I Hsiao, Wageningen, Logistics Outsourcing in the Food Processing Industry, Academic Pub, 2009.
4. Surendra M. Gupta, Sustainability in Supply Chain Management Casebook: Applications in SCM, McGraw Hill, 2013

BA4058 **AIR CARGO MANAGEMENT** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide the participants with a good knowledge of airfreight operations, services and management that can support them in various business functions and roles such as operations, customer service, account management and sales.
- To create awareness about the Air Cargo management.
- To provide general information or a framework on the setup of air cargo processes, for business.

UNIT - I AIR PORTS AND SHIPMENT **9**

Ground Handling Agencies - Air Craft - Advantage of Air shipment - Economics of Air Shipment - Sensitive Cargo by Air shipment - Do's and Don'ts in Air Cargo Business

UNIT - II AIR CARGO **9**

Air Cargo Console - Freighting of Air Cargo - Volume based Calculation of Freight - Weight based Calculation of Freight - Import Documentation - Export Documentation

UNIT- III AIRWAY BILLS **9**

Airway Bills - FIATA - IATA - History of IATA - Mission of IATA - Price setting by IATA -Licensing of Agencies - Sub Leasing of Agencies - freight carriers by scheduled freight tonne kilometers flown

UNIT - IV CARGO VILLAGE **9**

History of Dubai Cargo Village - Location of DCV - Equipment and Handling at DCV - Operations - Advantage of Sea Air Cargo - Why Sea Air Cargo is Cheaper - Why Air freight from Dubai is Cheaper?

UNIT - V DG CARGO **9**

DG Cargo by Air - Classification and labelling - Types of Labels according Cargo – Samples of Labels - Packing and Transportation of DG Goods by Air

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The outcome of this course will provide the basics concepts of airports and aircrafts and various participants in air cargo transportation. Students will come to know about roles of the customs and the government in air transport.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Yoon SeokChang,Air Cargo Management, CRC Press, 2015.
2. Xie Chun Xun Zhu, Air Cargo Management Introduction - Aviation Logistics, Management Series (Chinese Edition), Southeast University Press, 2006.
3. Hampton Simon Taylor, Air transport logistics, CRC Press, 2000.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul, Air cargo distributions: a management analysis of its economic and marketing benefits, Jackson and William Brackenridge (Gower Press), 1988.
2. Peter S. Smith, Air freight: operations, marketing and economics, Chu (Boston : Kluwer Academic Publishers), 2004.
3. John Walter wood, Airports; some elements of designs and future development, Chu(Boston : Kluwer Academic Publishers), 1981.

BA4059 CONTAINERIZATION AND ALLIED BUSINESS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide an overview of the various elements of containerization and allied businesses
- To realize the potential of containerization and allied businesses

UNIT –I BASIC CONCEPT OF CONTAINERIZATION 9

Introduction to Liner Shipping industry - Unitization concept and methods - Malcolm Mclean and the birth of containerization - Generations of container ships and their specification - Container types, their specifications and cargoes carried in them.

UNIT –II FREIGHTING AND SIZE OF CONTAINER 9

Container shipping business - FCL and LCL sea freight products - Freighting of FCL and LCL cargo - Slot utilization strategies - Estimation of optimum container fleet size - Multiport LCL consolidation

UNIT – III CHARACTERISTICS AND PHYSICAL OPERATIONS 9

Containerisation: Concept, Classification, Benefits and Constraints, Container terminal business- World's leading container terminals and location characteristics - container terminal infrastructure - container terminal productivity and profitability-Inland container Depots(ICD)Roles and functions - Container Freight Stations(CFS),Clearance at ICD, CONCOD,ICD's under CONCOD, Charting: Kinds of Charter, Charter Party and Arbitration.

UNIT – IV CONTAINER TYPES AND BUSINESS 9

Container manufacturing trends - Container leasing business - Types of container leasing and their terms - maintenance and repair of containers - tracking of container movements - Container interchange.

UNIT – V MULTIMODAL TRANSPORT 9

Alternate uses of containers -marketing of used containers -carriage of shipper own containers - multimodal transport options for containers -Insurance for containers -strategies for managing container imbalance.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- The students will learn the practices and ways to promote containerization and allied businesses
- The learners will have a complete idea about the different concepts, trends and strategies used for containerization and allied businesses

REFERENCES:

1. Marc Levinson, The Box: How the Shipping Container Made the World Smaller and the World Economy Bigger, Princeton University Press, 2008.
2. Dr. K. V. Hariharan, Containerisation, Multimodal Transport & Infrastructure Development In India, Sixth Edition, Shroff Publishers and Distributors, 2015.
3. Lee, C.-Y., Meng, Q. (Eds.), Handbook of Ocean Container Transport Logistics Making Global Supply Chains Effective, Springer, 2015
4. Coyle et.al, Management Of Transportation, 7th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2011

BA4060 **EXIM MANAGEMENT** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To enlighten the students about the major functions in export and import processes.
- To provide the expertise for solving issues related to requirements in EXIM management**.**

UNIT – I FUNDAMENTALS OF IMPORT AND EXPORT 9

Role of Import and Export Trade in an Economy - Institutional Framework for Foreign trade in India -Role of Director General of Foreign Trade and Commerce - Objectives of EXIM Policy - Global trade flows - Contract of International Sale of Goods - INCOTERMS 2010

UNIT - II OVERVIEW OF EXPORT AND IMPORT 9

Marketing for Exports - Negotiation and finalization of Export contract - Export Documentation Procedures - Cargo Insurance - Export Promotion Councils and incentive schemes- Role of Logistics in Exports- Export Houses / Trading Houses

UNIT - III DOCUMENTATION FRAMEWORK 9

Import for industrial use / trading - Import Documentation and Customs clearance procedures - Types of Imports - Import Licenses - Cargo Insurance - Role of Logistics in Import

UNIT - IV CREDIT AND PAYMENTS 9

Payment methods in Foreign Trade - Documentary Credit / Letter of Credit–LOU-UCP 600 with respect to Shipping Documents and L/C Negotiation – Export / import financing strategies - Managing payment risks.

UNIT - V CUSTOMS CLEARANCE AND AGENCIES 9

Roles of Service providers in EXIM transactions – Global Traders – Commodity Brokers - Custom House Agents – Transport Operators – Freight Forwarders – Warehousing and 3PL service providers – Liners /Ship Agencies – Container Freight Stations - Port – Inspection Agencies/ surveyors – Quarantine Agencies – Pest Control Agencies – Chamber of Commerce.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- The students would be aware about the formalities of export and import industry
- The students will be able to comprehend the importance of exim management.

REFERENCES:

1. Justin Pauland Rajiv Aserkar, Export Import Management, Second Edition, Oxford University Press, 2013.
2. UshaKiranRai, Export - Import and Logistics Management, Second Edition, PHI Learning, 2010.
3. Director General of Foreign Trade, Foreign Trade Policy and Handbook of Procedures, 2015
4. Coyle et.al, Management Of Transportation, 7th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2011

BA4061 FUNDAMENTALS OF SHIPPING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide the knowledge about fundamentals of shipping management
- To equip the students with the knowledge of shipping, ship building and repair

UNIT I INTERDICTION OF SHIPPING 9

Role of Shipping in International trade-Types of ships and cargoes carried by them - International Organizations serving the shipping industry (IMO, BIMCO, ICS, IACS, IAPH)- Ship Registration and Classification.

UNIT II LINER SHIPPING OPERATIONS 9

Liner shipping business - Types of Liner services - Container shipping lines and their services - Break bulk, Ro-Ro and project cargo services - Liner freight rates - Liner cargo documentation - Liner agency functions

UNIT III DRY BULK BUSINESS 9

Dry Bulk shipping business- World's leading dry bulkports and cargoes handled by them - Types of Dry bulk ships and the Dry Bulk industry structure - Dry bulk market indices - Types of Chartering - Port agency functions.

UNIT IV TANKER OPERATIONS AND BUSINESS 9

Liquid Bulk shipping business - World's leading wet bulk ports and cargoes handled by them- Types of tankers and gas carriers - Tanker freighting system (worldscale) -Factors affecting Tanker markets-Marine pollution conventions.

UNIT V SHIP BUILDING AND REPAIR 9

Service providers to shipping industry -Ship management companies -Ports, inland terminals and Container Freight Stations- Ship building and repair yards -Financing the Shipping industry - Marine insurance providers.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- The students would be acquainted with the basics of shipping management
- The students will learn the skills needed for shipping industry

REFERENCES:

1. Michael Robarts, Branch"s Elements of Shipping, Ninth Edition, Routledge, 2014.
2. Peter Brodie, Commercial Shipping Handbook, Third Edition, Informa Law from Routledge, 2014.
3. Review of Maritime Transport, UNCTAD, 2014.
4. Coyle et.al, Management Of Transportation, 7th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2011

BA4062 PORT AND TERMINAL MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To enlighten the students about the major functions in the port and terminal management
- To expose the students on the trends in port and terminal management

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO PORT AND TERMINAL 9

Role of ports in international trade and transport - Economic impact of ports on the regional economy - Multiplier effect - Location characteristics of ports - Different types of ports (natural, manmade, river, estuary).

UNIT – II PORT OPERATIONS 9

Design features of facilities in ports for handling various cargoes - Organization structure in Ports -Delivery of port services and the relationship between various departments - Marine Department –Traffic Department – other departments.

UNIT – III PORT MARKETING AND SERVICES 9

Marketing of Port services - Pricing of Port services - Components of port tariff - Concept of hinterland – Identifying the needs of ship owners and operators, ship agents, forwarders, truckers, rail and barge operators - Concept of Total Logistics cost.

UNIT – IV PORT PERFORMANCE 9

Measurement of port performance - vessel turn round time, cargo volume, speed of cargo handling

- Information flow requirements of the port, statutory bodies and port users - Port community computer systems and EDI applications.

UNIT – V PORT SECURITY AND ISSUES 9

Environmental issues connected with Ports & Terminals - Health and safety issues - Port security issues - International Ships and Port facility security (ISPS) code - Role of national, regional and local governments in owning / operating / managing ports.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- The students would be aware about skills pertaining to port and terminal management
- The students should be able to understand the principles and applications for port and terminal management

REFERENCES:

1. Maria G. Burns, Port Management and Operations, CRC Press, 2014.
2. Patrick Alderton, Port Management and Operations, Third Edition, Lloyd's Practical Shipping Guides, 2008
3. H. Ligteringen, H. Velsink, Ports and Terminals, VSSD Publishers, 2012.
4. Coyle et.al, Management Of Transportation, 7th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2011

SECTORAL SPECIALISATION IN

INFRASTRUCTURE AND REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT

BA4063 INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING, SCHEDULING AND CONTROL **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To give an exposure to the students on the concept and the principles of planning, scheduling and control about infrastructure industry.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction to infrastructure - Need and importance of infrastructure in India - Overview of power sector - Overview of water supply and sanitation sector-Overview of road, rail, air and port transportation sectors-Overview of telecommunication sector-Overview of rural and urban infrastructure-Introduction to special economic zones-Organizations and players in infrastructure field -Overview of infrastructure project finance.

UNIT II INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATIZATION 9

Privatization of infrastructure in India - Benefits of privatization-Problems with privatization-Challenges in privatization of water supply projects- Challenges in privatization of power sector projects – Challenges in privatization of road transportation projects.

UNIT III RISKS IN INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS 9

Economic and demand risks, political risks, socio-economic risks and cultural risks in infrastructure projects -Legal and contractual issues in infrastructure projects- Challenges in construction of infrastructure projects.

UNIT IV RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK 9

Planning to mitigate risk-Designing sustainable contracts-Introduction to fair process and negotiation-Negotiation with multiple stakeholders - Sustainable development- Information technology and systems for successful management.

UNIT V DESIGN & MAINTENANCE OF INFRASTRUCTURE 9

Innovative design and maintenance of infrastructure facilities- Modeling and life cycle analysis techniques-Capacity building and improving Government's role in implementation-Integrated framework for successful planning and management.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

On successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- Explain the basic concepts related to infrastructure and understand management.
- Explain the benefits and problems with infrastructure
- Identify the challenges and strategies for successful planning and implementation of infrastructure.
- Apply the above concepts to various infrastructure domains.

REFERENCES

1. Raina V.K, "Construction Management Practice – The inside Story", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Limited, 2005
2. Leslie Feigenbaum, "Construction Scheduling With Primavera Project Planner", Prentice Hall, 2002
3. W.Ronald Hudson, Ralph Haas, Waheed Uddin, "Infrastructure Management: Integrating, Design, Construction, Maintenance, Rehabilitation and renovation", McGraw Hill Publisher, 2013
4. Prasanna Chandra, "Projects – Planning, Analysis, Selection, Implementation Review", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi. 2006.

5. Joy P.K., "Total Project Management - The Indian Context", Macmillan India Ltd., 1992
6. Report on Indian Urban Infrastructure and Services – The High Powered Expert Committee for estimating the Investment Requirements for Urban Infrastructure Services, March 2011
7. Urban Water Development in India 2011 – Published and Distributed by India Infrastructure Research
8. Manual on sewerage and sewage treatment, CPHEEO, Ministry of urban affairs and employment, Govt.of India, New Delhi, 2012
9. Manual of National Highway Authority of India, 1988

BA4064 CONTRACTS AND ARBITRATION L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To create awareness on contracts for construction industry, impart knowledge on tender preparation, tendering process, laws on arbitration, arbitration procedure and laws on dispute resolution in India.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO CONTRACTS IN CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY 9

Brief details of engineering contracts -Definition, types and essentials of contracts and clauses for contracts - Preparation of tender documents and contract documents - Issues related to tendering process- Awarding contract, e-tendering process - Time of performance - Provisions of contract law - Breach of contract - Performance of contracts - Discharge of a contract- Indian contract Act 1872 - Extracts and variations in engineering contracts - Risk management in contracts.

UNIT II LAWS RELATED TO CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY 9

Labor and industrial laws - Payment of wages act, contract labor - Workmen's compensation act - Insurance, industrial dispute act- Role of RERA

UNIT III ARBITRATION OF ENGINEERING CONTRACTS 9

Background of Arbitration in India - Indian Arbitration Act 1937 - UNCITRAL model law - Forms of arbitration - Arbitration agreement - Commencement of arbitral proceedings - Constitution of arbitral tribunal - Institutional procedure of arbitration -Impartiality and independence of arbitrators jurisdiction of arbitral tribunal - Interim measures - Enforcement of awards.

UNIT IV NEGOTIATION, MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION 9

Concepts and purpose - Statutory back ground ADR and mediation rules - Duty of mediator and disclose facts - Power of court in mediation.

UNIT V ALTERNATE DISPUTE RESOLUTION 9

Structure of Indian Judicial - The arbitration and reconciliation ordinance 1996 -Dispute resolution mechanism under the Indian judicial system - Litigation in Indian courts - Case studies.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- understand the laws on contracts for construction industry in india
- apply knowledge of contracts in preparation of contract document and tendering process
- apply appropriate methods to assess the critical factors in contracts leading to arbitration and disputes between the parties
- suggest suitable type of arbitration or dispute resolution for the situation of problem

REFERENCES

1. American Arbitration Association, “Construction industry arbitration rules andmediation procedures”, 2007
2. Case study of Southern Railway Arbitration Caseswiki.iricen.gov.in/doku/lib/exe/fetch.php
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6. Gajaria. G.T., “ Laws relating to building and Engineer’s Contracts”, M.M. TripathiPvt Ltd., Mumbai, 1985
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8. Krishna Sharma, Momota Oinam and Angshuman Kaushik, “Development andPractice of Arbitration in India- Has it evolved as an effective legal Institution”,CDDRL, Stanford, 103, Oct 2009
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10. Roshan Namavati, “Professional Practice”, Anuphai Publications, Lakhani BookDepot, 2013
11. Vasavada.B.J. “Engineering Contracts and Arbitration” , March 1996

BA4065 PROJECT MANAGEMENT FOR INFRASTRUCTURE

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To impart projects types, time & resource management, resource optimization and new trends in project management.

UNIT I PROJECT AND ITS PROCESS

Define project and process -Boundaries of project - Objectives and functions of project management -Characteristics and types of projects -Organization structure / styles -Roles of project management group - Project management office and its role - Project knowledge area - Project integration- Process group interaction -project flow - Project life cycle- Influencing factors. - Case study.

UNIT II PROJECT TIME MANAGEMENT

Project scope management - Work break down structure - Activity/Task – Events - Case study - Project planning tools - Rolling wave planning - Gantt charts, Milestone chart, Program progress chart- Creating milestone plan - Project network- Fulkerson’s rules - A-O-A and A-O-N networks - Analyze project time- Critical path method (deterministic approach) - Activity oriented network analysis- 80-20 rule- Case study - Type of time estimates & square network diagram - Project updating and monitoring- Case study - Estimate time- Program Evaluation & Review Technique (Probabilistic approach)- Event oriented network analysis- Optimistic, pessimistic and most likely time - Degree of variability in average time - Probabilistic estimate - % utilization of resources.

UNIT III RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Types of Resource- Time, Men, Material, Machinery, Money, Space - Balancing of resource - Resource smoothing technique- Time constraint - Resource leveling technique- Resource constraint- Case study.

UNIT IV RESOURCE OPTIMIZATION

Types of cost – Direct, indirect and total cost - Variation of cost with time - Schedule compression techniques- Crashing, fast tracking & Re-estimation- Crash timeand crash cost - Optimize project cost for time and resource - CPM cost model - Life cycle assessment - Impacts and economical assessment - Life cycle cost- Maintenance and operation -Life cycle forecasting – Concept and applications.

UNIT V EMERGING TRENDS IN PROJECT MANAGEMENT

AGILE Project management and Project Management using latest tools- Case study.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Explain the concept of projects, its process, objectives and functions of project management
- Analyze and manage time in projects through gantt charts, cpm and pert techniques
- Balance resource requirements of projects so as to avoid idling of resources
- Update projects and determine revised schedule of activities and critical path, if any
- Crash projects to determine its optimum time-minimum cost relationships

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1. "A Guide to the Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK Guide) – Fourth Edition, An American National Standard, ANSI/PMI 990001-2008"
2. A Risk Management Standard, AIRMIC Publishers, ALARM, IRM: 2002
3. Gene Dixon, “Service Learning and Integrated Collaborative Project Management”, Project Management Journal, DOI:10.1002/pmi, February 2011, pp.42-58
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5. Punmia B. C. and Khandelwal K.K., “Project Planning and Control with PERT/CPM”, Laxmi publications, New Delhi, 1989.
6. Srinath L.S., “PERT & CPM- Principles and Applications”, Affiliated East West Press Pvt., Ltd., New Delhi, 2008
7. Sengupta. B and Guha. H, “Construction Management and Planning”, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1995
8. SangaReddi. S and Meiyappan. PL, “Construction Management”, Kumaran Publications, Coimbatore, 1999

BA4066 MANAGEMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES, SAFETY AND QUALITY

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- to impart knowledge on management of human resources, labor legislation, safety and quality aspects in construction

UNIT I HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT 9

Introduction - Concept- Growth - Role and function - Manpower planning for construction companies - Line and staff function - Recruitment, selection, placement, induction and training; over staffing; Time office and establishment functions; wage and salary administration - Discipline - Separation process.

UNIT II LABOR LEGISLATION 9

Labor laws- Labor law relating to construction industry- Interstate migration- Industrial relations- Collective bargaining- Worker’s participation in management - Grievance handling - Discipline - Role of law enforcing agencies and judiciary -Women in construction industry.

UNIT III SAFETY MANAGEMENT 9

Importance of safety- Causes of accidents -Responsibility for safety - Role of various parties in safety management -Safety benefits- Approaches to improve safety in construction for different works - Measuring safety.

UNIT IV SAFETY IMPLEMENTATION 9

Application of ergonomics to the construction industry - Prevention of fires at construction site- Safety audit.

UNIT V QUALITY MANAGEMENT IN CONSTRUCTION 9

Importance of quality - Elements of quality - Quality characteristics- Quality by design - Quality conformance -Contractor quality control - Identification and traceability - Continuous chain management - Brief concept and application - Importance of specifications- Incentives and penalties in specifications - Workmanship as a mark of quality - Final inspection - Quality assurance techniques - Inspection, testing, sampling - Documentation - Organization for quality control, Cost of quality - Introduction to TQM, Six sigma concept- ISO 14000 in quality management.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- Identify the need and importance of human resource management, labour laws relating to construction industry
- Identify the need and measures to improve safety in construction industry and safety audit
- Identify the need for applying ergonomics to construction industry
- Enumerate the need, importance, elements of quality and significance of quality assurance in industry

REFERENCES

1. Arya Ashok, “Human Resources Management – Human Dimensions in Management”March 24-26, 2011, Organizational Development Programme Division – New Delhi
2. Arya Ashok, “Essence of Labour Laws”- www.odiindia.in/about-the-books.pdf
3. Arya Ashok “Discipline & Disciplinary procedure” Organisation Development Institute, 1998
4. Arya Ashok, “Management case studies – An analytical and Developmental Tool”Organisation Development Institute, New Delhi, 1999
5. Corlecton Coulter, Jill Justice Coulter, The Complete Standard Hand Book ofConstruction Management”, Prentice Hall, (1989)
6. Dwivedi R.S., “Human Relations and Organisational Behaviour”, (BH – 1987)
7. Grant E.L., and Leavens worth, “Statistical Quality Control”, Mc Graw Hill, 1984.
8. James J Obrien, “Construction Inspection Hand Book – Quality Assurance and QualityControl”, Van NOstrand, New York, 1989
9. Josy J. Farrilaro, “Hand Book of Human Resources Administration” Mc.Graw Hill(International Edition) 1987.
10. Juran Frank, J.M. and Gryna F.M. “Quality Planning and Analysis”, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 1982.
11. Malik, P.L., “Handbook of Labour & Industrial Law”, Eastern book company, Lalbagh, Lucknow, 2010
12. Manoria C.B., “Personnel Management”, Himalaya Publishing House, 1992.

BA4067 DISASTER MITIGATION AND MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To create an awareness on the various types of disasters and to expose the students about the measures, its effect against built structures, and hazard assessment procedure in India.
- To impart knowledge on the methods of mitigating various hazards such that their impact on communities is reduced.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Difference between hazards and disaster -Types of disasters-Phases of disaster management -Hazards - Classification of hazards - Hazards affecting buildings - Building safety against hazards - Floods - Cyclone - Landslides -Tsunami - Fire.

UNIT II EARTHQUAKE DISASTER 9

Earthquake hazard map -Causes of earthquakes -Classification of earthquakes -Seismic waves -Energy release - Inertia forces - Natural period - Resonance - Damping -Seismic response of free vibration -Seismic response of damped vibration -Performance of ground and buildings in past earthquakes-Earthquake resistant measures in RC and masonry buildings - Potential deficiencies of RC and masonry buildings.

UNIT III OTHER DISASTERS 9

Landslides-Landslide zoning map - Causes -Protection measures Floods -Flood zone map - Effects on buildings -Protection measures from damage to buildings -Mitigation strategies - Tropical cyclones - Effects on buildings -Protection measures from damage to buildings - Tsunami -Tsunami wave characteristics -Peculiarities of tsunami deposits -Tsunami impact on coastal lines-Effects of Tsunami on built structures - Fire disaster - Causes and effects of fire disaster - Preventive mechanism .

UNIT IV HAZARD ASSESSMENT 9

Visual inspection and study of available documents -Detailed in-situ investigation planning and interpretation of results-Foundation capability -Non-structural components - Seismic strengthening of buildings –Repairs, restoration and strengthening of existing buildings - Strengthening materials -Retrofitting of load bearing wall buildings - Retrofitting of RC Buildings-RVS method of screening - RC and masonry structures -Seismic hazard assessment - Deterministic seismic hazard analysis - PSHA.

UNIT V LAND USE ZONING REGULATIONS, QUALITY CONTROL AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT POLICY 9

Introduction-Community planning - Community contingency plan - Report building and initial awareness - Recommendations for land use zoning regulations - Construction quality control -Evolution of quality management -Reasons for poor construction -Construction of quality control in masonry structures - Disaster management policy and procedure -Legal frame work - Institutional mechanism - Schemes and grants on DM - Recommendation of 13th finance commission -Plan schemes - Non plan schemes - Externally aided schemes Role of NDRF in Disaster Management - Medical First Responder - Flood Rescue &Relief Management.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- Understand the various types of disaster viz hydrological, coastal and marine disasters, atmospheric disasters, geological, mass movement and land disasters, wind and water driven disasters.
- To identify the potential deficiencies of existing buildings for eq disaster and suggest suitable remedial measures.
- Derive the guide lines for the precautionary measures and rehabilitation measures for eq disaster.

- Understand the effects of disasters on built structures
- Derive the protection measures against floods, cyclone and land slides
- Understand the hazard assessment procedure
- Get the awareness regarding landuse zoning regulations &quality control

REFERENCES

1. Annual Report, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, 2009-10
2. Ayaz Ahmad, “Disaster Management: Through the New Millennium” Anmol Publications, 2003
3. Berg.GV, “Seismic Design codes and procedures”, EERI, CA,1982
4. Booth, Edmund, “Concrete Structures in earthquake regions; Design and Analysis”, Longman, 1994
5. Dowrick. D.J, “Earthquake resistant design for Engineers and Architects”, John Wiley & Sons, Second Edition, 1987.
6. Ghosh G.K. “Disaster Management”, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, 2006
7. Goel, S. L. “Encyclopaedia of Disaster Management”, Deep & Deep Publications Pvt Ltd.,2006
8. Jaikrishna & A.R.Chandrasekaran, “Elements of Earthquake Engineering”, Sarita Prakashan, Meerut,1996
9. Singh R.B, “Disaster Management”, Rawat Publications, 2008
10. Thirteenth Finance Commision Report, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, 2010-15

BA4068 ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT IN CONSTRUCTION

L	T	P	C
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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To study the concepts of construction economics and finance such as comparing alternatives proposals, evaluating alternative investments, management of funds, Insurance procedures, risks involved and economics of costing.

UNIT I BASIC PRINCIPLES **9**

Time Value of Money - Cash flow diagram - Nominal and effective Interest - Continuous interest - Nominal and effective interest- continuous interest . Single Payment Compound Amount Factor (P/F,F/P) – Uniform series of Payments (F/A,A/F,F/P,A/P)– Problem time zero (PTZ)- equation time zero (ETZ). Constant increment to periodic payments – Arithmetic Gradient(G), Geometric Gradient (C)

UNIT II MARKET STRUCTURE AND CONSTRUCTION ECONOMICS **9**

Types of Market Structure in the Construction Industry – Markets and the competitive environment- Perfect competition -. Monopolistic competition - Oligopoly - Monopoly – Characteristics and economic Profit – Construction Economics – BOOT, BOT, BOO Methods - Depreciation - Inflation- Taxes

UNIT III EVALUATING ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS **9**

Present worth analysis, Annual worth analysis, Future worth analysis, Rate of Return Analysis (ROR) and Incremental Rate of Return (IROR) Analysis, Benefit/Cost Analysis, Break Even Analysis - Replacement Analysis- Equipment Replacement Analysis.

UNIT IV FUNDS MANAGEMENT **9**

Project Finance - Sources - Working capital management- Inventory Management- Mortgage Financing-- Interim construction financing - Security and risk aspects

UNIT V ECONOMICS OF COSTING 9

Construction accounting-Chart of accounts- Meaning and definition of costing - Types of costing - Methods of calculation (Marginal costing, cost sheet, budget preparation) – Equipment Cost-Replacement Analysis - Role of costing technique in real estate and infrastructure management.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

- On completion of this course the students will be able to know the concepts in Economics and Finance in Construction.

REFERENCES

1. Pandey, I.M, Financial Management, 12th Edition Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2012.
2. Prasanna Chandra, Financial Management, 9th edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
3. Paul A. Samuelson, William D. Nordhaus, Sudip Chaudhuri and Anindya Sen, Economics, 19th edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
4. Blank, L.T., and Tarquin,a.J , Engineering Economy,4th Edn. Mc-Graw Hill, 1988.
5. Patel, B M, Project management- strategic Financial Planning, Evaluation and Control, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2000.
6. Shrivastava,U.K., Construction Planning and Management,2nd Edn. Galgotia Publications Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2000.
7. Steiner, H.M.,Engineering Economic principles, 2nd Edn. Mc-Graw Hill Book, New York, 1996.

BA4069 URBAN ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To create an awareness on the various environmental issues in an urban scenario and give an exposure to the urban water resources and its management.
- To impart knowledge on the stages of works involved in a water supply project of a city, safe wastewater collection system for generated wastewater and its management, solid waste and their safe disposal beyond urban limit to be free from pollution is also addressed in the course work.

UNIT I URBAN ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES 9

Urbanization- Population growth scenario -Migration - Pollution of surface water resources - Rivers, tanks, channels -Ground water exploitation - Waste water -Characteristics -Pollution problems - Solid waste -Air pollution - CPCB norms.

UNIT II URBAN MASTER PLANS 9

Planning and organizational aspects -Urban waste resources management - Water in urban ecosystem -Urban water resources planning and organization aspects -Storm water management practices -Types of storage -Magnitude of storage -Storage capacity of urban components - Percolation ponds -Temple tanks -Rainwater harvesting -Urban water supply - Demand estimation - Population forecasting -Source identification -Water conveyance -Storage reservoirs -Fixing storage capacity - Distribution network -Types -Analysis -Computer applications - Conservation techniques - Integrated urban water planning - Smart city project planning - Green Building - LEED certification - Green audit

UNIT III URBAN WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT 9

Sewage generation -Storm drainage estimation -Industry contribution -Wastewater collection system -Separate and combined system -Hydraulic design of sewer and storm drain -Wastewater treatment -Disposal methods -Concept of decentralization - 3R concepts.

UNIT IV MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT 9

Sources of solid waste -Characteristics -Rate of generation -Segregation at source -Collection of solid waste -Methods of collection -Route analysis -Transfer and transfer stations -Processing and disposal of solid waste.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES 9

Environmental economics- Social and physiological aspects of pollution - Successful urban management -Models- Urban management-Case studies from developed nations -Software.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- understand planning of a city and identify various urban environmental issues
- apply and prepare project plans to integrate urban water resource
- develop water resource management using available water resources
- understand and apply the principles of solid waste management

REFERENCES

1. George Tchobanoglous, Hilary Theisen and Samuel A, Vigil "Integrated Solid Waste Management", McGraw Hill Publishers, New York, 1993.
2. McGhee J., "Water supply and sewerage", McGraw Hill Publishers, 1991
3. Martin P. Wanelista and Yousef. "Storm Water Management and Operations", John Wiley and Sons, 1993.
4. Neil S. Grigg., "Urban Water Infrastructure Planning – Management and Operations", John Wiley and Sons, 1986.

BA4070 SMART MATERIALS, TECHNIQUES AND EQUIPMENTS FOR INFRASTRUCTURE

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To give an exposure on the advanced materials, techniques and equipments used in infrastructure industry.

UNIT I SPECIAL CONCRETES 9

Concrete -Behavior of concrete - High strength and high performance concrete - Fibre reinforced concrete - Self compacting concrete - Bacterial concrete -Reactive powder concrete - Ready mix concrete -Geopolymer concrete -Alternative materials for concrete.

UNIT II METALS 9

Steels - New alloy steels - Coatings to reinforcement - Cold formed steel -Aluminum and its products -Applications. Composites: Plastics - Reinforced polymers- FRP -Applications. Smart and intelligent materials: smart and intelligent materials for intelligent buildings - Special features.

UNIT III ADVANCED CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES 9

Sub structure construction: Box jacking- Pipe jacking- Under water construction of diaphragm walls and basement- Tunneling techniques-Cable anchoring and grouting- Driving diaphragm walls, sheet piles, laying operations for built up offshore system- Shoring for deep cutting- Large reservoir construction -Trenchless technology.

UNIT IV SUPERSTRUCTURE CONSTRUCTION FOR BUILDINGS 9

Vacuum dewatering of concrete flooring- Concrete paving technology- Techniques of construction for continuous concreting operation in tall buildings of various shapes and varying sections -Launching techniques suspended form work -Erection techniques of tall structures, large span structures- Launching techniques for heavy decks -Inset pre-stressing in high rise structures, aerial transporting, handling, erecting lightweight components on tall structures.

UNIT V CONSTRUCTION OF SPECIAL STRUCTURES 9

Erection of lattice towers and rigging of transmission line structures- Construction sequence in cooling towers, silos, chimney, sky scrapers, bow string bridges, cable stayed bridges - Launching and pushing of box decks -Advanced construction techniques of offshore structures- Construction sequence and methods in domes and prestress domes -Support structure for heavy equipment and conveyor and machinery in heavy industries -Erection of articulated structures, braced domes and space decks. Demolition Techniques -Advanced techniques and sequence in demolition and dismantling.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- explain the properties and applications of special concretes, composites, smart and intelligent materials
- identify and explain advanced construction techniques used for sub structure construction
- select appropriate techniques for super structure construction of buildings
- select suitable techniques for construction of special structures
- choose relevant technique for demolition and dismantling works

REFERENCES

1. Jerry Irvine, “Advanced Construction Techniques”, C.A. Rocketr, 1984
2. Patrick Powers, “Construction Dewatering: New Methods and Applications”, John Wiley & Sons, 1992
3. Robertwade Brown, “Practical foundation Engineering handbook”, McGraw Hill Publications, 1995.
4. Sankar S.K. and Saraswathi. S, “Construction Technology”, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008.

BA4071 STRATEGIC AIRPORT INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGEMENT L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To provide the participants with a good knowledge on strategic planning and marketing in airport organizations.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO AIRPORT INFRASTRUCTURE 9

Growth of air transport, Airport organization and associations, Classification of airports airfield components, Air traffic zones and approach areas. Context of airport system planning - Development of airport planning process - Ultimate consumers - Airline decision - Other airport operations.

UNIT II AIRPORT INFRASTRUCTURE CAPACITY DESIGN 9

Components, size, turning radius, speed, airport characteristics. Capacity and Delay - Factors affecting capacity, determination of runway capacity related to delay, gate capacity and taxiway capacity.

UNIT III AIRPORT INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING AND SURVEYS 9

Runway length and width, sight distances, longitudinal and transverse, runway intersections, taxiways, clearances, aprons, numbering, holding apron. Planning and design of the terminal area: Operational concepts, space relationships and area requirements, noise control, vehicular traffic and parking at airports. Air traffic control and aids: Runways and taxiways markings, day and night landing aids, airport lighting and other associated aids.

UNIT IV AIRPORT INFRASTRUCTURE ENTERPRISE 9

The economic impact on countries and regions - the main governance patterns in the airport business - The International path of evolution in the airport business - Airport transport value chain - Air enterprises - two primary actors in the air transport value chain - Skipping peripheral positions in the value chain. Rise of airport marketing for the aviation related business - Airport revenue management- Airport alliances- management contract.

UNIT V THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE NON AVIATION INFRASTRUCTURE 9

Related value Proposition. Evolution of traditional Airport - Evolutionary patterns for airport enterprises- Commercial Airport Philosophy - tourist and conference service - logistic services- property management- consulting services - BAA and the non aviation business - best airport in the world: The case of Singapore Airport - Role and meaning of loyalty for a service company- Bench marking airline experience - Provider - Customer relational link - benefits from ALPS implementation of ALPS.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Explain the classification of airports airfield components
- Explain the main governance patterns in the airport business
- Identify the evolutionary patterns for airport enterprises.
- Explain the primary actors in the air transport value chain

REFERENCES

1. Aviation Safety Programs A Management Hand Book: Richard H. Wood - Jeppesen Sanderson Inc.
2. Airport Systems,: Planning, Design and Management, Second Edition, Richard L. De Neufville , Amedeo R. Odoni, Peter Belobaba,& Tom G. Reynolds), 2013.
3. Airport Planning and Management, Sixth Edition, Seth B. Young, Ph.D., Alexander T. Wells, Ed.D., McGraw-Hill Education, 2011.
4. Asset and Infrastructure Management for Airports—Primer and Guidebook, The national academic press.

BA4072 REAL ESTATE MARKETING AND MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To provide the participants with a good knowledge on real estate marketing and management.

UNIT I CONCEPT 9

Fundamental concepts and techniques involved in real estate development process- Role of various organizations - CREDAI- BAI etc

UNIT II EVENTS AND PRE-PROJECT STUDIES 9

Modeling sequential events in real estate development process - Site evaluation - Land procurement - Development Team assembly - Market study

UNIT III DEVELOPMENT PLANNING & APPROVAL PROCESS 9

Identifying technical inputs required, planning objectives, front end clearances from various authorities, timing of the project and scheduling

UNIT IV CONSTRUCTION AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT 9

Identifying the elements of infrastructure and the resource mobilization, disaggregating the project components, mobilizing the human and fiscal resources procuring and storing materials

UNIT V PROJECT MARKETING & HANDING OVER 9

Over of the completed project- Communication tools required for presenting the project -In house sales promotion -Franchisee system -Joint venture and sharing issues - Procedure and laws relating to transfer of completed project.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- Explain the fundamental concepts and techniques involved in real estate development process
- Explain the procedure and laws relating to transfer of completed project
- Identify the fiscal resources procuring and storing materials process.

REFERENCES:

1. Gerald R. Cortesi, “Mastering real estate principles” (2001); Dearborn Trade Publising, New York, USA.
2. Fillmore W Galaty, “Modern real estate practice” (2002); Dearborn Trade publishing, New York, USA
3. Tanya Davis, “Real estate developer’s handbook” (2007), Atlantic pub company, Ocala, USA.
4. Mike E. Miles, “Real estate development - Principles & process 3rd edition” (2000); Urban Land Institute, ULI, Washington DC.

BA4073 INFRASTRUCTURE AND REAL ESTATE ENTREPRENEURSHIP L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop and strengthen entrepreneurial quality and motivation in students.
- To impart basic entrepreneurial skills and understandings to run a business efficiently and effectively.

UNIT I ENTREPRENEURIAL COMPETENCE 9

Entrepreneurship concept - Entrepreneurship as a Career - Entrepreneurial Personality - Characteristics of Successful, Entrepreneur - Knowledge and Skills of Entrepreneur.

UNIT II ENTREPRENEURIAL ENVIRONMENT 9

Business Environment - Role of Family and Society - Entrepreneurship Development Training and Other Support Organizational Services - Central and State Government Industrial Policies and Regulations - International Business.

UNIT III BUSINESS PLAN PREPARATION 9

Sources of Product for Business - Prefeasibility Study - Criteria for Selection of Product - Ownership - Capital - Budgeting Project Profile Preparation - Matching Entrepreneur with the Project - Feasibility Report Preparation and Evaluation Criteria.

UNIT IV LAUNCHING OF SMALL BUSINESS 9

Finance and Human Resource Mobilization Operations Planning - Market and Channel Selection - Growth Strategies - Product Launching -Incubation, Venture capital, IT startups.

UNIT V MANAGEMENT OF SMALL BUSINESS 9

Monitoring and Evaluation of Business - Preventing Sickness and Rehabilitation of Business Units- Effective Management of small Business.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:
Students will gain knowledge and skills needed to start and run an enterprise.

REFERENCES

1. Hisrich, Entrepreneurship, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2001.
2. S.S.Khanka, Entrepreneurial Development, S.Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi, 2001.
3. Mathew Manimala, Entrepreneurship Theory at the Crossroads, Paradigms & Praxis, Biztrantra ,2nd Edition ,2005
4. Prasanna Chandra, Projects – Planning, Analysis, Selection, Implementation and Reviews, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1996.
5. P.Saravanavel, Entrepreneurial Development, Ess Pee kay Publishing House, Chennai -1997.
6. Arya Kumar. Entrepreneurship. Pearson. 2012
7. Donald F Kuratko, T.V Rao. Entrepreneurship: A South Asian perspective. Cengage Learning. 2012

BA4074 VALUATION OF REAL ESTATE AND INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:
- To gain knowledge about the valuation of different infrastructure assets

UNIT I REAL ESTATE VALUATION **9**
Scope and objectives -Concepts of valuation - Types of value - Value vs Price vs Cost**-**Different methods of valuation**-** SWOT analysis

UNIT II APPROACHES TO REAL ESTATE VALUATION **9**
Sales comparison approach - Cost approach - Income approach - SWOT analysis

UNIT III VALUATION OF VARIOUS CATEGORIES OF REAL ESTATE **9**
Residential real estate valuation **-** Commercial real estate valuation - Industrial real estate valuation - Retail real estate valuation- Mixed-use real estate valuation

UNIT IV INFRASTRUCTURE ASSET VALUATION **9**
Objective and approaches-Different categories of infrastructure assets- Valuation methodology- Key operational and financial parameters -Valuation framework and models.

UNIT V SECTORAL INFRASTRUCTURE VALUATION **9**
Power sector- IT sector - Telecom sector - Aviation-Education sector- Other service sectors- Plant and Machinery -Case studies

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
- Students will gain knowledge and skills in connection to the valuation of different types of real estates and infrastructure assets.

REFERENCES:

1. Infrastructure valuation –Frederic Blanc - Brude and Majid Hasan, EDHEC Risk Institute
2. Infrastructure Asset Management - Frederic Blanc - Brude and Majid Hasan, EDHEC Risk Institute
3. Valuation techniques for infrastructure investment decisions, Michael J. Garvin, Department of Civil Engineering and Engineering Mechanics , Columbia University
4. https://www.thebalance.com/different-types-of-real-estate-investments-you-can-make-357986
5. http://rbsa.in/valuation_of_infrastructure_assets_specialized_assets.html
6. http://edhec.infrastructure.institute/wp-content/uploads/publications/blanc-brude_2015a.pdf
7. Application of Real Options in Infrastructure Projects Charles Y.J. Cheah, PhD, CFA

SECTORAL SPECIALISATION IN TOURISM MANAGEMENT

BA4075 TOURISM PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To comprehend the conceptual dimensions of tourism industry
- To understand the dynamics of tourism businesses and its impacts

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Tourist/ Visitor/ Traveler/ Excursionist, Early and Medieval Period of Travel: Renaissance and Its Effects on Tourism - Birth of Mass Tourism, Old and New Age Tourism, Concept of Tourism: Nature - Scope - Characteristics - Components - Significance of Tourism - Tourism System: Interdisciplinary Approaches - Motivations and Deterrents to Travel –Emerging Areas and Practices.

UNIT II FORMS OF TOURISM 9

Inbound, Outbound, National, International- Alternative Tourism – Inclusive Tourism, Current Trends in Domestic and Global Tourism: Tourism Statistics- Need for Measurement of Tourism - Tourism Demand and Supply.

UNIT III TOURISM INDUSTRY 9

Structure, Functions and Constituents - Direct, Indirect and Support Services - Basic Components of Tourism: Transport - Accommodation- Facilities & Amenities, Horizontal and Vertical Integration in Tourism Business, Infrastructure & Superstructure.

UNIT IV TOURISM THEORY 9

Leiper's Geo-Spatial Model - Mill-Morrison's Tourism Policy Model - Mathieson & Wall's Travel Buying Behaviour Model - Butler's Tourism Area Life Cycle (TALC) Model - Doxey'sIrridex Model – Crompton's Push and Pull Theory- Stanley Plog's Psychographic Model- Gunn's Tourism Planning Model

UNIT V TOURISM ORGANIZATIONS 9

UNWTO, IATA, ICAO, WTTC, IHA, TAAI, FHRAI, ITDC, ICPB, IATO, IRCTC, State Tourism Development Corporations, Airport Authority of India, Archaeological Survey of India, Ministries of Tourism and Culture, Director General of Civil Aviation, Government of India.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

- Students will learn the practices and ways to promote the tourism industry.

REFERENCES:

1. Rajat Gupta, Nishant Singh, IshitaKirar and Mahesh Kumar Bairwa, Hospitality and Tourism Management, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2015
2. Charles R. Goeldner and J. R. Brent Ritchie, Tourism: Principles, Practices, Philosophies, 12th Edition, Wiley, 2016
3. Sampad Kumar Swain and Jitendra Mohan Mishra, Tourism: Principles and Practices (Oxford Higher Education), Nov 2011
4. Chris Cooper, John Fletcher, Alan Fyall, David Gilbert and Stephen Wanhill , Tourism: Principles and Practice, 5th Edition, Pearson Education Limited, 2013
5. RenuMalra, Tourism Principles Practices Concepts And Philosophies, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd., 2013

BA4076 TRAVEL MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To enable the students to enhance the skills and knowledge on travel industry and its types.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Travel Industry – modes of Travel – Air, Rail, Road, Sea, Authorities; Classification of travels- Inbound& Outbound Tours- Classification

UNIT II TRAVEL AGENCY 9

Introduction to Travel Trade: Historical Background of Travel Trade, Significance of Travel Agency Business, Meaning of Travel Agency- Types of Travel Agent- Full Service Agency, Commercial Agency, Implant Agency, Group / Incentive Agency, Types of Tour Operator- Inbound, Outbound , Domestic, Ground and Specialized.

UNIT III COMPONENTS OF TRAVEL MANAGEMENT 9

Market Survey and Research , A Guide to Marketing of Leisure Activities, Marketing Techniques of a Travel management - Marketing of Conferences, Congress, Conventions, Incentive Travel, Workshops, Seminars, MICE, Fare constructions and Scheduling - railway and airlines, consumer mix, Rules and regulations for registration - International Travel Formalities- Foreign Exchange Regulations, passport, visas, Clearances and other Procedures.

UNIT IV CARGO MANAGEMENT 9

Air & Sea ,Pre-requisites, Different types of Cargo, Documentations, Cargo Rates, Loading, Manifestation, Transhipment, Handling at Destination, Regulations.

UNIT V MODERNIZATION AND TRENDS IN TRAVEL INDUSTRY 9

Impact of Liberalization, Strategic trends in Travel Industry- Disinvestments, Takeovers, Consolidations, and Acquisitions in Travel Industry.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

- The learners will have a complete idea about the different concepts, trends and strategies used in this industry.

REFERENCES:

1. Chand, M. (2009), Travel Agency Management: An Introductory Text.Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Swain, S.K. & Mishra, J.M.(2012). Tourism: Principles & Practices. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
3. Holloway, J.C. (2012), The Business of Tourism, Prentice Hall, London,
4. Roday. S, Biwal. A & Joshi. V. (2009), Tourism Operations and Management, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
5. Goeldner, R & Ritchie. B (2010), Tourism, Principles, Practices and Philosophies, John Wiley & Sons, London.
6. Negi. J (2009), Travel Agency Operations: Concepts and Principles, Kanishka, New Delhi.
7. Walker, J.R. & Walker, J.J.(2011). Tourism Concepts and Practices, Pearson, New Delhi.

BA4077 INTERNATIONAL TOURISM

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- The course aims to provide the past, present and future perspectives of international tourism. The factors and challenges influencing the growth of international tourism will be studied. The students will study the role of international regulatory bodies.

UNIT I THE GLOBAL ENVIRONMENT 9

Globalization- scope of international tourism- types, Cultural diversity- Intercultural theories-cultural practices-impact on tourism. Cultural influences on intercultural communication-social interactions.

UNIT II INTERNATIONAL TOURISM GROWTH 9

Economic determinants-forces and factors influencing growth of international tourism, trends - regional, domestic and global tourist movements, methods and measurements in determining future trends. Arrivals – receipts, foreign exchange, emerging trends in international travel, sustainable tourism, experiential tourism, social responsible tourism – Ethics – Emerging threats in International Tourism.

UNIT III REGIONAL DISTRIBUTION OF INTERNATIONAL TOURISM 9

International Tourism (inbound and outbound tourism) trends in : Europe -France, Spain, Italy, and United Kingdom, USA, Mexico, Caribbean, Islands and Brazil, China, Thailand, Singapore, Australia, and New Zealand, South Africa, Kenya and Egypt.

UNIT IV INTERNATIONAL TRENDS 9

Tourism bills of Rights, tourism code, Manila declaration, International conventions: Warsaw convention 1924, Chicago convention 1944, Brussels convention 1961 and 1966, Athens convention 1974, Helsinki accord 1974, IATA conditions of carriage (passage and baggage). World travel laws.

UNIT V ROLE OF GOVERNMENT AND INTERNATIONAL TOURISM BODIES/ ORGANISATIONS 9

Tourism Bodies :Need for Tourism organizations, Functions, Administrative set up: National Tourism Organization (NTO).

Tourism Organizations : Role of United Nations World Tourism Organization (UNWTO); World Travel & Tourism Council (WTTC); Pacific Asia Travel Association (PATA) : International Air Transports Association (IATA): International Union of Official Travel Organisation (IUOTO); UFTAA, WATA, International Civil Aviational Organisation(ICAO), Travel industry fairs – advantages of participation. Travel Mart – WTM, ITB, KTM and FITUR.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

- The students will be able to comprehend the importance of international tourism, trends, formalities. They will know the importance of regulatory bodies in international tourism.

REFERENCES:

1. Yvette Reisinger, International Tourism- Cultures and Behavior, Taylor & Francis, 2011.
2. A. K. Bhatia, International Tourism Management, Sterling Publishers Private Limited, 2011.
3. Roland Conrady and Martin Buck, Trends and Issues in Global Tourism, Springer Science & Business Media, 2012
4. Myra Shackley, Atlas of Travel and Tourism Development, Routledge, 2006.
5. Sarah M. Lyon and E. Christian Wells, Global Tourism: Cultural Heritage and Economic Encounters, Lanham, MD, AltaMira Press, 2012.
6. John Burkart, S. Medlik, Tourism: Past, Present and Future, Helnemann, 2 nd edition,1986.
7. TejVir Singh, H. Leo Theuns and Frank M. Go, Towards Appropriate Tourism: The Case of Developing Countries, European University Studies, Series 11, 1989.
8. Robert Christie Mill and Alastair M. Morrison, The Tourism System: An Introductory Text, Prentice-Hall,1992.

BA4078 TOURISM GEOGRAPHY

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To introduce the students to the various geographical locations across the world with a tourism perspective.

UNIT I BASIC GEOGRAPHY 9

Definition, scope and importance of Tourism geography, Impact of weather and climate on Tourist destinations. Study of maps, longitude & latitude, international date line, time variations, time difference, GMT variations, concepts of elapsed time, flying time, ground time. Standard time and summer time (day light saving time).

UNIT II INDIA 9

Physical Factors – Relief, Climate, Vegetation, wildlife, water Bodies. Socio-cultural and economic factors influencing tourism in India - Political boundaries and major tourist attractions. Modes of travel to the places of tourism in India

UNIT III ASIA, CANADA AND EUROPE 9

An overview of the physical features, political boundaries, tourism destinations and best time to visit the following countries in Asia and Europe, the states in Canada, and available modes of travel to these destination countries/states from India.

Asia: China, Mongolia, Japan, Korea, Thailand, Philippines, Singapore, Malaysia, Bangladesh, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka. Canada: Ontario, Ottawa, Montreal, British Columbia. Europe - England, France, Italy, Spain, Ireland, Turkey, Spain, Netherlands, Czech Republic, Austria, Germany, Greece, Switzerland, Russia, Ukraine

UNIT IV UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA 9

An overview of the physical features, political boundaries, tourism destinations, best time to visit the following states in USA, Central and South America and available modes of travel to these destinations from India.

United States of America: California, New York, Texas, Pennsylvania, Florida, Virginia, Massachusetts, Ohio, Washington, Florida, Nevada, Georgia, Hawaii, North and South Carolina and Rhode Island. Central America - Costa Rica, Panama, Nicaragua, Guatemala, Honduras, Belize. South America: Peru, Ecuador, Venezuela, Chile, Bolivia, Brazil.

UNIT V AFRICA, UAE AND AUTRALIA 9

An overview of the physical features, political boundaries, tourism destinations, best time to visit the following countries in Africa, UAE and Australia and the available modes of travel to these destinations from India.

Africa: Kenya, Zimbabwe, Zambia, Egypt, Mali, South Africa, Morocco, Ethiopia, Uganda, Rwanda, Congo, Tanzania, Mauritius, Gambia. Middle East: United Arab Emirates, Israel, Saudi Arabia, Iran, Syria , Lebanon, Jordan. Australia, New Zealand and Papua New Guinea

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- General knowledge of worldwide tourism flows
- Ability to Plan a trip to a tourism destination

REFERENCES:

1. Alan A. Lew, Colin Michael Hall, Dallen J. Timothy, World Geography of Travel and Tourism: A Regional Approach, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2008.
2. Robinson H.: A Geography of Tourism, Mac Donald & Evans London, 1978
3. Douglas Pearce, Topics in Applied Geography, Tourism Development, Longman Scientific Technical, New York, 1995.
4. Majid Husain, Geography of India, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.

BA4079 CULTURE AND HERITAGE

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide the background of Indian culture and heritage
- To give students a solid foundation for understanding and managing cultural diversity in the workplace**.**

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO INDIAN CULTURE AND HERITAGE 9

Salient features of Indian culture – socio, ethnic historical and religious perspectives of Indian culture; Cultural transition, Indian cultural heritage**.**

UNIT II CULTURAL DIMENSIONS AND REFLECTIONS 9

Key elements of Indian cultural dimensions –Tangible and intangible culture- Dimensions of national cultures -Distinctiveness of Indian culture in personal life, social life and work life – languages and literature- Cultural traits under major religious background – Reflection inarts, paintings, dance, music – Ceremonies celebrations – Place of worships – Belief, attitude and perception – Museum – Special interest – Tourism

UNIT III CULTURAL MIX 9

Cultural dissimilarities across world – across nation; Major issues – challenges to hospitality industry; Influence of global culture – Relationship between national culture and organization structure; International dimensions of organizational culture; Impact on personal and work life – Impact on tourist.

UNIT IV CROSS CULTURAL MANAGEMENT 9

Frameworks of cross cultural management- Cultural shock and acculturation- Cross- cultural training- Managing multicultural teams- Cultural negotiations- Global leadership and motivational issues-Cultural differences in ethics and decision making

UNIT V GLOBAL APPROACH 9

UNESCO – criteria, fairs and festivals, funding, committee and convention, reporting and monitoring, approved heritage sites-challenges, Impact of IT, Trends.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- The learners should be able to describe Indian culture and heritage.
- The learners are competent to explain how different national cultures can influence
- The individuals and groups in socialand business settings.

REFERENCES:

1. F.r. Allchin, Conservation of Indian Heritage, Cosmo publications, New Delhi
2. David C. Thomas, Cross**-**cultural management- Essential concepts, Sage Publications, 2008
3. S.M.Dewan, Corporate governance in public sector enterprises, Pearson Longman, 2006.
4. G. Hofstede, Culture and organizations: intercultural cooperation and its importance for survival, Harper Collins, London, 2010.
5. Rajiv Desai , Indian business culture - An Insider's guide , Butterworth and Heinemann,19
6. Ananda Das gupta , Human values in Management , Ashgate publishing limited*, 2004.*

BA4080 TOURISM PRODUCTS IN INDIA

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE

- To enable the students to understand the tourist resources in India, prepare a theme based tour itinerary and manage the tourist destinations travel.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Tourism Products: Definition, Concept, Characteristics and Classification. Cultural Heritage of India — Stages of evolution, continuity. Heritage - Types of Heritage Tourism, Heritage Management Organizations.

UNIT II NATURAL RESOURCES 9

Natural resources: Wildlife sanctuaries - National parks - Biosphere reserves – Back water Tourism - Mountain and Hill Tourist Destinations – Islands, Beaches, Caves & Deserts of India.

UNIT III TOURISM CIRCUITS 9

Major tourism circuits of India: Inter State and Intra-State Circuits - Religious Circuits - Heritage Circuits - Wildlife Circuits.

UNIT IV MANMADE DESTINATIONS AND THEME PARKS 9

Manmade Destinations: Locations of Adventure sports - Commercial attractions - Amusement Parks – Gaming - Shopping - Live Entertainments - Supplementary accommodation - House boats – Tree houses - Home stays - Tourism by rail - Palace on wheels - Zoological and Botanical Garden.

UNIT V CONTEMPORARY DESTINATIONS IN INDIA 9

Places and Packages for Ecotourism, Rural Tourism, Golf Tourism, Medical Tourism and Pilgrimage Tourism - Camping Tourism.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- The students would be able to understand the needs of the tourists and manage their destination requirements.

REFERENCES:

1. S.P. Gupta (2003), Cultural Tourism in India, Indraprastha Museum of Art and Archaeology, New Delhi.
2. Jacob, R. (2012). Indian Tourism Products. Abhijeet publications.
3. Hussain.A.K (2000). The National Culture of India. National Book Trust, New Delhi.
4. Sahai, S. (2006), Indian Architecture: Hindu Buddhist and Jain. Prakash Books.
5. The Gazette of India: History and Culture, Vol.2
6. Incredible India website and Tourism websites of individual states like Tamilnadu, Kerala, etc.

BA4081 ACCOMMODATION AND HOUSE KEEPING MANAGEMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To study the flow of activities and functions in lodging operations.
- To make the learner to understand about the operation and the management of front office and Housekeeping departments in hotels.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Hotel Industry – Classification of hotels – Other types of lodging – Types of rooms – Tariff Plans – Duties & Responsibilities of front office personnel – Inter-department coordination.

UNIT II FRONT OFFICE MANAGEMENT 9

Room Reservation – Types of reservation – Front office accounting – Registration – Lobby and well desk operations – Guest Services – Settlements – Safety & Security – Night Audit - Yield Management – Budgetary Control.

UNIT III HOUSE KEEPING MANAGEMENT 9

Importance of housekeeping – Departmental Structures – Coordination with other departments – Duties & Responsibilities of Executive housekeeper, Asst. Executive house keeper, floor supervisor, room attendant – House Keeping Control desk.

UNIT IV HOUSE KEEPING FUNCTION 9

Linen & Uniform – Laundry: Equipment, detergents, Stain removal, Laundry Process flow – Sewing – Cleaning Practice: Equipment, Cleaning agents, Cleaning methods – Pest Control – Public area cleaning and maintenance.

UNIT V INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGEMENT & OTHER SOURCES 9

Elements of Interior Decoration & Design – Colours – Furniture – Floor – Lighting – Floral art – Textiles – Carpets – Catering Services – Wellness & Fitness Services – Leisure & Travel Services – Business Services – Concierge services - Innovative ideas.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- The learners shall be competent in handling Front Office and Housekeeping management operations.
- The learners will be equipped with knowledge on a wide range of front office and housekeeping tasks and situations in a commercial environment.

REFERENCES:

1. James , Hotel Front Office Management, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2014.
2. SudhirAndrews.Text book of Hotel Housekeeping Management & Operations, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2008.
3. JatashankarR.Tiwari, Hotel Front office & Operations management, Oxford University Press, 2009.
4. Anutosh Bhakta. Professional Hotel Front Office Management. Tata McGraw Hill 2012.
5. Ahmed Ismail. Front Office Operations and Management. Cengage Learning.
6. Raghubalan and SmriteeRaghubalan. Hotel Housekeeping Operations and Management. Second Edition. Oxford 2007.
7. Casado, M. Housekeeping Management. John Wiley and Sons, Inc.2 nd edition, 2011.

BA4082 TRAVEL MEDIA AND PUBLIC RELATIONS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To facilitate in the understanding of travel media and its role in tourism promotion through public relations.
- To impart and equip the students with practical know-how on travel writing and dynamics of making of travelogues.

UNIT I HISTORICAL UNDERSTANDING OF MASS MEDIUMS 9

History of print media – Global and Indian context, Advent of printing; British and American streams of journalism; Overview of world mass media -- Sky Invasion, Newspapers and Globalization, Role of Travel Media

UNIT II COMMUNICATION MESSAGE AND ITS CONSTRUCTION 9

Idea of a successful message; Ethics, Standards and Practices; Relevance of effective messages, interpretation of cues; How and what you communicate; Self-awareness in travel communication –Power of message/words; Organization – converting information into convenient understandable messages, Interpretation – how easily the thoughts of the source is organized for the receiver to interpret it correctly

UNIT III TRAVEL WRITING 9

News Worthiness of developed Ideas; Writing Travel Pieces; Writing and Submitting Stories for Travel Mediums; Articles and Short Pieces, Travel Magazines, Travel Newsletters, Travel and Guide Books; Travel Reviews; the Internet; Coffee Table Books and Anthologies; Preparing Scriptsfor Travel Programs; Conducting Interviews; Visual support

UNIT IV GENERAL INTRODUCTION TO PUBLIC RELATIONS 9

Public Relations Fundamentals – Definitions, Practices, Strengths -Duties and responsibilities of a Public relations manager, Code of ethics, Emergence of Public Relations –from ancient times to Modern- the changing role of PR. Grunig and Hunt's four models. Public Relations in India – a historical perspective- pre and post independence era-liberalised economy and corporate -PR in India growth and challenges.

UNIT V ROLE OF PUBLIC RELATIONS 9

Standard PR Tools and Most Common Travel/Tourism PR Tools, PR at Hotels and Lodging Establishments, Restaurant Public Relations, Transportation Public Relations, Destination and Tourist Attraction PR, What Travel and Tourism Employers Should Understand About PR

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

- The students will understand about Travel Media and Public Relationsfield.

REFERENCES :

1. Seema Hasan, Mass Communication Principles and Concepts, 2nd Edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, 2016
2. Dennis E. Deuschl, Travel and Tourism Public Relations – An Introductory Guide for Hospitality Managers, Routledge, 2011
3. Keval J. Kumar, Mass Communication in India, 4th Edition, JAICO Publishing House, 2010
4. AnnamulaiMurguan, Tourism and Public Relations, Kalpaz Publications, 2013

BA4083 DESTINATION PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To prepare the learners with knowledge and skills essential to understanding and manage the needs of destination

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Tourists destination-concepts/ notions; Destination- Elements of Tourists Destination - Characteristics of successful destination- Uniqueness of destination management- Sustainable Tourism Development : Meaning , Principles and Practices

UNIT II TOURISM DESTINATION PLANNING 9

Tourists destination development; planning and development of tourism; Traditional and contemporary approaches to destination planning- History & Influence on planning- Factors affecting the planning process- Stages in destination planning Benefits of strategic plans- Outcome of destination planning - Strategic Plans
Environment Analysis, Resource Analysis, Regional Environment analysis. Market analysis, competitor's analysis

UNIT III DESTINATION PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT & PROMOTION 9

Destination Marketing Mix - Destination Competitiveness – Distribution Channels- Marketing Communication and Strategies. Segmenting, Targeting, and Positioning. Destination branding, Destination Image

Resort development-Types, Planning and Development

UNIT IV TOURISM DESTINATION MANAGEMENT 9

Stakeholders in destination management- Destination governance- Destination management organization (DMO)Partnership and Team-building –Leadership and Coordination- Community Relations& Roles Tourists Destination - Destination Information and Communication Technologies - Future of Destination Management

UNIT V EMERGING TRENDS IN DESTINATION MANAGEMENT 9

Environmental Management Systems -Integrated Coastal Zone Management- Eco-friendly Practices -Water Conservation- Energy Efficiency - Waste Management - Commoditisation Community Participation– Responsible tourism - Space Tourism - Recent Trends - Best Practices.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

- The learners shall be competent for analyzing how the destinations are segmented to handle and design a product of their own.

REFERENCES:

1. C.Gunn (2002), Tourism Planning: Basic, Concepts and Cases, Cognizant Publication.
2. Krishan K. Kamra, Managing Tourist Destination: Development, Planning, Marketing & Policies, Kanishka Publishers, 2005.
3. Alastair Morrison, Marketing & Managing Tourism Destination, Routledge Publications, 2013.
4. Nigel Morgan, Annette Pritchard & Roger Pride (2011), Destination branding: Creating the Unique Proposition, Butterworth and Heinemann , 3 rd edition.
5. Middleton, V.T.C and Hawkins, R. (1998), Sustainable Tourism: A Marketing Perspective, Butterworth – Heinemann, Oxford.
6. Shalini Singh, DallenJ.Timothy& Ross Kingston Dowling (2003), Tourism in Destination Communities, CABI Publishing.
7. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, amended 1991, http://envfor.nic/legis/legis.htm
8. A practical guide to Tourism Destination Management, World Tourism Organization Publication.

BA4084 TOUR OPERATIONS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To make the students knowledgeable in tour operations and its related documentation. The student will study the tour preparation, marketing tour products and the role of guides and escorts in tour operations.

UNIT I TOUR INDUSTRY 9

Tour operations business – definition, evolution; Types of tours – inbound, outbound, es**c**orted, guided, types of package tours and operators; factors affecting tour design and selection; Tourism intermediaries - mass-market package holidays, specialist tour operators, domestic & international, collaborative tourism.

UNIT II ITINERARY PREPARATION 9

Itinerary Preparation -meaning, types, Resources and steps of preparation, Do's and don'ts of itinerary preparation; Tour Formulation and Designing Process - Starting of tour operations business, departments of tour operations, tour departure procedure, activities.

UNIT III TOUR OPERATIONS BUSINESS 9

Tour operations process, research, planning, costing, costing elements; Tour operations business – role, relevance, tour operational techniques – Booking a tour, reservations, hotel booking procedures, boarding bus/coach, emergency procedures, finance details, travel insurance, Foreign Exchange, Cargo, documentation, food and beverages, transportation delays; Recognition - IATA Accreditation - Recognition from Government; Travel trade organizations – Objectives, activities and functions.

UNIT IV MARKETING AND PROMOTION OF TOUR 9

Marketing and promotion of tour – marketing strategies of tour operation business, tour brochure, how to prepare a tour brochure, items to be included in tour brochure, tools used to market tour packages, Indian and world tourism day; Promotion of Tour Operation - Mix and Media, Types of media, Selection criteria; Tour Pricing - Calculation of Tour Price - Pricing Strategies.

UNIT V GUIDING AND ESCORTING 9

Guiding and escorting – meaning, concepts, golden rules of guiding, difference between guide and escort, skills, responsibilities of guides, interpreting sites, escorts, personal hygiene, grooming, pre, post, and during tour responsibilities, checklist, safety and security, insurance, first aid, emergency handling, leading a group, code of conduct.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

- The students will have good learning on tour operations. They can prepare andmarket tour itinerary. They will know the importance of tour operators, guides and escorts.

REFERENCES:

1. K. Bhatia, Business of Travel Agency & Tour Operations Management, Sterling Publishers, 2012.
2. JagmohanNegi, Travel Agency and Tour Operation Concepts and Principles, Kanishka Publishers & Distributors, 2006.
3. Lalita Sharma, Travel Agency & Tour Operation Concepts and Principles, Centrum Press, 2010.
4. Dennis L. Foster, The Business of Travel: Agency Operations and Administration,Glencoe Division, Macmillan/McGraw-Hill, 1991.
5. SunetraRoday, Archana Biwaland Vandana Joshi, Tourism: Operations and Management, Oxford University Press, 2009.

BA4085 LEISURE AND RECREATION MANAGEMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To introduce the student to the broad base of study needed for understanding of the fundamentals of and issues in leisure and recreation management.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO LEISURE 9

Introduction, the historical analysis of leisure, Leisure – the social context, Demand for leisure, leisure participation and leisure behavior, Supply for leisure, leisure places, spaces and environment, Planning, managing and marketing leisure.

UNIT II SECTORS IN LEISURE 9

The public, private and voluntary sectors in leisure provision, Leisure and the experience economy: the cultural industries and entertainment, Urban leisure, Coastal leisure, Rural leisure, Future of leisure.

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO RECREATION 9

Recreation: an overview - Recreation & Leisure Participation and Behavior - Role in Health & Well-Being - Leisure & Culture - Mass Leisure: Popular Culture & Purple Leisure - Balancing Leisure & Work services.

UNIT IV RECREATION MANAGEMENT 9

Recreation Theories -Impact of recreation on tourism - Recreation Resource Management - Recreational and Tourist Motivation - Barriers to Recreation - Gender and Social Constraints Tourism and recreation planning and policy - Urban and rural recreation - Relationships between leisure, recreation and tourism.

UNIT V RECENT TRENDS 9

Trends in the recreation industry- Tourists and recreational demand for wilderness, National Parks and natural areas - Supply of the wilderness and outdoor recreation experience Tourism recreation and climate change - - Environmental perspectives on coastal recreation and tourism. Technology Impacts on Recreation & Leisure

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

- Ability to design, conduct, promote, evaluate, and manage activities involved in the successful operation of a variety of leisure and recreation organizations and operations

REFERENCES:

1. Stephen J. Page and Joanne Connell, Leisure – An Introduction, Pearson Education Limited, 2010.
2. George Torkildsen (2000), Leisure and Recreation Management, Fourth Edition, E&FN Spon, London.
3. Daniel D. McLean and Amy R. Hurd, Kraus' Recreation and Leisure in Modern Society, Jones and Bartlett Learning, 10th Edition, 2015.
4. William C. Gartner & David W. Lime (2000), Trends in Outdoor, Recreation, Leisure and Tourism, CABI, London.
5. Chris Ryan (2006), Recreational Tourism, Demands and Impacts, Viva Books, New Delhi.
6. Michael Hall.C. & James Higham (2006), Tourism, Recreation and Climate Change, Viva Books, New Delhi.

BA4086 MEDICAL TOURISM L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To give an overview of global health care practices and strategies for marketing and communications in India with focus on international tourists.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO HEALTH CARE IN INDIA 9

Historical Review – Health care services: Level & Types -– Disease burden - Public Services in India - Private health care sector growth: a retrospective & road ahead–- Pharmaceutical, Biotechnology - Health Insurance- Financing and delivery of health services: Issues & Challenges.

UNIT II MEDICAL TOURISM 9

Concept, typology Genesis and growth of Medical Tourism - benefits of medical tourism, Factors responsible for growth of health and medical tourism. Medical Tourism Business- Global medical tourism scenario, Stakeholders, countries promoting medical tourism – Health and Medical Tourism markets at global level.

UNIT III MEDICAL TOURISM PRODUCT AND PACKAGE 9

Factors and Steps for designing product and tour package, development, issues and considerations, Approvals and formalities, Pre-tour arrangements, tour operations and post-tour management, Health Insurance, Claiming Health Insurance

UNIT IV LEGAL ASPECTS OF MEDICAL TOURISM 9

Certification and Accreditation in health and medical tourism, Ethical, legal, economic and environmental issues in health and medical tourism. An Introduction to National Accreditation Board for Hospitals & Healthcare (NABH) and Joint Commission International (JCI).

UNIT V MEDICAL TOURISM IN INDIA 9

Centres/Destinations, Current and futuristic trends, Potentials, Issues and Challenges, Trouncing the challenges, Government Support.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

- The students will have an overview of contemporary tourism practices and global perspectives.

REFERENCES:

1. MilicaZ. Bookman Karla R. Bookman, Medical Tourism in developing countries, palgrave Macmillan [tm] 2007.
2. Raj Pruthi, Medical Tourism in India , Arise publishers & Distributors, 2006
3. RNCOS, Opportunities in Medical Tourism in India(2007), RNCOS E-Services Pvt. Ltd., 2006.
4. Michael D. Horomitz Jeffrey A. Rosensweig, Medical Tourism – Health Care in The global economy (Trends), American College of Physician Executive, 2007.
5. Sonali Kulkarni, Medical Tourism in India, Book Enclave, 2008
6. Glenn Cohen, Patients with Passports: Medical Tourism, Law, and Ethics, Oxford University Press, 2015


NEHRU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, COIBATORE

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ACADEMIC SCHEDULE 2021-22 (ODD SEM)

AUGUST 2021		SEPTEMBER 2021		OCTOBER 2021		NOVEMBER 2021		DECEMBER 2021		
Date	Event	Date	Event	Date	Event	Date	Event	Date	Event	
1	SUNDAY	1		1		1		1		
2		2		2	GANDHI JAYANTHI	2		2	University Practicals commencement	
3		3		3	SUNDAY	3		3		
4		4		4		4	DEEPAVALI	4		
5		5	SUNDAY	5		5		5	SUNDAY	
6		6		6		6	Tuesday order	6		
7		7		7		7	SUNDAY	7		
8	SUNDAY	8	CCM-1	8		8		8		
9		9		9	Thursday order	9		9		
10		10	VINAYAGAR CHATHURTHI	10	SUNDAY	10		10		
11		11	Monday order	11		11		11	II Saturday	
12		12	SUNDAY	12		12	CCM-3	12	SUNDAY	
13		13		13	CCM-2	13	II Saturday	13	End semester Theory exams begins	
14	II Saturday	14		14	SARASWATHI POOJA	14	SUNDAY	14		
15	SUNDAY	15	ENGINEERS DAY	15	VIJAYADASAMI	15		15	NGI's FOUNDERS DAY	
16		16	INTERNAL TEST I	16	III Saturday	16		16	IQAC Audit	
17		17	INTERNAL TEST I	17	SUNDAY	17		17		
18	Reopening (BE – III, V, VII sem)	18	III Saturday	18		18	INTERNAL TEST III	18	III Saturday	
19		19	SUNDAY	19	MILADI NABI	19	INTERNAL TEST III	19	SUNDAY	
20	MOHARAM	20		20		20	INTERNAL TEST III Thursday order	20		
21	ONAM (III Saturday)	21		21	INTERNAL TEST II	21	SUNDAY	21		
22	SUNDAY	22		22	INTERNAL TEST II	22		22		
23		23		23	Friday order	23		23		
24		24	IQAC Audit	24	SUNDAY	24		24		
25		25	Friday order	25		25		25	CHRISTMAS	
26		26	SUNDAY	26		26	IQAC Audit	26	SUNDAY	
27		27		27		27		27		
28	Friday order	28		28	IQAC Audit	28	SUNDAY	28		
29	SUNDAY	29		29	PTA	29		29		
30	KRISHNA JAYANTHI	30		30	PTA	30	Last working day (BE – III, V, VII sem)	30		
31				31	SUNDAY			31		
	9		24		21		24			

Total No. of working days 78

NEHRU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, COIBATORE

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ACADEMIC SCHEDULE 2021-22 (EVEN SEM)

JANUARAY 2022		FEBRUARY 2022		MARCH 2022		APRIL 2022		MAY 2022		JUNE 2022		
Date	Event	Date	Event	Date	Event	Date	Event	Date	Event	Date	Event	
1	NEW YEAR	1		1		1		1	SUNDAY (MAY DAY)	1		
2	SUNDAY	2		2		2	Thursday order	2		2		
3		3		3		3	SUNDAY	3		3		
4		4		4		4	INTERNAL TEST I/ REOPENING PG - II, IV SEM	4		4	Friday order	
5		5		5		5	INTERNAL TEST I	5	INTERNAL TEST II	5	SUNDAY	
6		6	SUNDAY	6	SUNDAY	6	INTERNAL TEST I	6	INTERNAL TEST II	6	INTERNAL TEST III	
7		7		7	Reopening (BE – IV, VI, VIII sem)	7		7	Monday order/ INTERNAL TEST II	7		
8		8	CCM-1	8	WOMEN'S DAY	8		8	SUNDAY	8	INTERNAL TEST III	
9	SUNDAY	9		9		9	Monday order	9		9		
10		10		10	IQAC Audit - PHASE I	10	SUNDAY	10		10		
11		11		11		11	IQAC Audit- PHASE II	11		11	Monday order	
12		12		12	SECOND SATURDAY	12	SPORTS DAY	12		12	SUNDAY	
13		13	SUNDAY	13	SUNDAY	13	COLLEGE DAY	13		13		
14	PONGAL	14		14		14	TAMIL NEW YEAR'S DAY/ MAHAVEER JAYANTHI	14	Tuesday order	14		
15	THIRUVALLUVAR DAY	15		15		15	GOOD FRIDAY/VISHU	15	SUNDAY	15		
16	SUNDAY/ UZHAVAR THIRUNAL	16		16		16	THIRD SATURDAY	16	IQAC Audit- PHASE III	16	Last working day (BE – IV, VI, VIII sem)	
17		17		17		17	SUNDAY	17		17		
18	THAI POOSAM	18		18		18		18		18	University Practicals commencement	
19		19		19	Tuesday order	19		19		19	SUNDAY	
20		20	SUNDAY	20	SUNDAY	20		20	PTA	20		
21		21		21		21		21	Wednesday order/ PTA	21		
22		22		22		22	AVATAR - CULTURAL DAY	22	SUNDAY	22		
23	SUNDAY	23		23		23	Friday order/ WORLD BOOK DAY	23		23		
24		24		24		24	SUNDAY	24		24	IQAC Audit- PHASE IV	
25		25		25		25		25		25		
26	REPUBLIC DAY	26		26	Wednesday order	26		26		26	SUNDAY	
27		27	SUNDAY	27	SUNDAY	27		27	CCM-II	27		
28		28	SCIENCE DAY	28		28	CCM-II	28	Thursday order/CCM-II	28	End semester Theory exams begins	
29				29		29	CCM-II	29	SUNDAY	29		
30	SUNDAY			30	CCM-I	30	Tuesday order	30		30		
31				31	CCM-I			31				
					22		24		26		14	

Total No. of working days 86